```
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read csv("spamsms.csv")
df.head(3)
  Class
                                                    Message
    ham Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
0
                             Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
1
   ham
2 spam Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
df.shape
(5574, 2)
(df["Class"].value counts())
Class
        4827
ham
spam
         747
Name: count, dtype: int64
df.isnull().sum()
Class
Message
dtype: int64
df.info
<bound method DataFrame.info of Class</pre>
Message
            Go until jurong point, crazy.. Available only ...
       ham
                                 Ok lar... Joking wif u oni...
1
       ham
2
            Free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win FA Cup fina...
      spam
            U dun say so early hor... U c already then say...
3
       ham
4
       ham
            Nah I don't think he goes to usf, he lives aro...
           This is the 2nd time we have tried 2 contact u...
5569
      spam
                         Will ü b going to esplanade fr home?
5570
       ham
5571
       ham Pity, * was in mood for that. So...any other s...
5572
       ham The guy did some bitching but I acted like i'd...
                                    Rofl. Its true to its name
5573
       ham
[5574 \text{ rows x 2 columns}] >
```

TEXT PREPROCESSING (clean and transform the actual data to a formal for ml)

```
df["Message"] = df["Message"].str.lower()
```

```
df["Messsage"] = df["Message"].str.replace(r'[^\w\s]','',regex = True)
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
stop = stopwords.words("english")
df["Message"] = df["Message"].apply(lambda x: ' ' .join([word for word
in x.split() if word not in (stop)]))
df
     Class
                                                       Message \
            go jurong point, crazy.. available bugis n gre...
       ham
1
       ham
                                ok lar... joking wif u oni...
2
           free entry 2 wkly comp win fa cup final tkts 2...
      spam
                    u dun say early hor... u c already say...
3
       ham
4
                      nah think goes usf, lives around though
       ham
            2nd time tried 2 contact u. u £750 pound prize...
5569
      spam
                                 ü b going esplanade fr home?
5570
       ham
                     pity, * mood that. so...any suggestions?
5571
       ham
5572
            guy bitching acted like i'd interested buying ...
       ham
5573
                                               rofl. true name
       ham
                                                Messsage
      go until jurong point crazy available only in ...
0
1
                                ok lar joking wif u oni
2
      free entry in 2 a wkly comp to win fa cup fina...
3
            u dun say so early hor u c already then say
4
      nah i dont think he goes to usf he lives aroun...
5569
      this is the 2nd time we have tried 2 contact u...
                    will ü b going to esplanade fr home
5570
5571
      pity was in mood for that soany other suggest...
      the guy did some bitching but i acted like id ...
5572
5573
                              rofl its true to its name
[5574 rows x 3 columns]
```

STEMMING

LEMMATIZATION

```
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
nltk.download("wordnet")
[nltk_data] Downloading package wordnet to
[nltk_data] C:\Users\PC\AppData\Roaming\nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Package wordnet is already up-to-date!

True

df["Message"] = df["Message"].apply(lambda x: '
    '.join([lemmatizer.lemmatize(word) for word in x.split()]))
ham = df[df['Class'] == 'ham']
spam = df[df['Class'] == 'spam']
```

Undersample the majority class (ham)

```
ham_sampled = ham.sample(len(spam), random_state = 42)
balanced_df = pd.concat([ham_sampled,spam])
balanced_df = balanced_df.sample(frac = 1 ,
random_state=42).reset_index(drop=True)
```

FEATURE EXTRACTION (converting text to numerical data)

```
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
vectorizer = CountVectorizer()

X = vectorizer.fit_transform(balanced_df['Message'])

y = balanced_df['Class'].apply(lambda x:1 if x == 'spam' else 0)
```

SPLITTING THE DATA

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X_train , X_test , y_train , y_test = train_test_split(X , y ,
test_size = 0.2 , random_state = 42)
```

CHECKING DATA SHAPE AFTER UNDERSAMPLING

```
print("Shape of X_train after undersampling:", X_train.shape)
print("Shape of y_train after undersampling:", y_train.shape)
```

```
Shape of X_train after undersampling: (1195, 4281)
Shape of y_train after undersampling: (1195,)

print("Class distribution in the training set after undersampling:")
print(pd.Series(y_train).value_counts())

Class distribution in the training set after undersampling:
Class
1 603
0 592

Name: count, dtype: int64
```

IMPORT NAIVE BAYES CLASSIFIER

```
from sklearn.naive_bayes import MultinomialNB
nb_model = MultinomialNB()
nb_model.fit(X_train,y_train)
MultinomialNB()
y_pred = nb_model.predict(X_test)
```

CHECK MODELS ACCURACY

```
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test , y_pred)
(f"Accuracy:{accuracy * 100:.2f}%")
'Accuracy:95.99%'
nb_model.score(X_test,y_test)*100
95.9866220735786
```

CLASSIFICATION PERFORMANCE OVERVIEW

```
from sklearn.metrics import classification report
(classification report(y test , y pred))
               precision
                           recall f1-score
                                               support\n\n
0.96
          0.97
                   0.96
                                                       0.96
                                                                 0.95
                               155\n
0.96
          144\n\n
                      accuracy
                                                         0.96
                                           0.96
299\n
                        0.96
                                 0.96
                                                       299\nweighted
       macro avq
                   0.96
                             0.96
                                        299\n'
         0.96
avg
```

TESTING WITH NEW MAILS

new_email = "Dear Valued Customer, Congratulations! You have been
selected as the winner of a **\$1000 gift card**. This is an exclusive
offer just for you! To claim your prize, simply click the link below
and follow the instructions. Claim your gift now! Please note, this
offer is available for a limited time only, so act fast! Don't miss
out on this incredible opportunity.Best regards"
new_email2 = " Jawad, your profile photo was changed"
new_email_vectorized = vectorizer.transform([new_email,new_email2])
prediction = nb_model.predict(new_email_vectorized)

for email, prediction in zip([new_email, new_email2], prediction):
 print(f"Email: {email}\nPrediction: {'Spam' if prediction == 1
else 'Not Spam'}\n")

Email: Dear Valued Customer, Congratulations! You have been selected
as the winner of a **\$1000 gift card**. This is an exclusive offer
just for you! To claim your prize, simply click the link below and
follow the instructions. Claim your gift now! Please note this offer.

as the winner of a **\$1000 gift card**. This is an exclusive offer just for you! To claim your prize, simply click the link below and follow the instructions. Claim your gift now! Please note, this offer is available for a limited time only, so act fast! Don't miss out on this incredible opportunity.Best regards

Prediction: Spam

Email: Jawad, your profile photo was changed

Prediction: Not Spam