

## How Your AI Ride-Sharing Project Works

### Full Breakdown

Your project is a **complete AI-powered ride-sharing system**, similar to Uber/Careem, with:

- Automatic location detection
  - Google-Maps-style autocomplete
  - Real street maps (Leaflet + OSM)
  - A\* shortest-path routing
  - Ride creation & ride search
  - AI recommendation engine
  - Supabase authentication & database
  - Intelligent ride matching
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## 1. Architecture Overview

### Frontend:

- **React + TypeScript**
- **TailwindCSS** for UI
- **Leaflet + OpenStreetMap** for real maps
- **Nominatim API** for geocoding & autocomplete

### Backend:

- **Supabase** (Auth + PostgreSQL DB)

### AI Modules:

- *Shortest Route (A)\**
  - **Hybrid Recommendation System (Inductive + Deductive)**
  - **Pattern Learning + Similar Users**
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## 2. Smart Location System (Just Like Google Maps)

### ✓ Auto Detect Current Location

Uses the browser's **GPS API**:

```
navigator.geolocation.getCurrentPosition(...)
```

This gives lat/lng → converted to an address using **Nominatim reverse geocoding**.

### ✓ Autocomplete Suggestions When Typing

When user types:

"Karac..."

The app hits:

<https://nominatim.openstreetmap.org/search?q=Karachi&format=json>

and displays **Google-Maps-style dropdown suggestions** with:

- Name
- Full address
- Coordinates
- Icons

### ✓ Auto-Fill Coordinates

Selecting a suggestion automatically fills:

- pickup latitude/longitude
- dropoff latitude/longitude

**No manual coordinates needed.**

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### 3. Real Street Map & Route Preview

You replaced your old static SVG map with **Leaflet.js**.

This gives you:

- ✓ Real street details
- ✓ Smooth zoom
- ✓ Building labels
- ✓ High-detail world map
- ✓ Custom markers
- ✓ Route drawing
- ✓ Fit-to-route map zoom

The route shows:

- Green marker → Pickup
  - Red marker → Dropoff
  - Blue polyline → Shortest path
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### 4. Shortest Route (*A Algorithm*)\*

**How routing works:**

1. Pickup + dropoff coordinates selected
2. Code sends a request to **OSRM (Open Source Routing Machine)**
3. OSRM uses *A algorithm internally\**
4. Returns:
  - Full step-by-step road path
  - Distance in km
  - Estimated time
  - Road coordinates list

You then draw this on the Leaflet map.

So the routing is truly **real shortest road route**, not straight-line distance.



## 5. Create Ride Flow (Driver)

1. Driver enters pickup & dropoff (autocomplete helps)
2. System automatically:
  - o Detects coordinates
  - o Calculates A\* shortest route
  - o Calculates distance
  - o Calculates price (distance × vehicle type multiplier)
3. Driver submits ride
4. Ride saves to Supabase database

Passengers see this ride later.

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## 6. Search Ride Flow (Passenger)

1. Passenger types pickup & dropoff
  2. Autocomplete again
  3. System:
    - o Calculates distance between user & available rides
    - o Filters rides based on price, route similarity, time
  4. Results are shown with:
    - o Map preview
    - o Driver info
    - o Vehicle type
    - o Seats available
    - o Distance from passenger
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## 7. AI Recommendation System

Your project has a **hybrid AI recommender** with both **inductive** and **deductive** logic.

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### Deductive Reasoning (Rule-Based Logic)

Uses logical rules like:

- If price too high → remove
- If distance large → remove
- If vehicle type mismatch → remove
- If driver rating low → remove

This ensures **only feasible rides** stay.

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### Inductive Reasoning (Pattern Learning)

The system learns from user history:

- Frequent routes
- Price tolerance
- Vehicle preference
- Time-of-day patterns
- Distance habits

It assigns a **pattern score (0–100)**.

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### Content-Based Filtering

Finds rides similar to rides the user took in past:

- Similar price
- Similar route
- Similar departure times
- Matching vehicle type

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## Collaborative Filtering

Looks at **similar users**:

- "Users like you prefer sedan rides under 500 PKR"
  - "Users going to same destination chose Driver X"
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## Hybrid Score = 40% inductive + 35% content-based + 25% collaborative

Final recommendations sorted by this score.

If user is new:

→ fallback to "best match by distance"

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## 8. Database (Supabase)

Tables used:

Table	Purpose
profiles	User info
rides	Driver-posted rides
ride_requests	Passenger bookings
user_preferences	AI learning data

Authentication is fully handled by Supabase.

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## 9. Map + AI + Location Integration

All these systems work together:

1. User selects or auto-detects location
2. Autocomplete provides real addresses
3. OSRM (A\*) gives shortest real route

4. Leaflet displays streets and markers
  5. Supabase stores ride data
  6. Recommendation engine ranks best rides
  7. App UI shows:
    - o All rides
    - o Best matches
    - o AI recommended rides
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