This document explains how to analyze facial expressions from both static images and videos in order to reveal information on one's emotional state using the technology of Facial Emotion Recognition (FER)

Facial Emotion Recognition



Steps of Facial Emotion Recognition

1-Import libraries:

import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from deepface import DeepFace

OpenCV for drawing rectangles and overlaying text data

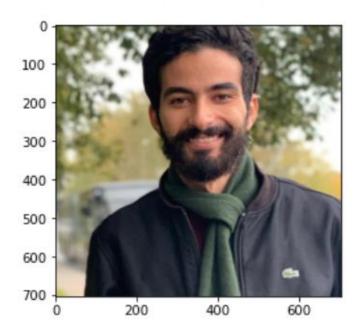
Live Video demo using OpenCV + DeepFace for Webcam

2-Read the Image:

```
img= cv2.imread('happy.jpg')
```

```
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(img,cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
```

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x204db06e130>



3-Show the dict of emotions

```
In [4]: prediction = DeepFace.analyze(img)
                                                                            4/4 [00:01<00:00, 2.46it/s]
        Action: race: 100%
In [5]: prediction
Out[5]: {'emotion': {'angry': 0.0001922166802614811,
          'disgust': 5.071519593169427e-09,
          'fear': 0.002635316559462808,
          'happy': 99.31933283805847,
          'sad': 0.002974020935653243,
          'surprise': 0.03749383904505521,
          'neutral': 0.637374259531498},
         'dominant_emotion': 'happy',
         'region': {'x': 213, 'y': 68, 'w': 298, 'h': 298},
         'age': 33,
         'gender': 'Man',
          'race': {'asian': 1.0886415839195251,
          'indian': 6.980866938829422,
          'black': 0.8464818820357323,
          'white': 32.35912621021271,
          'middle eastern': 37.141019105911255,
          'latino hispanic': 21.583867073059082},
         'dominant_race': 'middle eastern'}
```

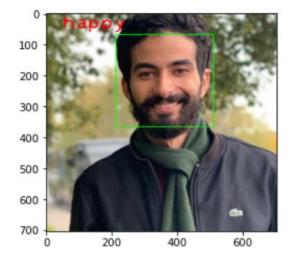
4-drawing rectangle

```
In [7]: faceCascade = cv2.CascadeClassifier(cv2.data.haarcascades + 'haarcascade_frontalface_default.xml')
    gray = cv2.cvtColor(img,cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
    faces = faceCascade.detectMultiScale(gray,1.1,4)
    for(x,y,w,h) in faces:
        cv2.rectangle(img,(x,y),(x+w,y+h),(0,255,0),2)
In [8]: plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(img,cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
Out[8]: 
cmatplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x204887ef7f0>
```



5-show the dominant emotion

Dut[42]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x22b9bc796d0>



6- Example of Live Video demo

```
In [11]: cap = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
         if not cap.isOpened():
            cap=cv2.VideoCapture(0)
         if not cap.isOpened():
             raise IOError('Cannot popen webcam')
         while True:
             ret,frame=cap.read()
             result=DeepFace.analyze(frame,actions=['emotion'])
             for (x,y,w,h) in faces:
                 cv2.rectangle(frame,(x,y),(x+w,y+h),(0,255,0),2)
             font = cv2.FONT_HERSHEY_PLAIN
             cv2.putText(frame,
                     result['dominant_emotion'],
                     (50,50),
                     font,3,
                     (0,0,255),
                     3,
                     cv2.LINE_4
             cv2.imshow('Demo Video',frame)
             if cv2.waitKey(2) & 0xFF == ord('q'):
                 break
         cap.release()
         cv2.destroyAllWindows()
         Action: race: 100%
                                                                                                    4/4 [00:00<00:00, 5.24it/s]
         Action: race: 100%
                                                                                                    4/4 [00:00<00:00, 5.11it/s]
         Action: race: 100%
                                                                                                    4/4 [00:00<00:00, 4.68it/s]
         Action: race: 100%
                                                                                                    4/4 [00:00<00:00, 5.00it/s]
         Action: race: 100%
                                                                                                    4/4 [00:00<00:00, 5.58it/s]
```

