A Short Introduction to Working With Data in R EXTRAS

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Downloading Data From the Internet

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File Encoding & Microsoft ExcelTM

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- Many OSes and applications encode text using "UTF-8" by default.
- Windows uses "latin1" encoding by default.
- Excel can save a .csv file using UTF-8 encoding, but in doing so, it adds "byte order mark" ("BOM") to the file.
 - ▶ This is a special character that Excel also uses to recognize that the file is encoded using UTF-8.
 - ▶ Thus a BOM can make the file "easier" to use with Excel, by allowing it to automatically recognize the UTF-8 encoding, but it can also cause problems for other programs (like R) that do not expect such a non-Unicode character.
- Without the BOM, Excel will assume the file is encoded in "latin1" if you double-click on the csv file to open it in Excel, even if it was actually encoded with UTF-8.
 - ▶ This can cause special characters to appear incorrectly.
 - ▶ You can still import a .csv file encoded in UTF-8 into Excel correctly, but it requires opening the file within Excel, or importing it using commands in the "Data" ribbon / menu

Read a file with a BOM using read.csv()

 Reading a .csv file with a BOM using the usual method may cause the BOM to be included in the name of the first column (on Windows).

 The solution with read.csv() is to use the argument 'fileEncoding = "UTF-8-BOM"' (instead of the 'encoding' argument)

```
# Type Treatment PlantNum X95
# 4 Québec chilled 1 14.2
```

Read a file with a BOM using read csv()

 The readr package uses "UTF-8" encoding by default, and automatically ignores a BOM, if present.

```
bom_readr <- readr::read_csv("../data/data_example_bom.csv")
bom_readr[4, 1:4] |> knitr::kable()
```

Туре	Treatment	PlantNum	95
Québec	chilled	1	14.2

- write_csv() (in the readr package) automatically encodes output files using "UTF-8", for greater portability across systems.
 - except for older versions of base R (read.csv()) on Windows :(

!

Hopefully, these examples have demonstrated that the readr package makes it easy to work with "UTF-8" files by default, on any platform.

Add a BOM to an output file

- It is possible to add a BOM to a csv file, but it must be done manually with base R:
 - code adapted from this StackOverflow answer

```
writeChar(
  iconv("\ufeff", to = "UTF-8"),
  "output.csv",
  eos = NULL
)
write.csv(Data, "output.csv", append = TRUE, ...)
```

 The readr package can do this directly with a special write_excel_csv function:

```
write_excel_csv(Data, "output.csv", ... )
```

!

R does not recommend doing this (see ?file), so use with caution.

Using other encodings with readr

 You can control the encoding used by readr functions with the locale argument.

• See ?readr::read csv and ?readr::locale for details.

Reading Data in Other Formats

Reading Data in Other Formats

- Parquet files: an efficient columnar format, popular with Big Data and cloud computing
 - ▶ Apache Arrow (i.e., the 'arrow' package)
- The Data Import Chapter of R for Data Science (2e) describes these tidyverse packages for other types of data:
 - haven reads SPSS, Stata, and SAS files.
 - ▶ DBI, along with a database specific backend (e.g. RMySQL, RSQLite, RPostgreSQL, etc.) allows you to run SQL queries on a database and return a data frame.
- See the Import Section of R for Data Science (2nd edition) For more details on getting data into R from these and other sources.
- Other options are also described in the R Data Import/Export manual.

Exporting to other formats

Writing to Microsoft ExcelTM files

Packages that can write to Excel files:

- xlsx: read, write, format Excel 2007 (.xlsx) and Excel 97/2000/XP/2003 (.xls) files.
 - Requires Java and the rJava package
- XLConnect: comprehensive and cross-platform R package for manipulating Microsoft Excel files (.xlsx & .xls) from within R.
 - ▶ Requires a Java Runtime Environment (JRE)
- openxlsx: simplified creation of Excel .xlsx files (not .xls).
 - ► No dependency on Java
- writexl: portable, light-weight data frame to xlsx exporter.
 - ▶ No Java or Excel required

I recommend avoiding exporting data to Excel files if possible. csv files are easier to read to & write from, and can be read by a wider variety of software (they are more portable).

Automated reports can be produced with R Markdown and output to a variety of more portable formats (pdf, HTML, etc.) instead.

References (Extras)

CANSIM / CODR data:

- An ecosystem of R packages to access and process Canadian data
- Analyzing Canadian Demographic and Housing Data