# JAX NumPy Quick Reference

# Core Concepts & API

import jax.numpy as jnp: The primary way to access the JAX NumPy API. Designed to feel familiar to NumPy users.

**Immutability**: JAX arrays (jnp.ndarray) are **immutable**. Operations do *not* modify arrays in-place; they return *new* arrays.

Copies vs. Views: Operations like jnp.transpose(), jnp.reshape(), slicing typically return copies, not views.

#### Performance & Execution

jax.jit(func) / @jax.jit: Just-In-Time (JIT) compilation using XLA

- Tracing: Runs func once with placeholder shapes/types to record operations.
- Optimization/Compilation: XLA optimizes and compiles the trace into fast machine code for CPU/GPU/TPU.
- Execution: Subsequent calls with compatible inputs use the fast compiled code.

Hardware Acceleration (CPU, GPU, TPU): JAX runs seamlessly on different hardware via XLA.

- No code changes needed (jax.jit handles optimization for the target device).
- Major performance benefit for large computations.

#### **Array Manipulation (Immutable Style)**

• array.at[index].set(value): The required way to perform indexed updates. Returns a new array with the update.

### Random Number Generation (Explicit State)

- from jax import random: JAX's random module.
- key = random. PRNGKey (seed): Creates an initial random state (PRNG key). Must be explicitly managed.

- key, subkey = random.split(key): Crucial step! Splits a key to generate a new key for future use and a subkey for the current random operation. Ensures reproducibility.
- random.normal(key, ...), etc.: All JAX random functions require an explicit key (usually a subkey from split) as the *first* argument.

#### **Function Transformations**

- jax.vmap(func, in\_axes=(...)): Auto-vectorization. Transforms func (written for single data points) to operate efficiently over batches or axes.
- jax.grad(func): Automatic differentiation. Returns a *new function* that computes the gradient of func w.r.t. its first argument (or specified args). Foundational for ML.
- jax.shard\_map(...) / (aka shmap) : Explicit, manual control over distributing computation across multiple devices (SPMD).

# **Debugging Utilities**

• jax.debug.visualize\_array\_sharding(array): Shows how an array is distributed across devices when using features like shard map.

#### More Information

- JAX AI Stack https://jaxstack.ai
- JAX <a href="https://jax.dev">https://jax.dev</a>
- Flax <a href="https://flax.readthedocs.io">https://flax.readthedocs.io</a>