

Programming Fundamentals – ENSF 337

Lab 9

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B01

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Exercise B: C++ FileI/O

```
void print_from_binary(char* filename) {  
    ifstream stream(filename, ios::in | ios::binary);  
    if (stream.fail()){  
        cerr << "Failed to open file: " << filename << endl;  
        exit(1);  
    }  
    City cities[size];  
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++){  
        stream.read(reinterpret_cast<char*>(&cities[i]), sizeof(City));  
    }  
    for (int i = 0; i < size; i++){  
        cout << "Name: " << cities[i].name;  
        cout << "\tx-coordinate: " << cities[i].x;  
        cout << "\ty-coordinate: " << cities[i].y << endl;  
    }  
    stream.close();  
}
```

```

The content of the binary file is:
Name: Calgary    x-coordinate: 100    y-coordinate: 50
Name: Edmonton  x-coordinate: 100    y-coordinate: 150
Name: Vancouver  x-coordinate: 50     y-coordinate: 50
Name: Regina     x-coordinate: 200    y-coordinate: 50
Name: Toronto    x-coordinate: 500    y-coordinate: 50
Name: Montreal   x-coordinate: 200    y-coordinate: 50

```

Exercise C: Using C++ Library Classes, Vector and String

```
String_Vector transpose (const String_Vector& sv) {
```

```
    String_Vector vs;
```

```
    int cols = sv.size();
```

```
    int rows = sv.at(0).size();
```

```
    vs.resize(rows);
```

```
    for (int j = 0; j < rows; j++)
```

```
        vs.at(j).resize(cols);
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < rows; i++){
```

```
        for (int j = 0; j < cols; j++){
```

```
            vs.at(i).at(j) = sv.at(j).at(i);
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    return vs;
```

```
}
```

```

ABCD
EFGH
IJKL
MNOP
QRST

```

```

AEIMQ
BFJNR
CGKOS
DHLPT

```

```

ABCD
EFGH
IJKL
MNOP
QRST
UVWX
YZab
cdef
ghij
klmn

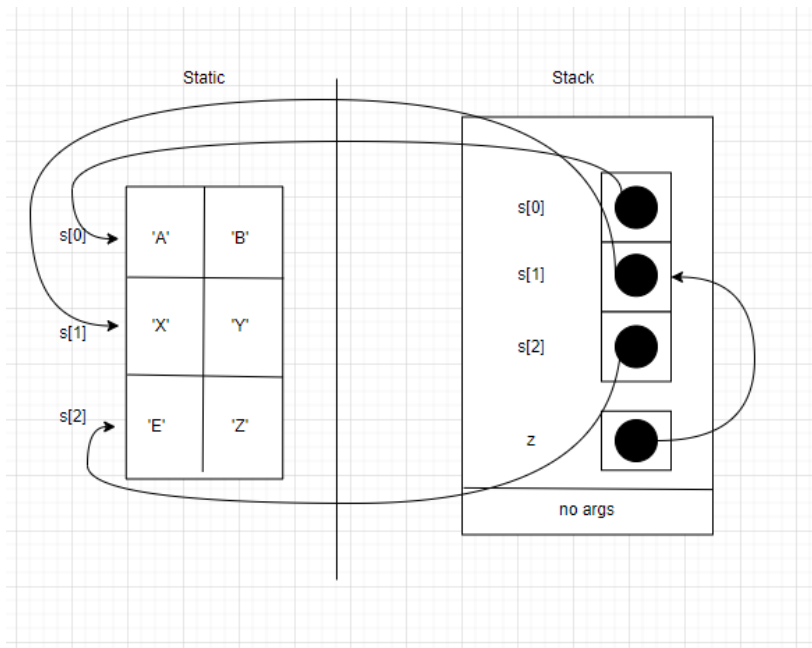
```

```

AEIMQUYcgk
BFJNRVZdh1
CGKOSWaeim
DHLPTXbfjn

```

Exercise D: Working with Array of Pointers



```
#include <iostream>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
void insertion_sort(int *int_array, int n);
```

```
/* REQUIRES
```

```
*   n > 0.
```

```
*   Array elements int_array[0] ... int_array[n - 1] exist.
```

```
* PROMISES
```

```
*   Element values are rearranged in non-decreasing order.
```

```
*/
```

```
void insertion_sort(const char** str_array, int n);
```

```
/* REQUIRES
```

```
*   n > 0.
```

```
*   Array elements str_array[0] ... str_array[n - 1] exist.
```

* PROMISES

- * pointers in str_array are rearranged so that strings:
 - * str_array[0] points to a string with the smallest string (lexicographical) ,
 - * str_array[1] points to the second smallest string, ..., str_array[n-2]
 - * points to the second largest, and str_array[n-1] points to the largest string
- */

```
int main(void)
```

```
{
```

```
    const char* s[] = { "AB", "XY", "EZ" };
```

```
    const char** z = s;
```

```
    z += 1;
```

```
    cout << "The value of **z is: " << **z << endl;
```

```
    cout << "The value of *z is: " << *z << endl;
```

```
    cout << "The value of **(z-1) is: " << **(z-1) << endl;
```

```
    cout << "The value of *(z-1) is: " << *(z-1) << endl;
```

```
    cout << "The value of z[1][1] is: " << z[1][1] << endl;
```

```
    cout << "The value of (*(z+1)+1) is: " << (*(z+1)+1) << endl;
```

```
    cout << z << endl;
```

```
    // point 1
```

```
    int a[] = { 413, 282, 660, 171, 308, 537 };
```

```
    int i;
```

```
    int n_elements = sizeof(a) / sizeof(int);
```

```
cout << "Here is your array of integers before sorting: \n";
```

```
for(i = 0; i < n_elements; i++)
```

```
    cout << a[i] << endl;
```

```
cout << endl;
```

```
insertion_sort(a, n_elements);
```

```
cout << "Here is your array of ints after sorting: \n" ;
```

```
for(i = 0; i < n_elements; i++)
```

```
    cout << a[i] << endl;
```

```
#if 1
```

```
const char* strings[] = { "Red", "Blue", "pink","apple", "almond","white",  
                           "nut", "Law", "cup"};
```

```
n_elements = sizeof(strings) / sizeof(char*);
```

```
cout << "\nHere is your array of strings before sorting: \n";
```

```
for(i = 0; i < n_elements; i++)
```

```
    cout << strings[i] << endl;
```

```
cout << endl;
```

```
insertion_sort(strings, n_elements);
```

```
cout << "Here is your array of strings after sorting: \n" ;
```

```
for(i = 0; i < n_elements; i++)
```

```
    cout << strings[i] << endl;
```

```
cout << endl;
```

```
#endif
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

```
void insertion_sort(int *a, int n)
```

```
{
```

```
    int i;
```

```
    int j;
```

```
    int value_to_insert;
```

```
    for (i = 1; i < n; i++) {
```

```
        value_to_insert = a[i];
```

```
        /* Shift values greater than value_to_insert. */
```

```
        j = i;
```

```
        while ( j > 0 && a[j - 1] > value_to_insert ) {
```

```
            a[j] = a[j - 1];
```

```
            j--;
```

```
        }
```

```
        a[j] = value_to_insert;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

```
void insertion_sort(const char** str_array, int n){
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++){  
    for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++){  
        if (str_array[i] > str_array[j]){  
            const char* temp = str_array[i];  
            str_array[i] = str_array[j];  
            str_array[j] = temp;  
        }  
    }  
}  
}
```

```
The value of **z is: X
The value of *z is: XY
The value of **(z-1) is: A
The value of *(z-1) is: AB
The value of z[1][1] is: Z
The value of *(*z+1)+1) is: Z
0x61fefc
Here is your array of integers before sorting:
413
282
660
171
308
537

Here is your array of ints after sorting:
171
282
308
413
537
660

Here is your array of strings before sorting:
Red
Blue
pink
apple
almond
white
nut
Law
cup

Here is your array of strings after sorting:
Red
Blue
pink
apple
almond
white
nut
Law
cup
```

Could not get array to sort, followed the exact procedure shown in the notes, I don't understand what is wrong with my implementation of the function

Exercise E: Pointer-To-Pointer and Command-line Arguments

```
// matrix.cpp
```

```
#include "matrix.h"
```

```
Matrix::Matrix(int r, int c):rowsM(r), colsM(c)
```

```
{
```

```
    matrixM = new double* [rowsM];
```

```
    assert(matrixM != NULL);
```

```
    for(int i=0; i < rowsM; i++){
```

```
        matrixM[i] = new double[colsM];
```

```
        assert(matrixM[i] != NULL);
```

```
    }
```

```
    sum_rowsM = new double[rowsM];
```

```
    assert(sum_rowsM != NULL);
```

```
    sum_colsM = new double[colsM];
```

```
    assert(sum_colsM != NULL);
```

```
}
```

```
Matrix::~~Matrix()
```

```
{
```

```
    destroy();
```

```
}
```

```
Matrix::Matrix(const Matrix& source)
```

```
{  
    copy(source);  
}
```

```
Matrix& Matrix::operator= (const Matrix& rhs)
```

```
{  
    if(&rhs != this){  
        destroy();  
        copy(rhs);  
    }
```

```
    return *this;  
}
```

```
double Matrix::get_sum_col(int i) const
```

```
{  
    assert(i >= 0 && i < colsM);  
    return sum_colsM[i];  
}
```

```
double Matrix::get_sum_row(int i) const
```

```
{  
    assert(i >= 0 && i < rowsM);  
    return sum_rowsM[i];  
}
```

```
void Matrix::sum_of_rows()const
{
    for (int i = 0; i < rowsM; i++){
        double sum = 0;
        for (int j = 0; j < colsM; j++){
            sum += matrixM[i][j];
        }
        sum_rowsM[i] = sum;
    }
}
```

```
void Matrix::sum_of_cols()const
{
    for (int i = 0; i < colsM; i++){
        double sum = 0;
        for (int j = 0; j < rowsM; j++){
            sum += matrixM[j][i];
        }
        sum_colsM[i] = sum;
    }
}
```

```
void Matrix::copy(const Matrix& source)
{
    if(source.matrixM == NULL){
        matrixM = NULL;
        sum_rowsM = NULL;
```

```

    sum_colsM = NULL;

    rowsM = 0;

    colsM = 0;

    return;
}

rowsM = source.rowsM;
colsM = source.colsM;

sum_rowsM = new double[rowsM];
assert(sum_rowsM != NULL);

sum_colsM = new double[colsM];
assert(sum_colsM != NULL);

matrixM = new double*[rowsM];
assert(matrixM != NULL);
for(int i =0; i < rowsM; i++){
    matrixM[i] = new double[colsM];
    assert(matrixM[i] != NULL);
}

for (int i = 0; i < rowsM; i++){
    for (int j = 0; j < colsM; j++){
        matrixM[i][j] = source.matrixM[i][j];
    }
}

sum_of_rows();

```

```
    sum_of_cols();  
}
```

```
void Matrix::destroy()  
{  
    for (int i = 0; i < rowsM; i++)  
        delete[] matrixM[i];  
    delete[] matrixM;  
    delete[] sum_rowsM;  
    delete[] sum_colsM;  
}
```

```
PS C:\Users\Jaxon Braun\Documents\UofC\Fall 2021\ENSF 337\lab9> ./matrix.exe 3 4
```

The values in matrix m1 are:

2.3	3.0	3.7	4.3
2.7	3.3	4.0	4.7
3.0	3.7	4.3	5.0

The values in matrix m2 are:

2.7	3.3	4.0	4.7	5.3	6.0
3.0	3.7	4.3	5.0	5.7	6.3
3.3	4.0	4.7	5.3	6.0	6.7
3.7	4.3	5.0	5.7	6.3	7.0

The new values in matrix m1 and sum of its rows and columns are

2.7	3.3	4.0	4.7	5.3	6.0		26.0
3.0	3.7	4.3	5.0	5.7	6.3		28.0
3.3	4.0	4.7	5.3	6.0	6.7		30.0
3.7	4.3	5.0	5.7	6.3	7.0		32.0

12.7 15.3 18.0 20.7 23.3 26.0

The values in matrix m3 and sum of its rows and columns are:

5.0	3.3	4.0	4.7	5.3	6.0		28.3
3.0	15.0	4.3	5.0	5.7	6.3		39.3
3.3	4.0	25.0	5.3	6.0	6.7		50.3
3.7	4.3	5.0	5.7	6.3	7.0		32.0

15.0 26.7 38.3 20.7 23.3 26.0

The new values in matrix m2 are:

-5.0	3.3	4.0	4.7	5.3	6.0		18.3
3.0	-15.0	4.3	5.0	5.7	6.3		9.3
3.3	4.0	-25.0	5.3	6.0	6.7		0.3
3.7	4.3	5.0	5.7	6.3	7.0		32.0

5.0 -3.3 -11.7 20.7 23.3 26.0

The values in matrix m3 and sum of it rows and columns are still the same:

5.0	3.3	4.0	4.7	5.3	6.0		28.3
3.0	15.0	4.3	5.0	5.7	6.3		39.3
3.3	4.0	25.0	5.3	6.0	6.7		50.3
3.7	4.3	5.0	5.7	6.3	7.0		32.0

15.0 26.7 38.3 20.7 23.3 26.0