

# **FACTORIAL ANALYSIS OF VARIANCE DESIGN**

**OLUSEGUN AFIS ISMAIL**  
**MARCH 6, 2016**

# FACTORIAL ANOVA DESIGN

- IN FACTORIAL ANOVA DESIGN, WE ARE INTERESTED IN THE MAIN AND INTERACTION EFFECTS ON THE RESPONSE VARIABLE.

- ILLUSTRATION OF FACTORIAL ANOVA DESIGN

ASSUMING THAT FACTOR A HAS 3 LEVELS AND FACTOR B HAS 4 LEVELS

THE FACTORIAL ANOVA DESIGN MAY BE WRITTEN 3 X 4

THE EFFECTS UNDER INVESTIGATION ARE:

MAIN EFFECTS:                      A, B

INTERACTION EFFECT:              A X B

# TWO –WAY FACTORIAL ANOVA

- WE CAN ILLUSTRATE THE TWO FACTORS INTO COLUMNS AND ROWS AS FOLLOWS

		FACTOR-B			$a_i$	$a_i^2$
		b1	b2	b3	b4	Row Total
FACTOR-A	a1					
	a2					
	a3					
Column Total	$b_j$					
	$b_j^2$					

# TERMS IN THE FACTORIAL DESIGN

- THE NUMBER OF REPLICATE PER CELL IS DEFINED AS “r” WHERE  $r \geq 2$
- THE NUMBER OF LEVELS IN FACTOR A IS “a” WHERE  $a \geq 2$
- THE NUMBER OF LEVELS IN FACTOR B IS “b” WHERE  $b \geq 2$
- THE TOTAL OF REPLICATE RESPONSE PER CELL IN ROW i by COLUMN j IS DENOTED

$$[a_i b_j]$$

# SUM OF SQUARES IN TWO-WAY FACTORIAL ANOVA

- SUM SQUARE OF FACTOR A (SSA)  $SSA = \frac{1}{b.r} \sum [a_i]^2 - \frac{T^2}{N}$
- SUM SQUARE OF FACTOR B (SSB)  $SSB = \frac{1}{a.r} \sum [b_j]^2 - \frac{T^2}{N}$
- SUM SQUARE OF INTERACTION (AXB),  $SSAB = SSA.B - SSA - SSB$
- WHERE SSA.B IS DEFINED AS

$$SSA.B = \frac{1}{r} \sum [a_i b_j]^2 - \frac{T^2}{N}$$

# SUM SQUARES CONTD.

- SUM SQUARE OF ERROR (SSE) = SSTOT – SSA.B
- SUM SQUARE TOTAL (SSTOT) OR TOTAL SUM OF SQUARE

$$SSTOT = \sum_{i,j} y_{ij}^2 - \frac{T^2}{N}$$

# TWO-WAY FACTORIAL TABLE

SOURCE	DF	SS	MS	F
A	$\alpha - 1$	SSA	$SSA / \alpha - 1 = MSA$	$MSA / MSE$
B	$b - 1$	SSB	$SSB / b - 1 = MSB$	$MSB / MSE$
AB	$(\alpha - 1)(b - 1)$	SSAB	$SSAB / (\alpha - 1)(b - 1) = MSAB$	$MSAB / MSE$
RESIDUAL	$ab(r - 1)$	SSE	$SSE / ab(r - 1) = MSE = S^2$	
TOTAL	$N - 1$	SSTOT		

# EXAMPLE

**An engineer suspects that the surface finish of a metal part is influenced by the feed rate and the depth of cut. He selects three feed rates and four depths of cut. He then conducts a factorial experiment and obtains the following data:**

- **What is the purpose of the experiment? and what type?**
- **Formulate two research questions assuming you are the researcher .**
- **Conduct appropriate analysis of variance to answer the hypotheses formulated**  
**Use  $\alpha = 0.5$ . Use both manual calculation and SPSS to conduct the analysis**  
**Prepare a brief report on the conclusion of your findings**  
**Prepare the appropriate residual plots and comment on the model's adequacy**



# EXAMPLE

		Depth of Cut (in)			
		0.15	0.18	0.2	0.25
		74	79	82	99
	0.2	64	68	88	104
		60	73	92	96
		92	98	99	104
Feed Rate (in/min)	0.25	86	104	108	110
		88	88	95	99
		99	104	108	114
	0.3	98	99	110	111
		102	95	99	107



# SOLUTION

- **PURPOSE OF EXPERIMENT: TO INVESTIGATE THE EFFECTS OF DEPTH OF CUT, FEED RATE AND THE INTERACTION**
- **TYPE OF ANOVA: FACTORIAL**
- **RESEARCH QUESTIONS**
  - **1. IS THERE ANY RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DEPTH CUT AND THE RESPONSE VARIABLE?**
  - **2. IS THERE ANY RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN FEED RATE AND THE RESPONSE VARIABLE?**
  - **3. IS THERE ANY EFFECT OF INTERACTION AND THE RESPONSE VARIABLE?**

# SOLUTION

## ➤ HYPOTHESES

### ➤ FACTOR A (Feed Rate)

$$H_0 : \alpha_1 = \alpha_2 = \alpha_3$$

$$H_1 : \alpha_1 \neq \alpha_2 \neq \alpha_3$$

### ➤ FACTOR B (Depth of cut)

$$H_0 : \beta_1 = \beta_2 = \beta_3 = \beta_4$$

$$H_1 : \beta_1 \neq \beta_2 \neq \beta_3 \neq \beta_4$$

### ➤ INTERACTION (AB)

$$H_0 : (\alpha\beta)_{ij} = 0$$

$$H_1 : (\alpha\beta)_{ij} \neq 0$$

# CALCULATION OF TOTALS

	0.15	0.18	0.2	0.25		ai	ai^2
0.2	74	79	82	99		979	958441
	64	68	88	104			
	60	73	92	96			
0.25	92	98	99	104		1171	1371241
	86	104	108	110			
	88	88	95	99			
0.3	99	104	108	114		1246	1552516
	98	99	110	111			
	102	95	99	107			
bj	763	808	881	944			
bj^2	582169	652864	776161	891136			



**[aibj]**

<b>198</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>262</b>	<b>299</b>
<b>266</b>	<b>290</b>	<b>302</b>	<b>313</b>
<b>299</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>317</b>	<b>332</b>



# **[aibj]<sup>2</sup>**

<b>39204</b>	<b>48400</b>	<b>68644</b>	<b>89401</b>
<b>70756</b>	<b>84100</b>	<b>91204</b>	<b>97969</b>
<b>89401</b>	<b>88804</b>	<b>100489</b>	<b>110224</b>

# SUM SQUARES AND TOTALS

$$T = 3396$$

$$N = 36$$

$$\text{CORRECTION FACTOR} = T^2/N = (3396)^2/36 = 320356$$

$$SSTOTAL = 326888 - 320356 = 6532$$

$$b = 4$$

$$a = 3$$

$$r = 3$$

$$SSA = [958441 + 1371241 + 1552516]/12 - 320356 = 3160.5$$

$$SSB = [582169 + 652864 + 776161 + 891136]/9 - 320356 = 2125.11$$

$$SSA.B = 978596/3 - 320356 = 5842.67$$

$$SSAB = SSA.B - SSA - SSB = 5842.67 - 3160.5 - 2125.11 = 557.06$$

$$SSE = SSTOT - SSA.B = 6532 - 5842.67 = 689.33$$

# MEAN SQUARE CALCULATIONS

- **MSA, FACTOR A**      **= 3160.5/2 = 1580.25**
- **MSB, FACTOR B**      **= 2125.11/3 = 708.37**
- **MSAB, INTERACTION**   **= 557.06/6 = 92.84**
- **MSE, ERROR=RESIDUAL**   **= 689.33/24 = 28.72**



# F - CALCULATIONS

➤ **FACTOR A**       $F = MSA/MSE$        $= 1580.25/28.72 = 55.0226$

➤ **FACTOR B**       $F = MSB/MSE$        $= 708.37/28.72 = 24.664$

➤ **INTERACTION**       $F = MSAB/MSE$        $= 92.84/28.72 = 3.2325$

# HYPOTHESES TESTING

LEVEL OF SIGNIFICANCE IS 5%

F-TABLE FOR FACTOR A,  $F(2, 24, 0.05) = 3.402826$

F-TABLE FOR FACTOR B,  $F(3, 24, 0.05) = 3.008787$

F-TABLE FOR INTERACTION (AB),  $F(6, 24, 0.05) = 2.508189$

DECISIONS: REJECT THE NULL HYPOTHESIS FOR ALL ,  $F\text{-CAL} > F\text{-TABLE}$



# CONCLUSION

- **At the 5% level of significance, there is an evidence that there are effects of the depth of cut , feed rate and interaction of both factors on the surface finish of metal part. Further post hoc or multiple comparison of the means for each factor level to identify the least and greatest effect on the surface finish.**
- **Alternatively we are 95% confident that the depth of cut, feed rate and interaction of both factors have effects on the surface finish of metal part tested in the study.**



# SPSS



RESPONSE	FACTOR A	FACTOR B
74	1	1
64	1	1
60	1	1
79	1	2
68	1	2
73	1	2
82	1	3
88	1	3
92	1	3
99	1	4
104	1	4
96	1	4

# SPSS

RESPONSE	FACTOR A	FACTOR B
92	2	1
86	2	1
88	2	1
98	2	2
104	2	2
88	2	2
99	2	3
108	2	3
95	2	3
104	2	4
110	2	4
99	2	4
99	3	1
98	3	1
102	3	1
104	3	2
99	3	2
95	3	2
108	3	3
110	3	3
99	3	3
114	3	4
111	3	4
107	3	4

# SPSS - GENERAL LINEAR MODEL, UNIVARIATE

\*Untitled1 [DataSet0] - IBM SPSS Statistics Data Editor

Visible: 3 of 3 Variables

	RESPONSE	FACTORA	FACTORB	var	var	var	var	var	var	var	var	var	var	var	var	var	var
1	74.00	1.00	1.00														
2	64.00	1.00	1.00														
3	60.00	1.00	1.00														
4	79.00	1.00	2.00														
5	68.00	1.00	2.00														
6	73.00	1.00	2.00														
7	82.00	1.00	3.00														
8	88.00	1.00	3.00														
9	92.00	1.00	3.00														
10	99.00	1.00	4.00														
11	104.00	1.00	4.00														
12	96.00	1.00	4.00														
13	92.00	2.00	1.00														
14	86.00	2.00	1.00														
15	88.00	2.00	1.00														
16	98.00	2.00	2.00														
17	104.00	2.00	2.00														
18	88.00	2.00	2.00														
19	99.00	2.00	3.00														
20	108.00	2.00	3.00														
21	95.00	2.00	3.00														
22	104.00	2.00	4.00														
23	110.00	2.00	4.00														

Univariate

Dependent Variable: RESPONSE

Fixed Factor(s): Feed Rate [FACTO...], Depth [FACTORB]

Random Factor(s):

Univariate: Model

Specify Model: Full factorial, Custom

Factors & Covariates: FACTORA, FACTORB

Model:

Build Term(s): Type: Interaction

IBM SPSS Statistics Processor is ready

07:23 AM 07/03/2016

# SPSS OUTPUT

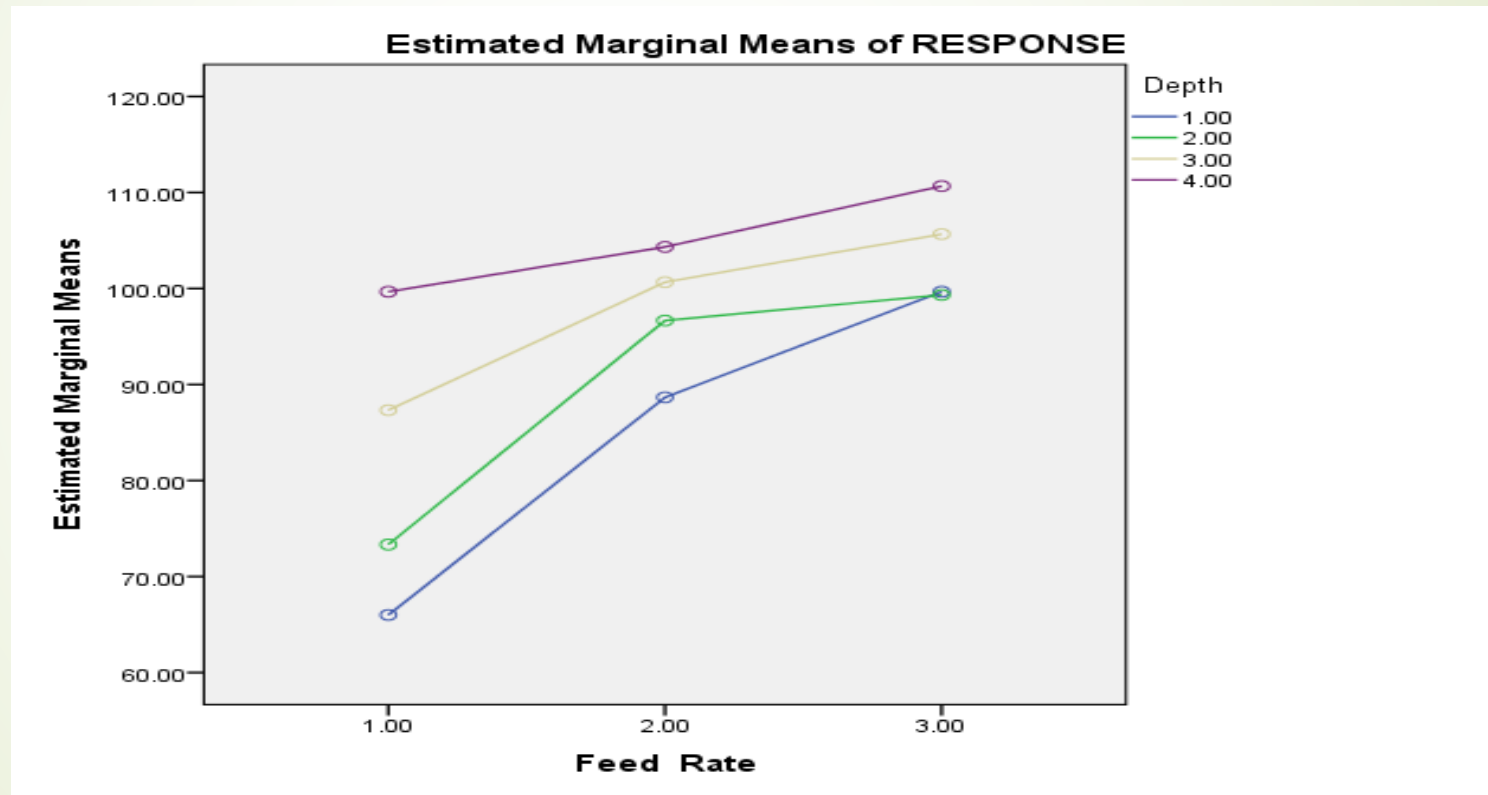
## Tests of Between-Subjects Effects

Dependent Variable: RESPONSE

Source	Type III Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Corrected Model	5842.667 <sup>a</sup>	11	531.152	18.493	.000
Intercept	320356.000	1	320356.000	11153.594	.000
<b>FACTORA</b>	<b>3160.500</b>	2	1580.250	55.018	.000
<b>FACTORB</b>	<b>2125.111</b>	3	708.370	24.663	.000
<b>FACTORA * FACTORB</b>	<b>557.056</b>	6	92.843	3.232	.018
Error	<b>689.333</b>	24	28.722		
Total	326888.000	36			
Corrected Total	<b>6532.000</b>	35			

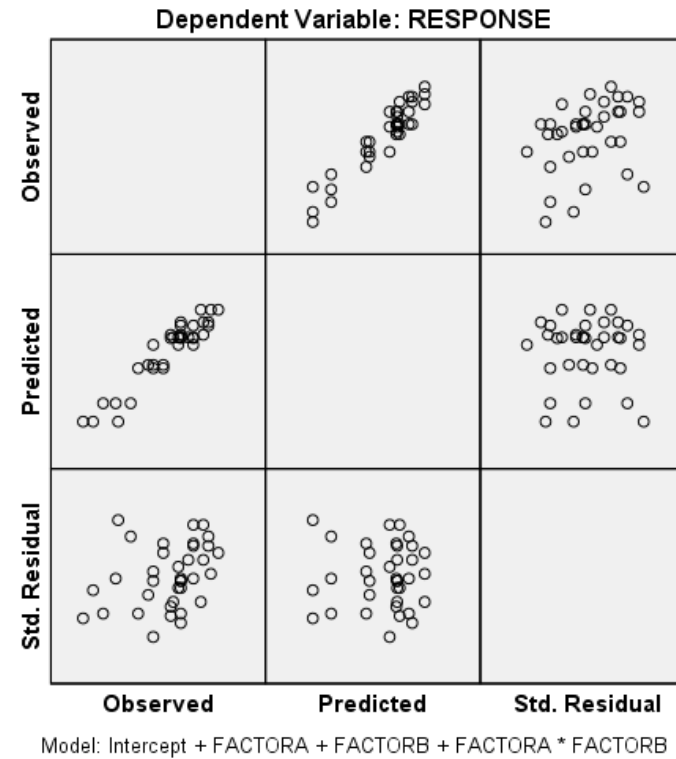
a. R Squared = .894 (Adjusted R Squared = .846)

# INTERACTION BETWEEN DEPTH 2 & 4





# RESIDUAL PLOT



# DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

## ➤ 2. Feed Rate

➤ Dependent Variable: RESPONSE

➤ Feed Rate	Mean	Std. Error	95% Confidence Interval	
➤			Lower Bound	Upper Bound
➤ 1.00	81.583	1.547	78.390	84.776
➤ 2.00	97.583	1.547	94.390	100.776
➤ 3.00	103.833	1.547	100.640	107.026

# DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

## ➤ 3. Depth

➤ Dependent Variable: RESPONSE

➤ Depth	Mean	Std. Error	95% Confidence Interval	
➤			Lower Bound	Upper Bound
➤ 1.00	84.778	1.786	81.091	88.465
➤ 2.00	89.778	1.786	86.091	93.465
➤ 3.00	97.889	1.786	94.202	101.576
➤ 4.00	104.889	1.786	101.202	108.576

# MULTIPLE COMPARISONS-FEED RATE

Multiple Comparisons						
Dependent Variable: RESPONSE						
LSD						
(I) Feed Rate		Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	95% Confidence Interval	
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound
1.00	2.00	-16.0000*	2.18793	.000	-20.5157	-11.4843
	3.00	-22.2500*	2.18793	.000	-26.7657	-17.7343
2.00	1.00	16.0000*	2.18793	.000	11.4843	20.5157
	3.00	-6.2500*	2.18793	.009	-10.7657	-1.7343
3.00	1.00	22.2500*	2.18793	.000	17.7343	26.7657
	2.00	6.2500*	2.18793	.009	1.7343	10.7657

# MULTIPLE COMPARISON –DEPTH OF CUT

Multiple Comparisons						
Dependent Variable: RESPONSE						
LSD						
(I) Depth		Mean Difference (I-J)	Std. Error	Sig.	95% Confidence Interval	
					Lower Bound	Upper Bound
1.00	2.00	-5.0000	2.52640	.059	-10.2142	.2142
	3.00	-13.1111*	2.52640	.000	-18.3254	-7.8969
	4.00	-20.1111*	2.52640	.000	-25.3254	-14.8969
2.00	1.00	5.0000	2.52640	.059	-.2142	10.2142
	3.00	-8.1111*	2.52640	.004	-13.3254	-2.8969
	4.00	-15.1111*	2.52640	.000	-20.3254	-9.8969
3.00	1.00	13.1111*	2.52640	.000	7.8969	18.3254
	2.00	8.1111*	2.52640	.004	2.8969	13.3254
	4.00	-7.0000*	2.52640	.011	-12.2142	-1.7858
4.00	1.00	20.1111*	2.52640	.000	14.8969	25.3254
	2.00	15.1111*	2.52640	.000	9.8969	20.3254
	3.00	7.0000*	2.52640	.011	1.7858	12.2142
Based on observed means.						
The error term is Mean Square(Error) = 28.722.						
*. The mean difference is significant at the .05 level.						

# DISPLAY OF UNIVARIATE OPTIONS

IBM SPSS Statistics Viewer - \*Output1 [Document1] - IBM SPSS Statistics Viewer

Univariate: Options

Estimated Marginal Means

Factor(s) and Factor Interactions:

- OVERALL
- FACTORA
- FACTORB
- FACTORA\*FACTORB

Display Means for:

- (OVERALL)
- FACTORA
- FACTORB
- FACTORA\*FACTORB

Compare main effects

Confidence interval adjustment: LSD(none)

Display

- ☒ Descriptive statistics
- ☐ Estimates of effect size
- ☐ Observed power
- ☐ Parameter estimates
- ☐ Contrast coefficient matrix
- ☒ Homogeneity tests
- ☐ Spread vs. level plot
- ☒ Residual plot
- ☒ Lack of fit
- ☐ General estimable function

Significance level: .05 Confidence intervals are 95.0%

Continue Cancel Help

Dependent Variable: RESPONSE

Source	Type III Sum of Squares
Corrected Model	5842.66
Intercept	320356.0
FACTORA	3160.5
FACTORB	2125.1
FACTORA * FACTORB	557.0
Error	689.3
Total	326888.0
Corrected Total	6532.0

a. R Squared = .894 (Adjusted R Squared = .888)

Estimated Marginal Means

1. Grand Mean

Dependent Variable: RESPONSE

Mean	Std. Error	95% Confidence Interval
94.333	.893	92.490 96.177

2. Feed Rate

# ASSUMPTION OF EQUALITY OF VARIANCE

Levene's Test of Equality of Error Variances a				
Dependent Variable: RESPONSE				
F	df1	df2	Sig.	
0.772	11	24	0.663	
Tests the null hypothesis that the error variance of the dependent variable is equal across groups.				
a Design: Intercept + FACTORA + FACTORB + FACTORA * FACTORB				