SED

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Printing Operation

- Linux Sed command allows you to print only specific lines based on the line number or pattern matches.
- "p" is a command for printing the data from the pattern buffer.
- To suppress automatic printing of pattern space use -n command with sed. sed -n option will not print anything, unless an explicit request to print is found.
- Syntax:

```
$ sed -n 'ADDRESS'p filename
```

OR

\$ sed -n '/PATTERN/p' filename

Printing Operation

Let us first create thegeekstuff.txt file that will be used in all the examples mentioned below.

\$ cat thegeekstuff.txt

- 1. Linux Sysadmin, Scripting etc.
- 2. Databases Oracle, mySQL etc.
- 3. Hardware
- 4. Security (Firewall, Network, Online Security etc)
- 5. Storage
- 6. Cool gadgets and websites
- 7. Productivity (Too many technologies to explore, not much time available)
- 8. Website Design
- 9. Software Development
- 10.Windows- Sysadmin, reboot etc.

Number Format

Total: 5

Sed Address Format 1: NUMBER

- This will match only Nth line in the input.: \$ sed -n 'N'p filename
- For example: 3p prints third line of input file thegeekstuff.txt as shown below.

```
$ sed -n '3'p thegeekstuff.txt
```

3. Hardware

Sed Address Format 2: NUMBER1~NUMBER2

- M~N with "p" command prints every Nth line starting from line M.: \$ sed -n 'M√N'p filename
- ► For example: 3~2p prints every 2nd line starting from 3rd line as shown below.

```
$ sed -n '3~2'p thegeekstuff.txt
```

- 3. Hardware
- 5. Storage
- 7. Productivity (Too many technologies to explore, not much time available)
- 9. Software Development

Sed Address Format 3: START, END

- ► M,N with "p" command prints Mth line to Nth line.: \$ sed -n 'M,N'p filename
- For example: 4,8p prints from 4th line to 8th line from input file thegeekstuff.txt

```
$ sed -n '4,8'p thegeekstuff.txt
```

- 4. Security (Firewall, Network, Online Security etc)
- 5. Storage
- 6. Cool gadgets and websites
- 7. Productivity (Too many technologies to explore, not much time available)
- 8. Website Design

Sed Address Format 4: '\$' Last Line

- \$ with "p" command matches only the last line from the input. \$ sed -n '\$'p filename
- For example: \$p prints only the last line as shown below.

```
$ sed -n '$'p thegeekstuff.txt
```

10. Windows - Sysadmin, reboot etc.

Sed Address Format 5: NUMBER,\$

- N,\$ with "p" command prints from Nth line to end of file. \$ sed -n 'N,\$p' filename
- For example 4: \$p prints from 7th line to end of file.

```
$ sed -n '7,$p' thegeekstuff.txt
```

- 7. Productivity (Too many technologies to explore, not much time available)
- 8. Website Design
- 9. Software Development
- 10. Windows Sysadmin, reboot etc.

Pattern Format

Total: 6

Sed Pattern Format 1: PATTERN

PATTERN could be unix regular expression. The below command prints only the line which matches the given pattern.

```
$ sed -n /PATTERN/p filename
```

For example: following prints the line only which matches the pattern "Sysadmin".

```
$ sed -n /Sysadmin/p thegeekstuff.txt
```

- 1. Linux Sysadmin, Scripting etc.
- 10. Windows Sysadmin, reboot etc.

Sed Pattern Format 2: /PATTERN/,ADDRESS

sed -n '/PATTERN/,Np' filename

For example: Following prints lines which matches the pattern to Nth line, from input. 3rd line matches the pattern "Hardware", so it prints from 3rd line to 6th line.

```
$ sed -n '/Hardware/,6p' thegeekstuff.txt
```

- 3. Hardware
- 4. Security (Firewall, Network, Online Security etc)
- 5. Storage
- 6. Cool gadgets and websites

Sed Pattern Format 3: ADDRESS,/PATTERN/

It prints from the Nth line of the input, to the line which matches the pattern. If the pattern doesnt match, it prints upto end of the input.

```
$ sed -n 'N,/PATTERN/p' filename
```

For example: 4th line matches the pattern "Security", so it prints from 3rd line to 4th line.

```
$ sed -n '3,/Security/p' thegeekstuff.txt
```

- 3. Hardware
- 4. Security (Firewall, Network, Online Security etc)

Sed Pattern Format 4: /PATTERN/,\$

It prints from the line matches the given pattern to end of file.

```
$ sed -n '/PATTERN/,$p' filename
```

For Example: Print lines Starting from "website" to the end of file.

```
$ sed -n '/Website/,$p' thegeekstuff.txt
```

- 8. Website Design
- 9. Software Development
- 10. Windows Sysadmin, reboot etc.

Sed Pattern Format 5: /PATTERN/,+N

It prints the lines which matches the pattern and next N lines following the matched line.

```
$sed -n '/PATTERN/,+Np' filename
```

For example: Following prints the 5th line which matches the pattern /Storage/ and next two lines following /Storage/.

```
$ sed -n '/Storage/,+2p' thegeekstuff.txt
```

- 5. Storage
- 6. Cool gadgets and websites
- 7. Productivity (Too many technologies to explore, not much time available)

Sed Pattern Format 6: /PATTERN/,/PATTERN/

Prints the section of file between two regular expression (including the matched line).

```
$ sed -n '/P1/,/P2/p' filename
```

For example: 5th line matches "Storage" and 8th line matches "Design", so it prints 5th to 8th.

```
$ sed -n '/Storage/,/Design/p' thegeekstuff.txt
```

- 5. Storage
- 6. Cool gadgets and websites
- 7. Productivity (Too many technologies to explore, not much time available)
- 8. Website Design