

# **CS5310.251/252, Spring 2016, Programming Project Simulation of the Ethernet**

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## **Project Aim and Objective:**

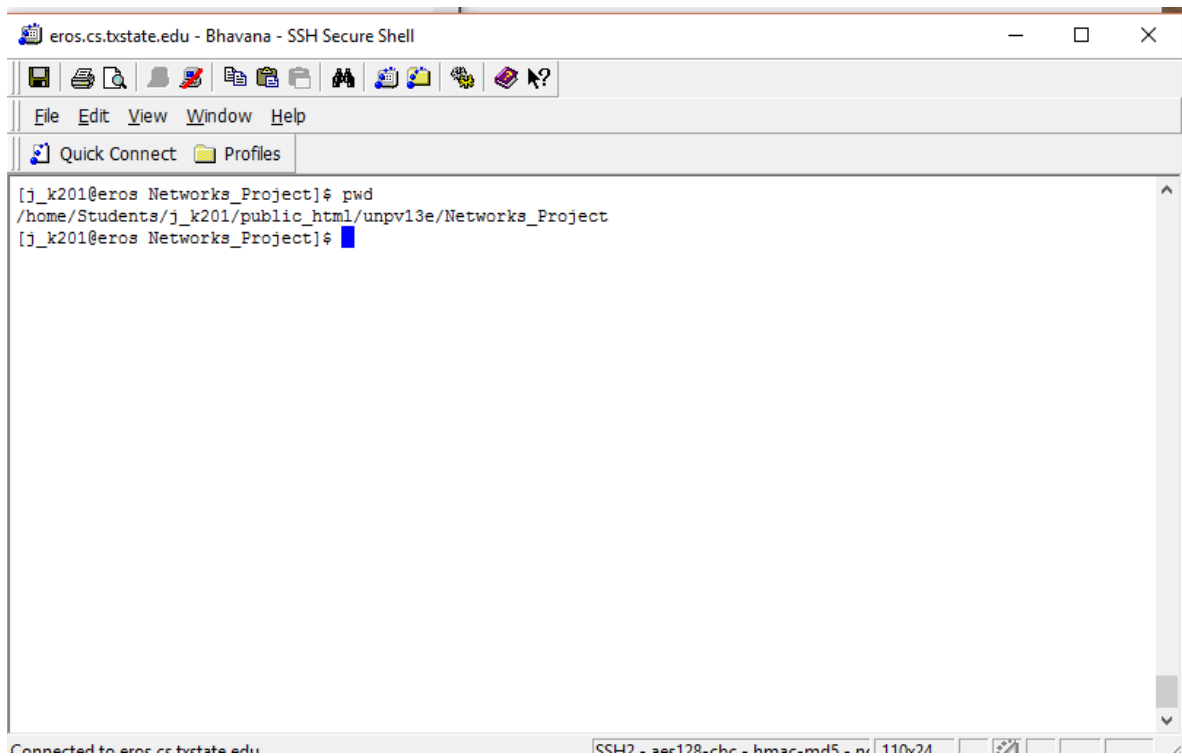
This project is to simulate the classical Ethernet. The main aim of the project is to practice basic socket API programming through a client/server application. It is a simulation in the sense that the Ethernet is simulated by multiple processes on multiple machines. Each station in the Ethernet is simulated by a process running on one of the workstations and the common bus is also simulated by a process.

## **Implementation:**

The project is implemented using C programming language. The project contains a program 'CommunicationBusProcess.c' that implements the functionalities of a Communication Bus process and it acts as server in the client/server implementation. It contains 10 station process 'Station\_Process1.txt', 'Station\_Process2.txt', 'Station\_Process3.txt', 'Station\_Process4.txt', 'Station\_Process5.txt', 'Station\_Process6.txt', 'Station\_Process7.txt', 'Station\_Process8.txt', 'Station\_Process9.txt', 'Station\_Process10.txt' which acts as input files. Hence we can access at most 10 station process for the communication bus process. TCP/IP protocol is chosen as the underlying protocol of the communication in this project.

**All the Program files are stored at the path:**

**/home/Students/j\_k201/public\_html/unpv13e/Networks\_Project.**



The screenshot shows an SSH Secure Shell window titled "eros.cs.txstate.edu - Bhavana - SSH Secure Shell". The window has a menu bar with "File", "Edit", "View", "Window", and "Help". Below the menu bar is a toolbar with various icons. The main text area displays the following commands and output:

```
[j_k201@eros Networks_Project]$ pwd
/home/Students/j_k201/public_html/unpv13e/Networks_Project
[j_k201@eros Networks_Project]$
```

At the bottom of the window, there is a status bar that reads "Connected to eros.cs.txstate.edu" and "SSH2 - aes128-ctr - hmac-md5 - no 11/0/24".

**List of Files :**

**Program files:**

CommunicationBusProcess.c

StationProcess.c

**Simulation input files for Station Process:**

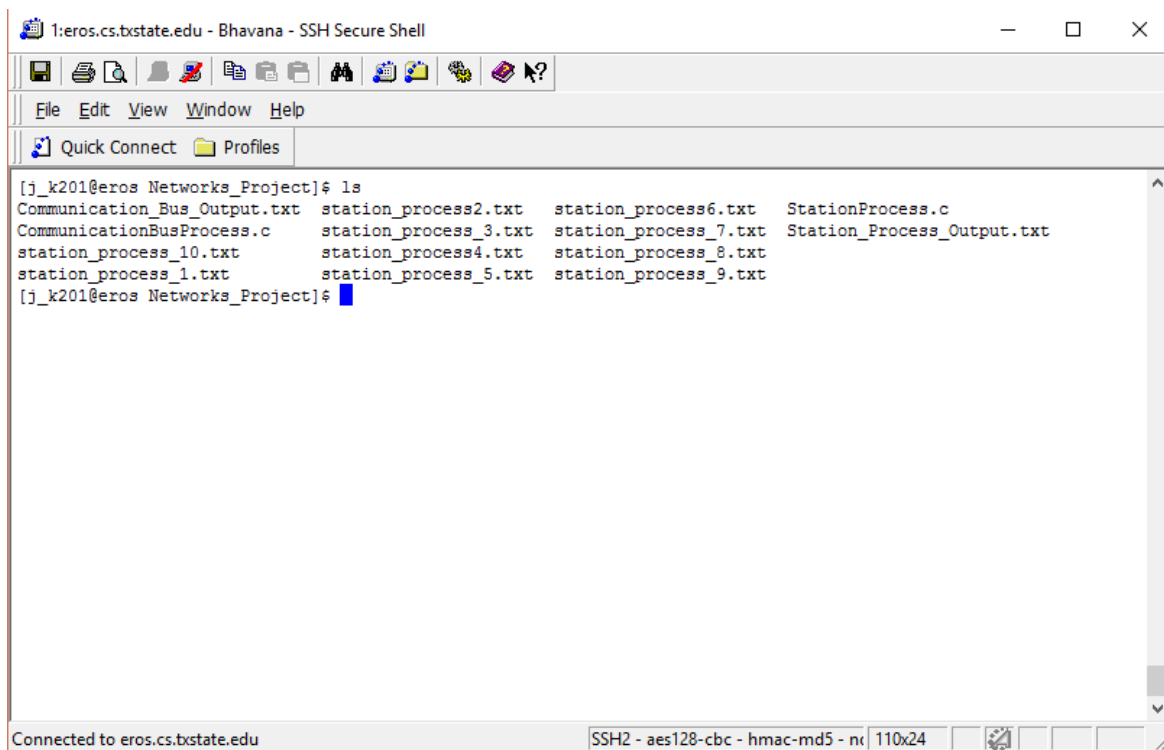
station\_process1.txt  
station\_process2.txt  
station\_process3.txt  
station\_process4.txt  
station\_process5.txt  
station\_process6.txt  
station\_process7.txt  
station\_process8.txt  
station\_process9.txt  
station\_process10.txt

**Output log file of CommunicationBusProcess:**

Communication\_Bus\_Output.txt

**Output log file of StationProcess:**

Station\_Process\_Output.txt



The screenshot shows an SSH terminal window titled "1:eros.cs.txstate.edu - Bhavana - SSH Secure Shell". The terminal displays the output of the command "ls" in the directory "[j\_k201@eros Networks\_Project]". The files listed are:

Communication_Bus_Output.txt	station_process2.txt	station_process6.txt	StationProcess.c
CommunicationBusProcess.c	station_process_3.txt	station_process_7.txt	Station_Process_Output.txt
station_process_10.txt	station_process4.txt	station_process_8.txt	
station_process_1.txt	station_process_5.txt	station_process_9.txt	

The terminal prompt is "[j\_k201@eros Networks\_Project]\$". The window includes a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Window, Help) and a toolbar with various icons. The status bar at the bottom indicates "Connected to eros.cs.txstate.edu" and "SSH2 - aes128-cbc - hmac-md5 - n".

### Communication Bus Process (CommunicationBusProcess.c):

- The main duty of CommunicationBusProcess is to function as a single communication bus shared by all stations in an Ethernet.
- A data structure named **sockaddr\_in** is used to store the addresses of the client and server.
- **sockfd = socket(AF\_INET, SOCK\_STREAM, IPPROTO\_TCP) :** The function socket creates a socket. AF\_INET specifies the namespace, SOCK\_STREAM specifies the communication style and IPPROTO\_TCP is the protocol. The return value from socket is the file descriptor for the new socket named sockfd.
- **bind(sockfd, (struct sockaddr\*) (&serv\_addr), sizeof(serv\_addr)) :** The bind function assigns an address to the socket sockfd. The serv\_addr and sizeof(serv\_addr) arguments specify the address. The return value is 0 on success and -1 on failure.
- **listen(sockfd, 10) :** The listen function enables the socket sockfd to accept connections, thus making it a server socket. The argument 10 specifies the length of the queue for pending connections.

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <string.h>
```

```
#include <unistd.h>
```

```
#include <sys/select.h>
```

```
#include <sys/types.h>
```

```
#include <sys/socket.h>
```

```
#include <netinet/in.h>
```

```
#include <arpa/inet.h>
```

```
#include <signal.h>
```

```
#define bool int
```

```
#define true 1
```

```
#define false 0
```

```
//File pointer to open and close the output log file.
```

```
FILE *file_pointer;
```

```

//variable port_no is used to store the port number given by the user.
int port_no;
int sock_fd;

//an array of stations that are connected.
bool connectedStations_ar[10];
bool stations_coll_ar[10];

//exits if there is any error
void error(const char *message)
{
    perror(message);
    exit(1);
}

//Is_there_a_Collision function checks if there is a collision
int Is_there_a_Collision(int station)
{
    int collision_occured = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
    {
        //if the current station is not equal to the array index
        if ((station != i))
        {
            //if the station with index number is already connected to the CommunicationBusProcess
            if(connectedStations_ar[i] == 1)
            {
                collision_occured = 1;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        stations_coll_ar[i] = 1;
    }
}

return collision_occured;
}

//main function
int main(int argc, char * argv[])
{
    if (argc != 2)
    {
        printf("\n Please enter : ./CommunicationBusProc <server port number>");
        exit(0);
    }

    port_no = atoi(argv[1]);
    file_pointer = fopen("Communication_Bus_Output.txt" , "w");

    if(file_pointer == NULL)
    {
        perror("Error in opening output file");
        return(-1);
    }

    //Initializing the connectedStations_ar and stations_coll_ar arrays.
    for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)
    {

```

```

        connectedStations_ar[i] = false;
        stations_coll_ar[i] = false;
    }

    int new_Sockfd;
    socklen_t client_length;
    struct sockaddr_in serv_addr, cli_addr;
    int n = 0;

    //Creating an internet stream TCP socket.
    sock_fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, IPPROTO_TCP);

    if (sock_fd < 0)
        error("ERROR opening socket");

    int yes = 1;

    //setting the SO_REUSEADDR socket option before calling bind function.
    if (setsockopt(sock_fd, SOL_SOCKET, SO_REUSEADDR, &yes, sizeof(int)) == -1)
    {
        perror("setsockopt");
        exit(1);
    }

    //bzero function sets the entire structure to zero.
    bzero((char*) (&serv_addr), sizeof(serv_addr));

```

```
serv_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
serv_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;
//port_no is the port number which user gives as input.
serv_addr.sin_port = htons(port_no);
```

```
if (bind(sock_fd, (struct sockaddr*) (&serv_addr), sizeof(serv_addr)) < 0)
{
    error("ERROR on binding");
}
```

//the socket is converted into a listening socket with a queue of 10 where the incoming connections will be accepted by the kernel.

```
listen(sock_fd, 10);
```

```
client_length = sizeof(cli_addr);
```

```
fd_set rset;
```

//Initializes the file descriptor set to contain no file descriptors.

```
FD_ZERO(&rset);
```

```
while (true)
```

```
{
    FD_SET(sock_fd, &rset);
```

```
    //waiting for connection from any station
```

```
    int nready = select(sock_fd + 1, &rset, NULL, NULL, NULL);
```

```
    if (FD_ISSET(sock_fd, &rset))
```



```

    {
        new_Sockfd = accept(sock_fd, (struct sockaddr*) (&cli_addr),
&client_length);

        if (new_Sockfd < 0)
        {
            error("ERROR on accept");
        }

        printf("\nServer established connection with the client %s :
%d",inet_ntoa(cli_addr.sin_addr),ntohs(cli_addr.sin_port) );

        fflush(stdout);

        int childpid;

        if ((childpid = fork()) == 0)
        {
            //spawn a child process to handle the station frame part
            char buffer1[151];
            bzero(buffer1, 151);

            //Read from station process
            n = read(new_Sockfd, buffer1, 150);

            if (n < 0)
                error("ERROR reading from socket");

            int fromStation, toStation, frameid, partno;

```

```

//frame id, part no, station from, station to are stored in the buffer1
array.

sscanf(buffer1, "%d %d %d %d", &frameid, &partno,
&fromStation,&toStation);

//Log received message to bus log
fprintf(file_pointer,"Receive part %d of frame %d from Station
%d , to Station %d \r\n", partno,frameid,fromStation,toStation);

//Set the flag to indicate connected station
if (partno == 1)
    connectedStations_ar[fromStation - 1] = true;

char reply[10] = "success";
//checks for collision

int collision = 0;

if(Is_there_a_Collision(fromStation-1) == 1)
{
    collision = 1;
}
if(stations_coll_ar[fromStation - 1] == 1)
{
    collision = 1;
}

if (collision == 1)
{
    //prepare to send collision message back to station and reset
flags

```

```

        strcpy(reply, "collision");
        fprintf(file_pointer, "Inform station  %d  a collision \r\n",
fromStation);
    }
    else
    {
        if (partno == 2)
        {
            fprintf(file_pointer, "Transfer part 1 of frame  %d
from Station %d , to station %d\r\n", frameid, fromStation, toStation);

            //check whether there is a collision after sending
first part to destination

            if(Is_there_a_Collision(fromStation-1) == 1)
            {
                collision = 1;
            }
            if(stations_coll_ar[fromStation - 1] == 1)
            {
                collision = 1;
            }

            if (collision == 1)
            {
                //prepare to send collision message back to
station and reset flags

                strcpy(reply, "collision");

                fprintf(file_pointer, "Inform station  %d  a
collision \r\n", fromStation);
            }

```

```

else
{
    //prepare for success reply and reset flags
    fprintf(file_pointer,"Transfer part 2 of frame
%d from Station %d , to station %d\r\n",frameid, fromStation,toStation);
}
}
}
connectedStations_ar[fromStation - 1] = false;
stations_coll_ar[fromStation - 1] = false;

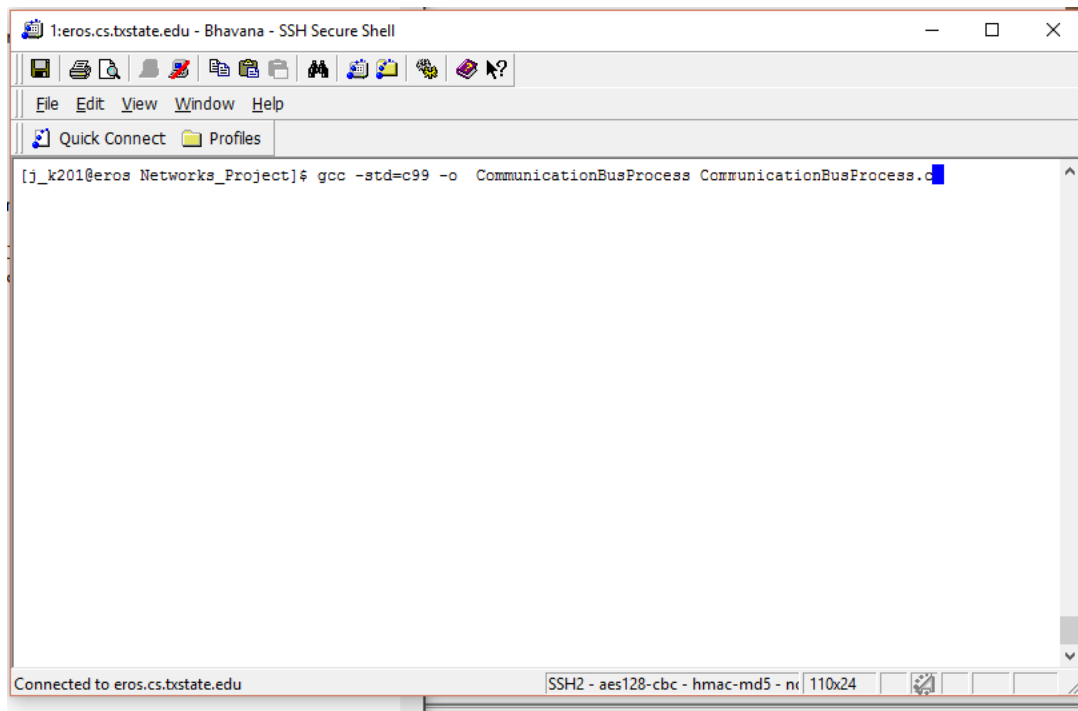
//send the reply back to station
write(new_Sockfd, reply, sizeof(reply));
exit(0);
}
//parent closes connected socket
close(new_Sockfd);
}
}
close(sock_fd);
fclose(file_pointer);

return 0;
}

```

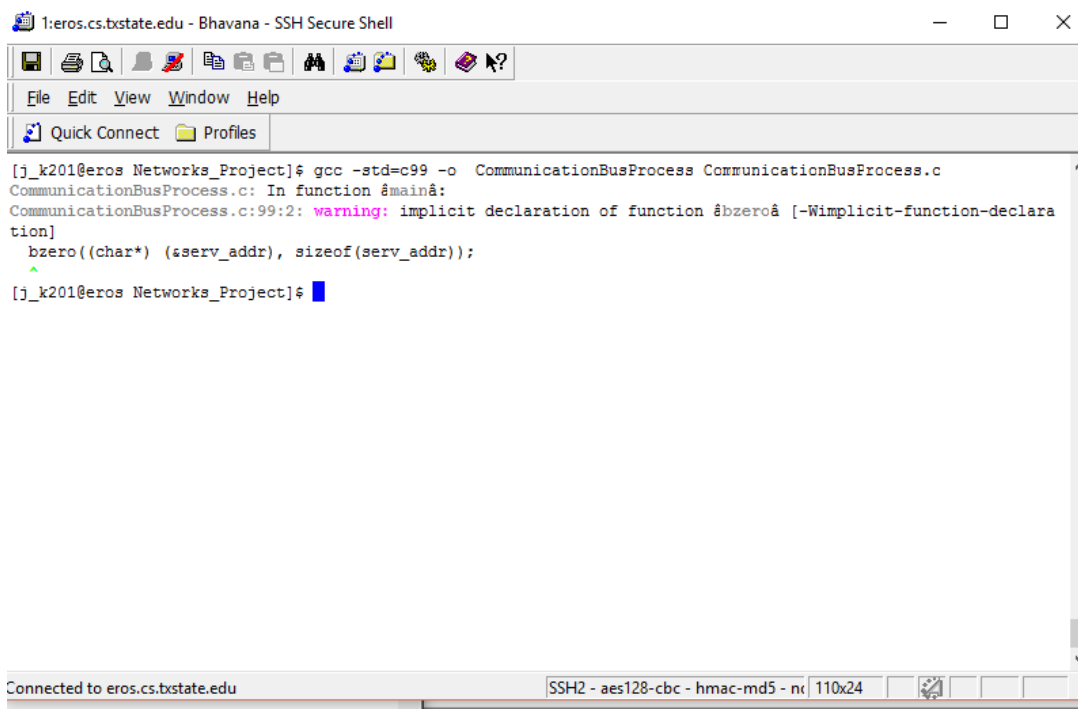
## Compile the CommunicationBusProcess.c program:

"gcc -std=c99 -o CommunicationBusProcess CommunicationBusProcess.c"



The screenshot shows an SSH terminal window titled "1:eros.cs.txstate.edu - Bhavana - SSH Secure Shell". The terminal displays the command `gcc -std=c99 -o CommunicationBusProcess CommunicationBusProcess.c` being entered at the prompt `[j_k201@eros Networks_Project]$`. The window includes a menu bar with "File", "Edit", "View", "Window", and "Help", and a toolbar with various icons. The status bar at the bottom indicates "Connected to eros.cs.txstate.edu" and "SSH2 - aes128-cbc - hmac-md5 - n110x24".

```
1:eros.cs.txstate.edu - Bhavana - SSH Secure Shell
File Edit View Window Help
Quick Connect Profiles
[j_k201@eros Networks_Project]$ gcc -std=c99 -o CommunicationBusProcess CommunicationBusProcess.c
Connected to eros.cs.txstate.edu SSH2 - aes128-cbc - hmac-md5 - n110x24
```

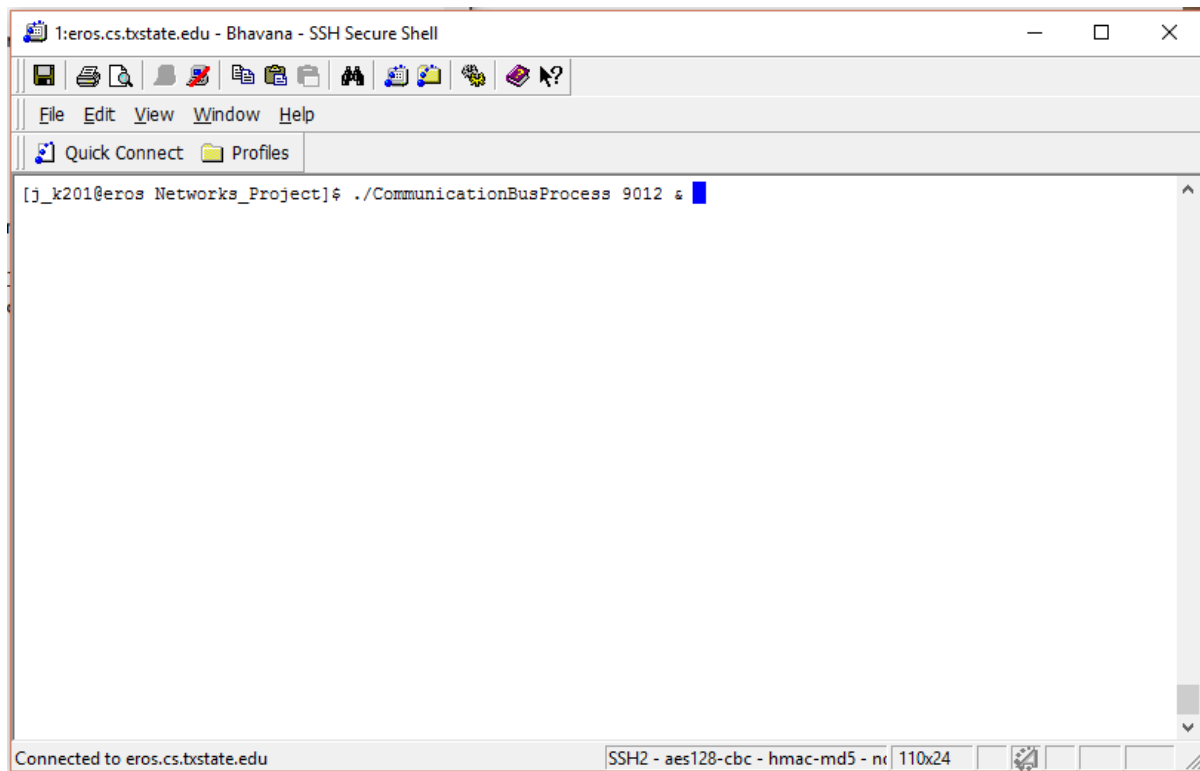


The screenshot shows the same SSH terminal window after the compilation command has been executed. The output displays the command, the file being compiled, and a warning about an implicit declaration of the `bzero` function. The command is repeated: `gcc -std=c99 -o CommunicationBusProcess CommunicationBusProcess.c`. The output shows `CommunicationBusProcess.c: In function 'main':` and `CommunicationBusProcess.c:99:2: warning: implicit declaration of function 'bzero' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]`. The code snippet for `bzero` is shown: `bzero((char*) (&serv_addr), sizeof(serv_addr));`. The prompt `[j_k201@eros Networks_Project]$` is shown again. The status bar at the bottom remains the same.

```
1:eros.cs.txstate.edu - Bhavana - SSH Secure Shell
File Edit View Window Help
Quick Connect Profiles
[j_k201@eros Networks_Project]$ gcc -std=c99 -o CommunicationBusProcess CommunicationBusProcess.c
CommunicationBusProcess.c: In function 'main':
CommunicationBusProcess.c:99:2: warning: implicit declaration of function 'bzero' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
    bzero((char*) (&serv_addr), sizeof(serv_addr));
    ^
[j_k201@eros Networks_Project]$
Connected to eros.cs.txstate.edu SSH2 - aes128-cbc - hmac-md5 - n110x24
```

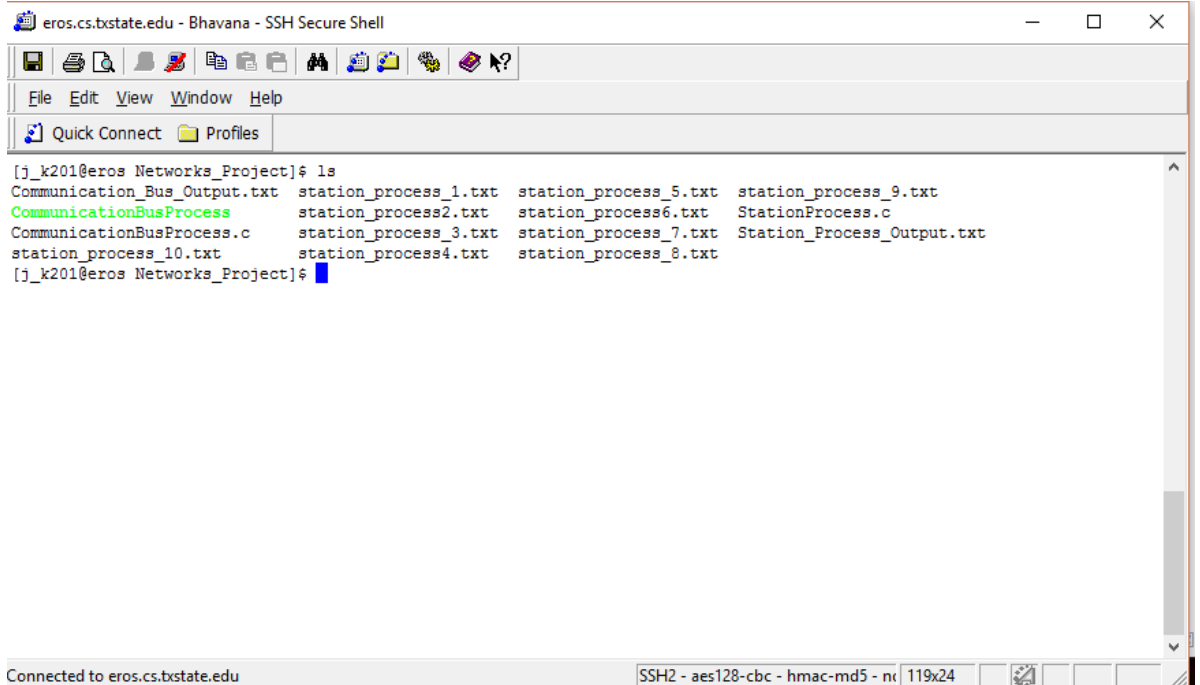
## Execute the CommunicationBusProcess.c program:

**"./CommunicationBusProcess <ANY PORT NUMBER> &"**



The screenshot shows an SSH terminal window titled "1:eros.cs.txstate.edu - Bhavana - SSH Secure Shell". The terminal displays the command `./CommunicationBusProcess 9012 &` being entered at the prompt `[j_k201@eros Networks_Project]$`. The window includes a menu bar with "File", "Edit", "View", "Window", and "Help", and a toolbar with various icons. The status bar at the bottom indicates "Connected to eros.cs.txstate.edu" and "SSH2 - aes128-cbc - hmac-md5 - nc 110x24".

```
[j_k201@eros Networks_Project]$ ./CommunicationBusProcess 9012 &
```



The screenshot shows an SSH terminal window titled "eros.cs.txstate.edu - Bhavana - SSH Secure Shell". The terminal displays the command `ls` being entered at the prompt `[j_k201@eros Networks_Project]$`. The output lists several files and directories, including `Communication_Bus_Output.txt`, `CommunicationBusProcess`, `CommunicationBusProcess.c`, `station_process_10.txt`, `station_process_1.txt`, `station_process2.txt`, `station_process_3.txt`, `station_process4.txt`, `station_process_5.txt`, `station_process6.txt`, `station_process_7.txt`, `station_process_8.txt`, `station_process_9.txt`, `StationProcess.c`, and `Station_Process_Output.txt`. The window includes a menu bar with "File", "Edit", "View", "Window", and "Help", and a toolbar with various icons. The status bar at the bottom indicates "Connected to eros.cs.txstate.edu" and "SSH2 - aes128-cbc - hmac-md5 - nc 119x24".

```
[j_k201@eros Networks_Project]$ ls
Communication_Bus_Output.txt  station_process_1.txt  station_process_5.txt  station_process_9.txt
CommunicationBusProcess      station_process2.txt  station_process6.txt  StationProcess.c
CommunicationBusProcess.c    station_process_3.txt station_process_7.txt  Station_Process_Output.txt
station_process_10.txt       station_process4.txt  station_process_8.txt
```

### **Station Process (StationProcess.c):**

- StationProcess.c reads the simulation input data file based on the users Input.
- It sends the first message representing the first part of the frame to the CommunicationBusProcess.
- StationProcess.c program will simulate the station process. Based on the user input station, it will simulate those corresponding stations.
- The contents of the input file are read into a buffer line by line. The input file specifies which frame needs to be sent to which destination station. The **socket** created using the **Socket Function** once the buffer has a line from the input file. The **connect** function initiates a connection from the socket with file descriptor sockfd to the socket whose address is specified by the serv\_addr and sizeof(serv\_addr) arguments. Then writes the part of frame into the socket sockfd.
- **FUNCTION:** sendFrame(char \*rdbuff, int part, int i)

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
#include <unistd.h>
```

```
#include <string.h>
```

```
#include <sys/types.h>
```

```
#include <sys/socket.h>
```

```
#include <netinet/in.h>
```

```
#include <netdb.h>
```

```
#include <ctype.h>
```

```
#include <math.h>
```

```
#define bool int
```

```
#define true 1
```

```
#define false 0
```

```
int sock_fd;
```

```
struct sockaddr_in serv_addr;
```

```
int portno;
```

```
int time_slot_length = 100000;
```

```
int station_numb;
```

```
FILE *input_file;
```

```
FILE *outfile;
```

```
//exits when there is any error occurred.
```

```
void error(const char *message)
```

```
{
```

```
    perror(message);
```

```
    exit(0);
```

```
}
```

```
//Sends a part of the frame to the Communication bus.
```

```
bool sendFrame(char *rdbuff, int part, int i)
```

```
{
```

```
    int n;
```

```
    int frame_id, to_Station;
```

```
    char s1[10], s2[10], s3[10], s4[10];
```

```
    char reply_buffer[51];
```

```
    char write_buff[150];
```

```
    //reads the values.
```

```
    sscanf(rdbuff, "%s %d %s %s %s %d", s1, &frame_id, s2, s3, s4, &to_Station);
```

```
    //sets all the values in the array to zero in write_buff.
```

```
    bzero(write_buff, 150);
```

```
    //prepare the buffer to write to socket
```



```

sprintf(write_buff, "%d %d %d %d", frame_id, part, station_num, to_Station);

//create socket descriptor sock_fd using socket function
sock_fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, IPPROTO_TCP);

//outputs if there is an error in opening the socket.
if (sock_fd < 0)
{
    error("ERROR in opening socket");
}

//outputs the error if there is an error in connecting.
if (connect(sock_fd, (struct sockaddr *) &serv_addr, sizeof(serv_addr)) < 0)
{
    error("ERROR in connecting");
}

//write to socket using socket descriptor sock_fd
if (write(sock_fd, write_buff, strlen(write_buff)) < 0)
{
    error("ERROR writing to socket");
}

//write log to file
fprintf(outfile, "\nSend part %d of %s \n", part, rdbuf);

//sets zero to all values in reply_buffer array.
bzero(reply_buffer, 51);

```

```

//read from socket using socket descriptor sock_fd
if (read(sock_fd, reply_buffer, 50) < 0)
{
    error("ERROR reading from socket");
}

//check whether there is a collision at the bus
if (strcmp(reply_buffer, "success") != 0)
{
    if (i == 16)
    {
        error("Transmission failure after 16 attempts");
    }
    n = i > 10 ? 10 : i;
    n = pow(2, n);

    //calculate the time slots to wait before the next attempt
    int time_slots = rand() % n;

    fprintf(outfile, "A collision informed, wait for %d time slots\r\n", time_slots);
    usleep(time_slots * time_slot_length);
    close(sock_fd);
    return false;
}
close(sock_fd);
return true;
}

```

```

int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    //check arguments to start the station process
    if (argc != 4)
    {
        printf("\n Please enter in this format : ./StationProc <server name> <port>
<station number>");
        exit(0);
    }

    char readstationip[101];

    //open output file and writes on it.
    outfile = fopen("Station_Process_Output.txt" , "w");

    if(outfile == NULL)
    {
        perror("Error opening output file");
        return(-1);
    }

    //hostname store the host address.
    char * hostname = argv[1];

    //portno stores the port number given by the user.
    portno = atoi(argv[2]);

    //station_num stores the number of the station entered by the user.

```

```
station_numb = atoi(argv[3]);

//open the input file based on the station number
switch(station_numb)
{
case 1:
    input_file = fopen("station_process1.txt" , "r");
    break;
case 2:
    input_file = fopen("station_process2.txt" , "r");
    break;
case 3:
    input_file = fopen("station_process3.txt" , "r");
    break;
case 4:
    input_file = fopen("station_process4.txt" , "r");
    break;
case 5:
    input_file = fopen("station_process5.txt" , "r");
    break;
case 6:
    input_file = fopen("station_process6.txt" , "r");
    break;
case 7:
    input_file = fopen("station_process7.txt" , "r");
    break;
case 8:
    input_file = fopen("station_process8.txt" , "r");
```

```

        break;
case 9:
    input_file = fopen("station_process9.txt" , "r");
    break;
case 10:
    input_file = fopen("station_process10.txt" , "r");
    break;
}

```

//check if input file is opened without any errors.

```

if(input_file == NULL)
{
    perror("Error opening input file");
    return(-1);
}

```

//sets all the values to zero.

```

bzero((char *) &serv_addr, sizeof(serv_addr));

```

```

serv_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;

```

```

serv_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = INADDR_ANY;

```

```

serv_addr.sin_port = htons(portno);

```

//read from input file

```

while (true)
{
    bzero(readstationip, 101);
    if(feof(input_file))

```

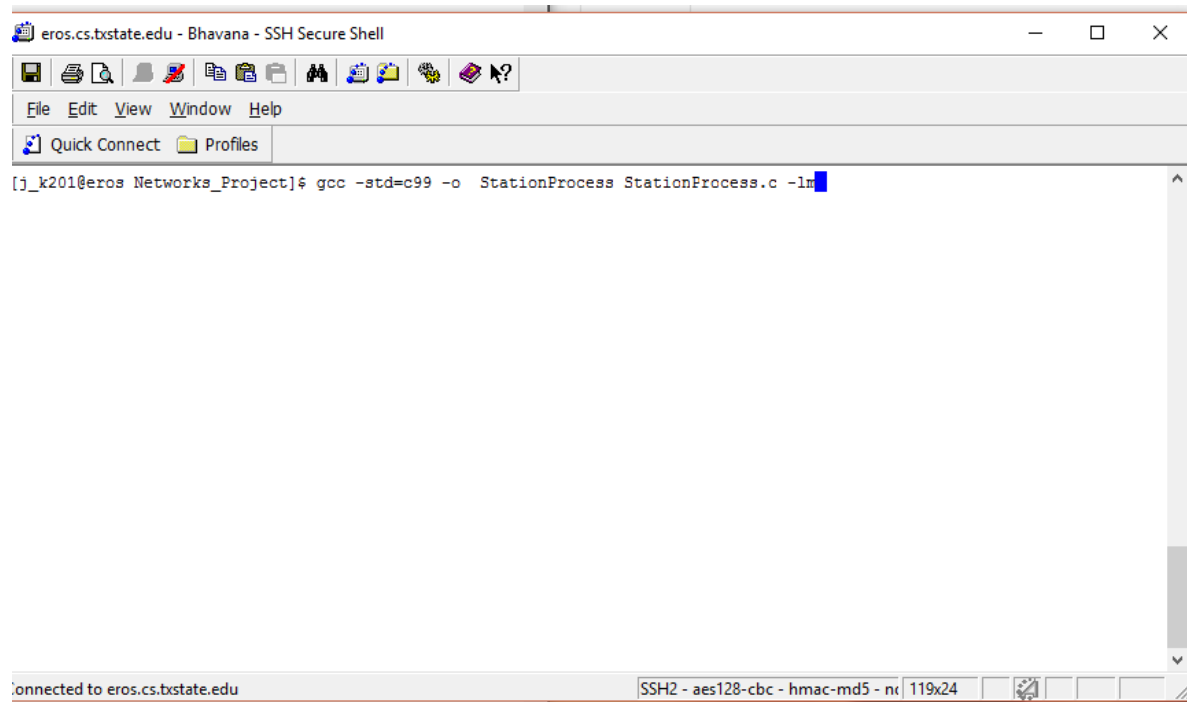
```

        break;
    if(fgets(readstationip, 100,input_file)!=NULL)
    {
        //send frame represented by the current line in the simulation file
        int i = 0;
        while (true)
        {
            i++;
            //send first part of the frame
            if (!sendFrame(readstationip, 1, i))
                continue;
            //send second part of the frame
            if (sendFrame(readstationip, 2, i))
                break;
        }
    }
    fclose(input_file);
    fclose(outfile);
    return 0;
}

```

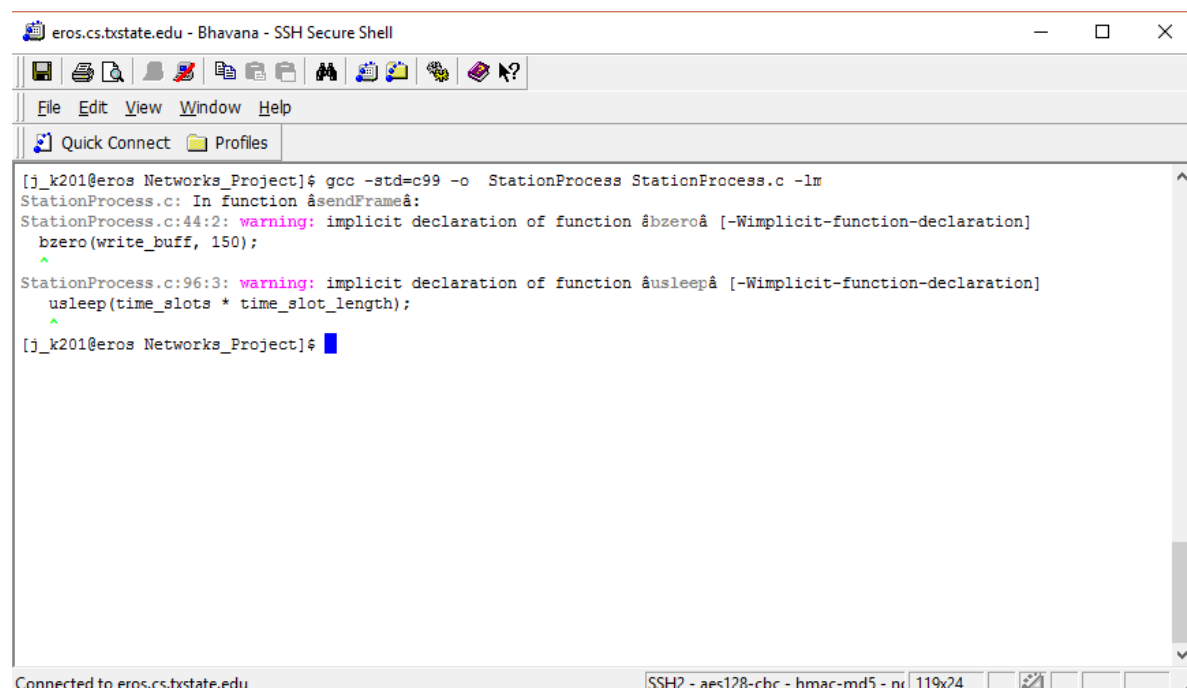
## Compile the StationProcess.c program:

**"gcc -std=c99 -o StationProcess StationProcess.c -lm"**



The screenshot shows an SSH terminal window titled "eros.cs.txstate.edu - Bhavana - SSH Secure Shell". The terminal displays the command `gcc -std=c99 -o StationProcess StationProcess.c -lm` entered at the prompt `[j_k201@eros Networks_Project]$`. The window includes a menu bar with "File", "Edit", "View", "Window", and "Help", and a toolbar with various icons. The status bar at the bottom indicates "Connected to eros.cs.txstate.edu" and "SSH2 - aes128-cbc - hmac-md5 - n".

```
eros.cs.txstate.edu - Bhavana - SSH Secure Shell
File Edit View Window Help
Quick Connect Profiles
[j_k201@eros Networks_Project]$ gcc -std=c99 -o StationProcess StationProcess.c -lm
Connected to eros.cs.txstate.edu  SSH2 - aes128-cbc - hmac-md5 - n 119x24
```

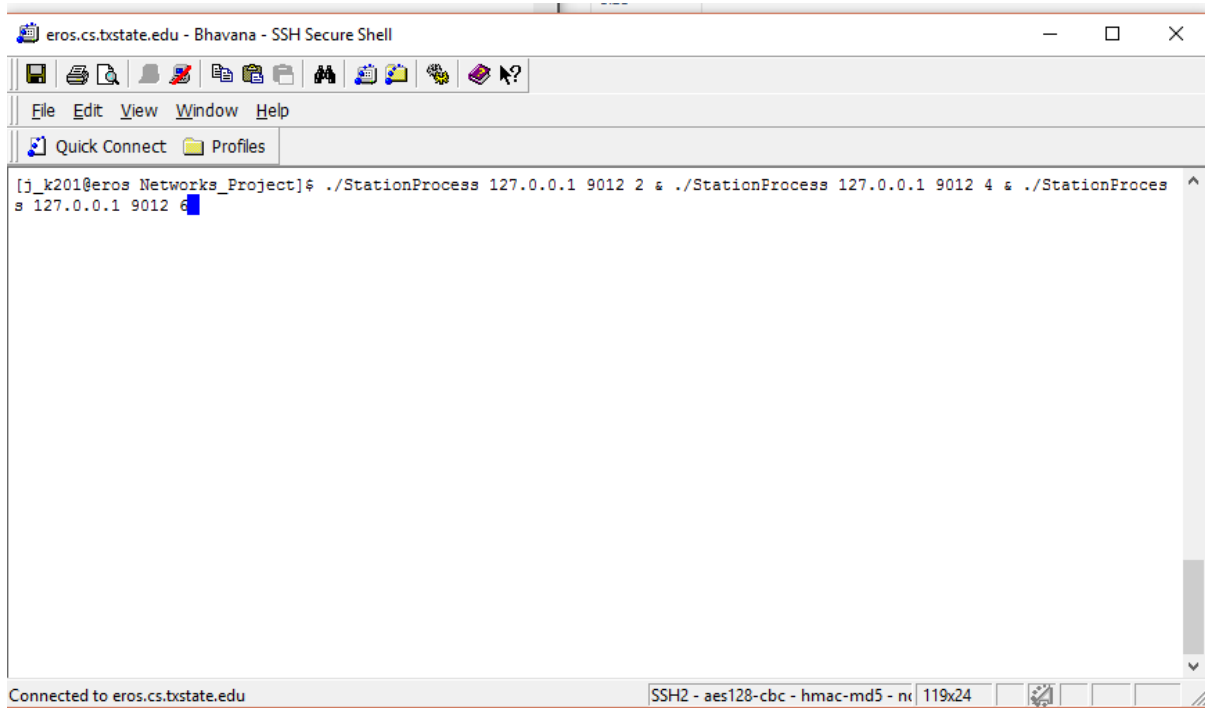


The screenshot shows the same SSH terminal window after the compilation command. It displays two warnings from the compiler. The first warning is for the implicit declaration of the `bzero` function at line 44:2. The second warning is for the implicit declaration of the `usleep` function at line 96:3. The terminal shows the command being executed and the resulting output with warnings. The window interface is identical to the previous screenshot.

```
eros.cs.txstate.edu - Bhavana - SSH Secure Shell
File Edit View Window Help
Quick Connect Profiles
[j_k201@eros Networks_Project]$ gcc -std=c99 -o StationProcess StationProcess.c -lm
StationProcess.c: In function 'sendFrame':
StationProcess.c:44:2: warning: implicit declaration of function 'bzero' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
  bzero(write_buff, 150);
  ^
StationProcess.c:96:3: warning: implicit declaration of function 'usleep' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
  usleep(time_slots * time_slot_length);
  ^
[j_k201@eros Networks_Project]$
Connected to eros.cs.txstate.edu  SSH2 - aes128-cbc - hmac-md5 - n 119x24
```

**Execute the StationProcess program for different stations simultaneously:**

**"./StationProcess 127.0.0.1 <PORT NO> <STATION NUMBER> & ./StationProcess 127.0.0.1 <PORT NO> <STATION NUMBER> & ./StationProcess 127.0.0.1 <PORT NO> <STATION NUMBER>"**



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "eros.cs.txstate.edu - Bhavana - SSH Secure Shell". The window has a menu bar with "File", "Edit", "View", "Window", and "Help". Below the menu bar is a toolbar with various icons. The terminal content shows a command prompt where the user has entered the command: `[j_k201@eros Networks_Project]$ ./StationProcess 127.0.0.1 9012 2 & ./StationProcess 127.0.0.1 9012 4 & ./StationProcess 127.0.0.1 9012 6`. The command is partially visible, with the last part being cut off. The status bar at the bottom indicates "Connected to eros.cs.txstate.edu" and shows the encryption details "SSH2 - aes128-cbc - hmac-md5 - n".



eros.cs.txstate.edu - Bhavana - SSH Secure Shell

File Edit View Window Help

Quick Connect Profiles

```
[j_k201@eros Networks_Project]$ ./StationProcess 127.0.0.1 9012 2 & ./StationProcess 127.0.0.1 9012 4 & ./StationProcess 127.0.0.1 9012 6
[2] 3645
[3] 3646

Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47446
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47447
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47448
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47449
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47450
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47451
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47452
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47453
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47454
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47455
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47456
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47457
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47458
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47459
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47460
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47461
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47462
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47463
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47464
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47465
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47466
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47467
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47468
Server established connection with the client 127.0.0.1 : 47469
```

Connected to eros.cs.txstate.edu

SSH2 - aes128-cbc - hmac-md5 - nx 119x29

### **BEBO Algorithm:**

It checks whether there is collision at CommunicationBusProcess. If collision occurs, it will calculate the binary exponential backoff time and sleep for the calculated amount of time. The sendFrame function returns false if collision occurs, otherwise the function return true.

### **Communication Bus Process.txt**

Receive part 1 of frame 1 from Station 6 , to Station 3

Receive part 1 of frame 1 from Station 4 , to Station 3

Receive part 2 of frame 1 from Station 6 , to Station 3

Transfer part 1 of frame 1 from Station 6 , to station 3

Transfer part 2 of frame 1 from Station 6 , to station 3

Receive part 1 of frame 1 from Station 2 , to Station 3

Receive part 1 of frame 2 from Station 6 , to Station 4

Receive part 2 of frame 1 from Station 2 , to Station 3

Transfer part 1 of frame 1 from Station 2 , to station 3

Transfer part 2 of frame 1 from Station 2 , to station 3

Receive part 2 of frame 2 from Station 6 , to Station 4

Transfer part 1 of frame 2 from Station 6 , to station 4

Transfer part 2 of frame 2 from Station 6 , to station 4

Receive part 1 of frame 3 from Station 6 , to Station 3

Receive part 2 of frame 1 from Station 4 , to Station 3

Transfer part 1 of frame 1 from Station 4 , to station 3

Transfer part 2 of frame 1 from Station 4 , to station 3

Receive part 1 of frame 2 from Station 4 , to Station 4

Receive part 2 of frame 3 from Station 6 , to Station 3

Transfer part 1 of frame 3 from Station 6 , to station 3

Transfer part 2 of frame 3 from Station 6 , to station 3

Receive part 1 of frame 2 from Station 2 , to Station 4

Receive part 2 of frame 2 from Station 4 , to Station 4

Transfer part 1 of frame 2 from Station 4 , to station 4

Transfer part 2 of frame 2 from Station 4 , to station 4

Receive part 2 of frame 2 from Station 2 , to Station 4

Transfer part 1 of frame 2 from Station 2 , to station 4

Transfer part 2 of frame 2 from Station 2 , to station 4

Receive part 1 of frame 3 from Station 4 , to Station 3

Receive part 2 of frame 3 from Station 4 , to Station 3

Transfer part 1 of frame 3 from Station 4 , to station 3

Transfer part 2 of frame 3 from Station 4 , to station 3

Receive part 1 of frame 3 from Station 2 , to Station 3

Receive part 2 of frame 3 from Station 2 , to Station 3

Transfer part 1 of frame 3 from Station 2 , to station 3

Transfer part 2 of frame 3 from Station 2 , to station 3

Receive part 1 of frame 4 from Station 6 , to Station 2

Receive part 2 of frame 4 from Station 6 , to Station 2

Transfer part 1 of frame 4 from Station 6 , to station 2

Transfer part 2 of frame 4 from Station 6 , to station 2

Receive part 1 of frame 4 from Station 4 , to Station 2

Receive part 1 of frame 1 from Station 6 , to Station 3

Receive part 1 of frame 4 from Station 2 , to Station 2

Receive part 2 of frame 1 from Station 6 , to Station 3

Transfer part 1 of frame 1 from Station 6 , to station 3

Transfer part 2 of frame 1 from Station 6 , to station 3

Receive part 2 of frame 4 from Station 4 , to Station 2

Transfer part 1 of frame 4 from Station 4 , to station 2

Transfer part 2 of frame 4 from Station 4 , to station 2

Receive part 2 of frame 4 from Station 2 , to Station 2

Transfer part 1 of frame 4 from Station 2 , to station 2

Transfer part 2 of frame 4 from Station 2 , to station 2

Receive part 1 of frame 2 from Station 6 , to Station 4

Receive part 1 of frame 1 from Station 4 , to Station 3

Receive part 1 of frame 1 from Station 2 , to Station 3

Receive part 2 of frame 1 from Station 2 , to Station 3

Transfer part 1 of frame 1 from Station 2 , to station 3

Transfer part 2 of frame 1 from Station 2 , to station 3

Receive part 2 of frame 1 from Station 4 , to Station 3

Transfer part 1 of frame 1 from Station 4 , to station 3

Transfer part 2 of frame 1 from Station 4 , to station 3

Receive part 1 of frame 2 from Station 2 , to Station 4

Receive part 1 of frame 2 from Station 4 , to Station 4

Receive part 2 of frame 2 from Station 6 , to Station 4

Transfer part 1 of frame 2 from Station 6 , to station 4

Transfer part 2 of frame 2 from Station 6 , to station 4

Receive part 2 of frame 2 from Station 2 , to Station 4

Transfer part 1 of frame 2 from Station 2 , to station 4

Transfer part 2 of frame 2 from Station 2 , to station 4

Receive part 2 of frame 3 from Station 2 , to Station 3

Transfer part 1 of frame 3 from Station 2 , to station 3

Transfer part 2 of frame 3 from Station 2 , to station 3

Receive part 1 of frame 3 from Station 6 , to Station 3

Receive part 1 of frame 3 from Station 2 , to Station 3

Receive part 2 of frame 2 from Station 4 , to Station 4

Transfer part 1 of frame 2 from Station 4 , to station 4

Transfer part 2 of frame 2 from Station 4 , to station 4

Receive part 2 of frame 3 from Station 6 , to Station 3

Transfer part 1 of frame 3 from Station 6 , to station 3

Transfer part 2 of frame 3 from Station 6 , to station 3

Receive part 1 of frame 3 from Station 4 , to Station 3

Receive part 2 of frame 3 from Station 4 , to Station 3

Transfer part 1 of frame 3 from Station 4 , to station 3

Transfer part 2 of frame 3 from Station 4 , to station 3

Receive part 1 of frame 4 from Station 6 , to Station 2

Receive part 1 of frame 4 from Station 2 , to Station 2

**Station Process Output.txt:**

Send part 1 of Frame 1, To Station 3

Send part 2 of Frame 1, To Station 3

Send part 1 of Frame 2, To Station 4

Send part 2 of Frame 2, To Station 4

Send part 1 of Frame 3, To Station 3

Send part 2 of Frame 3, To Station 3

Send part 1 of Frame 4, To Station 2

Send part 2 of Frame 4, To Station 2

Send part 1 of Frame 1, To Station 3

Send part 2 of Frame 1, To Station 3

Send part 1 of Frame 2, To Station 4

Send part 2 of Frame 2, To Station 4

Send part 1 of Frame 3, To Station 3

Send part 2 of Frame 3, To Station 3

Send part 1 of Frame 4, To Station 2

Send part 2 of Frame 4, To Station 2



### **Collision detecting:**

I tried to implement collision detection using the function **Is\_there\_a\_Collision**. While testing I was unable to simulate a collision scenario. So I was unable to test this part of implementation. I tried to run two or more stations simultaneously. But I was not able to simulate a collision even in this scenario.

### **Interrupts:**

Interrupts is not implemented.

### **Observations during testing:**

1. The program is successfully sending the frames from station process to bus process. The output file related to the bus file is showing the received and transferred frames.
2. The program is handling multiple stations simultaneously and simulating the frame transfer for all the intended stations (given by the user). This can be verified in the output files supplied as part of the deliverables.
3. Collision is not being detected by the program or my understanding of collision simulation is wrong.