

# CMO: Minimizing a function with bounded hessian

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**Objective:** Minimize a  $C^2$  function  $f : \mathbb{R}^d \mapsto \mathbb{R}$  for which  $AI - H_f(x)$  and  $H_f(x) - aI$  are positive semi-definite for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}^d$  ( $0 < a \leq A$ ).

The trick we'll use is to lower-bound and upper-bound  $f$ .

Let  $u = \nabla_f(x^{(i)})$ . Let

$$f_l(x) = f(x^{(i)}) + u^T(x - x^{(i)}) + \frac{a}{2}\|x - x^{(i)}\|^2$$

$$f_h(x) = f(x^{(i)}) + u^T(x - x^{(i)}) + \frac{A}{2}\|x - x^{(i)}\|^2$$

By using Taylor series on  $f$  at  $x^{(i)}$ , we get that  $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}^d, f_l(x) \leq f(x) \leq f_h(x)$ .

**Lemma 1.**

$$f_l^* = \min_x f_l(x) = f(x^{(i)}) - \frac{\|u\|^2}{2a}$$

*Proof sketch.* Set  $\nabla_{f_l}(x) = 0$  and solve for  $x$ . □

**Lemma 2.** Let  $h_1$  and  $h_2$  be 2 functions such that  $\forall x \in \mathbb{R}^d, h_1(x) \leq h_2(x)$ . Let  $h_1^* = \min_x h_1(x)$  and  $h_2^* = \min_x h_2(x)$ . Then  $h_1^* \leq h_2^*$ .

*Proof.* Let  $x_2 = \operatorname{argmin}_x h_2(x)$ . Then  $h_1^* \leq h_1(x_2) \leq h_2(x_2) = h_2^*$ . □

Let  $x^* = \operatorname{argmin}_x f(x)$ . Let  $E(x) = f(x) - f(x^*)$ .

**Lemma 3.**

$$E(x^{(i)}) \leq \frac{\|u\|^2}{2a}$$

*Proof sketch.* By lemma 2,  $f_l^* \leq f(x^*)$ . Now use lemma 1 to substitute  $f_l^*$ . □

Let  $x^{(i+1)} = x^{(i)} - \frac{u}{A}$ . (It can be proven that  $x^{(i+1)}$  minimizes  $f_h$ , but we're not interested in that fact.)

**Lemma 4.**

$$E(x^{(i)}) - E(x^{(i+1)}) \geq \frac{\|u\|^2}{2A}$$

*Proof.*

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(x^{(i+1)}) &\leq f_h(x^{(i+1)}) && (f_h \text{ upper-bounds } f) \\
 &= f(x^{(i)}) + u^T(x^{(i+1)} - x^{(i)}) + \frac{A}{2} \|x^{(i+1)} - x^{(i)}\|^2 \\
 &= f(x^{(i)}) - \frac{\|u\|^2}{A} + \frac{A}{2} \frac{\|u\|^2}{A^2} \\
 &= f(x^{(i)}) - \frac{\|u\|^2}{2A}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\implies E(x^{(i)}) - E(x^{(i+1)}) = f(x^{(i)}) - f(x^{(i+1)}) \geq \frac{\|u\|^2}{2A}$$

□

Therefore,

$$\frac{E(x^{(i+1)})}{E(x^{(i)})} = 1 - \frac{E(x^{(i)}) - E(x^{(i+1)})}{E(x^{(i)})} \leq 1 - \frac{a}{A}$$

This proves the convergence of our algorithm.