

```
# Read the data set for the cases in all countries
library(readr)
time_series_covid19_confirmed_global <- read_csv("../input/countries-
data/time_series_covid19_confirmed_global.csv")
time_series_covid19_confirmed_global$t<-as.Date(time_series_covid19_confirmed_global$t,format =
"%m/%d/%Y")
```

Column specification

```
cols(
  t = col_character(),
  Argentina_C = col_double(),
  Brazil_C = col_double(),
  Mexico_C = col_double(),
  US_C = col_double()
)
```

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[50]:

```
# Read the index from Brazil
brazil_january_october_2020 <- read_csv("../input/countries-data/brazil_--january-october-2020.csv")
names(brazil_january_october_2020)=c("t","Brazil_Index")
brazil_january_october_2020$t=as.Date(brazil_january_october_2020$t,format = "%m/%d/%Y")
```

Column specification

```
cols(
  x1 = col_character(),
  x2 = col_number()
)
```

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[51]:

```
# Read the index from Argentina
argentina_merval_stock_market_index_2020 <- read_csv("../input/countries-data/argentina_-merval-stock-
market-index-2020.csv")
names(argentina_merval_stock_market_index_2020)=c("t","Argentina_Index")
argentina_merval_stock_market_index_2020$t=as.Date(argentina_merval_stock_market_index_2020$t,form
at = "%m/%d/%Y")
```

Column specification

```
cols(
  x1 = col_character(),
  x2 = col_number()
)
```

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[52]:

```
# Read the index from Mexico
mexico_ipc_stock_market_index_january_october_2020 <- read_csv("../input/countries-data/mexico_-ipc-
stock-market-index-january-october-2020.csv")
names(mexico_ipc_stock_market_index_january_october_2020)=c("t","Mexico_Index")
mexico_ipc_stock_market_index_january_october_2020$t=as.Date(mexico_ipc_stock_market_index_january_
october_2020$t,format = "%m/%d/%Y")
```

Column specification

```
cols(  
  x1 = col_character(),  
  x2 = col_number()  
)
```

add Codeadd Markdown

[53]:

Read the weekly index from US

```
weekly_dow_jones_industrial_average_index_performance_2020_2021 <- read_csv("../input/countries-  
data/weekly-dow-jones-industrial-average-index-performance-2020-2021.csv")
```

```
names(weekly_dow_jones_industrial_average_index_performance_2020_2021)=c("t","US_Index")
```

```
weekly_dow_jones_industrial_average_index_performance_2020_2021$t=as.Date(weekly_dow_jones_indust  
rial_average_index_performance_2020_2021$t,format = "%m/%d/%Y")
```

Column specification

```
cols(  
  x1 = col_character(),  
  x2 = col_number()  
)
```

add Codeadd Markdown

[54]:

Join the indexes with the data

```
library(dplyr)
```

```
ALL_data=left_join(time_series_covid19_confirmed_global, brazil_january_october_2020,by="t")
```

```
ALL_data=left_join(ALL_data, argentina_merval_stock_market_index_2020,by="t")
```

```
ALL_data=left_join(ALL_data, mexico_ipc_stock_market_index_january_october_2020,by="t")
```

```
ALL_data=left_join(ALL_data, weekly_dow_jones_industrial_average_index_performance_2020_2021,by="t")
```

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[55]:

```
library(plotly)
```

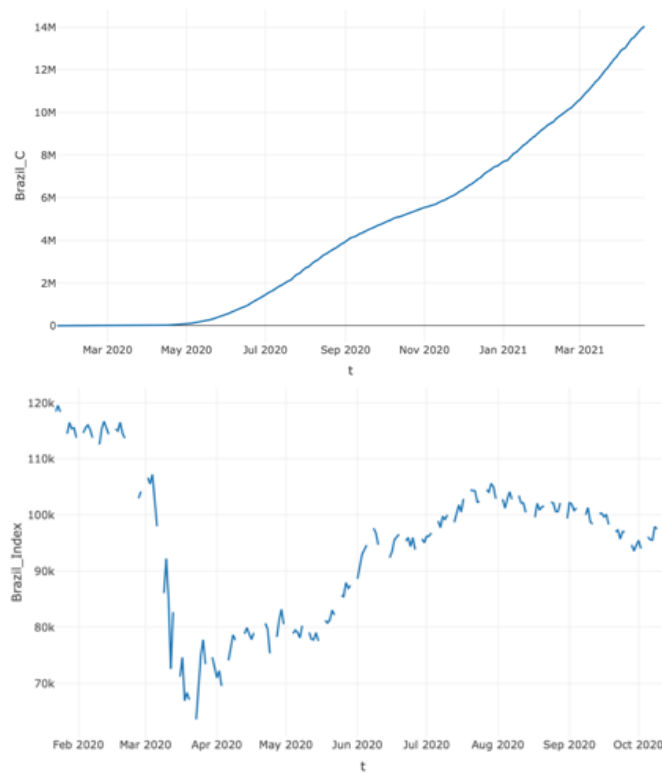
```
fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data,x = ~t, y = ~Brazil_C, mode = 'lines')
```

```
fig
```

```
fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data,x = ~t, y = ~Brazil_Index, mode = 'lines')
```

```
fig
```

with the increase of the COVID cases number.



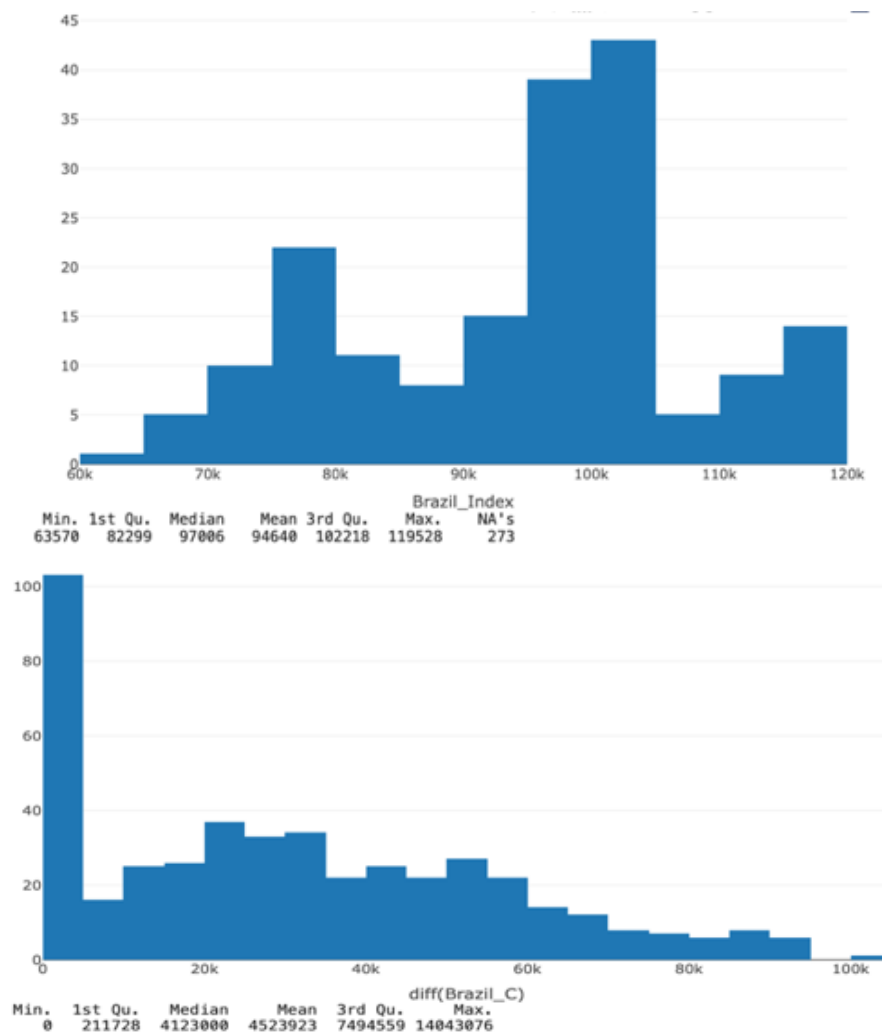
There are missing values for the daily stock market index

```
fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data,x = ~Brazil_Index, type = "histogram")
fig
```

```
summary(ALL_data$Brazil_Index)
```

```
fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data,x = ~ diff(Brazil_C), type = "histogram")
fig
```

```
summary(ALL_data$Brazil_C)
```

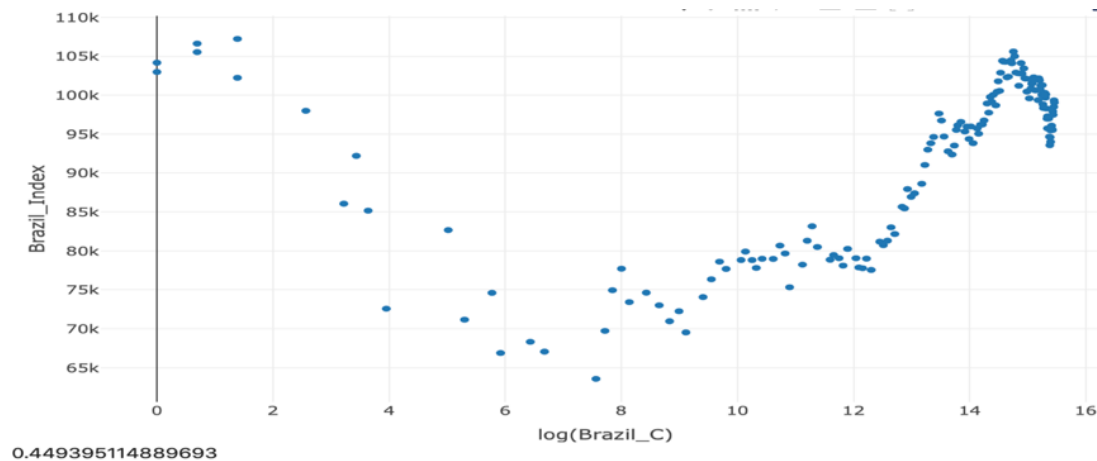


For the index, the mean value is 94640 , and it has a multi modal distribution. There are not outliers points. Casaes is a timeseries, is increasing with time and has an exponential pattern.

As the cases increases in exponetial pattern, we need to discover the behaviour of with the index, so we will take the log transform for the number of cases. And so we are going to exclude the dates of zero cases.

```
fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data[ALL_data$Brazil_C>0,],x = ~log(Brazil_C), y = ~Brazil_Index)
fig
```

```
cor(log(ALL_data$Brazil_C[ALL_data$Brazil_C>0]),ALL_data$Brazil_Index[ALL_data$Brazil_C>0],use="complete.obs")
```



The correlataion seesms to be positive after a certain value of the cases.

```
mod=lm(data = ALL_data[log(ALL_data$Brazil_C)>8,], formula = Brazil_Index~log(Brazil_C),na.action=na.omit)
summary(mod)
```

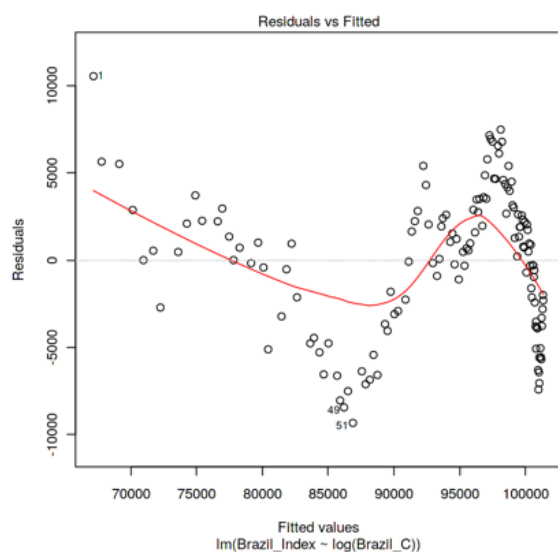
```
plot(mod)
Model:
```

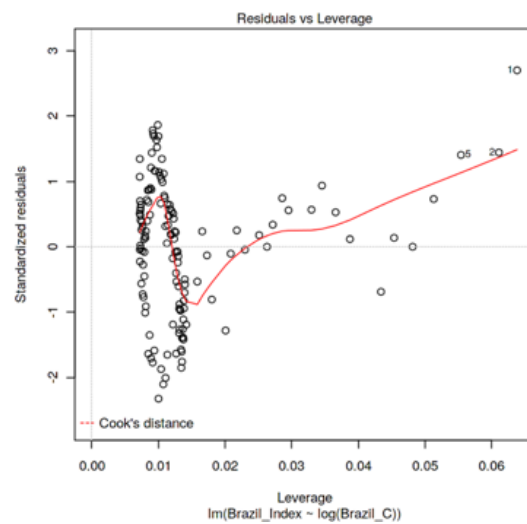
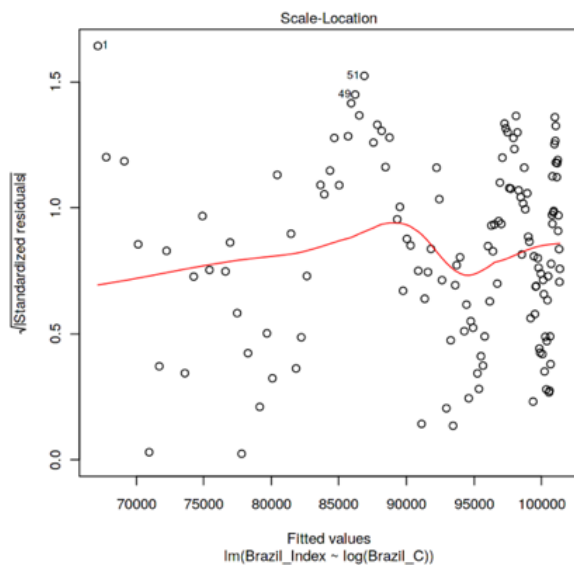
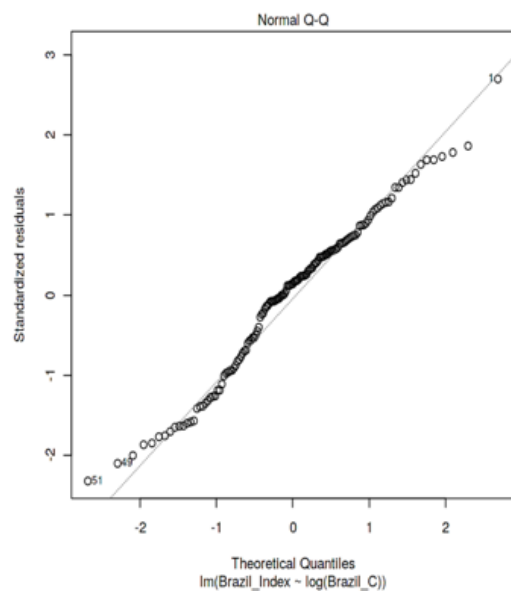
```
Call:
lm(formula = Brazil_Index ~ log(Brazil_C), data = ALL_data[log(ALL_data$Brazil_C) > 8,], na.action = na.omit)
```

```
Residuals:
    Min     1Q   Median     3Q      Max
-9330.4 -3002.0  561.2  2643.5 10546.0
```

```
Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept)  30474.7    2372.9   12.84 <2e-16 ***
log(Brazil_C)  4585.4    173.4   26.44 <2e-16 ***
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
Residual standard error: 4036 on 137 degrees of freedom
(252 observations deleted due to missingness)
Multiple R-squared:  0.8361,    Adjusted R-squared:  0.8349
F-statistic: 699.1 on 1 and 137 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

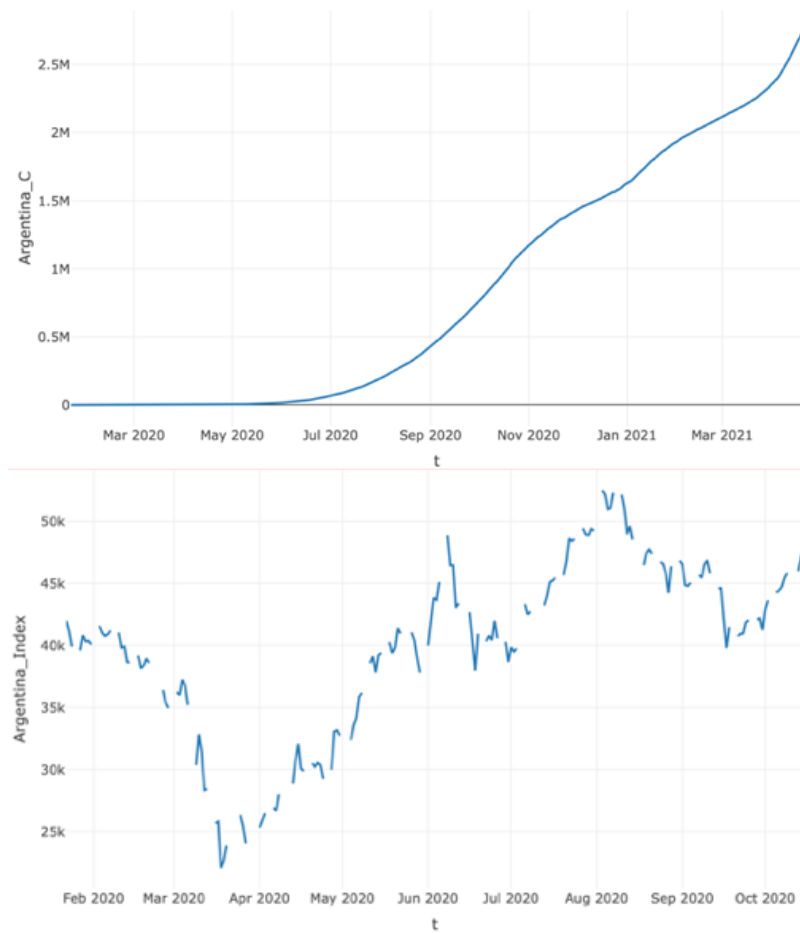




Data analysis for Argentina

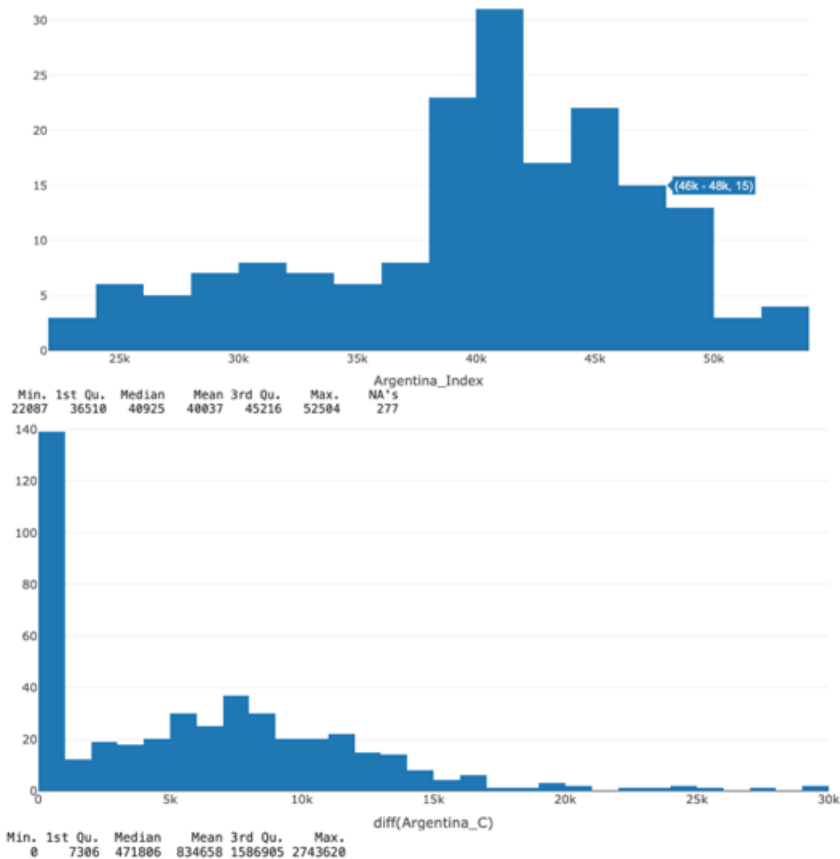
```
library(plotly)
fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data, x = ~t, y = ~Argentina_C, mode = 'lines')
fig

fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data, x = ~t, y = ~Argentina_Index, mode = 'lines')
fig
```



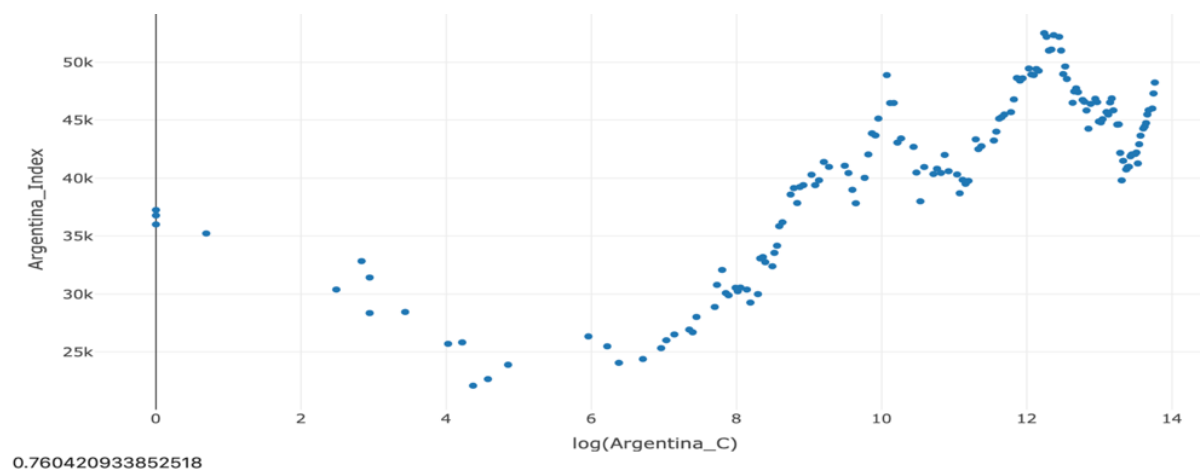
```
fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data,x = ~Argentina_Index, type = "histogram")
fig
summary(ALL_data$Argentina_Index)

fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data,x = ~diff(Argentina_C), type = "histogram")
fig
summary(ALL_data$Argentina_C)
```



```
fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data[ALL_data$Argentina_C>0,], x = ~log(Argentina_C), y =
~Argentina_Index)
fig
```

```
cor(log(ALL_data$Argentina_C[ALL_data$Argentina_C>0]), ALL_data$Argentina_Index[ALL_data$Argentina_C>0], use="complete.obs")
```



```
mod=lm(data = ALL_data[log(ALL_data$Argentina_C)>6,], formula =
Argentina_Index~log(Argentina_C), na.action=na.omit)
summary(mod)
```

```
plot(mod)
```


Model:

Call:

```
lm(formula = Argentina_Index ~ log(Argentina_C), data = ALL_data[log(ALL_data$Argentina_C) > 6, ], na.action = na.omit)
```

Residuals:

```
Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max
-7778.2 -2951.7 -225.2  3206.3  9925.8
```

Coefficients:

```
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 12137    1786  6.798 3.19e-10 ***
log(Argentina_C) 2663     160 16.644 < 2e-16 ***
```

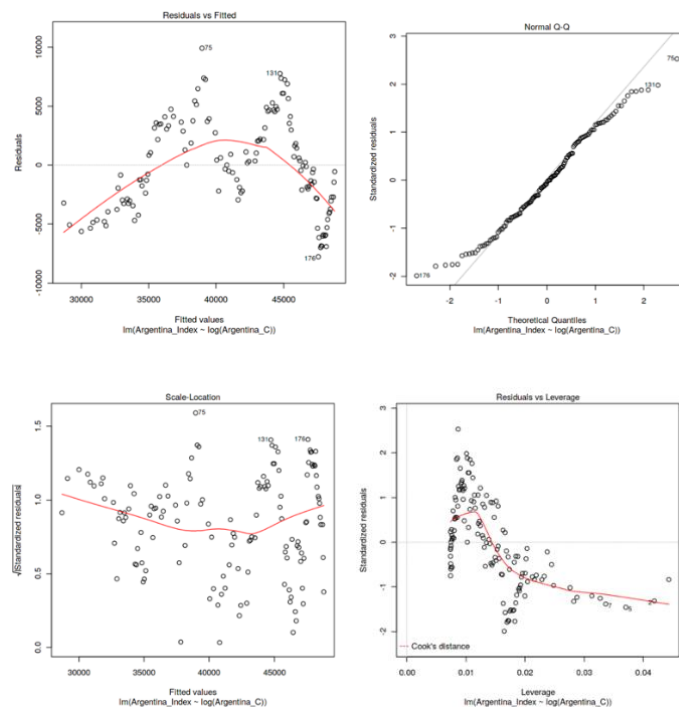
```
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Residual standard error: 3944 on 134 degrees of freedom

(255 observations deleted due to missingness)

Multiple R-squared: 0.674, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6716

F-statistic: 277 on 1 and 134 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16



Data analysis for Mexico

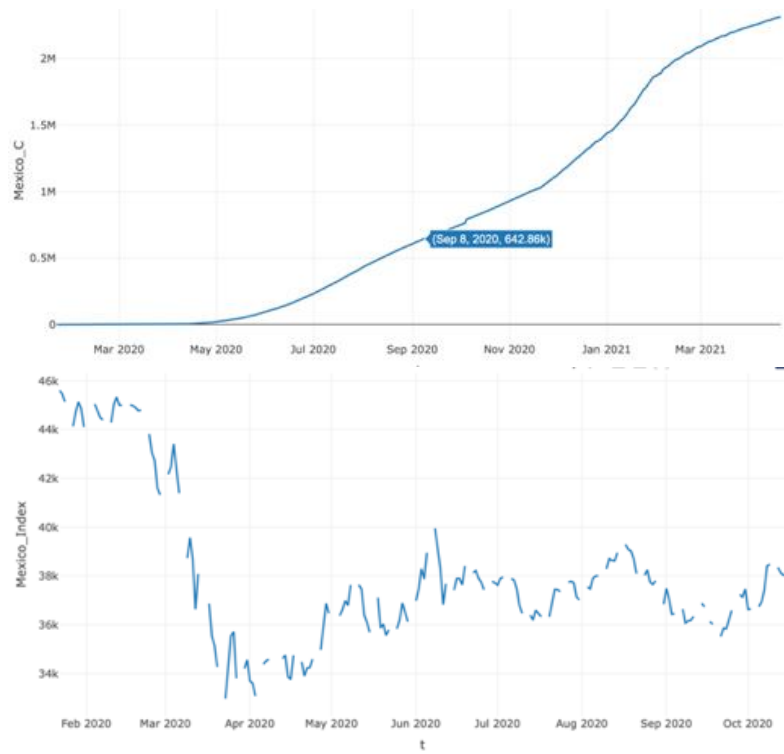
```
library(plotly)
```

```
fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data,x = ~t, y = ~Mexico_C, mode = 'lines')
```

```
fig
```

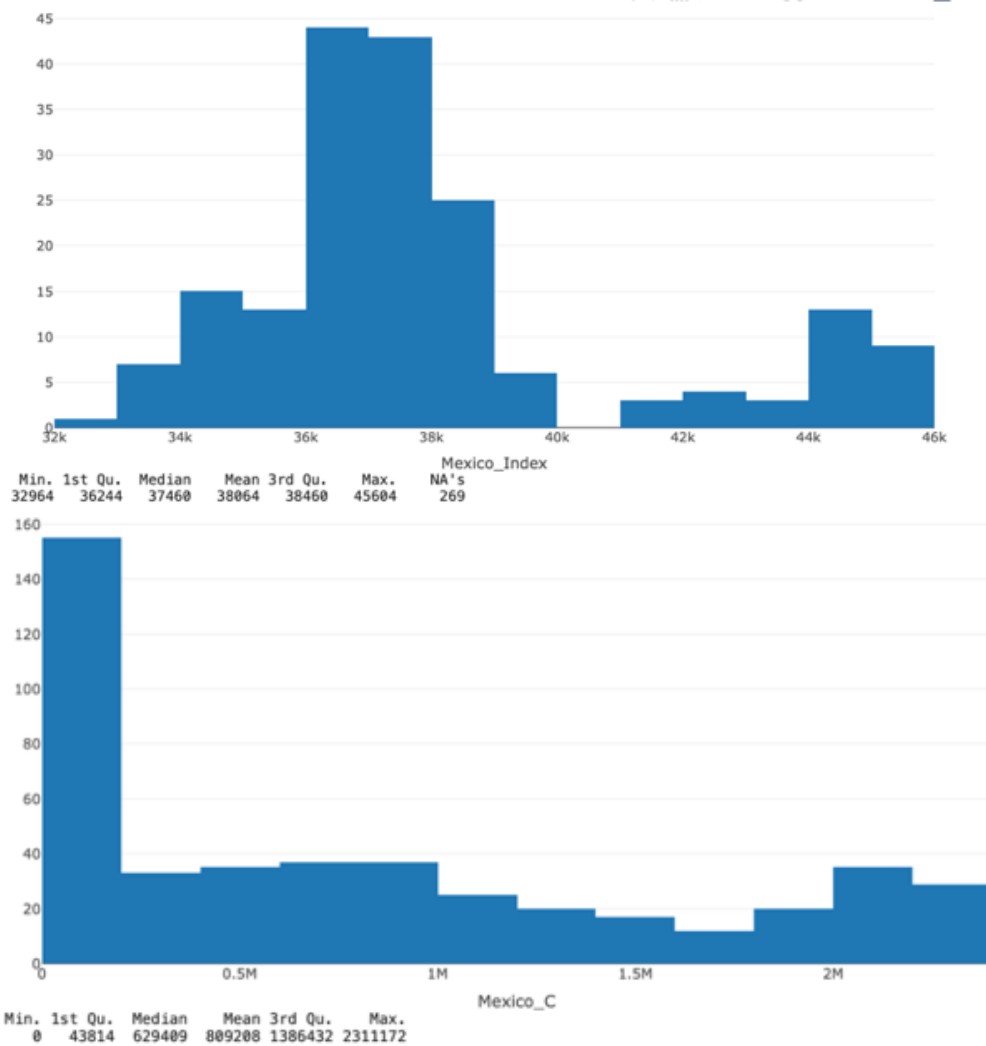
```
fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data,x = ~t, y = ~Mexico_Index, mode = 'lines')
```

```
fig
```



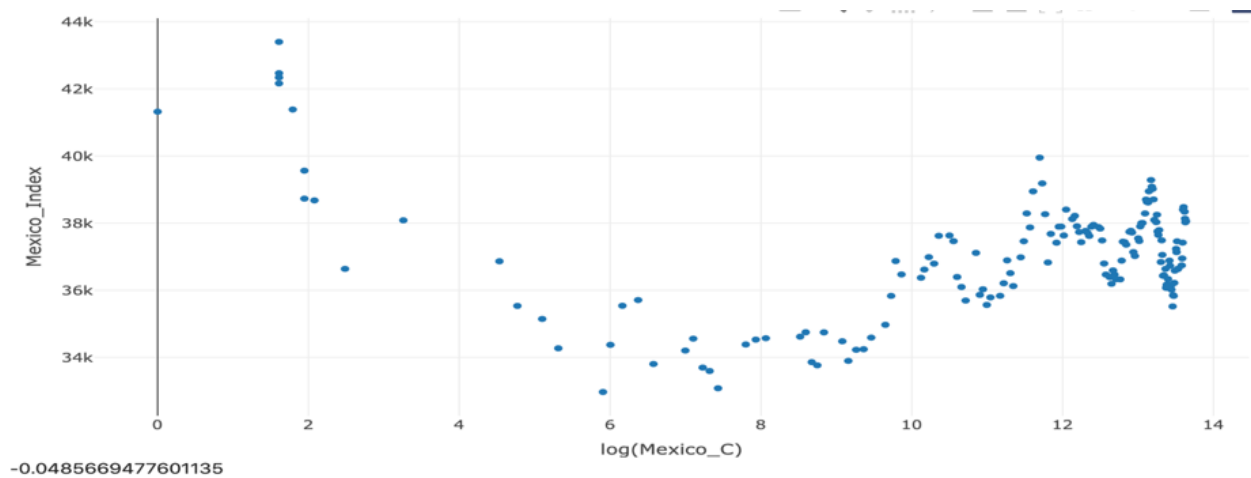
```
fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data,x = ~Mexico_Index, type = "histogram")
fig
summary(ALL_data$Mexico_Index)

fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data,x = ~Mexico_C, type = "histogram")
fig
summary(ALL_data$Mexico_C)
```



```
fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data[ALL_data$Mexico_C>0,], x = ~log(Mexico_C), y = ~Mexico_Index)
fig
```

```
cor(log(ALL_data$Mexico_C[ALL_data$Mexico_C>0]), ALL_data$Mexico_Index[ALL_data$Mexico_C>0], use="complete.obs")
```



```
mod=lm(data = ALL_data[(ALL_data$Mexico_C)>6,], formula =
Mexico_Index~log(Mexico_C),na.action=na.omit)
summary(mod)
```

```
plot(mod)
```

Model:

Call:

```
lm(formula = Mexico_Index ~ log(Mexico_C), data = ALL_data[(ALL_data$Mexico_C) >
6,], na.action = na.omit)
```

Residuals:

```
Min 1Q Median 3Q Max
-2889.0 -869.4 56.7 787.3 4823.4
```

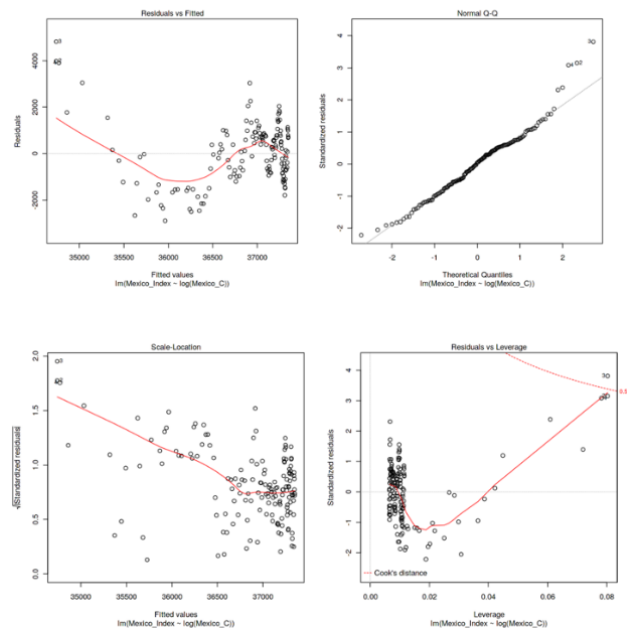
Coefficients:

```
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 34308.46 446.33 76.867 < 2e-16 ***
log(Mexico_C) 222.83 38.64 5.767 4.37e-08 ***
---
Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Residual standard error: 1319 on 152 degrees of freedom
(255 observations deleted due to missingness)

Multiple R-squared: 0.1795, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1741

F-statistic: 33.26 on 1 and 152 DF, p-value: 4.368e-08

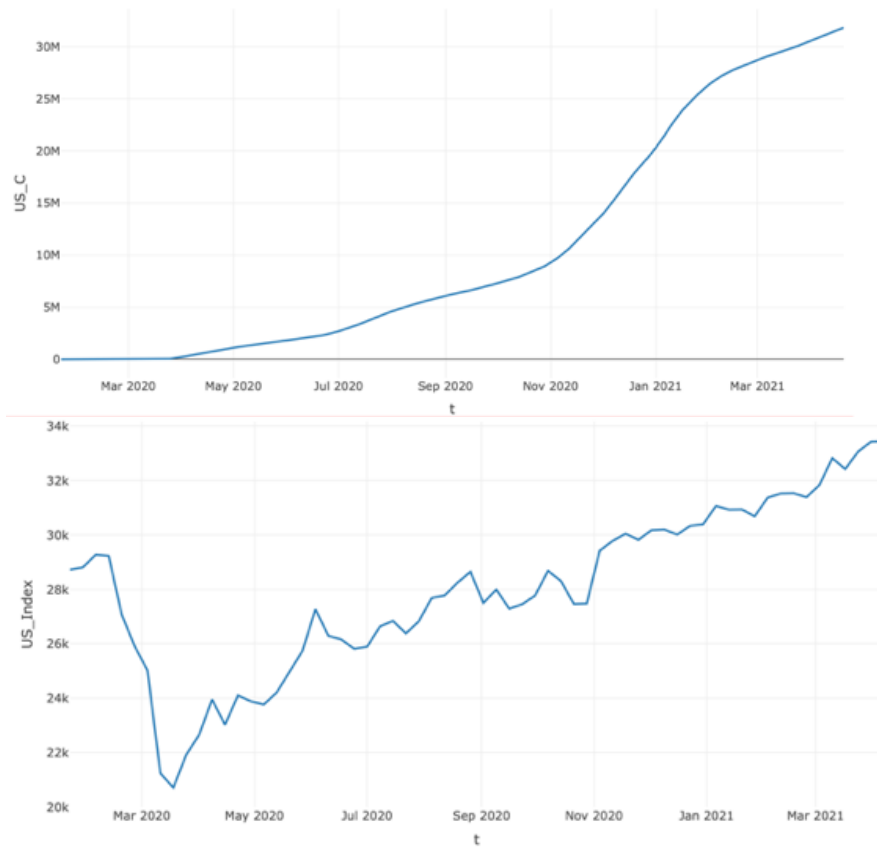


Data analysis for US

```
library(plotly)
```

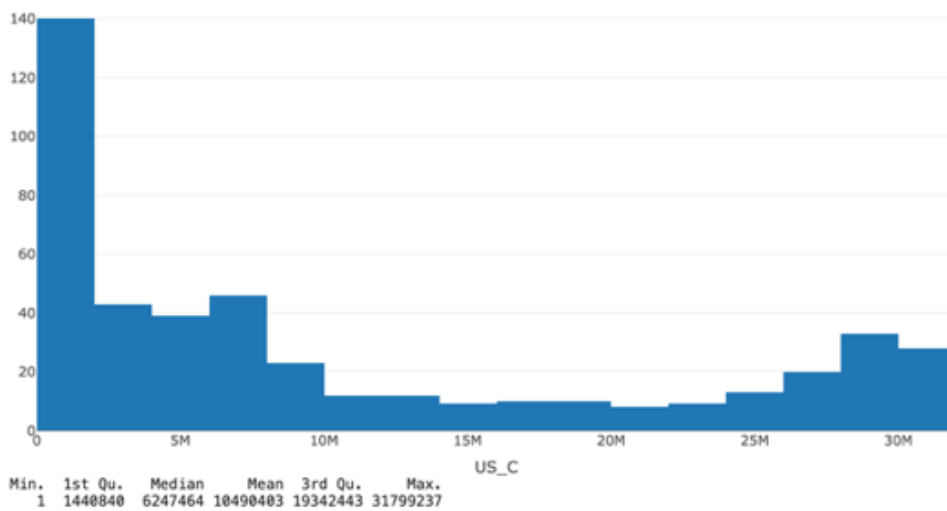
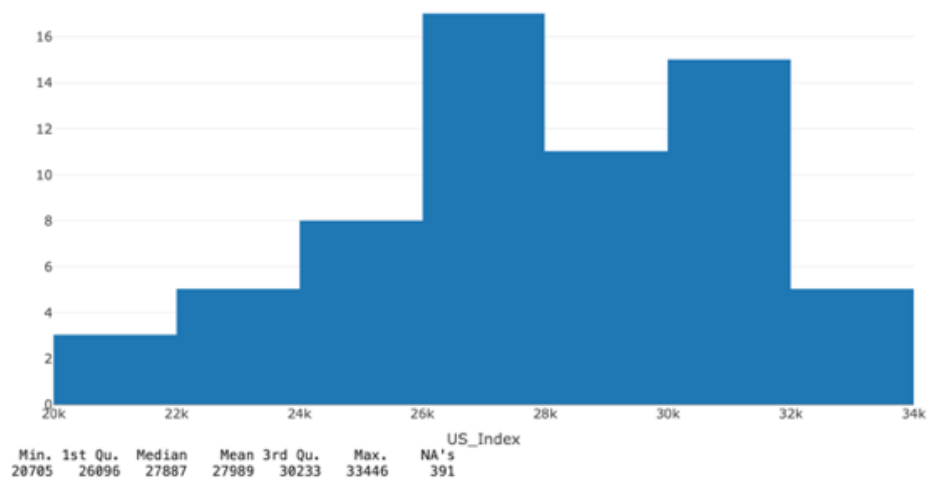
```
fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data,x = ~t, y = ~US_C, mode = 'lines')
fig
```

```
fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data[!is.na(ALL_data$US_Index),],x = ~t, y =
~US_Index, mode = 'lines')
fig
```



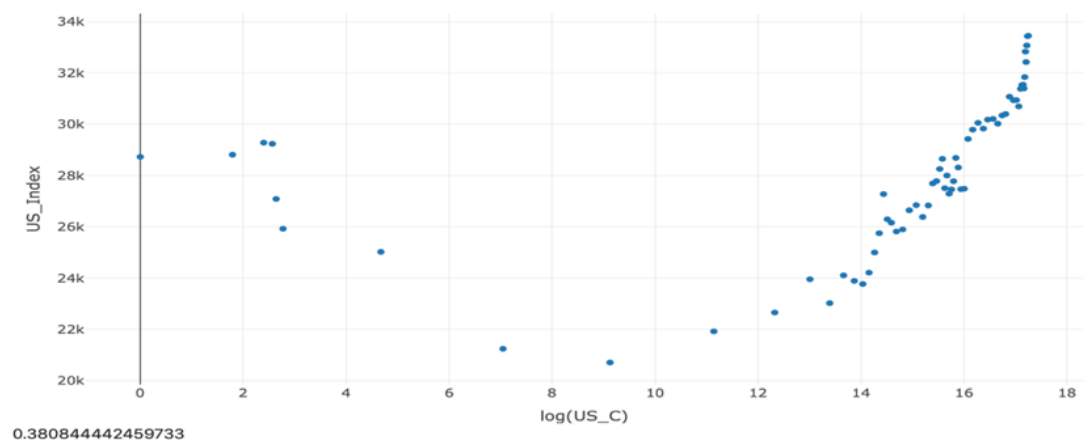
```
fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data,x = ~US_Index, type = "histrogram")
fig
summary(ALL_data$US_Index)

fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data,x = ~US_C, type = "histrogram")
fig
summary(ALL_data$US_C)
```



```
fig <- plot_ly(data=ALL_data[ALL_data$US_C>0,], x = ~log(US_C), y = ~US_Index)
fig
```

```
cor(log(ALL_data$US_C[ALL_data$US_C>0]), ALL_data$US_Index[ALL_data$US_C>0], use="complete.obs")
```



```
mod=lm(data = ALL_data[(ALL_data$US_C)>8,], formula = US_Index~log(US_C),na.action=na.omit)
summary(mod)
```

```
plot(mod)
```

Model:

Call:

```
lm(formula = US_Index ~ log(US_C), data = ALL_data[(ALL_data$US_C) >
8, ], na.action = na.omit)
```

Residuals:

```
Min    1Q  Median    3Q   Max
-5258.5 -1850.3 -195.3  1975.2  5878.2
```

Coefficients:

```
Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
(Intercept) 22483.54  1350.61  16.647 < 2e-16 ***
log(US_C)    381.42    90.79   4.201 8.95e-05 ***
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Residual standard error: 2755 on 60 degrees of freedom

(381 observations deleted due to missingness)

Multiple R-squared: 0.2273, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2144

F-statistic: 17.65 on 1 and 60 DF, p-value: 8.946e-05

