

EXP NO:

DATE:

**RECOGNIZE A VALID VARIABLE WHICH STARTS WITH A LETTER
FOLLOWED BY ANY NUMBER OF LETTERS OR DIGITS USING LEX AND
YACC**

Problem Statement:

Recognizes a valid variable name. The variable name must start with a letter (either uppercase or lowercase) and can be followed by any number of letters or digits. The program should validate whether a given string adheres to this naming convention.

AIM:

To develop a **LEX and YACC program** that recognizes a **valid variable name** in C programming, which:

- Starts with a **letter** (a-z or A-Z)
- Followed by **any number of letters or digits** (a-z, A-Z, 0-9, _)
- **Does not allow** invalid characters (e.g., 123abc, @var, x!y)

ALGORITHM:

Step 1: A Yacc source program has three parts as follows: Declarations %% translation rules
%% supporting C routines

Step 2: Declarations Section: This section contains entries that:

Include standard I/O header file.

Define global variables.

Define the list rule as the place to start processing.

Define the tokens used by the parser.

Step 3: Rules Section: The rules section defines the rules that parse the input stream. Each rule of a grammar production and the associated semantic action.

Step 4: Programs Section: The programs section contains the following subroutines. Because these subroutines are included in this file, it is not necessary to use the yacc library when processing this file.

Main- The required main program that calls the yyparse subroutine to start the program.

yyerror(s) -This error-handling subroutine only prints a syntax error message.

yywrap -The wrap-up subroutine that returns a value of 1 when the end of input occurs. The calc.lex file contains include statements for standard input and output, as programmer file information if we use the -d flag with the yacc command. The y.tab.h file contains definitions for the tokens that the parser program uses.

Step 5:calc.lex contains the rules to generate these tokens from the input stream.

PROGRAM:

LEX PROGRAM

```
% {
#include "y.tab.h"
% }
%option noyywrap
%%
// Pattern for valid variable names
[a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9]* { return IDENTIFIER; }
// Ignore whitespace
[ \t\n]          { /* Skip */ }

.                { return yytext[0]; }
%%
```

YACC PROGRAM

```
% {
#include <stdio.h>
void yyerror(const char *msg);
% }
%token IDENTIFIER
%%
stmt: IDENTIFIER { printf("Valid variable: %s\n", yytext); }
;
%%
void yyerror(const char *msg) {
    printf("Invalid variable\n");
}
```

```
int main() {  
    printf("Enter a variable name: ");  
    yyparse();  
    return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT :

```
yacc -d parser.y  
lex lexer.l  
cc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -o var_checker  
./a.out
```

```
Enter a variable name: myVar1  
Valid variable: myVar1  
Enter a variable name: Hello123  
Valid variable: Hello123
```

Implementation	
Output/Signature	

RESULT:

Thus the above program reads an input string, checks whether it follows the rules for a **valid variable name**, and produces the following output.

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