

# **Working of ultrasonic sensor with FPGA**

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# Documentation

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## 1. Introduction

The Ultrasonic Distance Measurement System is a hardware project designed to measure distances using an ultrasonic sensor. It consists of two Verilog modules: `ultrasonic.v` and `ultrasonicLED.v`.

These modules work together to control the ultrasonic sensor, process distance measurements, and display results on LEDs.

## 2. Ultrasonic Sensor

How the Ultrasonic Sensor Works

The ultrasonic sensor emits high-frequency sound waves (ultrasonic waves) and listens for their echoes. Here's how it operates:

**Trigger Pulse:** The sensor sends a short burst of ultrasonic waves by generating a trigger pulse.

**Echo Detection:** These waves travel until they hit an object. When they do, they bounce back as echoes.

**Echo Reception:** The sensor listens for these echoes, measuring the time it takes for the waves to return.

**Distance Calculation:** By knowing the speed of sound (approximately 343 meters per second or  $0.0343 \text{ cm}/\mu\text{s}$ ), the sensor calculates the distance to the object using the formula:  $\text{Distance} = (\text{Time} * \text{Speed}) / 2$ .

### 3. Ultrasonic Module (`ultrasonic.v`)

The `ultrasonic.v` module controls the ultrasonic sensor and handles distance measurements. It features a finite state machine (FSM) to manage states such as idle, trigger, waiting for the echo, measurement, and measurement completion.

Key Components:

**State Machine:** Manages the sensor's operational states.

**Counter:** Keeps track of time intervals.

**Measurement Logic:** Captures the distance measurement when the measurement is complete.

### 4. Top-Level Module (`ultrasonicLED.v`)

The top-level module, `ultrasonicLED.v`, is the central component of the project. It interfaces with the FPGA board and connects the ultrasonic sensor to the LEDs for distance indication. Here's why we need a top-level module:

#### What Is a Top-Level Module?

A top-level module is the highest-level component of a digital design. It serves as the entry point for the entire system and interfaces with external components such as sensors, LEDs, and user inputs. In this project, `ultrasonicLED.v` acts as the top-level module.

#### Why Do We Need It?

- **System Integration:** The top-level module integrates all the lower-level modules and components, creating a cohesive system. It defines how different parts of the design work together.
- **External Interface:** It provides the interface to connect the FPGA board with external hardware, making it suitable for real-world applications. In this project, it connects the ultrasonic sensor and LEDs.

- **Control and Coordination:** The top-level module initiates and coordinates actions within the system. It controls when to trigger distance measurements and how to interpret measurement results.

## 5. How the Modules Work Together

- The `ultrasonicLED` module initialises the system and periodically triggers the `ultrasonic` module to measure distances.
- The `ultrasonic` module controls the ultrasonic sensor, sends trigger pulses, and processes echo signals.
- When a measurement is complete, the `ultrasonic` module calculates the distance and sends it to the `ultrasonicLED` module.
- The `ultrasonicLED` module interprets the distance measurement and updates the LEDs accordingly. It also monitors for timeouts.

## 6. Conclusion

The Ultrasonic Distance Measurement System demonstrates how to interface an ultrasonic sensor with an FPGA board and create a functional distance measurement system. The project combines hardware control and digital signal processing to accurately measure distances and provides a valuable learning experience in FPGA-based embedded systems.

This documentation provides a comprehensive understanding of the project's components, functionality, and how the ultrasonic sensor operates. It also highlights the role of the top-level module in system integration and external interfacing. It serves as a valuable resource for both understanding and implementing the project successfully.