

qsopt_ex-interface

An Interface to QSopt exact LP solver

1.0

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Chapter 1

Introduction

`qsopt_ex-interface` is a GAP package that provides an interface to *QSopt* exact rational linear program solver [ACDE09] by Applegate, Cook, Dash and Espinoza. This is a minimalist package exposing parts of `qsopt` to GAP. The particular version of *QSopt*-exact solver this package currently follows is 2.5.10-patch 3 of a fork of the original software maintained by Jon Lund Steffenson [Ste15], which removes certain dependencies and makes the software easier to build. `qsopt_ex-interface` provides a C wrapper `qsinterface.c` to the solver. It is currently available for Unix/Linux systems running GAP 4.5+.

Chapter 2

Installation

Assuming you already have GAP 4.5+ installed, you can follow the steps below to install the package:

- To get the newest version of `qsopt_ex-interface`, download the .zip archive from https://github.com/jayant91089/qsopt_ex-interface and unpack it using `unzip qsopt_ex-interface-x.zip` in the terminal. Do this preferably inside the *pkg* subdirectory of your GAP 4 installation. It creates a subdirectory called `qsopt_ex-interface`. If you do not know the whereabouts of the *pkg* subdirectory, invoke the following in GAP:

```
Code _____  
GAPInfo("RootPaths");
```

Look for *pkg* directory inside any of the paths returned.

- Once unpacked, go to `qsopt_ex-interface` directory and run the install script `unix-install.sh` from the terminal as `sh unix-install.sh`. This locally installs `qsopt_exact` and its dependencies (GMP [GtGdt15], `libz` and `libbz2`) in `lib` and `include` folders. Alternatively, if you have `qsopt-exact` and GMP already installed on your system, you can edit the Makefile inside `qsopt_ex-interface` directory so that `gcc` finds the .so libraries. In latter case, you must manually '`\texttt{make all}`' from the terminal inside `qsopt_ex-interface` directory.
- Above step creates an executable `\texttt{qsi}` inside the `qsopt_ex-interface` directory, which serves as the interface. Note that before using the package in GAP, one must edit either the environment variable `LD_LIBRARY_PATH` or the so that `\texttt{qsi}` finds the locally installed libraries.
- One can now start using `qsopt_ex-interface` by invoking

```
Code _____  
LoadPackage( "qsopt_ex-interface");
```

from within GAP.

Chapter 3

Usage

3.1 Available functions

In this section we shall look at the functions provided by `qsopt_ex-interface`. `qsopt_ex-interface` allows GAP to communicate with external LP solver process via a stream object of category `IsInputOutputStream()`. This stream serves as a handle via which one can load/solve/modify linear programs. Note that it is possible to maintain several such streams (and hence LPs) at any given time. However, the gap commands to solve/modify these LPs that currently available in this package are blocking functions.

3.1.1 LoadQSLP

▷ `LoadQSLP(obj, A, b, linrows, qs_exec, optargs)` (function)

Returns: A list

This function loads an LP by invoking external `qsopt-exact` LP solver process. It accepts following arguments:

- *obj* - Objective function coefficients, provided as a list
- *A* - A list of lists corresponding to constraints
- *b* - Right hand side of constraints
- *linrows* - A list of indices of members of *A* that are equalities
- *qs_exec* - A string describing complete path to 'qsi' executable (including 'qsi')

Returns a list $[s, rval]$ where 's' is a gap object of category `IsInputOutputStream()` and 'rval' = 1 / - 1 indicates success/failure. If 'rval=1', 's' is ready to be used to solve linear programs.

3.1.2 LoadQSLPobj

▷ `LoadQSLPobj(s, obj)` (function)

Returns: An integer

This function loads a new objective. It accepts following arguments:

- *s* - gap object of category `IsInputOutputStream()`, handle to an already loaded LP

- *obj* - Objective function coefficients, provided as a list

Returns an integer 'rval' = 1 / -1 that indicate success/failure. If 'rval=1', the LP associated with 's' is successfully modified.

3.1.3 SolveQSLP

▷ SolveQSLP(*s*) (function)

Returns: An integer

This function loads an LP by invoking external qsopt-exact LP solver process. It accepts following arguments:

- *s* - gap object of category IsInputOutputStream(), handle to an already loaded LP
- *optargs* - A list of optional arguments. Currently supports only one optional argument, which is an integer specifying simplex variant to use: *optargs* = [1] for primal simplex, *optargs* = [2] for dual simplex and *optargs* = [3] for either

Returns an integer *status* that is the integer returned by mpq_QSget_status() function.

3.1.4 FlushQSLP

▷ FlushQSLP(*s*) (function)

Returns:

This function terminates the external processes associated with given LP handle. It accepts following arguments:

- *s* - gap object of category IsInputOutputStream(), handle to an already loaded LP

Returns Nothing

3.1.5 GetQSLPsol_primal

▷ GetQSLPsol_primal(*s*) (function)

Returns: A list

This function obtains the primal solution along with the associated vertex vertex, for the most recently solved LP. It accepts following arguments:

- *s* - gap object of category IsInputOutputStream(), handle to an already loaded LP

Returns A list [*status*, *val_rval*, *val*, *x_rval*, *x*] if optimal solution exists and a list [*status*] otherwise. If *status* = 1, *val_rval* and *x_rval* indicate validity of *val* and *x* (valid if 1 and invalid if -1) which are optimal solution and (primal) vertex achieving optimal solution respectively. Other status values correspond to the integer returned by mpq_QSget_status() function.

3.1.6 GetQSLPsol_dual

▷ GetQSLPsol_dual(*s*) (function)

Returns: A list

This function obtains the primal solution along with the associated vertex vertex, for the most recently solved LP. It accepts following arguments:

- *s* - gap object of category `IsInputOutputStream()`, handle to an already loaded LP

Returns A list $[status, val_rval, val, y_rval, y]$ if optimal solution exists and a list $[status]$ otherwise. If $status = 1$, val_rval and x_rval indicate validity of val and x (valid if 1 and invalid if -1) which are optimal solution and (dual) vertex achieving optimal solution respectively. Other status values correspond to the integer returned by `mpq_QSget_status()` function.

References

- [ACDE09] David Applegate, William Cook, Sanjeeb Dash, and Daniel Espinoza. QSopt-ex 2.6 — A computer algebra system for polynomial computations, 2009. [3](#)
- [GtGdt15] Torbörn Granlund and the GMP development team. GNU MP: The GNU Multiple Precision Arithmetic Library 6.0.0, 2015. [4](#)
- [Ste15] Jon Lund Steffensen. QSopt-ex 2.5.10 patch 3 - a fork adding improvements to the build system, library and a python interface, 2015. [3](#)

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