STOCK MARKET ANALYSIS



| | 0pen | High | Low | Close | Adj Close | Volume | company_name |
|----------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|----------|--------------|
| Date | | | | | | | |
| 2024- 05-28 | 179.929993 | 182.240005 | 179.490005 | 182.149994 | 182.149994 | 29927000 | AMAZON |
| 2024- 05-29 | 181.699997 | 184.080002 | 181.550003 | 182.020004 | 182.020004 | 32009300 | AMAZON |
| 2024- 05-30 | 181.309998 | 181.339996 | 178.360001 | 179.320007 | 179.320007 | 29249200 | AMAZON |
| 2024- 05-31 | 178.300003 | 179.210007 | 173.869995 | 176.440002 | 176.440002 | 58903900 | AMAZON |
| 2024- 06-03 | 177.699997 | 178.699997 | 175.919998 | 178.339996 | 178.339996 | 30786600 | AMAZON |
| 2024- 06-04 | 177.639999 | 179.820007 | 176.440002 | 179.339996 | 179.339996 | 27198400 | AMAZON |
| 7111 | | | | | | | h |

Import Libraries: Import necessary libraries.

Set Styles: Set styles for plotting.

Read Stock Data: Set up the stock symbols and download their data from Yahoo Finance.

Add Company Names: Add a column to each DataFrame indicating the company name.

Concatenate Data: Combine all individual DataFrames into one.

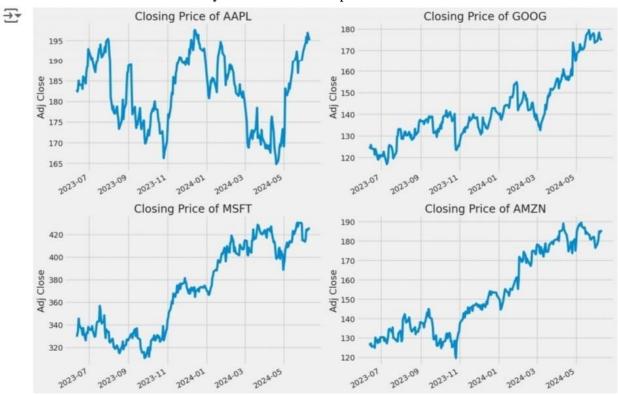
Using `globals()` is a sloppy way of setting the `DataFrame` names, but it's simple. Now we have our data, let's perform some basic data analysis and check our data.

| | Open | High | Low | Close | Adj Close | Volume |
|-------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|--------------|
| count | 251.000000 | 251.000000 | 251.000000 | 251.000000 | 251.000000 | 2.510000e+02 |
| mean | 182.746534 | 184.211999 | 181.367410 | 182.821753 | 182.296098 | 5.750452e+07 |
| std | 8.738375 | 8.552274 | 8.749900 | 8.690825 | 8.641298 | 1.844647e+07 |
| min | 165.350006 | 166.399994 | 164.080002 | 165.000000 | 164.776505 | 1.421504e+07 |
| 25% | 175.244995 | 177.025002 | 173.660004 | 175.280006 | 174.800789 | 4.657160e+07 |
| 50% | 183.419998 | 184.899994 | 181.809998 | 183.630005 | 182.988205 | 5.302030e+07 |
| 75% | 190.239998 | 191.540001 | 189.189995 | 190.139999 | 189.854996 | 6.438910e+07 |
| max | 198.020004 | 199.619995 | 197.000000 | 198.110001 | 197.589523 | 1.632241e+08 |

We have only 255 records in one year because weekends are not included in the data.

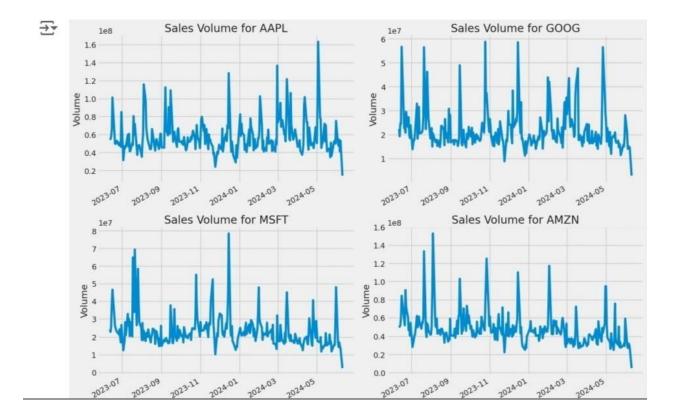
Closing Price

The closing price is the last price at which the stock is traded during the regular trading day. A stock's closing price is the standard benchmark used by investors to track its performance over time.



Volume of Sales

Volume is the amount of an asset or security that changes hands over some period of time, often over the course of a day. For instance, the stock trading volume would refer to the number of shares of security traded between its daily open and close. Trading volume, and changes to volume over the course of time, are important inputs for technical traders.



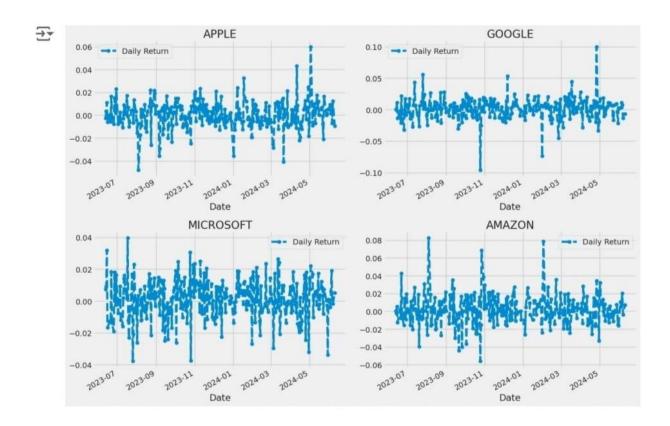
What was the moving average of the various stocks?

The moving average (MA) is a simple technical analysis tool that smooths out price data by creating a constantly updated average price. The average is taken over a specific period of time, like 10 days, 20 minutes, 30 weeks, or any time period the trader chooses.

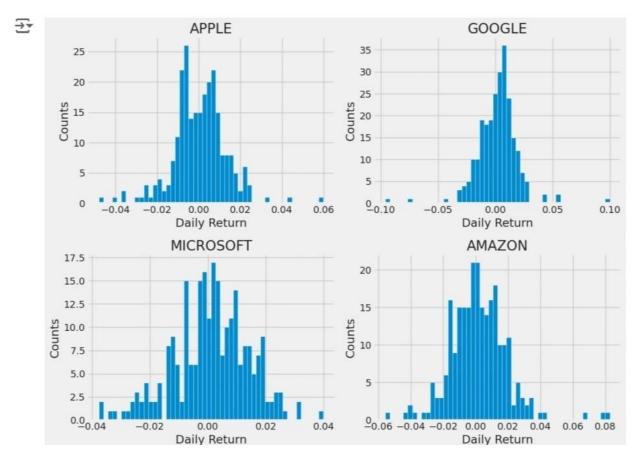


What was the daily return of the stock on average?

Now that we've done some baseline analysis, let's go ahead and dive a little deeper. We're now going to analyze the risk of the stock. In order to do so we'll need to take a closer look at the daily changes of the stock, and not just its absolute value. Let's go ahead and use pandas to retrieve teh daily returns for the Apple stock.



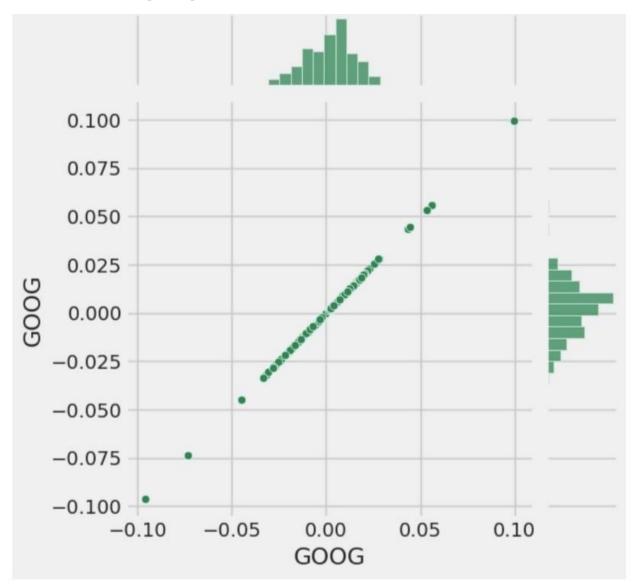
Great, now let's get an overall look at the average daily return using a histogram. We'll use seaborn to create both a histogram and kde plot on the same figure.

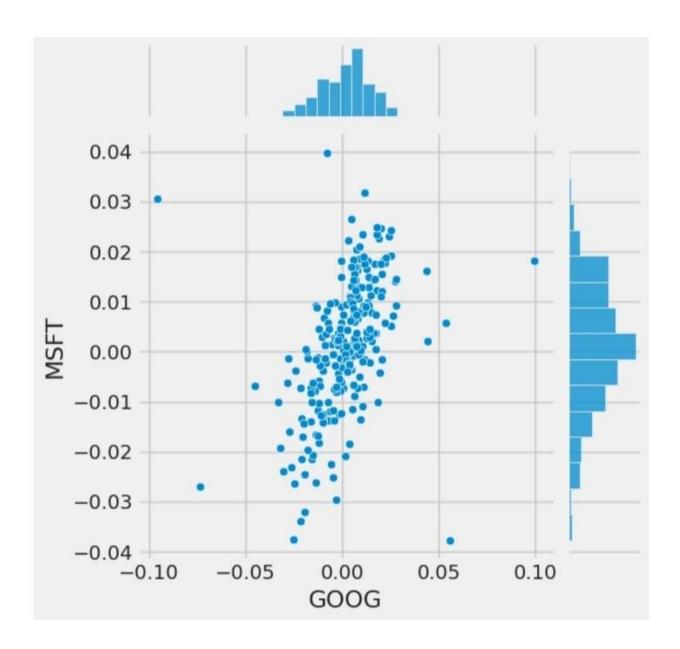


What was the correlation between different stocks closing prices?

Correlation is a statistic that measures the degree to which two variables move in relation to each other which has a value that must fall between -1.0 and +1.0. Correlation measures association, but doesn't show if x causes y or vice versa — or if the association is caused by a third factor[1].

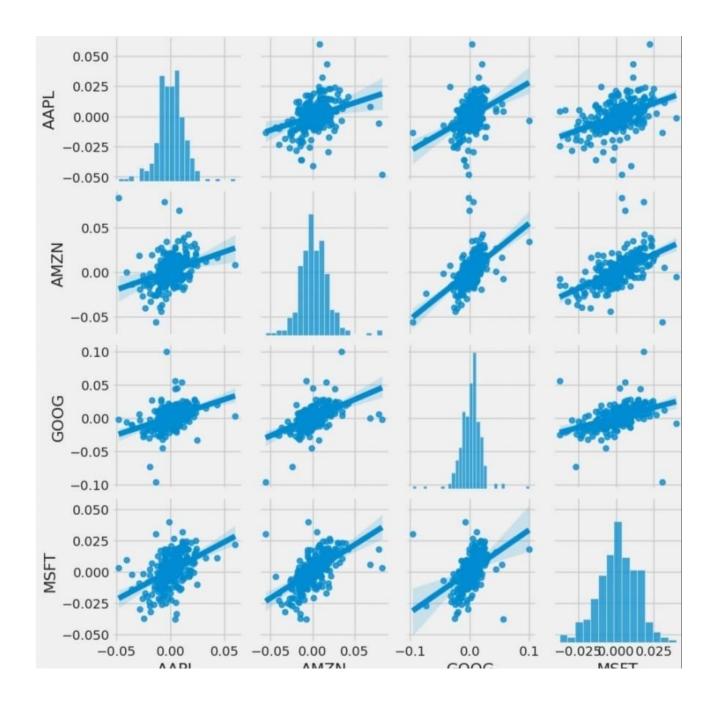
Now what if we wanted to analyze the returns of all the stocks in our list? Let's go ahead and build a DataFrame with all the ['Close'] columns for each of the stocks dataframes.





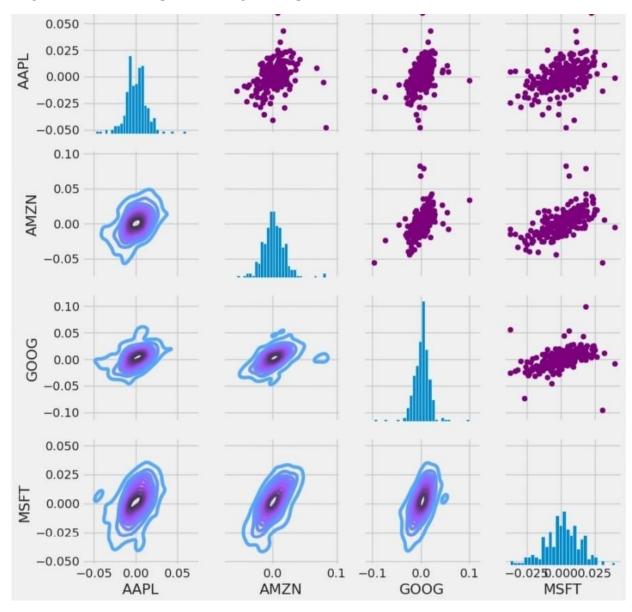
So now we can see that if two stocks are perfectly (and positivley) correlated with each other a linear relationship bewteen its daily return values should occur.

Seaborn and pandas make it very easy to repeat this comparison analysis for every possible combination of stocks in our technology stock ticker list. We can use sns.pairplot() to automatically create this plot

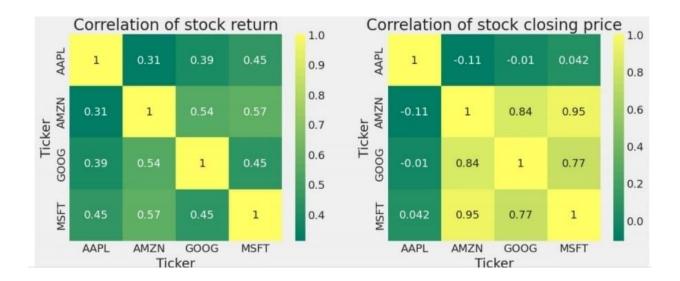


Above we can see all the relationships on daily returns between all the stocks. A quick glance shows an interesting correlation between Google and Amazon daily returns. It might be interesting to investigate that individual comaprison.

While the simplicity of just calling sns.pairplot() is fantastic we can also use sns.PairGrid() for full control of the figure, including what kind of plots go in the diagonal, the upper triangle, and the lower triangle. Below is an example of utilizing the full power of seaborn to achieve this result.



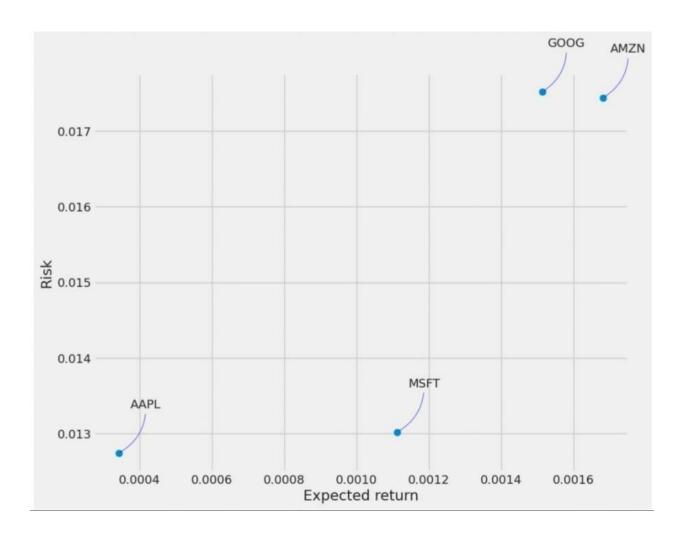
Finally, we could also do a correlation plot, to get actual numerical values for the correlation between the stocks' daily return values. By comparing the closing prices, we see an interesting relationship between Microsoft and Apple.



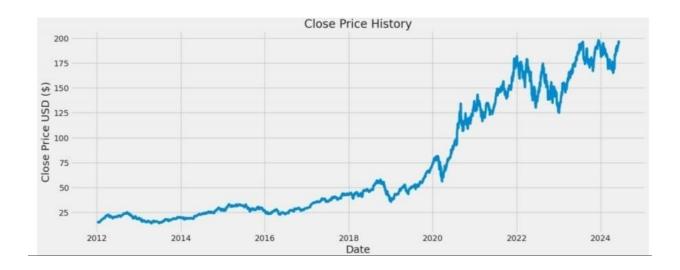
Just like we suspected in our PairPlot we see here numerically and visually that Microsoft and Amazon had the strongest correlation of daily stock return. It's also interesting to see that all the technology comapnies are positively correlated.

How much value do we put at risk by investing in a particular stock?

There are many ways we can quantify risk, one of the most basic ways using the information we've gathered on daily percentage returns is by comparing the expected return with the standard deviation of the daily returns.



Predicting the closing price stock price of APPLE inc



ARIMA models the level of the time series and captures trends and seasonality.

GARCH models the volatility (variance) of the returns series, capturing periods of high and low volatility.

| ARIMA model summary for AMZN: | | | | | | | | |
|--|---------|---------------|----------|-----------------|-----------|---------------|----------|--|
| SARIMAX Results | | | | | | | | |
| Dep. Variable: Close No. Observations: 3129 | | | | | | | | |
| • | | ARIMA(5, 1, | 0) Log | ikelihood | | -5962.806 | | |
| Date: | Mo | on, 10 Jun 20 | 024 AIC | 224 AIC | | 11937.611 | | |
| Time: | | 14:20 | 0:02 BIC | | 11973.900 | | | |
| Sample: | | | 0 HQIC | | | 11950.637 | | |
| | | - 3: | 129 | | | | | |
| Covariance | Type: | | opg | | | | | |
| | coef | std err | Z | P> z | [0.025 | 0.975] | | |
| ar.L1 | -0.0269 | 0.010 | -2.724 | 0.006 | -0.046 | -0.008 | | |
| ar.L2 | -0.0220 | 0.010 | -2.152 | 0.031 | -0.042 | -0.002 | | |
| ar.L3 | -0.0143 | 0.011 | -1.295 | 0.195 | -0.036 | 0.007 | | |
| ar.L4 | -0.0041 | 0.010 | -0.414 | 0.679 | -0.023 | 0.015 | | |
| ar.L5 | 0.0233 | 0.010 | 2.368 | 0.018 | 0.004 | 0.043 | | |
| sigma2 | 2.6502 | 0.030 | 89.469 | 0.000 | 2.592 | 2.708 | | |
| Ljung-Box (L1) (Q): | | | 0.00 | Jarque-Bera | (JB): | 9704 . | == 31 | |
| Prob(Q): | | | 0.95 | 0.95 Prob(JB): | | 0.00 | | |
| Heteroskedasticity (H): | | | 46.21 | 6.21 Skew: | | 0. | 0.01 | |
| Prob(H) (two-sided): | | | 0.00 | .00 Kurtosis: | | 11. | 63 | |
| Warnings: [1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step). | | | | | | | | |
| [1] covariance matrix carculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step). | | | | | | | | |

ARIMA Model RMSE: 92.86140471031766

```
GARCH model summary for AMZN:
                    Constant Mean - GARCH Model Results
Dep. Variable: Close R-squared: Mean Model: Constant Mean Adj. R-squared:
                                                                       0.000
                                                                       0.000
                               GARCH Log-Likelihood:
Vol Model: GARCH Log-I
Distribution: Normal AIC:
Method: Maximum Likelihood BIC:
Vol Model:
                                                                    8398.29
                                                                    -16788.6
                                                                    -16764.4
                                      No. Observations:
                                                                        3128
                    Mon, Jun 10 2024 Df Residuals:
Date:
                                                                        3127
                            14:20:03 Df Model:
Time:
                               Mean Model
                coef std err t P>|t| 95.0% Conf. Int.
         1.4872e-03 6.671e-05 22.293 4.273e-110 [1.356e-03,1.618e-03]
                     Volatility Model
                coef std err t P>|t| 95.0% Conf. Int.
omega 6.3523e-06 2.654e-11 2.394e+05 0.000 [6.352e-06,6.352e-06]
           0.0500 1.072e-02 4.662 3.131e-06 [2.898e-02,7.102e-02]
0.9300 9.604e-03 96.831 0.000 [ 0.911, 0.949]
alpha[1]
beta[1]
Covariance estimator: robust
```

GARCH Model RMSE: 0.024568778889277627

Summary ARIMA Model: The ARIMA model helps in forecasting the stock's closing prices by capturing its trends and patterns.

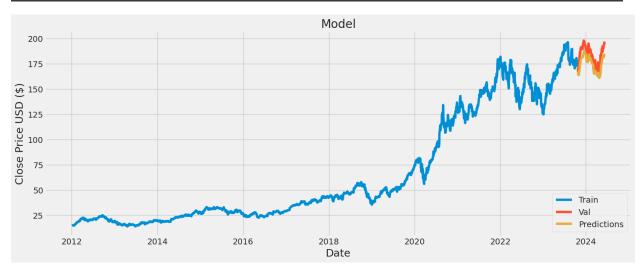
GARCH Model: The GARCH model helps in modeling and forecasting the volatility (variance) of the stock's returns, providing insights into periods of high and low volatility.\

These models combined can provide a comprehensive analysis of both the expected price levels and volatility of Amazon's stock, making them useful for various forecasting and risk management applications.

LSTM

```
rmse

5/5 [===========] - 2s 61ms/step
8.91998581197704
```



| | Close | Predictions | | | |
|----------------------|------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| Date | | | | | |
| 2023-10-25 | 171.100006 | 167.478546 | | | |
| 2023-10-26 | 166.889999 | 166.707062 | | | |
| 2023-10-27 | 168.220001 | 165.226685 | | | |
| 2023-10-30 | 170.289993 | 164.125595 | | | |
| 2023-10-31 | 170.770004 | 163.768784 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 2024-06-03 | 194.029999 | 182.055756 | | | |
| 2024-06-04 | 194.350006 | 182.875229 | | | |
| 2024-06-05 | 195.869995 | 183.655685 | | | |
| 2024-06-06 | 194.479996 | 184.553055 | | | |
| 2024-06-07 | 196.889999 | 184.996796 | | | |
| 156 rows × 2 columns | | | | | |