

```
create database employee_app;  
create table employees(employee_number int unique, employee_joined_date date);
```

Inner join

```
SELECT title, domestic_sales, international_sales  
FROM movies  
JOIN boxoffice on movies.id = boxoffice.movie_id
```

Left join

```
SELECT  
    c.customer_id,  
    c.first_name,  
    o.order_id  
FROM customers c  
LEFT JOIN orders o  
    ON c.customer_id = o.customer_id  
ORDER BY c.customer_id
```

Right join

```
SELECT  
    c.customer_id,  
    c.first_name,  
    o.order_id  
FROM orders o  
RIGHT JOIN customers c  
    ON c.customer_id = o.customer_id  
ORDER BY c.customer_id
```

Cross join

```
SELECT  
    c.first_name AS customer,  
    p.name AS product  
FROM customers c  
CROSS JOIN products p  
ORDER BY c.first_name
```

Commit

```
SQL> DELETE FROM customers  
    WHERE age = 25;  
SQL> COMMIT;
```

Select will produce updated table with age 25 rows deleted

Rollback

```
SQL> DELETE FROM customers
      WHERE age = 25;
SQL> ROLLBACK;
```

The delete operation would not impact the table

Savepoint

```
SQL> SAVEPOINT SP1;
SQL> DELETE FROM customers WHERE id=1;
SQL> SAVEPOINT SP2;
SQL> DELETE FROM customers WHERE id=2;
SQL> SAVEPOINT SP3;
SQL> DELETE FROM customers WHERE id=3;
```

```
SQL> ROLLBACK TO SP2;
```

id=1 will stay deleted, other deletion are undone

```
SQL> RELEASE SAVEPOINT SP2
```

Subqueries

UPDATE invoices

SET

```
      payment_total = invoice_total *0.5,
      Payment_date = due_date
WHERE client_id =
      (SELECT client_id
      FROM clients
      WHERE name = 'Myworks' )
```

Procedure

```
CREATE PROCEDURE SelectAllCustomers @City varchar(30), @PostalCode varchar(10)
AS
SELECT * FROM Customers WHERE City = @City AND PostalCode = @PostalCode
GO;
```

```
EXEC SelectAllCustomers @City = 'London', @PostalCode = 'WA1 1DP';
```

Views

```
CREATE VIEW brazil_customers AS
SELECT
      Customer_name, contact_number
FROM customers
WHERE country = 'Brazil'
```

```

import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.SQLException;
import java.sql.Statement;

public class JDBCExample {
    static final String DB_URL = "...";
    static final String USER = "guest";
    static final String PASS = "guest123";
    static final String QUERY = "SELECT id, first, last, age FROM Registration";

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try(Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection(DB_URL, USER, PASS);
            Statement stmt = conn.createStatement();
            ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery(QUERY);
        ) {
            System.out.println("Inserting records into the table...");
            String sql = "INSERT INTO Registration VALUES (100, 'Zara', 'Ali', 18)";
            stmt.executeUpdate(sql);
            sql = "INSERT INTO Registration VALUES (101, 'Mahnaz', 'Fatma', 25)";
            stmt.executeUpdate(sql);
            sql = "INSERT INTO Registration VALUES (102, 'Zaid', 'Khan', 30)";
            stmt.executeUpdate(sql);
            sql = "INSERT INTO Registration VALUES (103, 'Sumit', 'Mittal', 28)";
            stmt.executeUpdate(sql);
            System.out.println("Inserted records into the table...");

            while(rs.next()){
                System.out.print("ID: " + rs.getInt("id"));
                System.out.print(", Age: " + rs.getInt("age"));
                System.out.print(", First: " + rs.getString("first"));
                System.out.println(", Last: " + rs.getString("last"));
            }

        } catch (SQLException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}

```