import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

import seaborn as sns

df=pd.read\_csv('/content/AirBnB-nyc.csv')
df

₹		id	name	host_id	host_name	neighbourhood_group	neighbourhood	latitude	longitude	room_type	price	minimu
	0	2539	Clean & quiet apt home by the park	2787	John	Brooklyn	Kensington	40.64749	-73.97237	Private room	149	
	1	2595	Skylit Midtown Castle	2845	Jennifer	Manhattan	Midtown	40.75362	-73.98377	Entire home/apt	225	
	2	3647	THE VILLAGE OF HARLEMNEW YORK!	4632	Elisabeth	Manhattan	Harlem	40.80902	-73.94190	Private room	150	
	3	3831	Cozy Entire Floor of Brownstone	4869	LisaRoxanne	Brooklyn	Clinton Hill	40.68514	-73.95976	Entire home/apt	89	
	4	5022	Entire Apt: Spacious Studio/Loft by central park	7192	Laura	Manhattan	East Harlem	40.79851	-73.94399	Entire home/apt	80	
	48890	36484665	Charming one bedroom - newly renovated rowhouse	8232441	Sabrina	Brooklyn	Bedford- Stuyvesant	40.67853	-73.94995	Private room	70	
	48891	36485057	Affordable room in Bushwick/East Williamsburg	6570630	Marisol	Brooklyn	Bushwick	40.70184	-73.93317	Private room	40	
	48892	36485431	Sunny Studio at Historical Neighborhood	23492952	llgar & Aysel	Manhattan	Harlem	40.81475	-73.94867	Entire home/apt	115	
	48893	36485609	43rd St. Time Square-cozy single bed	30985759	Taz	Manhattan	Hell's Kitchen	40.75751	-73.99112	Shared room	55	
	48894	36487245	Trendy duplex in the very heart of Hell's Kitchen	68119814	Christophe	Manhattan	Hell's Kitchen	40.76404	-73.98933	Private room	90	

48895 rows × 16 columns

missing\_values = df.isnull().sum()
print(missing\_values)

_		
<u>→</u> ÷	id	0
	name	16
	host_id	0
	host_name	21
	neighbourhood_group	0
	neighbourhood	0
	latitude	0
	longitude	0
	room_type	0
	price	0
	minimum_nights	0
	number_of_reviews	0
	last_review	10052
	reviews_per_month	10052
	<pre>calculated_host_listings_count</pre>	0
	availability_365	0
	dtype: int64	

df.info()

```
→ <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
           RangeIndex: 48895 entries, 0 to 48894
           Data columns (total 16 columns):
                     Column
                                                                                                   Non-Null Count Dtype
                                                                                                    -----
             0
                                                                                                  48895 non-null int64
                      id
             1
                      name
                                                                                                 48879 non-null object
             2
                      host_id
                                                                                               48895 non-null int64

        3
        host_name
        48874 non-null object

        4
        neighbourhood_group
        48895 non-null object

        5
        neighbourhood
        48895 non-null object

        6
        latitude
        48895 non-null float64

        7
        longitude
        48895 non-null float64

        8
        room_type
        48895 non-null object

        9
        price
        48895 non-null int64

        10
        minimum_nights
        48895 non-null int64

        11
        number_of_reviews
        48895 non-null int64

        12
        last_review
        38843 non-null object

        13
        reviews_per_month
        38843 non-null float64

        14
        calculated host listings count
        48895 non-null int64

                                                                                                 48874 non-null object
                      host_name
             14 calculated_host_listings_count 48895 non-null int64
                                                                                                 48895 non-null int64
             15 availability_365
           dtypes: float64(3), int64(7), object(6)
           memory usage: 6.0+ MB
1.General statistics for prices in different neighnourhoods
```

```
stats=df.groupby('neighbourhood')['price'].agg(
   average_price=np.mean,
   median_price=np.median,
   min_price=np.min,
   max_price=np.max
).reset_index()
stats['price_range'] =stats['max_price']-stats['min_price']
print(stats)
```

<del></del>		neighbourhood	average_price	median_price	min_price	max_price	\
	0	Allerton	87.595238	66.5	33	450	
	1	Arden Heights	67.250000	72.5	41	83	
	2	Arrochar	115.000000	65.0	32	625	
	3	Arverne	171.779221	125.0	35	1500	
	4	Astoria	117.187778	85.0	25	10000	
	216	Windsor Terrace	138.993631	123.0	38	450	
	217	Woodhaven	67.170455	52.0	10	250	
	218	Woodlawn	60.090909	68.0	29	85	
	219	Woodrow	700.000000	700.0	700	700	
	220	Woodside	85.097872	60.0	28	500	

```
price_range
0
             417
1
             42
            1465
3
            9975
4
216
             412
217
             240
218
              56
219
               0
             472
220
```

[221 rows x 6 columns]

2. Room distribution-calculates the percentage distribution of each room type.

```
room_type_distribution = df['room_type'].value_counts(normalize=True) * 100
print(room_type_distribution)
→ room_type
    Entire home/apt
                      51.966459
```

Private room 45.661111 2.372431 Shared room Name: proportion, dtype: float64

HOST AND LISTING CHARACTERISTICS:

1.What is the average number of listings per host? 2.Which hosts have the most listings? 3.How does the number of reviews correlate with the price or type of listing?

```
Q1= df['host_id'].value_counts().mean()
print(Q1)
1.3053634834610353
Q2=df['host_id'].value_counts().reset_index()
print(Q2)
             host_id count
           219517861
     1
           107434423
                        232
     2
            30283594
                        121
           137358866
                        103
            16098958
     37452 23727216
                        1
     37453
            89211125
                          1
     37454
            19928013
                          1
             1017772
     37455
                          1
     37456
           68119814
     [37457 rows x 2 columns]
top_hosts = Q2.head(10)
print(top_hosts)
\overline{2}
         host_id
                 count
    0 219517861
                    327
     1 107434423
     2 30283594
                    121
     3 137358866
                    103
       16098958
        12243051
                     96
        61391963
                     91
        22541573
                     87
       200380610
                     65
     8
```

52

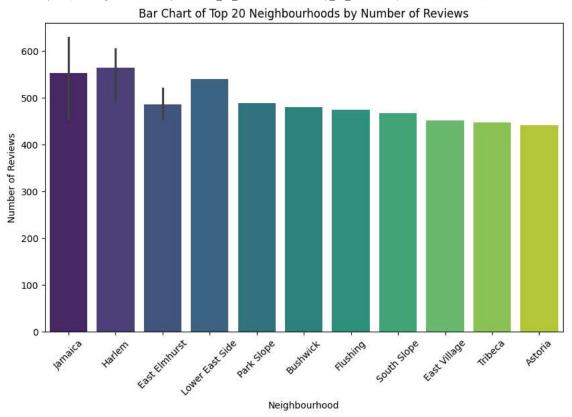
7503643

## Correlation between the number of reviews and the price

```
correlation=df[['price','number_of_reviews']].corr()
print(correlation)
                           price number_of_reviews
                                          -0.047954
     price
                        1.000000
     number_of_reviews -0.047954
                                           1.000000
Scatter plot of number of reviews vs price
top_20_reviews = df.nlargest(20, 'number_of_reviews')
# Plot bar chart for top 10 reviews
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
sns.barplot(x='neighbourhood', y='number_of_reviews', data=top_20_reviews, palette='viridis')
plt.title('Bar Chart of Top 20 Neighbourhoods by Number of Reviews')
plt.xlabel('Neighbourhood')
plt.ylabel('Number of Reviews')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()
```

```
<ipython-input-11-3a3e8d680779>:5: FutureWarning:
```

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend sns.barplot(x='neighbourhood', y='number\_of\_reviews', data=top\_20\_reviews, palette='viridis')



```
# Correlation between the number of reviews and the room type
# First, we need to convert the room_type to numerical values
room_type_mapping = {
    'Entire home/apt': 1,
    'Private room': 2,
    'Shared room': 3,
    'Hotel room': 4
}
df['room_type_num'] = df['room_type'].map(room_type_mapping)
correlation_reviews_room_type = df[['number_of_reviews', 'room_type_num']].corr()
print(correlation_reviews_room_type)
∓
                        number_of_reviews room_type_num
     number_of_reviews
                                 1.000000
                                                0.002724
                                                1.000000
     room_type_num
                                 0.002724
```

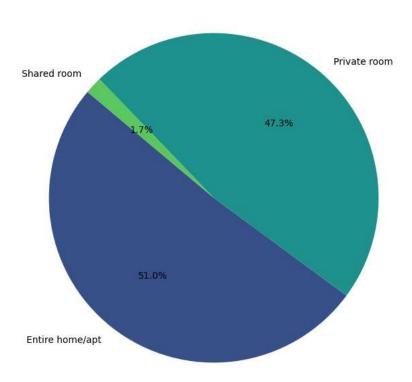
Box plot of number of reviews by room type

```
room_type_reviews = df.groupby('room_type')['number_of_reviews'].sum()

# Plot pie chart
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
plt.pie(room_type_reviews, labels=room_type_reviews.index, autopct='%1.1f%%', startangle=140, colors=sns.color_palette('viridis', n_colors=1
plt.title('Pie Chart of Number of Reviews by Room Type')
plt.show()
```



## Pie Chart of Number of Reviews by Room Type



## Neighbourhood Comparison

```
Neighbour_hood=df.groupby('neighbourhood').agg(average_price=('price', 'mean'),
        average_availability=('availability_365', 'mean'),
        average_reviews=('number_of_reviews', 'mean')
).reset_index()
print(Neighbour_hood)
```

$\rightarrow$		neighbourhood	average price	average availability	average reviews
_	0	Allerton	87.595238	163.666667	42.928571
	1	Arden Heights	67.250000	94.250000	7.750000
	2	Arrochar	115.000000	255.809524	14.619048
	3	Arverne	171.779221	188.428571	29.259740
	4	Astoria	117.187778	109.191111	21.455556
 216 217 218			• • •		
	216	Windsor Terrace	138.993631	81.885350	27.541401
	217	Woodhaven	67.170455	200.920455	31.727273
	Woodlawn	60.090909	98.272727	44.000000	
	219	Woodrow	700.000000	0.000000	0.000000
	220	Woodside	85.097872	130.217021	21.425532

[221 rows x 4 columns]

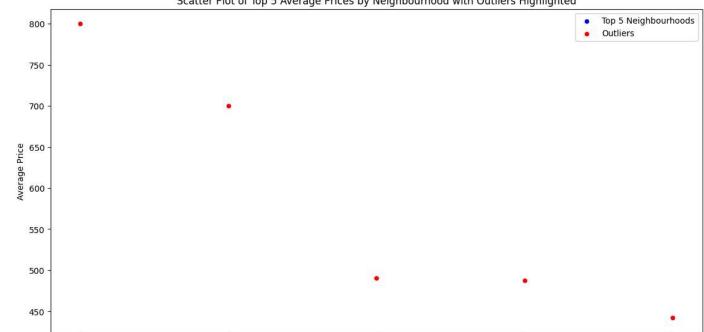
## Outliers in average price:-

```
neighbourhood_avg_price = df.groupby('neighbourhood')['price'].mean().reset_index()
# Detect outliers using IQR method
Q1 = neighbourhood_avg_price['price'].quantile(0.25)
Q3 = neighbourhood_avg_price['price'].quantile(0.75)
IQR = Q3 - Q1
lower_bound = Q1 - 1.5 * IQR
upper_bound = Q3 + 1.5 * IQR
outliers = neighbourhood_avg_price[(neighbourhood_avg_price['price'] < lower_bound) | (neighbourhood_avg_price['price'] > upper_bound)]
print(outliers)
```

```
neighbourhood price
6 Battery Park City 367.557143
```

Fort Wadsworth

```
75
          Flatiron District 341.925000
     82
             Fort Wadsworth
                            800.000000
          Greenwich Village 263.405612
     92
     127
                   Midtown
                             282.719094
                   Neponsit 274.666667
     139
     144
                       NoHo 295.717949
               Prince's Bay
     157
                            409.500000
              Randall Manor
                            336.000000
     161
     167
                  Riverdale
                            442.090909
     174
                             487.857143
                   Sea Gate
     178
                            287.103352
                       SoHo
     197
                    Tribeca 490.638418
     209
               West Village
                             267.682292
                            700.000000
     219
                    Woodrow
top_5_neighbourhoods = neighbourhood_avg_price.nlargest(5, 'price')
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 7))
sns.scatterplot(data=top_5_neighbourhoods, x='neighbourhood', y='price', color='blue', label='Top 5 Neighbourhoods')
sns.scatterplot(data=outliers[outliers['neighbourhood'].isin(top_5_neighbourhoods['neighbourhood'])], x='neighbourhood', y='price', color='r
plt.title('Scatter Plot of Top 5 Average Prices by Neighbourhood with Outliers Highlighted')
plt.xlabel('Neighbourhood')
plt.ylabel('Average Price')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
₹
                                     Scatter Plot of Top 5 Average Prices by Neighbourhood with Outliers Highlighted
```



Tribeca

Neighbourhood

Sea Gate

Moodrow

Riverdale