FACE Prep

Priority Queue using DLL



Priority Queue using DLL

• Priority queue is abstract data type which behave similar to the linear queue except that each element has priority.

Example:

Hospital Emergency Queue

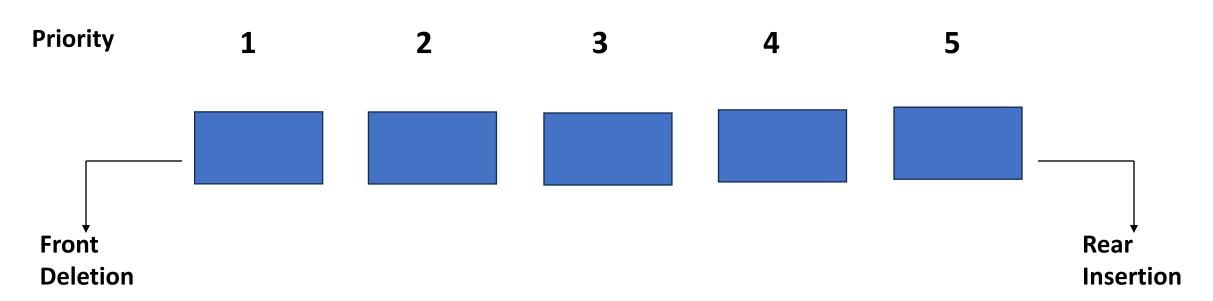
The patients will be treated according to their medical condition. (i.e: Person in pain

High priority).



Priority Queue using DLL

Example:



The priority of the elements in the priority queue will determine the order of removal of the data elements.



```
import java.util.*;
2
   class Main {
3
       static class Node {
4
            int data;
6
           int priority;
8
           Node next, prev;
9
           public Node(int data, int priority) {
10
                this.data = data;
11
12
                this.priority = priority;
13
14
15
16
       private static Node head = null;
17
18
19
20
21
```



```
private static void push(int data, int priority) {
         if (head == null) {
3
                Node newNode = new Node(data, priority);
4
5
                   head = newNode;
6
                   return;
7
8
          }
9
         Node node = new Node(data, priority);
10
                Node temp = head, parent = null;
11
12
                while (temp != null && temp.priority >= priority) {
13
                            parent = temp;
14
15
                            temp = temp.next;
16
17
                if (parent == null) {
18
19
                            node.next = head;
20
                            head.prev = node;
21
22
                            head = node; }
```

```
else if (temp == null) {
                      parent.next = node;
3
                      node.prev = parent;
5
6
         else {
8
                      parent.next = node;
9
                      node.prev = parent;
10
                      node.next = temp;
11
12
                      temp.prev = node;
13
14
15
16
       private static int peek() {
17
                if (head != null) {
18
19
                             return head.data;
20
21
22
                return -1; }
```

```
private static int pop() {
          if (head != null) {
3
                int curr = head.data;
4
5
                head = head.next;
6
                if (head != null)
7
8
                       head.prev = null;
9
                return curr;
10
11
12
          return -1;
13
14
15
      public static void main(String[] args) {
16
               Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
17
               int n=sc.nextInt();
18
19
               for(int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
20
21
22
                   int data=sc.nextInt();
```

```
int pri=sc.nextInt();
                            push(data, pri);
3
                      System.out.println(peek());
6
                      System.out.println(pop());
                      System.out.println(pop());
9
                      System.out.println(peek());
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
17
18
19
20
21
22
```



THANK YOU

