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— Parsing Polysynthesis —

POLYSYNTHETIC LANGUAGES

- Words composed of many morphemes, to the extent that an entire sentence can be made up of a single word.

- Wičháša ki hená wówapi*
man the those book
*ki Ø-wičhá-wa-k'u.*⁴
the INAN-3PL.ANIM.U-1SG.A-give
'I gave the book to those men.'
- Wičháwak'u.*
'I gave it to them.'

- Most grammar formalisms cannot easily account for sentences like these.

LEXICAL FUNCTIONAL GRAMMAR

c-structure appears
very minimally and
the f-structure is
flexible enough to
account for
polysynthetic aspects
of language

wirri-wudu-miyn,
3PL/3NEUT-liver-get.PP
'They got the liver (NEUT)

(26) *wirri-wudu-miyn*
(↑ PRED) = 'get<(SUBJ)(OBJ)>'
(↑ OBJ (€)) = ↓
(↓ PRED) = 'liver'
(↓ INDEX PERS) = 3
(↓ INDEX GEND) = NEUT
(↑ OBJ INDEX GEND) = NEUT

(27)

$$\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{SUBJ} \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{PRED} \text{ 'PRO'} \\ \text{INDEX} \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{PERS} \quad 3 \\ \text{NUM} \quad \text{PL} \end{array} \right] \end{array} \right] \\ \text{PRED} \text{ 'GET<(SUBJ)(OBJ)>'} \\ \text{OBJ} \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{INDEX} \left[\text{GEND} \quad \text{NEUT} \right] \\ \text{CONJ} \quad \text{AND} \\ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{PRED} \text{ 'LIVER'} \\ \text{INDEX} \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{PERS} \quad 3 \\ \text{GEND} \quad \text{NEUT} \end{array} \right] \\ \text{CASE} \quad \text{NOM} \end{array} \right] \\ \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{PRED} \text{ 'HEART'} \\ \text{INDEX} \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{PERS} \quad 3 \\ \text{GEND} \quad \text{NEUT} \end{array} \right] \\ \text{CASE} \quad \text{NOM} \end{array} \right] \end{array} \right\} \end{array} \right] \end{array} \right]$$

ROLE AND REFERENCE GRAMMAR

- 1) "What would linguistic theory look like if it were based on the analysis of languages with diverse structures such as Lakhotia, rather than on the analysis of English?"
- 2) "How can the interaction of syntax, semantics, and pragmatics in different grammatical systems best be captured and explained?"

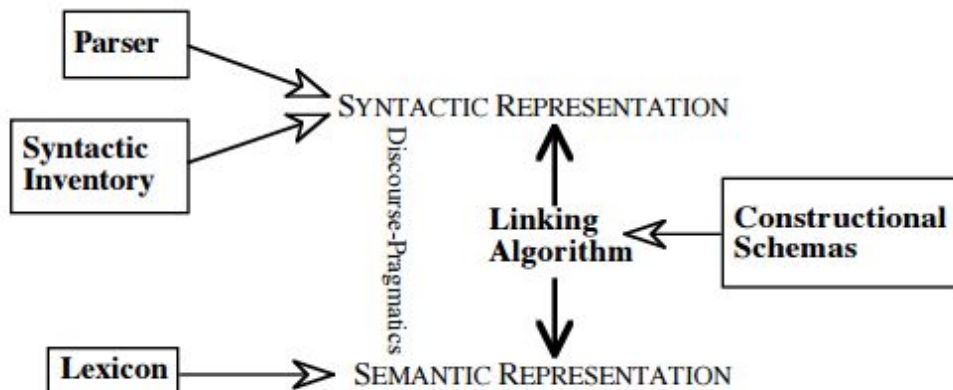


Figure 1: Organization of Role and Reference Grammar

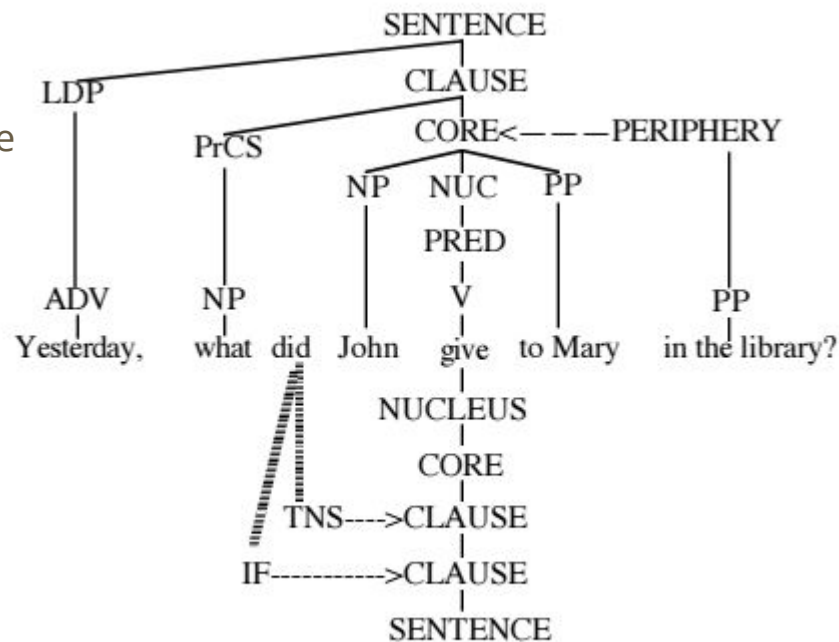


Figure 3: The LSC in English

RRG

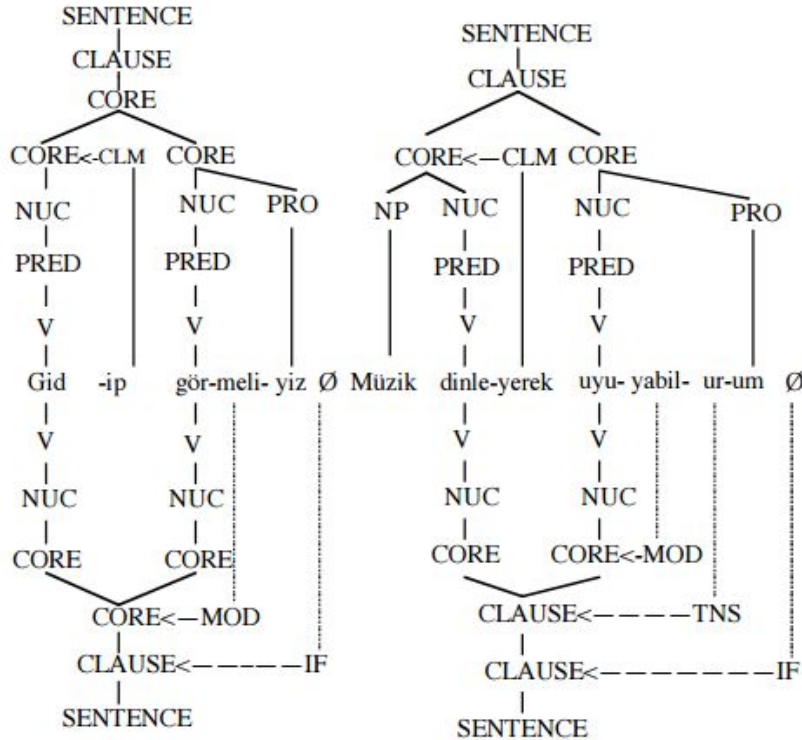


Figure 10: Turkish Core Junctures

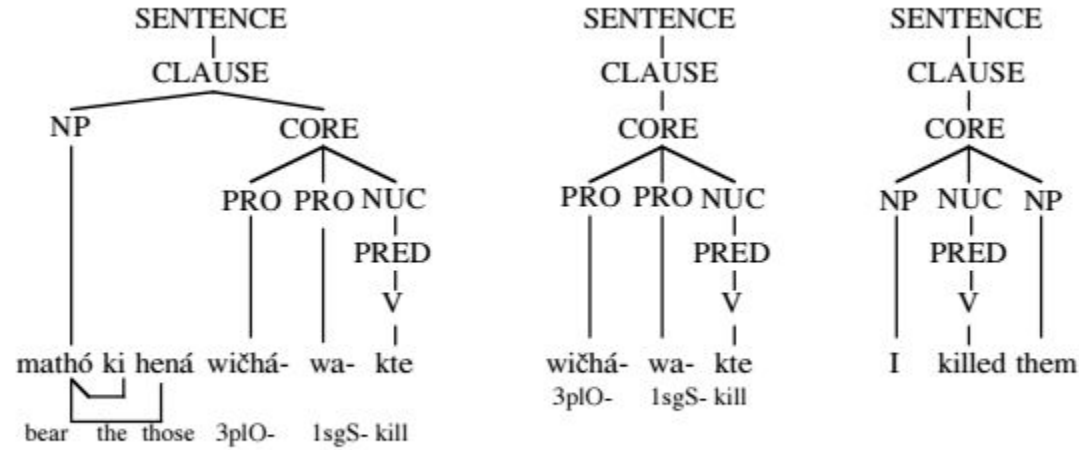


Figure 5: The LSC in Lakhota (Head-marking) and English (Dependent-marking)

*"We ought to go and see." / "While listening to music, I can sleep."

By lacking X-Bar Theory and by lacking underlying structure, RRG doesn't need to undergo the same theoretical gymnastics as do other syntactic formalisms.

TO DO

- Further understand RRG and its role in polysynthetic parsing.
- Work through how LFG is used in parsing and machine translation of polysynthetic languages like Aymara (Homola 2010, 2011, 2012).
- Write a splendiferous paper.

SOURCES

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