

React and Its High-Level View

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From JavaScript to React

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How we Add Elements at Runtime using JavaScript

- Suppose, we have an **element** in HTML:
 - `<div id="mydiv">H</div>`
- We can **add** an **element/node dynamically** using **JavaScript DOM API**:
 - `const h1 = document.createElement("h1");`
`const textNode = document.createTextNode("Hello World!");`
`h1.appendChild(textNode);`
`const mydiv = document.getElementById('mydiv');`
`mydiv.appendChild(h1);`

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How we Add Elements at Runtime using JavaScript

- We get output as

The H in output is
generated using this div

`<div id="mydiv">H</div>`



This is added dynamically
to `<div>` with `id=myDiv`.

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How we Add Elements at Runtime using JavaScript

- On **inspecting** the elements in browser we find:

```
<div id="mydiv">
  "H"
  <h1>Hello World!</h1> == $0
</div>
<script type="text/babel">...</script>
```

This is added dynamically.

We tell step by step **how** to do

JavaScript code that adds **<h1>** element dynamically is

Create new element **<h1>**

```
const h1 = document.createElement("h1");
const textNode = document.createTextNode("Hello World!");
h1.appendChild(textNode);
```

Append new element **<h1>**
under existing **<div>**

```
const mydiv = document.getElementById('mydiv');
mydiv.appendChild(h1);
```

Vanilla JavaScript Approach is Imperative

How React renders UI components?

- React simplifies this dynamic DOM manipulation.
- Suppose, we have an element in HTML.
 - `<div id="mydiv"></div>`
- Using React code, we can render a Hello UI component in this div using
 - `ReactDOM.render(<Hello />, document.getElementById('mydiv'));`

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react-page-1.html

```
1 <!DOCTYPE html>
2 <html lang="en">
3 <head>
4   <meta charset="UTF-8">
5   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
6   <title>React Standalone</title>
7   <!-- Add these script tags for React and ReactDOM -->
8   <script crossorigin src="https://unpkg.com/react@18/umd/react.development.js"></script>
9   <script crossorigin src="https://unpkg.com/react-dom@18/umd/react-dom.development.js"></script>
10  <!-- Add Babel standalone for JSX transpilation -->
11  <script crossorigin src="https://unpkg.com/@babel/standalone/babel.min.js"></script>
12 </head>
13 <body>
14   <h1>React Standalone</h1>
15   <!-- Your React code will go here -->
16   <div id="root"></div>
17
```

8

```

18  <!-- Your JSX code -->
19  <script type="text/babel">
20    // Your React component with JSX syntax
21    const App = (
22      <div>
23        Hello, React with JSX!
24      </div>
25    );
26
27    // Render the React component
28    ReactDOM.render(
29      App,
30      document.getElementById('root')
31    );
32  </script>
33 </body>
34 </html>

```

Browser does not understand JSX, so babel is required.

App variable has JSX

Render the content of App variable

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The screenshot shows a web browser window with the title 'React Standalone'. The address bar shows the URL '127.0.0.1:5500/react-page-1.html'. The page content displays 'React Standalone' in a large font, followed by 'Hello, React with JSX!' in a smaller font. A red arrow points from the text 'Created by App variable.' to the 'Hello, React with JSX!' text. The browser's developer console is open, showing several messages. The first message is 'Live reload enabled.' with a source link to 'react-page-1.html:61'. The second message is a warning: 'You are using the in-browser Babel transformer. Be sure to transformScriptTags.ts:253 precompile your scripts for production - https://babeljs.io/docs/setup/'. The third message is a warning: 'Warning: ReactDOM.render is no longer supported in React react-dom.development.js:73 18. Use createRoot instead. Until you switch to the new API, your app will behave as if it's running React 17. Learn more: https://reactjs.org/link/switch-to-createroot'.

Created by App variable.

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react-page-2.html X

react-page-2.html > ...

```

1  <!DOCTYPE html>
2  <html lang="en">
3  <head>
4    <meta charset="UTF-8">
5    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
6    <title>React Standalone</title>
7    <!-- Add these script tags for React and ReactDOM -->
8    <script crossorigin src="https://unpkg.com/react@18/umd/react.development.js"></script>
9    <script crossorigin src="https://unpkg.com/react-dom@18/umd/react-dom.development.js"></script>
10   <!-- Add Babel standalone for JSX transpilation -->
11   <script crossorigin src="https://unpkg.com/@babel/standalone/babel.min.js"></script>
12 </head>
13 <body>
14   <h1>React Standalone</h1>
15   <!-- Your React code will go here -->
16   <div id="root"></div>
17

```

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```

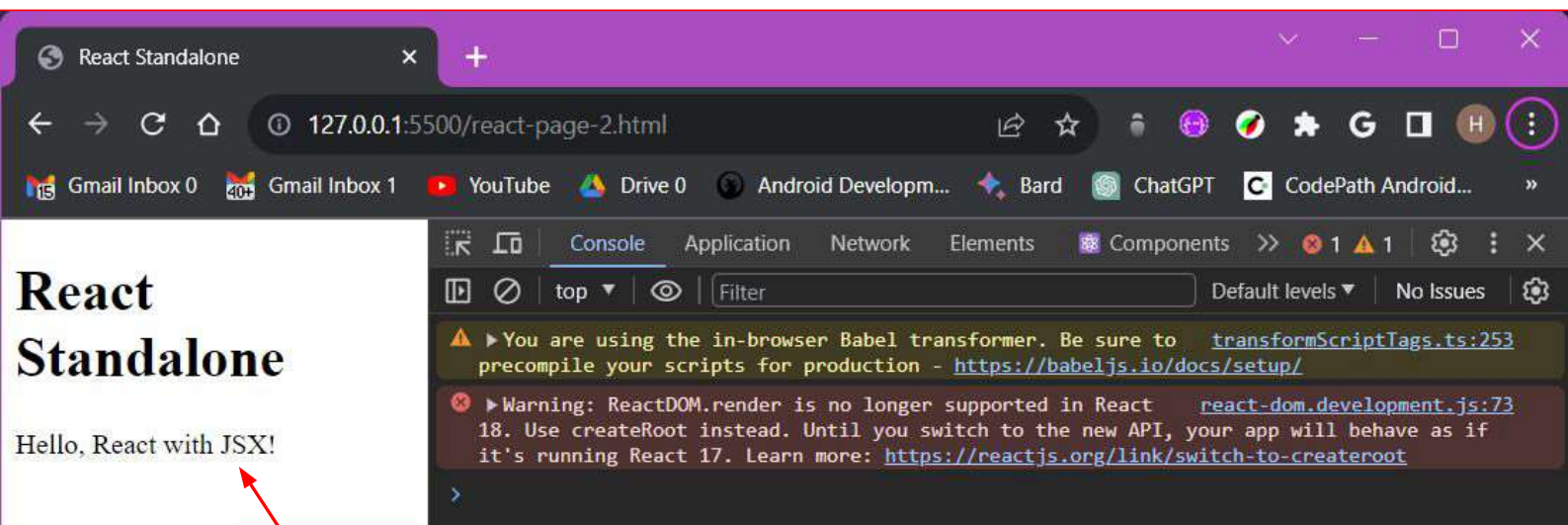
18   <!-- Your JSX code -->
19   <script type="text/babel">
20     // Your React component with JSX syntax
21     function App() {
22       return (
23         <div>
24           Hello, React with JSX!
25         </div>
26       )
27     }
28
29     // Render the React component
30     ReactDOM.render(
31       App(),
32       document.getElementById('root')
33     );
34   </script>
35 </body>
36 </html>

```

App is a function that returns JSX

Call App function.

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Created by App function.

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react-page-3.html



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```
18  <!-- Your JSX code -->
19  <script type="text/babel">
20    // Your React component with JSX syntax
21    const App = () => {
22      return (
23        <h1>Hello, React with JSX!</h1>
24      );
25    };
26
27    // Render the React component
28    ReactDOM.render(
29      <App />,
30      document.getElementById('root')
31    );
32  </script>
33 </body>
34 </html>
```

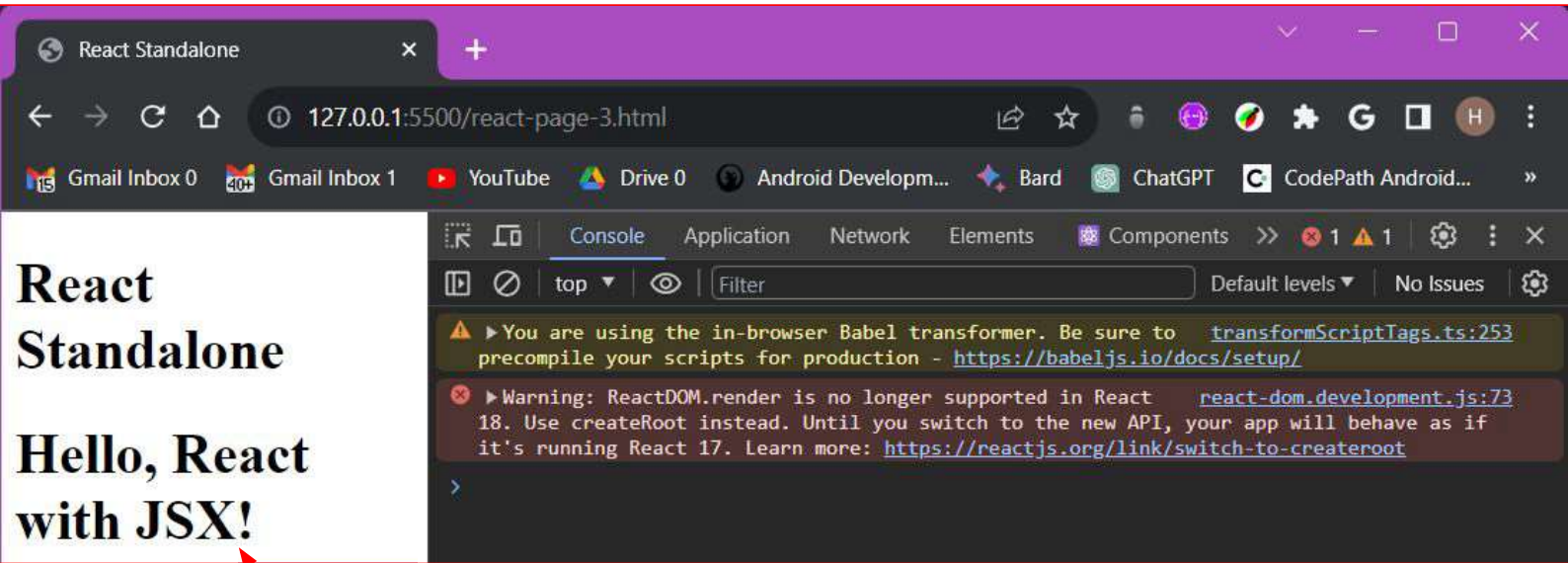
App is a function that returns JSX.
That is React component

Use App (Component) with an HTML
tag syntax.
React internally can call the App()
function in place of <App />

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React Approach is Declarative

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Created by App (React) component.

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High-Level View of React

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Is React a framework?

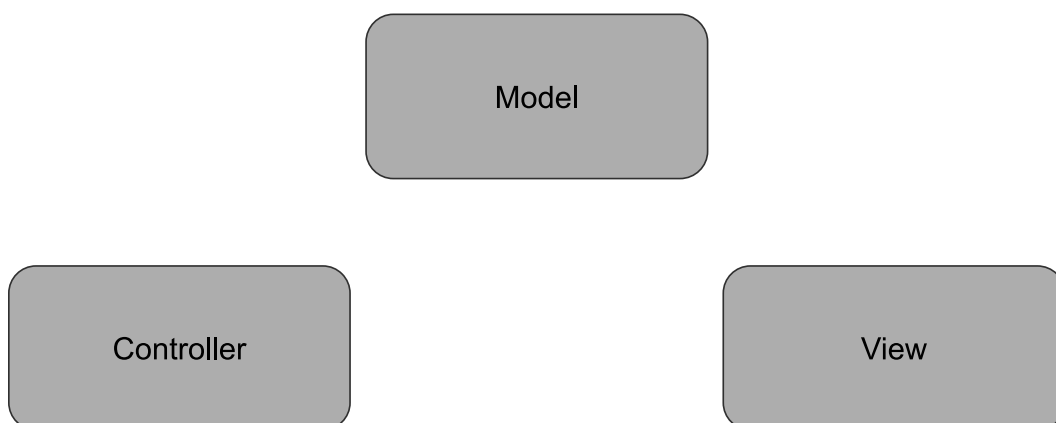
- No, React is a JavaScript **library** from **Facebook**.
 - **Initially** Facebook used **internally**, then made **publicly available**.

Source: <https://react.dev/>



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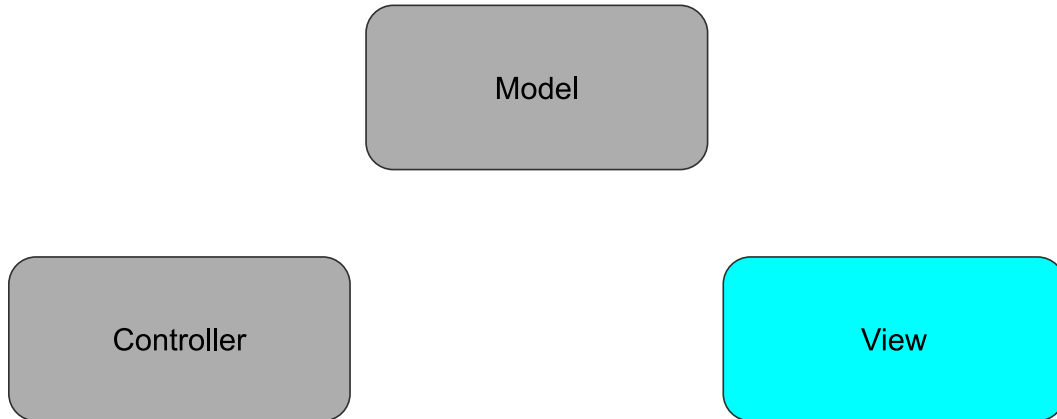
React is **NOT** an MVC Framework



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React is **NOT** an MVC Framework

- React is a JavaScript **library** used to **create UI components**.



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React Library is

- Component-based
- Declarative
- Efficient
- Flexible

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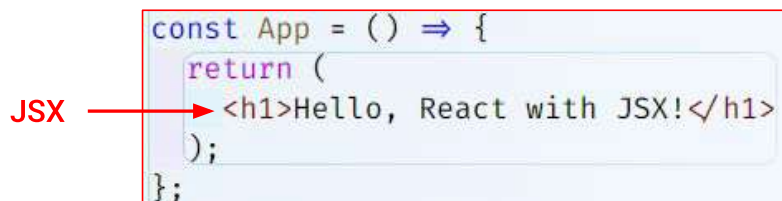
What React allows us to do?

- React allows us to create **small, reusable, isolated UI components**.
- These **smaller components** can be **composed** to make **higher level components**.
- React **apps** are **made** using such **components**.
 - A **component** is a **piece** of **UI** that has **its own**:
 - **Logic** (JavaScript, Event Handling, DOM manipulation)
 - **Appearance** (HTML and styles)

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React Components at Present

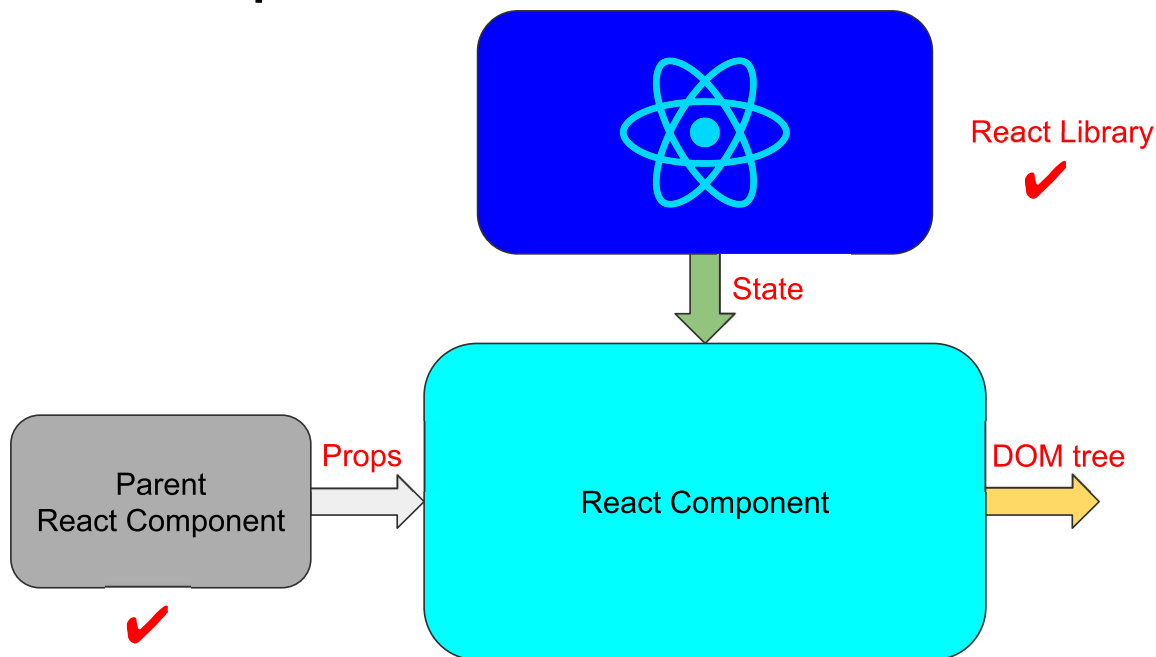
- **Now, React components** are **JavaScript functions** that **return Markup**.



```
const App = () => {  
  return (  
    <h1>Hello, React with JSX!</h1>  
  );  
};
```

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React Component and its Control



Each component's state is maintained by React

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What is JSX?

- **JSX**: JSX is an **extension** created by **Facebook** that adds **XML syntax** to **JavaScript**.
- **Browser** does **not understand**, **JSX**.
 - **JSX** can be converted **into JavaScript** using **Babel** translator.
 - **Babel**: Babel is also used to **convert advanced JavaScript** concepts **into** what browser can understand.

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React Components

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How to create React Component

- There are **two ways**:
 - **Class based** (Using **ES6 class**).
 - **Functional component** (Using **function** and **closure**).

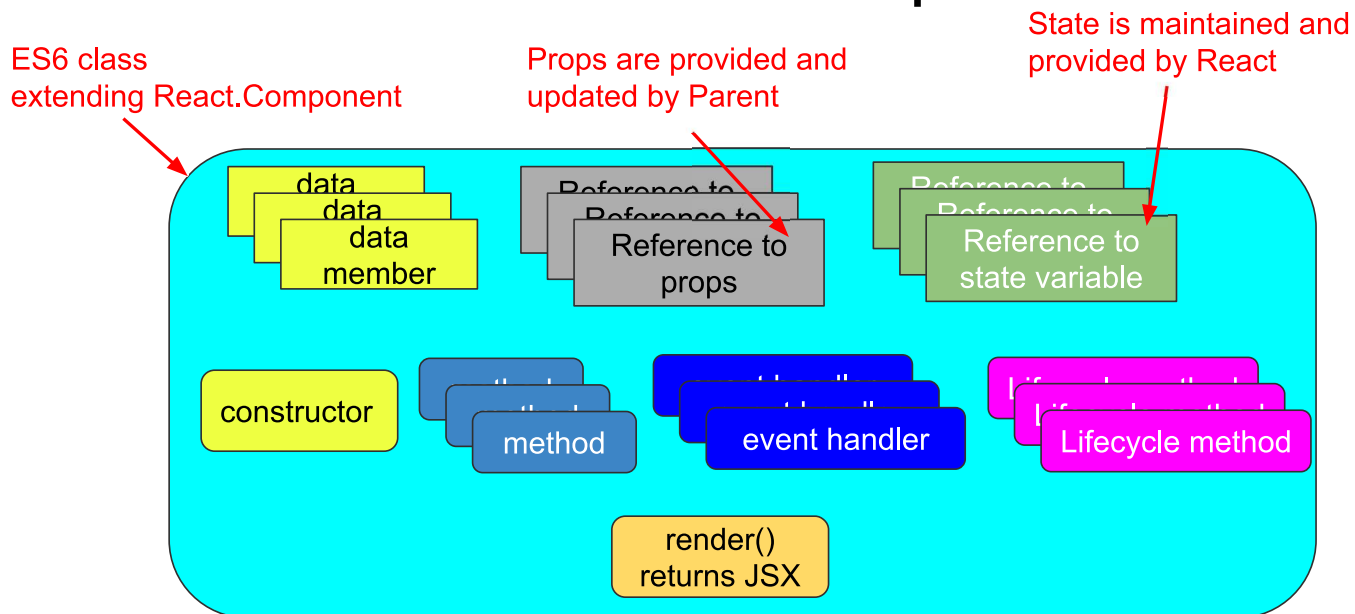
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How to create Class-based React Component

- Class based component has
 - **Lifecycle methods**.
 - **constructor**, accepts props (properties) (**this.props**).
 - **render()** method.
 - **state** object (**this.state**).
- Class based component **cannot** use **Hooks**.

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What does a class based React Component can contain?



React Component is a standalone unit, and can respond to events

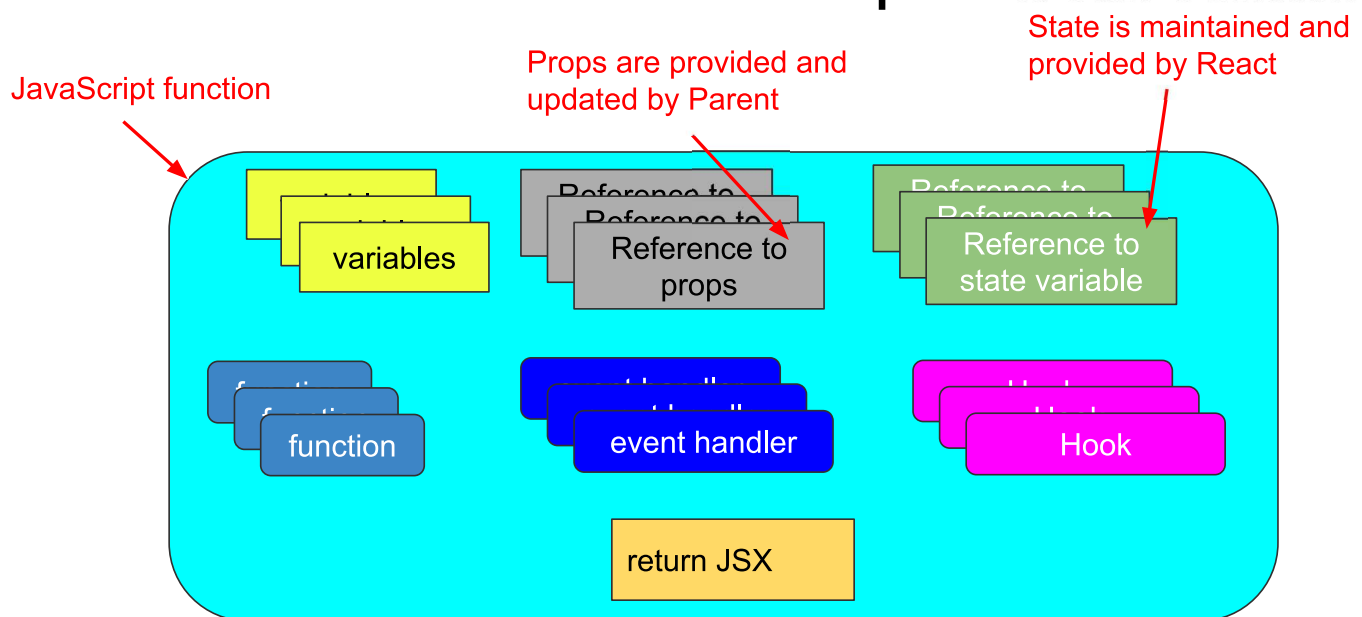
30

How to create Functional React Component

- Functional component is a **JavaScript function**. (Generally a **closure**)
- ✓ • It can **create** and **use**:
 - variables.
 - functions **within itself** (function).
 - event handlers **within itself** (function).
- It can **use**:
 - **hooks**.
 - **props**.
 - **state**.

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What does a Functional React Component can Contain?



React Component is a standalone unit, and can respond to events

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References

- <https://legacy.reactjs.org/docs/add-react-to-a-website.html>
- <https://legacy.reactjs.org/docs/hello-world.html>
- <https://legacy.reactjs.org/docs/introducing-jsx.html>
- <https://react.dev/>