

**Exercise 5** – *Bayesian inference and Data assimilation*

**Due by:** Tuesday, 23 May 2023, 23:59 (CEST)

**Problem 1** (40pts) [Problem 2.7 of the lecture notes] Consider the two sets

$$\mathcal{X}_1 := \{a_1 = 1, a_2 = 2, a_3 = 3\} \quad \text{and} \quad \mathcal{X}_2 := \{b_1 = 1.5, b_2 = 2, b_3 = -1\}$$

with uniform probability mass:  $\mathbb{P}(a_i) = \mathbb{P}(b_i) = 1/3$  for  $i = 1, 2, 3$ . A coupling is defined by a matrix  $T \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 3}$  with  $t_{ij} \geq 0$  and

$$\sum_{i=1}^3 t_{ij} = \sum_{j=1}^3 t_{ij} = 1/3$$

Find the coupling that minimizes

$$J(T) = \sum_{i,j=1}^3 t_{ij} |b_i - a_j|^2$$

What do you notice about the sparsity structure of the optimal coupling matrix  $T^*$ ?

**Problem 2a** (30pts) Let  $X \sim U[0, 1]$  be a uniform random variable.

1. Find a quadrature rule for  $M = 1$  of order  $p = 2$ .
2. Find all quadrature rules for  $M = 2$  that have order  $p = 3$ .

**Problem 2b** (30pts) [Problem 3.3 of the lecture notes] Determine the ANOVA decomposition for

$$f(x_1, x_2) = 12x_1 + 6x_2 - 6x_1x_2$$

and compute the associated variances  $\sigma_1^2$ ,  $\sigma_2$  and  $\sigma_{12}^2$ . The underlying measure is uniform measure on  $[0, 1]^2$ . (See also pp.71–72 for explanation about ANOVA decomposition.)