# COVID-19-Image-Classification-phase2-large c19 dataset

November 24, 2021

## 1 Covid19 Image Classification - Phase 2

**Abstract:** Our Aim is to detect Covid19 from chest X-rays. The covid19 image dataset is small with 251 training and 60 test images belonging to 'NoFinding', 'Covid19' and 'Pneumonia' respectively. This dataset small and is insufficient to generalize. So for the purpoe of our project, in Phase-I we will first use NIH X-ray image data to retrain and finetune pretrained model architecture such as ResNet50V2, MobileNetV2 and VGG16.

Following the results from phase 1, we selected the best model to be \_\_\_\_\_ and in phase 2 we will focus on classifing our target dataset of covid images

```
[15]: # common imports
      import os
      import numpy as np
      import matplotlib.pylab as plt
      import pandas as pd
      from glob import glob
      from pathlib import Path
      from functools import partial
      from sklearn.model selection import train test split
      os.environ["TF_CPP_MIN_LOG_LEVEL"] = "2"
      # prevent VRAM occupied
      os.environ['TF_FORCE_GPU_ALLOW_GROWTH'] = 'true'
      # TensorFlow 2.0 is required
      import tensorflow as tf
      from tensorflow import keras
      assert tf. version >= "2.0"
      from keras.applications.resnet_v2 import preprocess_input
      from keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
      import warnings
      warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
[16]: #change working directory - as the images are located in data/raw in the
    →project folder (Execute this cell Once)

if '/notebooks' in os.getcwd():
    os.chdir("../")
    print("set the project directory as working directory")
else:
    print(os.getcwd())
```

/home/jay/Temple/myprojects/covid19-image-detection-tfl

```
[17]: # Import functions for trianing the model
%load_ext autoreload
%autoreload 2
import src.models.train_model as train_model
# load tensorboard extension
%reload_ext tensorboard
```

The autoreload extension is already loaded. To reload it, use: %reload\_ext autoreload

```
[18]: # Constants
SEED =42
IMAGE_SIZE = (224,224)
IMAGE_SHAPE = (224,224,3)
BATCH_SIZE = 32
SHUFFLE = True
TARGET_WIDTH= 224
TARGET_HEGIHT =224
NUM_CLASSES = 3 # number of ClassesNUM
NUM_EPOCHS = 10
log_folder = 'logs' # logs folder
```

### 1.1 Preprocess Images

```
[19]: BATCH_SIZE =1

covid_image_train_data_gen = ImageDataGenerator(
    preprocessing_function= preprocess_input,
    validation_split=0.2,
    featurewise_center=False, # set input mean to 0 over the dataset
    samplewise_center=True, #Boolean. Set each sample mean to 0.
    samplewise_std_normalization = False, #Boolean. Divide each input by its_□
    →std.

featurewise_std_normalization=False, # divide inputs by std of the dataset
    horizontal_flip = True, #Boolean. Randomly flip inputs horizontally.
```

```
vertical flip = False, #Boolean. Randomly flip inputs vertically.
    zca whitening=False, # apply ZCA whitening
    height_shift_range= 0.05, #float: fraction of total height, if < 1, or
\rightarrow pixels if >= 1.
    width_shift_range=0.1, #float: fraction of total height, if < 1, or pixels_
 \hookrightarrow if >= 1.
    rotation_range=20, #Int. Degree range for random rotations. O -180 degrees
    shear_range = 0.1, #Float. Shear Intensity (Shear angle in_
 →counter-clockwise direction in degrees)
    fill_mode = 'nearest', #One of {"constant", "nearest", "reflect" or "wrap"}.
\rightarrow Default is 'nearest'.
    zoom_range=0.15) #Float or [lower, upper]. Range for random zoom. If a_
\rightarrow float, [lower, upper] = [1-zoom_range, 1+zoom_range]
# covid_image_test_data_gen = ImageDataGenerator(
      preprocessing_function= preprocess_input,
      featurewise_center=False, # set input mean to 0 over the dataset
      samplewise_center=True, #Boolean. Set each sample mean to 0.
      samplewise std normalization = False, #Boolean. Divide each input by itsu
\hookrightarrow std.
      featurewise std normalization=False, # divide inputs by std of the dataset
      horizontal_flip = True, #Boolean. Randomly flip inputs horizontally.
      vertical_flip = False, #Boolean. Randomly flip inputs vertically.
      zca_whitening=False, # apply ZCA whitening
      height_shift_range= 0.05, #float: fraction of total height, if < 1, or
\rightarrow pixels if >= 1.
      width shift range=0.1, #float: fraction of total height, if < 1, or
\rightarrow pixels if >= 1.
      rotation_range=20, #Int. Degree range for random rotations. 0 -180 degrees
      shear_range = 0.1, #Float. Shear Intensity (Shear angle in_
→ counter-clockwise direction in degrees)
      fill mode = 'nearest', #One of {"constant", "nearest", "reflect" or
→ "wrap"}. Default is 'nearest'.
      zoom range=0.15) #Float or [lower, upper]. Range for random zoom. If all
\rightarrow float, [lower, upper] = [1-zoom_range, 1+zoom_range]
covid_train_ds = covid_image_train_data_gen.flow_from_directory(
  'data/raw/covid19-images',
  subset="training",
  class_mode='categorical',
  #classes=['Covid19', 'Normal', 'Pneumonia'],
  seed=SEED,
  target size=IMAGE SIZE,
  batch size=BATCH SIZE)
```

```
covid_valid_ds = covid_image_train_data_gen.flow_from_directory(
  'data/raw/covid19-images',
  subset="validation",
  #classes=['Covid19', 'Normal', 'Pneumonia'],
 class_mode='categorical',
 seed=SEED,
 target_size=IMAGE_SIZE,
 batch size=BATCH SIZE)
# covid_test_generator = covid_image_test_data_gen.flow_from_directory(
   'data/raw/Covid19-dataset/test/',
#
   class mode='categorical',
# classes=['Covid', 'Normal', 'Viral Pneumonia'],
# seed=SEED.
# target_size=IMAGE_SIZE,
  batch_size=BATCH_SIZE)
```

Found 2995 images belonging to 3 classes. Found 748 images belonging to 3 classes.

#### 1.2 Reload and train the Saved Model

```
[27]: def train validate and test reconstructed model (saved model path: str,
                                                      model_name: str,
                                                      covid_train_ds,
                                                      covid_valid_ds,
                                                      #freeze layers: bool = False,
                                                      num_classes: int = 3,
                                                      num epochs: int = 50,
                                                      batch_size: int = 32,
                                                      activation_func: str =_
      learning_rate: float = 0.001,
                                                      ft_learning_rate:float = 0.
      →00001,
                                                      fine_tune_at_layer: int = 0):
          # It can be used to reconstruct the model identically.
         reconstructed model = keras.models.load_model(saved_model_path)
         new_layer = reconstructed_model.layers[-2].output
         new_layer = keras.layers.Dense(256, activation="relu")(new_layer)
         new_layer = keras.layers.Dropout(0.3)(new_layer)
          output = keras.layers.Dense(num classes, activation=activation func,
       →name='output')(new_layer)
```

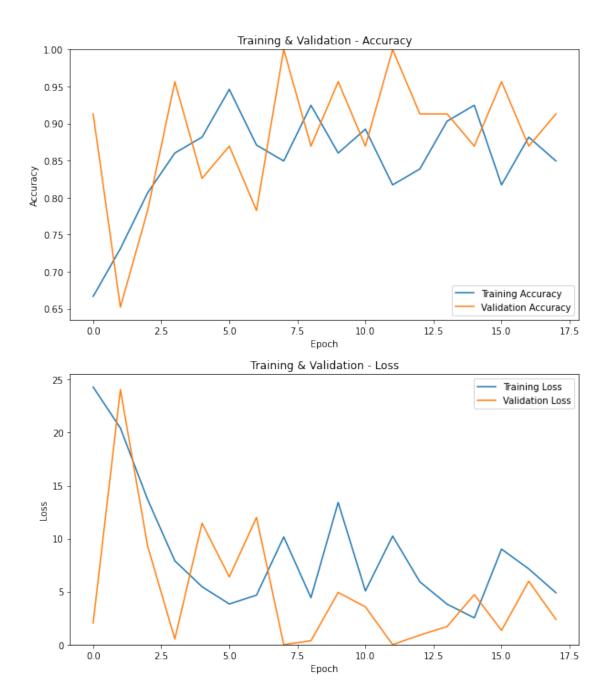
```
new_model = keras.Model(inputs = reconstructed_model.input, outputs = ___
→output)
   new_model = train_model.compile_classifier(new_model, learning_rate)
   new model history = train model fit model (new model, covid train ds,,,
→covid_valid_ds,num_epochs=num_epochs,batch_size=batch_size, patience=10)
   print(f'{model_name} Accuracy and Loss plots')
   train_model.plot_accuracy_and_loss(new_model_history)
   print("\n")
   #fine_tune model_name
   new_model_ft = train_model.
→fine_tune_model(new_model,ft_learning_rate,optimizer='Adam',fine_tune_at_layer=fine_tune_at
   print("\n")
   print(f'Fine-Tuned {model_name} Training and Validation: ')
   new_model_ft_history = train_model.fit_model(new_model_ft, covid_train_ds,
           covid_valid_ds,
           num_epochs=num_epochs,batch_size=batch_size)
   print(f'Fine-Tuned {model name} Accuracy and Loss plots')
   train_model.plot_accuracy_and_loss(new_model_ft_history)
```

## 2 Covid19 Image Classification - Phase 2

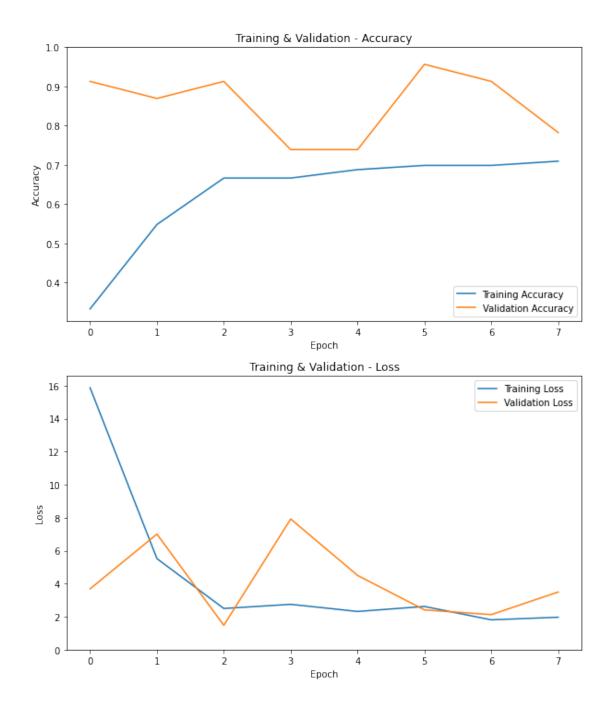
## 2.1 Experiement 1 - Classification (softmax)

```
Epoch 00003: val_loss did not improve from 2.05106
Epoch 4/50
0.8602 - val_loss: 0.5326 - val_accuracy: 0.9565
Epoch 00004: val_loss improved from 2.05106 to 0.53256, saving model to
models/my_model.h5
Epoch 5/50
0.8817 - val_loss: 11.4568 - val_accuracy: 0.8261
Epoch 00005: val_loss did not improve from 0.53256
Epoch 6/50
93/93 [============= ] - 2s 24ms/step - loss: 3.8362 - accuracy:
0.9462 - val_loss: 6.3909 - val_accuracy: 0.8696
Epoch 00006: val_loss did not improve from 0.53256
Epoch 7/50
0.8710 - val_loss: 12.0049 - val_accuracy: 0.7826
Epoch 00007: val_loss did not improve from 0.53256
Epoch 8/50
accuracy: 0.8495 - val_loss: 1.7728e-05 - val_accuracy: 1.0000
Epoch 00008: val_loss improved from 0.53256 to 0.00002, saving model to
models/my_model.h5
Epoch 9/50
0.9247 - val_loss: 0.3658 - val_accuracy: 0.8696
Epoch 00009: val_loss did not improve from 0.00002
Epoch 10/50
accuracy: 0.8602 - val_loss: 4.9259 - val_accuracy: 0.9565
Epoch 00010: val_loss did not improve from 0.00002
Epoch 11/50
0.8925 - val_loss: 3.5642 - val_accuracy: 0.8696
Epoch 00011: val_loss did not improve from 0.00002
Epoch 12/50
accuracy: 0.8172 - val_loss: 4.4649e-05 - val_accuracy: 1.0000
```

```
Epoch 00012: val_loss did not improve from 0.00002
Epoch 13/50
0.8387 - val_loss: 0.9011 - val_accuracy: 0.9130
Epoch 00013: val_loss did not improve from 0.00002
Epoch 14/50
0.9032 - val_loss: 1.7077 - val_accuracy: 0.9130
Epoch 00014: val_loss did not improve from 0.00002
Epoch 15/50
0.9247 - val_loss: 4.7214 - val_accuracy: 0.8696
Epoch 00015: val_loss did not improve from 0.00002
Epoch 16/50
0.8172 - val_loss: 1.3423 - val_accuracy: 0.9565
Epoch 00016: val_loss did not improve from 0.00002
Epoch 17/50
0.8817 - val_loss: 5.9851 - val_accuracy: 0.8696
Epoch 00017: val_loss did not improve from 0.00002
Epoch 18/50
0.8495 - val_loss: 2.3790 - val_accuracy: 0.9130
Epoch 00018: val_loss did not improve from 0.00002
Restoring model weights from the end of the best epoch.
Epoch 00018: early stopping
ResNet50V2 Accuracy and Loss plots
```



```
Epoch 00001: val_loss improved from inf to 3.68873, saving model to
models/my_model.h5
Epoch 2/50
0.5484 - val_loss: 7.0053 - val_accuracy: 0.8696
Epoch 00002: val_loss did not improve from 3.68873
Epoch 3/50
0.6667 - val_loss: 1.4767 - val_accuracy: 0.9130
Epoch 00003: val_loss improved from 3.68873 to 1.47672, saving model to
models/my_model.h5
Epoch 4/50
0.6667 - val_loss: 7.9211 - val_accuracy: 0.7391
Epoch 00004: val_loss did not improve from 1.47672
Epoch 5/50
0.6882 - val_loss: 4.5016 - val_accuracy: 0.7391
Epoch 00005: val_loss did not improve from 1.47672
Epoch 6/50
0.6989 - val_loss: 2.4128 - val_accuracy: 0.9565
Epoch 00006: val_loss did not improve from 1.47672
Epoch 7/50
0.6989 - val_loss: 2.1276 - val_accuracy: 0.9130
Epoch 00007: val_loss did not improve from 1.47672
Epoch 8/50
0.7097 - val_loss: 3.4960 - val_accuracy: 0.7826
Epoch 00008: val_loss did not improve from 1.47672
Restoring model weights from the end of the best epoch.
Epoch 00008: early stopping
Fine-Tuned ResNet50V2 Accuracy and Loss plots
```



# 2.2 Training and Validating ResNet50V2 on Covid19 dataset with no transfer learning

```
[29]: # Constants

SEED =42

IMAGE_SIZE = (224,224)

IMAGE_SHAPE = (224,224,3)
```

```
BATCH_SIZE = 32
SHUFFLE = True
NUM_CLASSES = 15 # number of ClassesNUM
NUM_EPOCHS = 10
PRETRAINED_MODELS = ['ResNet50V2', 'MobileNetV2', 'VGG16']
# Train and validate function
def train_and_validate_model(model_name,
                            train generator,
                            valid_generator,
                            save_model_filepath: str,
                            logs_dir: str,
                            patience: int =5,
                            freeze_layers:bool = True,
                            activation: str = 'softmax',
                            learning_rate: float =0.01,
                            fine_tune_learning_rate: float = 0.0001,
                            fine_tune_at_layer:int = 186,
                            num_epochs:int = NUM_EPOCHS,
                            num_classes: int = NUM_CLASSES,
                            batch_size: int = BATCH_SIZE,
                            input_shape: int = IMAGE_SHAPE):
   print(model_name)
   my model = train model.
 →get_base_model_with_new_toplayer(base_model=model_name,
                                                         freeze_layers =_
→freeze_layers,
                                                         num_classes =_
\rightarrownum_classes,
→activation_func=activation,
                                                         learning_rate =
→learning_rate,
                                                         input_shape =__
→input_shape)
   my_model_history = train_model.fit_model(my_model,
                                            train_generator,
                                            valid_generator,
                                            num_epochs=num_epochs,
                                            batch_size=batch_size,
 logs_dir = logs_dir,
```

```
patience = patience)
   print(f'{model_name} Accuracy and Loss plots')
   train_model.plot_accuracy_and_loss(my_model_history)
   print("\n")
   #fine_tune model_name
   model ft = train model.fine tune model(my model,
                                          fine_tune_learning_rate,
                                          optimizer='Adam',
→fine_tune_at_layer=fine_tune_at_layer,
                                          activation_func=activation)
   print("\n")
   print(f'Fine-Tuned {model_name} Training and Validation: ')
   model_ft_history = train_model.fit_model(model_ft, train_generator,
           valid_generator, num_epochs=num_epochs,batch_size=batch_size)
   print(f'Fine-Tuned {model name} Accuracy and Loss plots')
   train_model.plot_accuracy_and_loss(model_ft_history)
   return model_ft
```

```
TypeError: train_and_validate_model() got an unexpected keyword argument 

→ 'patience'
```

```
[8]: # clear gpu memory
from numba import cuda
device = cuda.get_current_device()
device.reset()
```

[]: