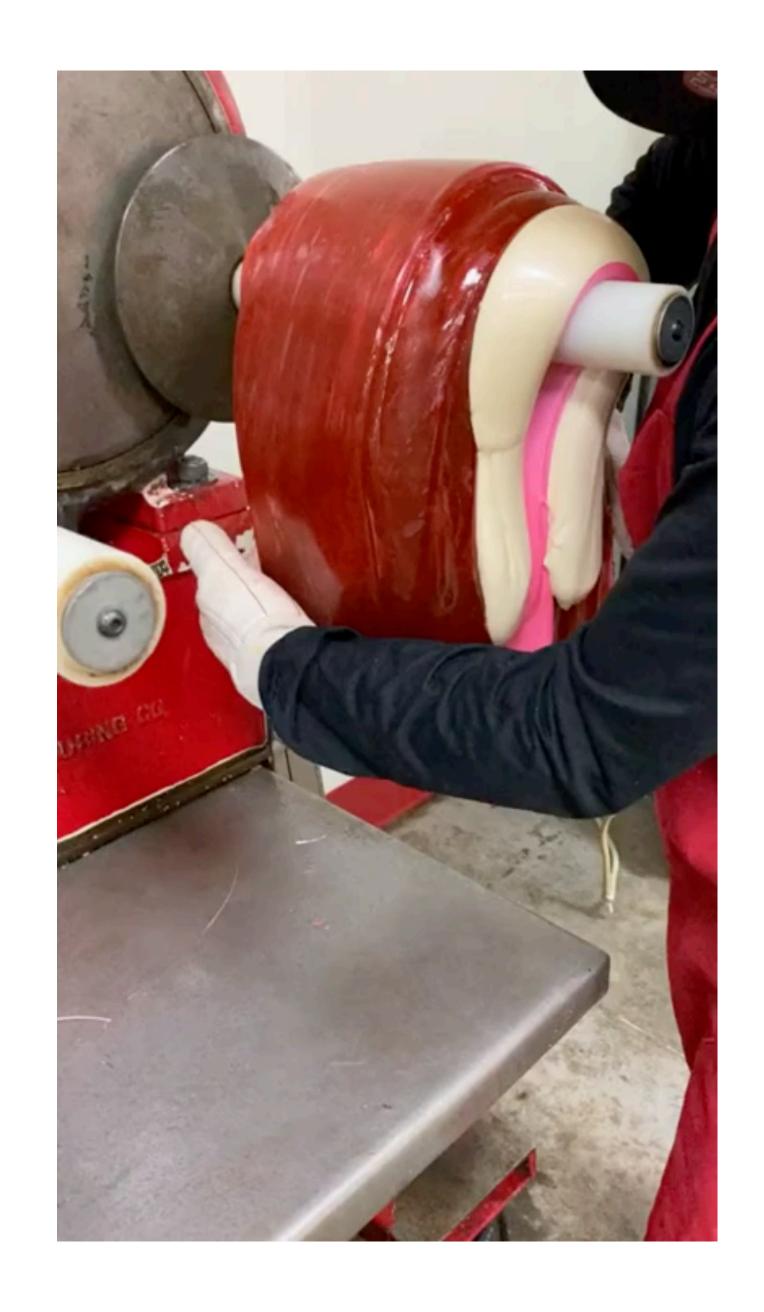
Mixing of Fluids

Derek Hammar Jason Ngo



THE MATHEMATICS OF TAFFY PULLERS

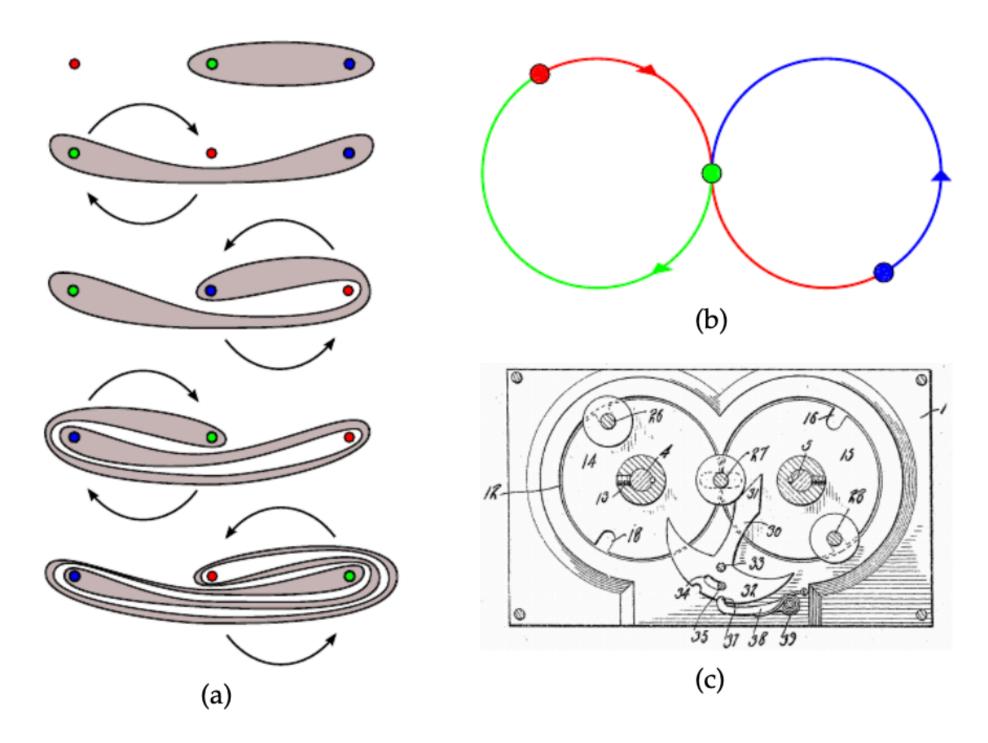
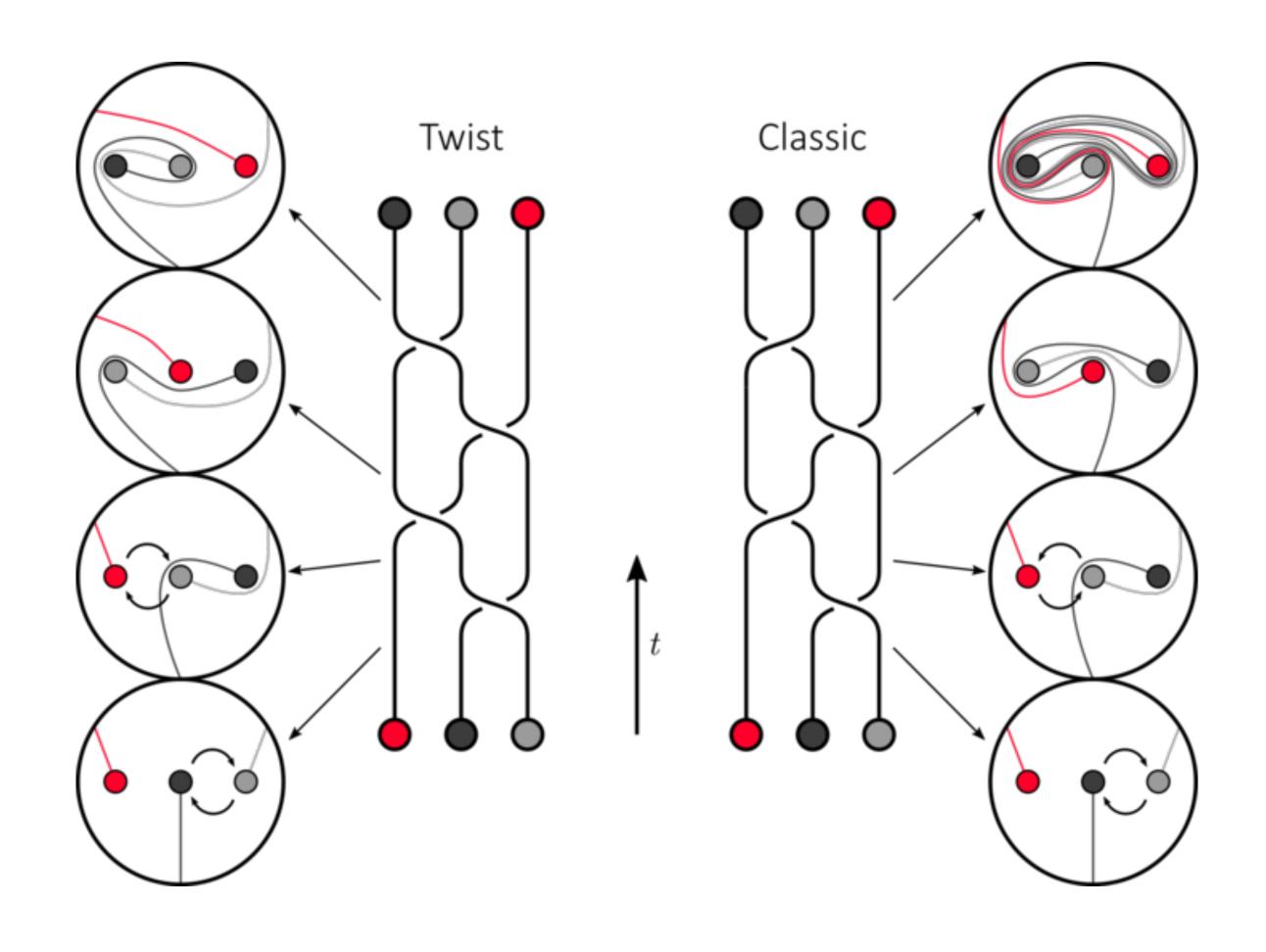


Figure 3. (a) The action of a 3-rod taffy puller. The first and second rods are interchanged clockwise, then the second and third rods are interchanged counterclockwise. (b) Each of the three rods moves in a Figure-8. (c) Taffy puller from the patent of Nitz (1918), where rods alternate between the two wheels.

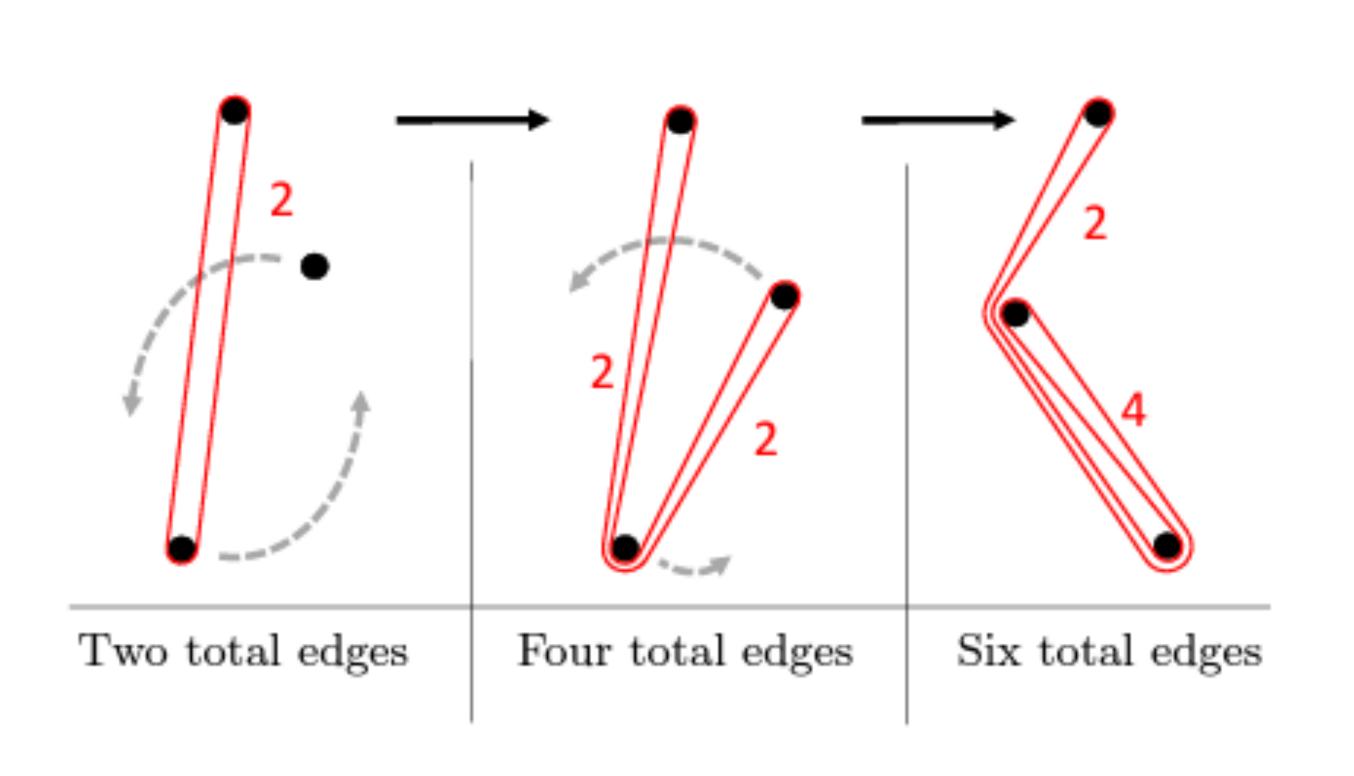


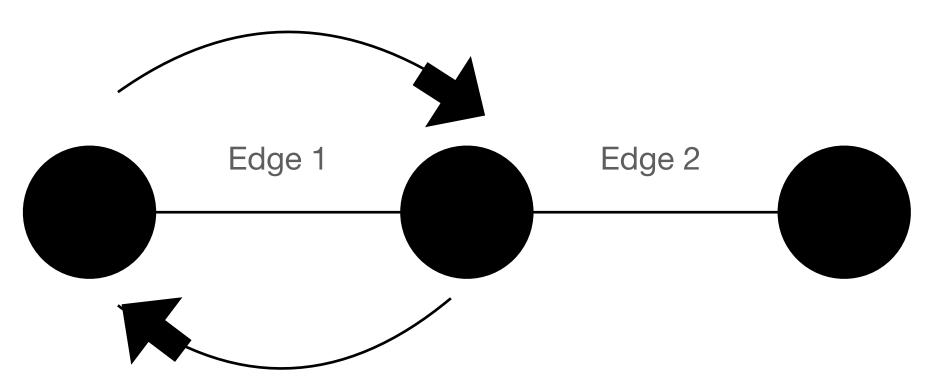
Bad Mixing Good Mixing





How good is the mixing?





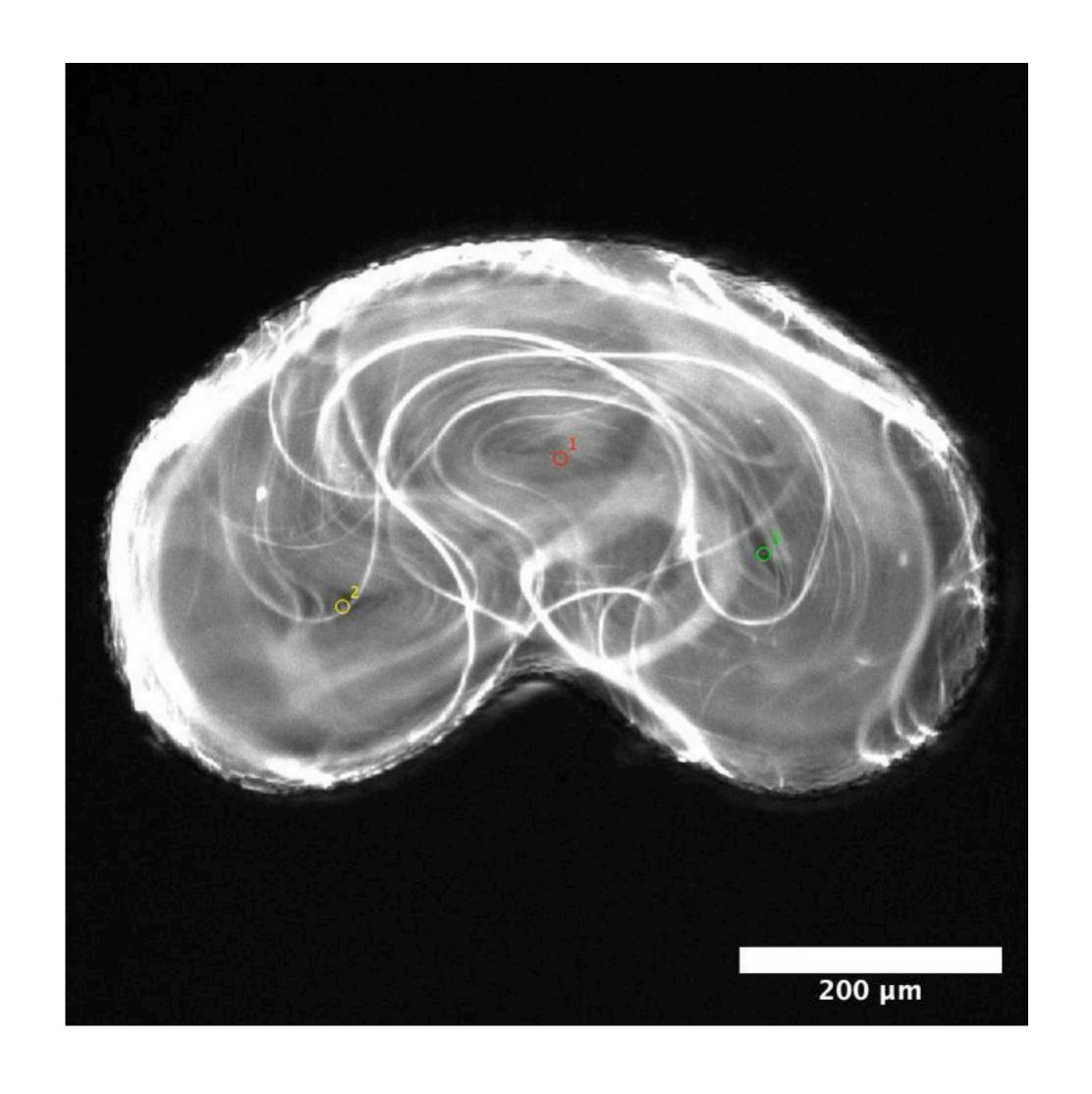
Set 1: Edge 1 - cw

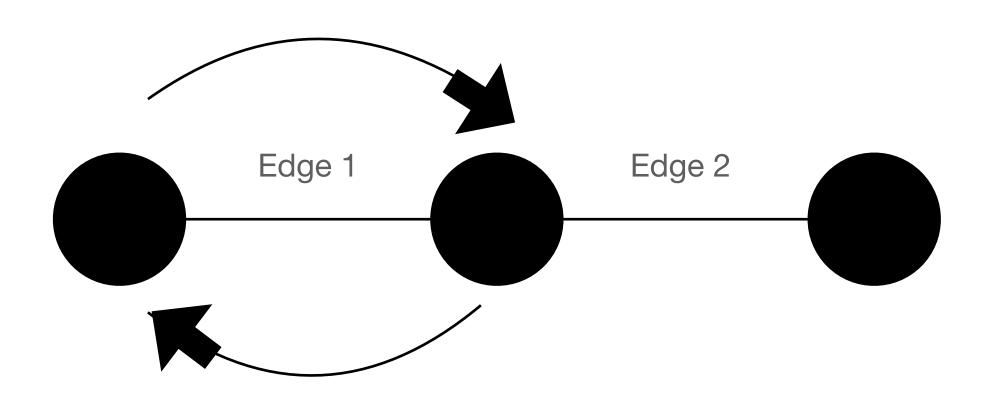
Set 2: Edge 1 - ccw

Set 3: Edge 2 - cw

Set 4: Edge 2 - ccw

1D and 2D Mixing





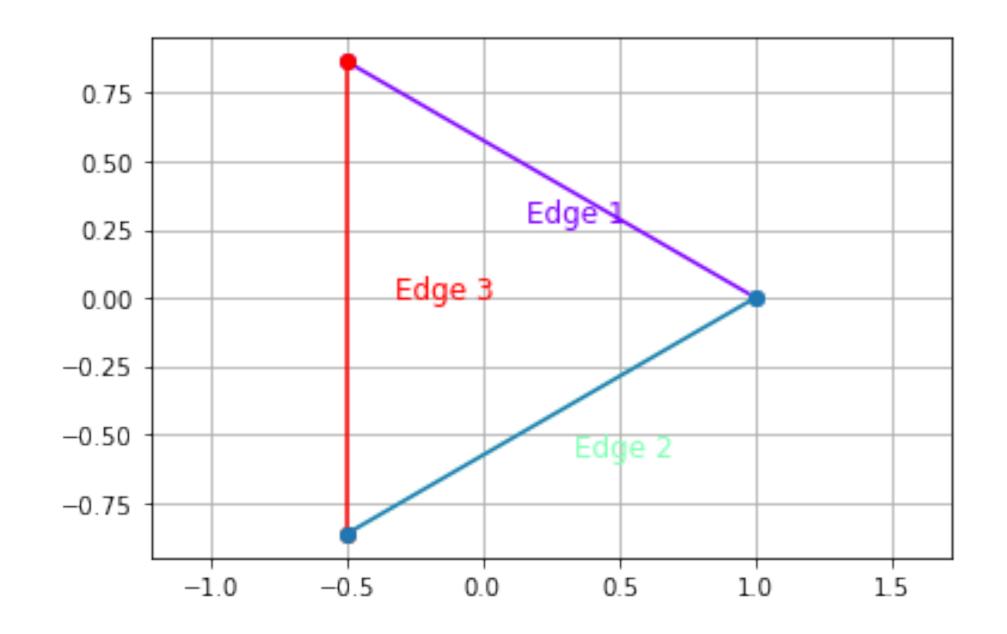
Set 1: Edge 1 - cw

Set 2: Edge 1 - ccw

Set 3: Edge 2 - cw

Set 4: Edge 2 - ccw

1D and 2D Mixing



Set 1: Edge 1 - cw

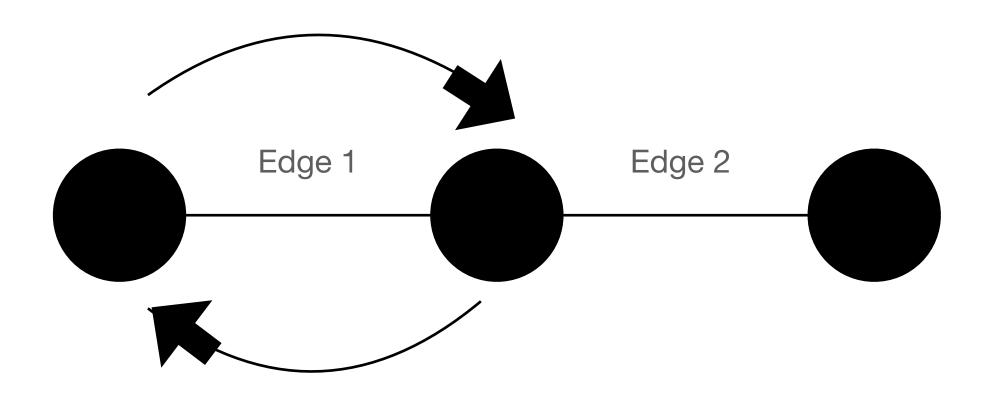
Set 2: Edge 1 - ccw

Set 3: Edge 2 - cw

Set 4: Edge 2 - ccw

Set 5: Edge 3 - cw

Set 6: Edge 3 - ccw



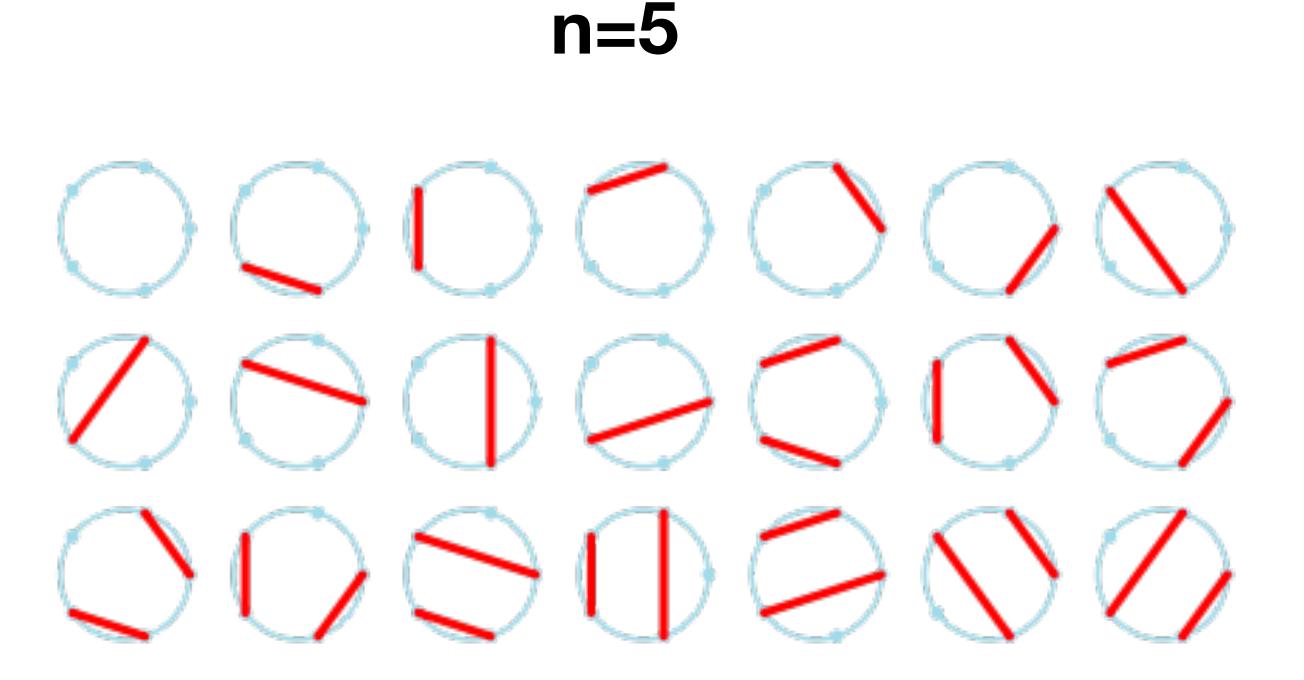
Set 1: Edge 1 - cw

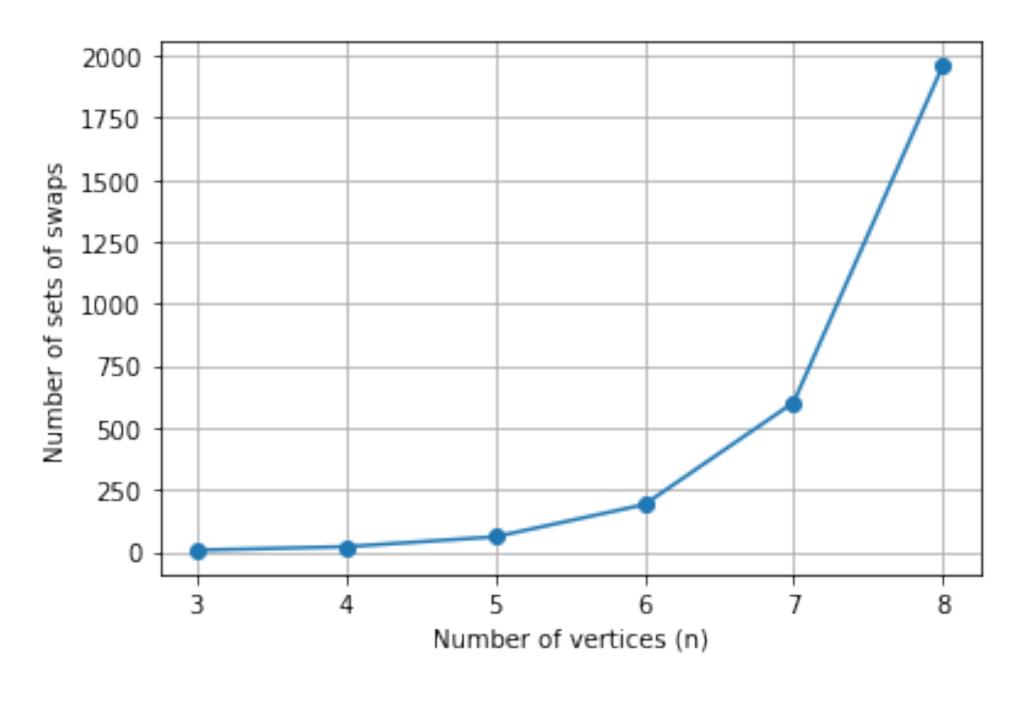
Set 2: Edge 1 - ccw

Set 3: Edge 2 - cw

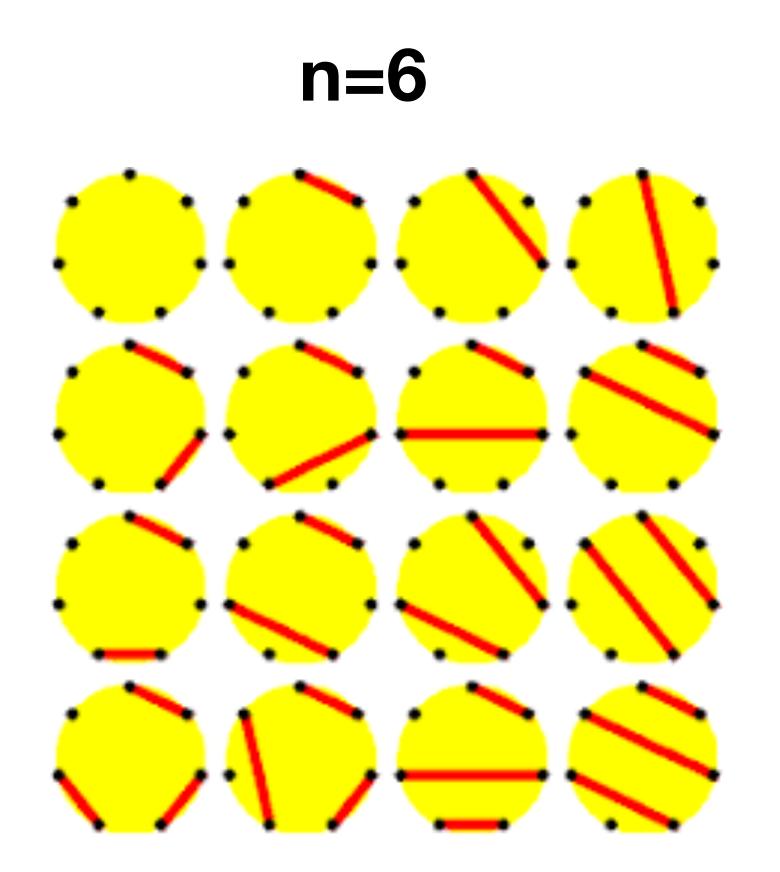
Set 4: Edge 2 - ccw

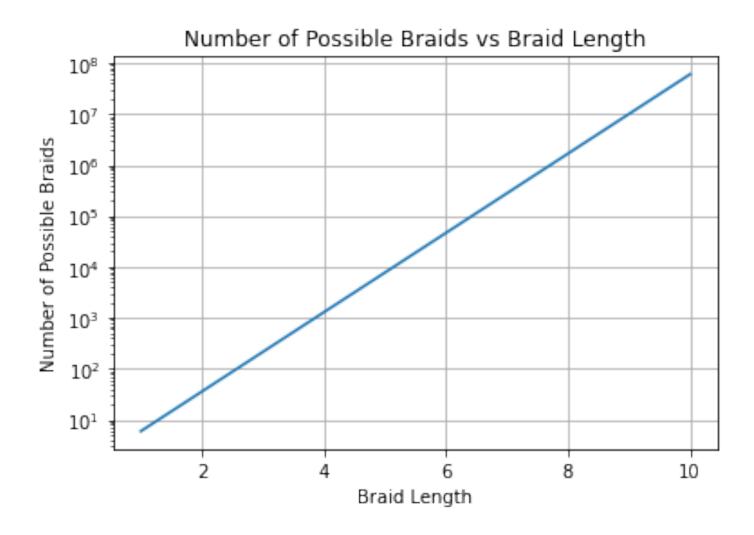
How many ways to mix?

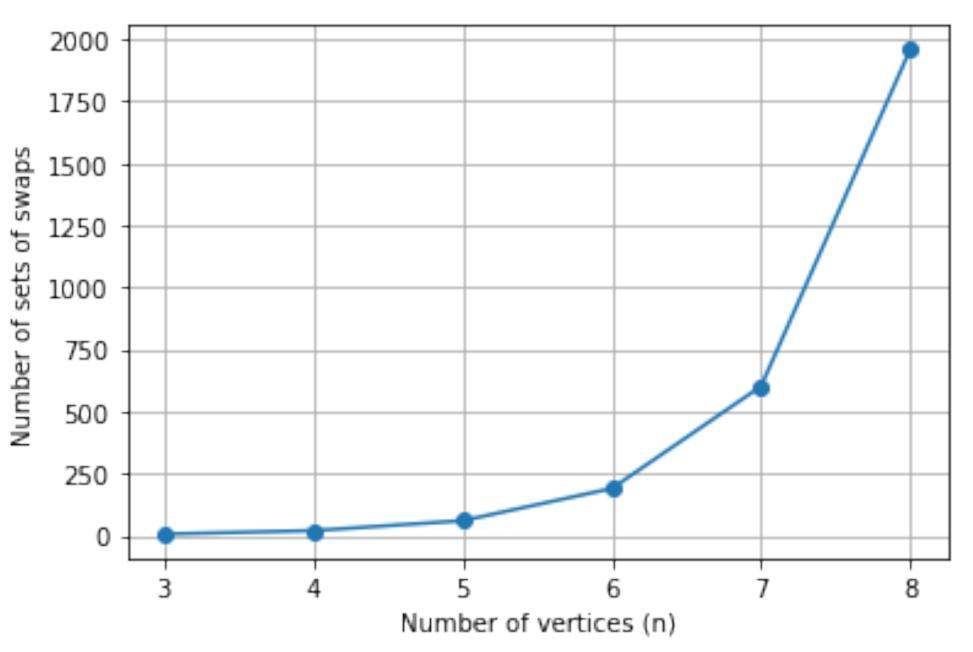




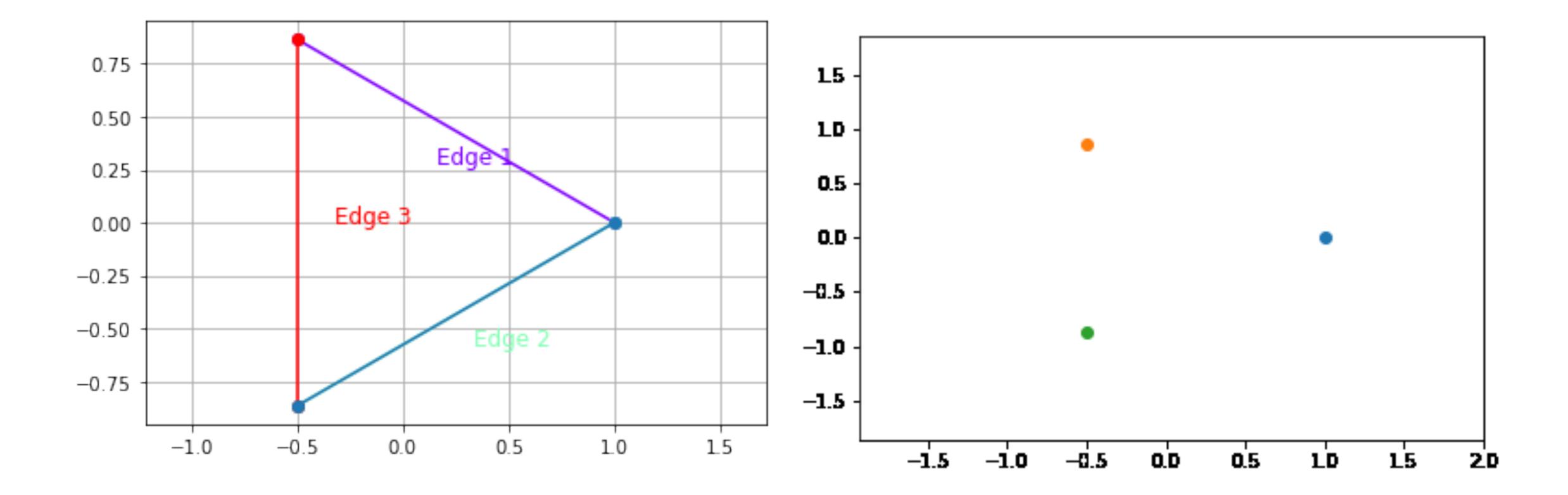
How many ways to mix?





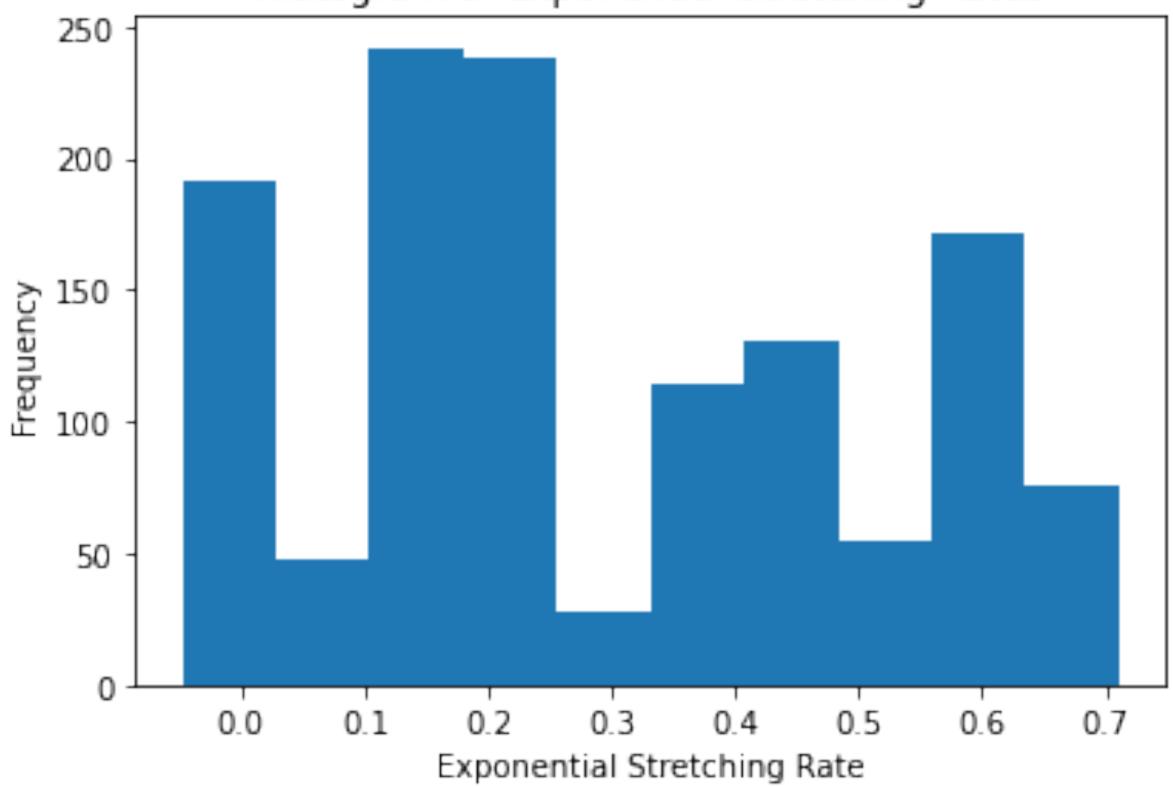


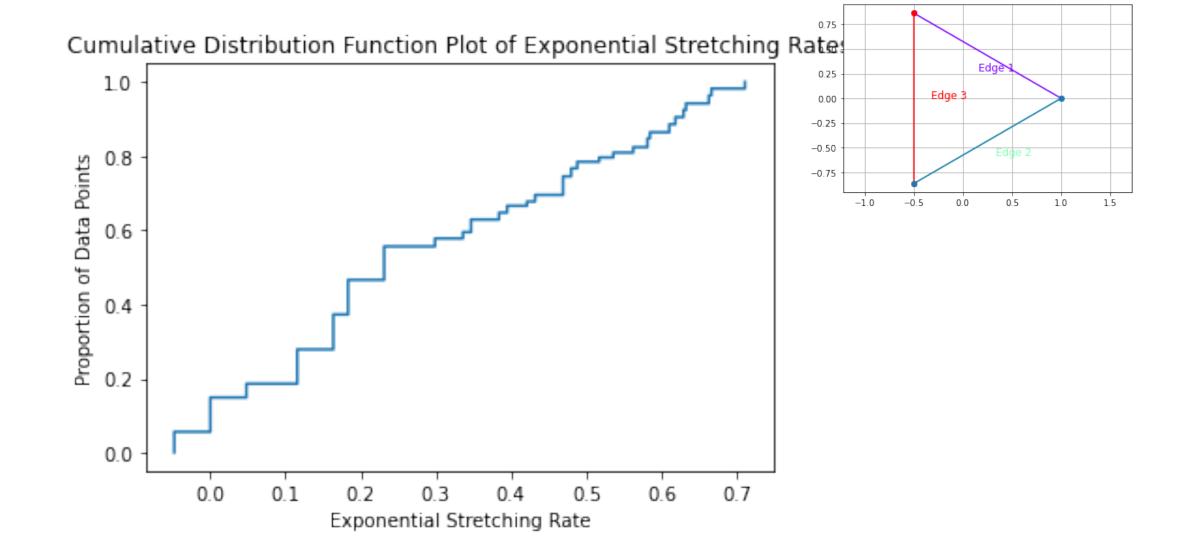
3-Rod Mixing



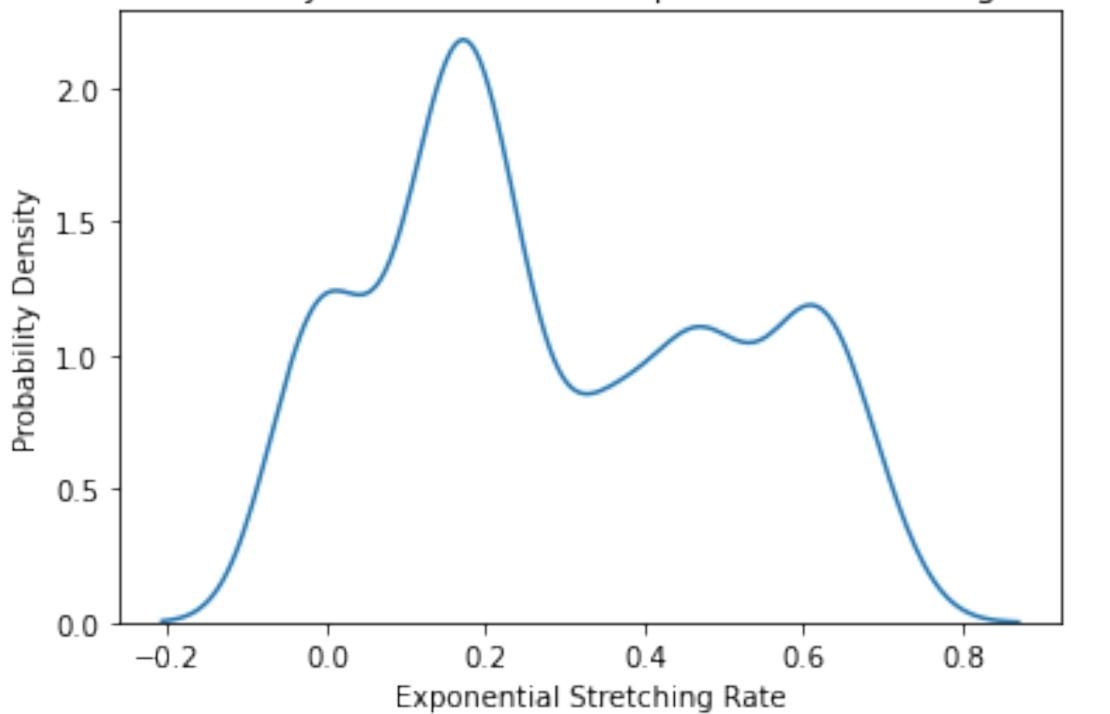
Mixing of N=3 L=4



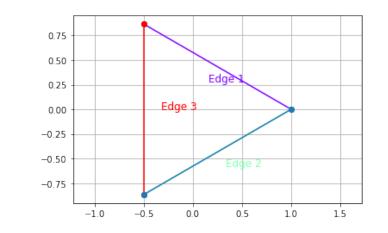


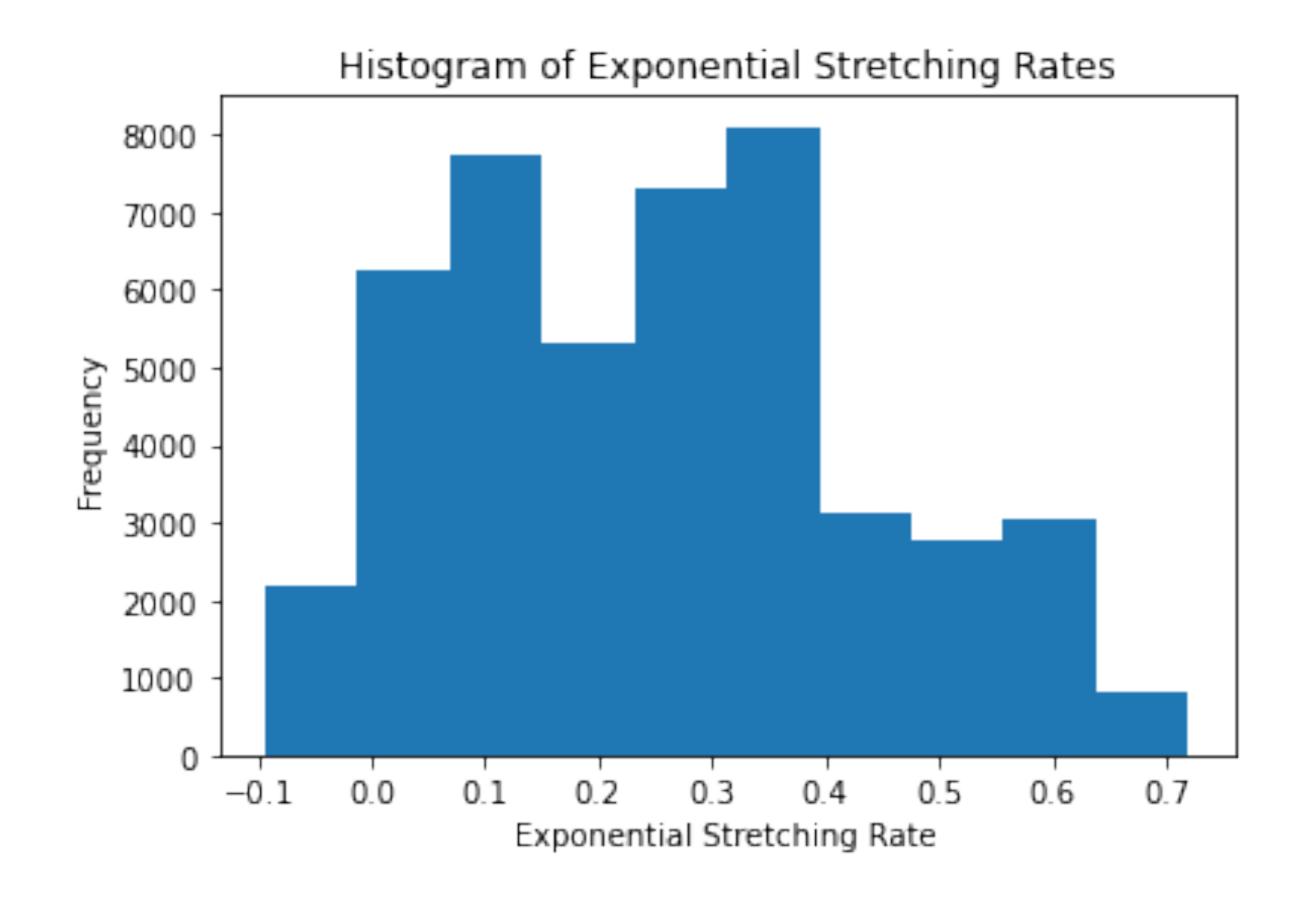


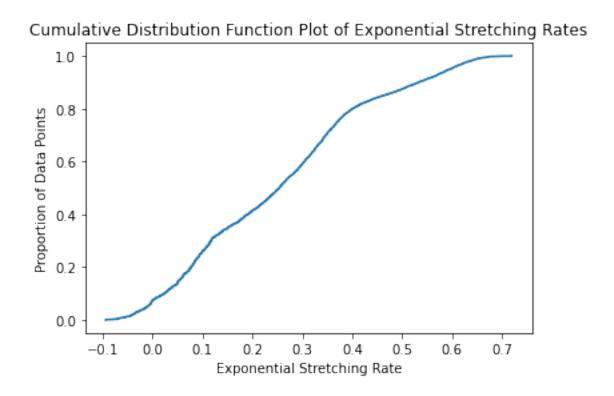
Kernel Density Estimate Plot of Exponential Stretching Rates

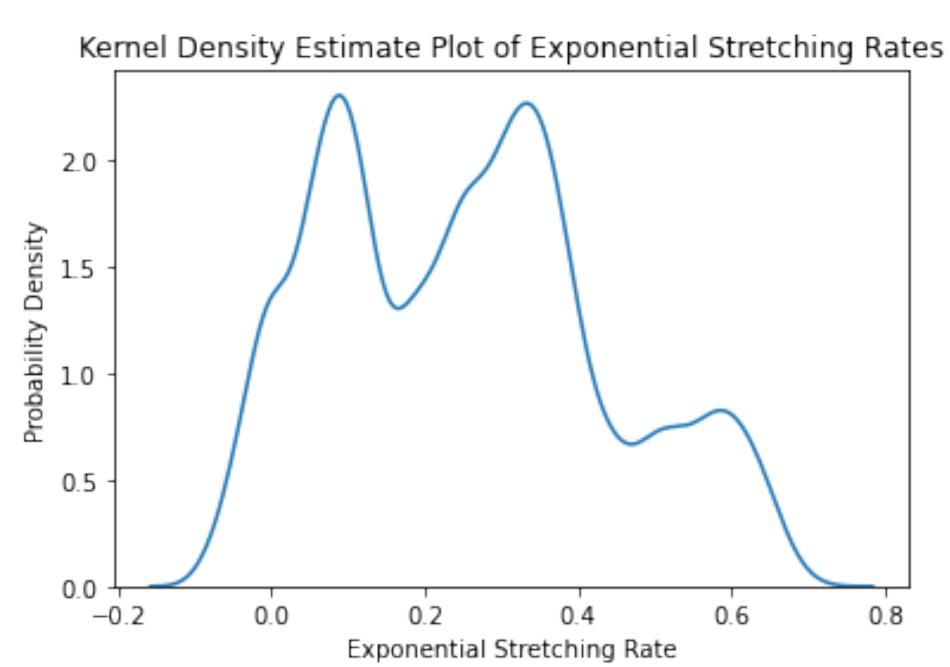


Mixing of N=3 L=6

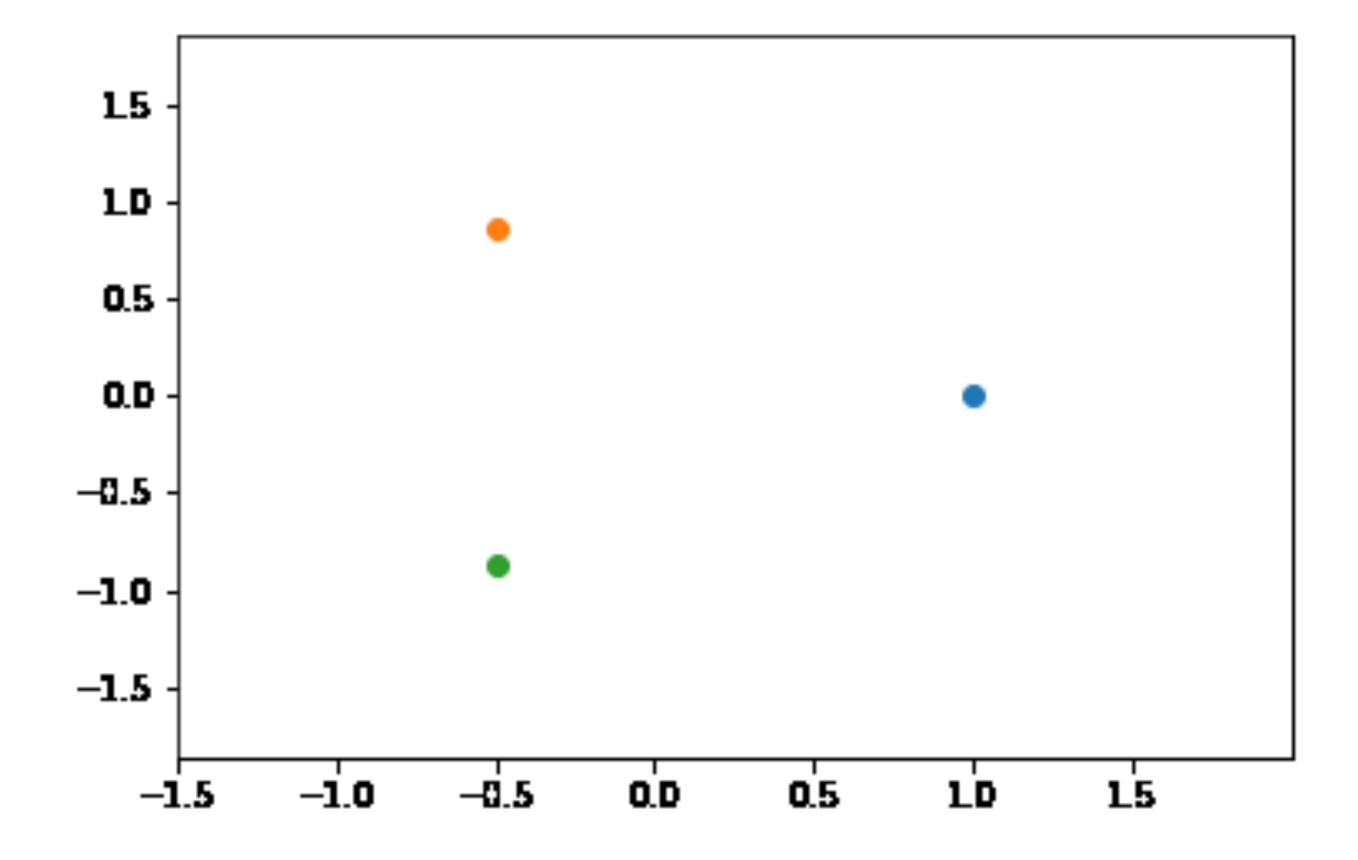


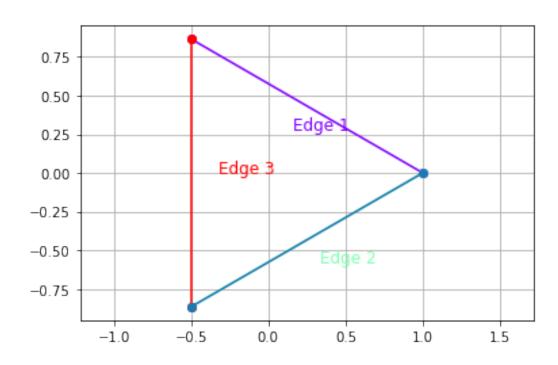




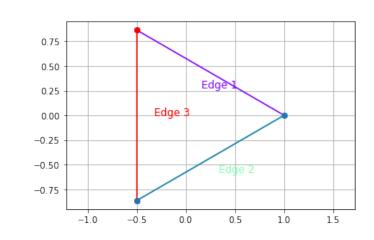


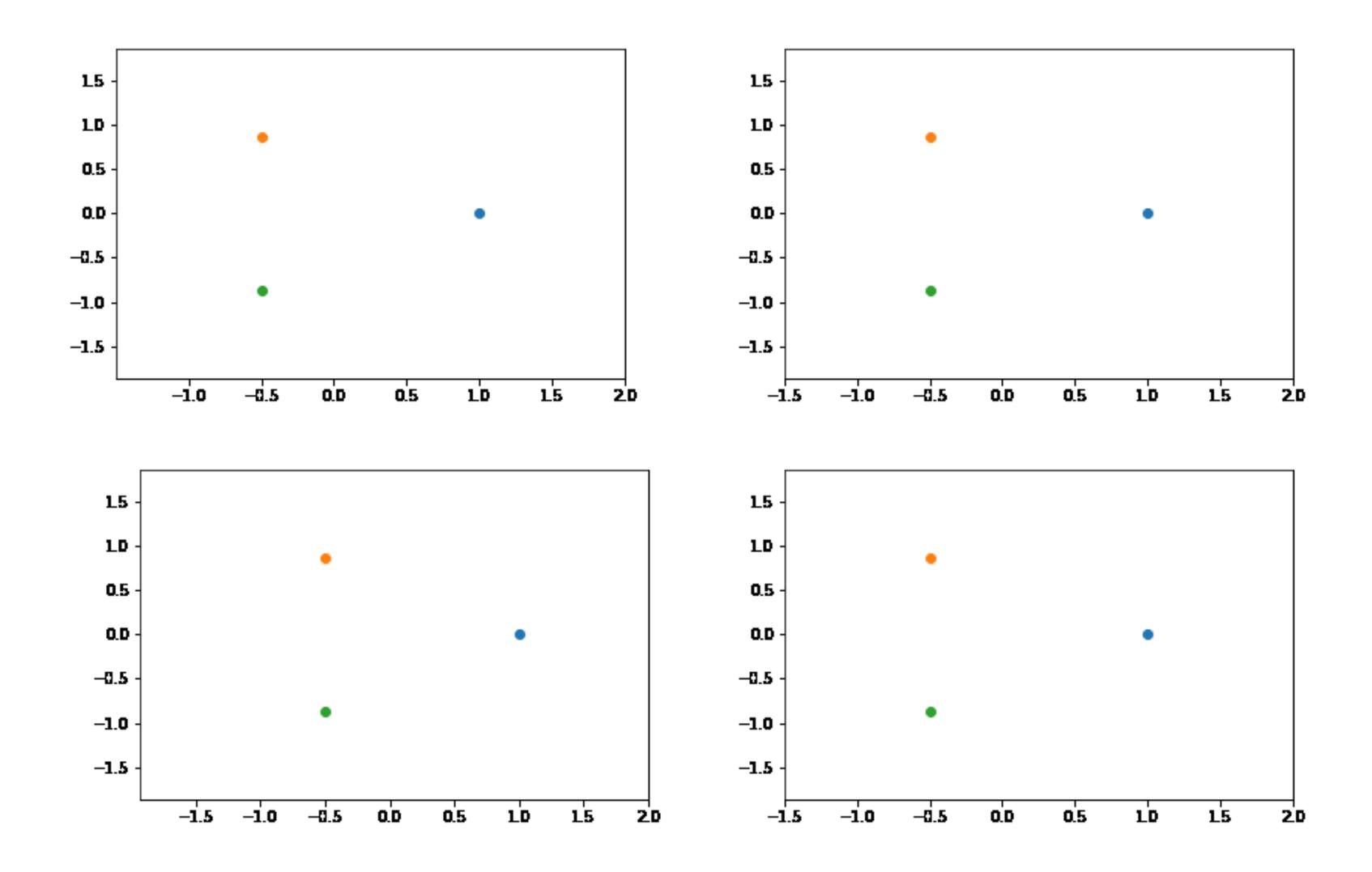
Lowest entropy mixing N=3 L=4



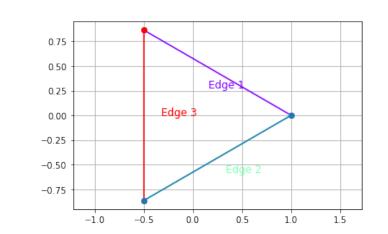


Highest entropy mixing N=3 L=4



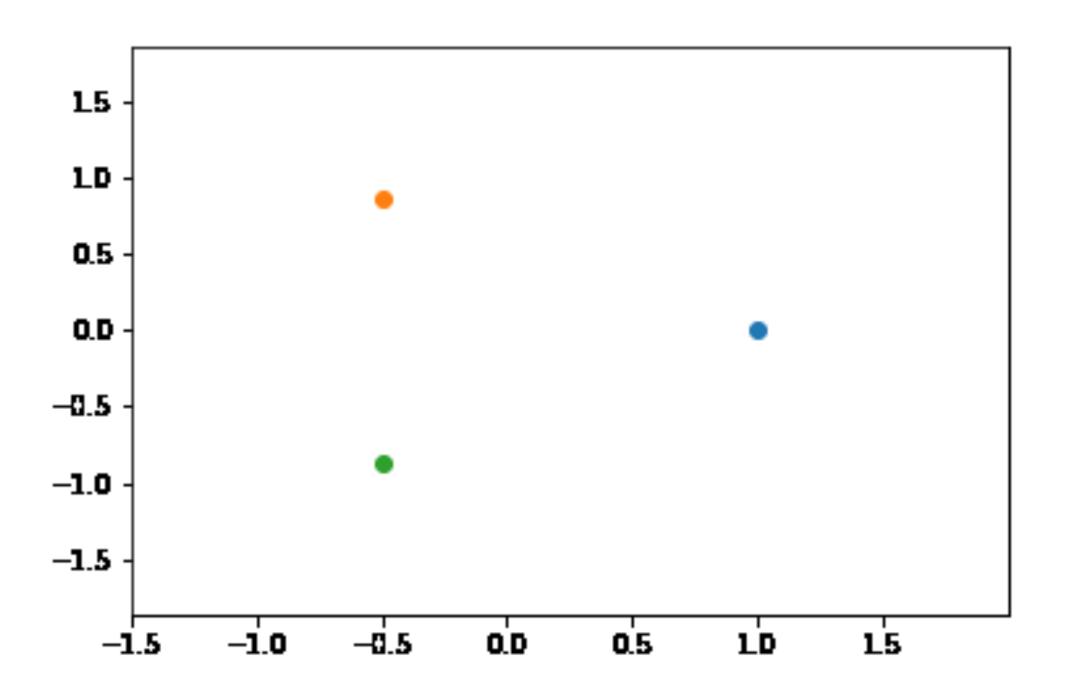


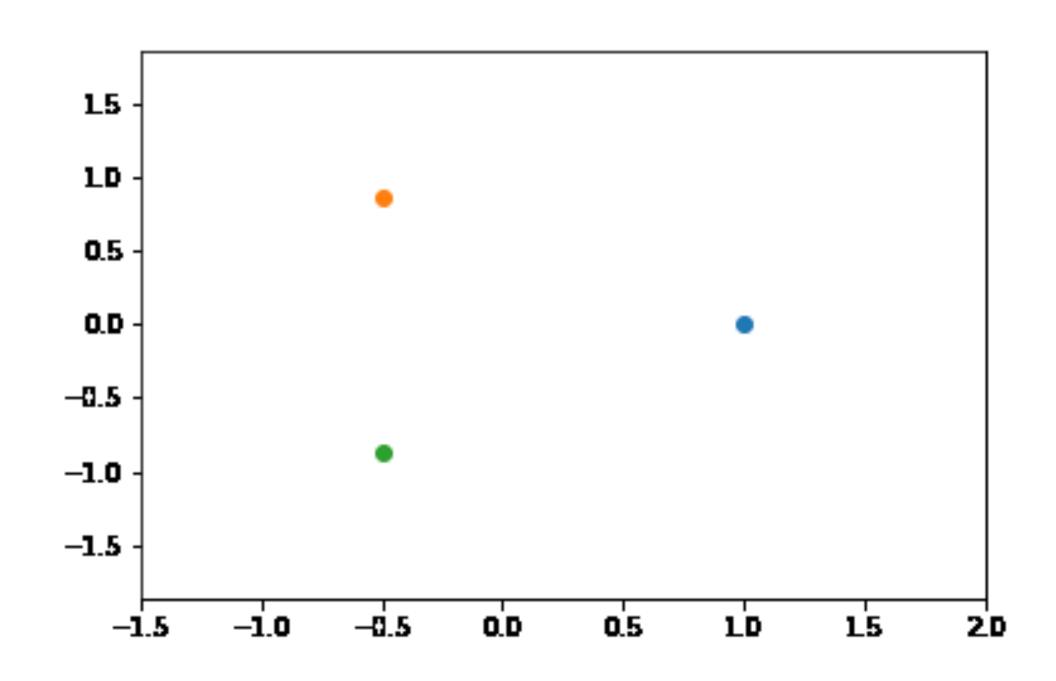
Comparison N=3 L=4



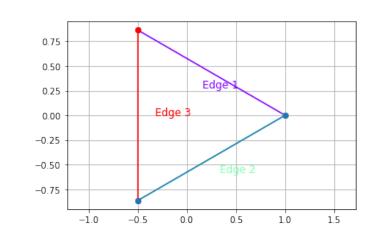
Low

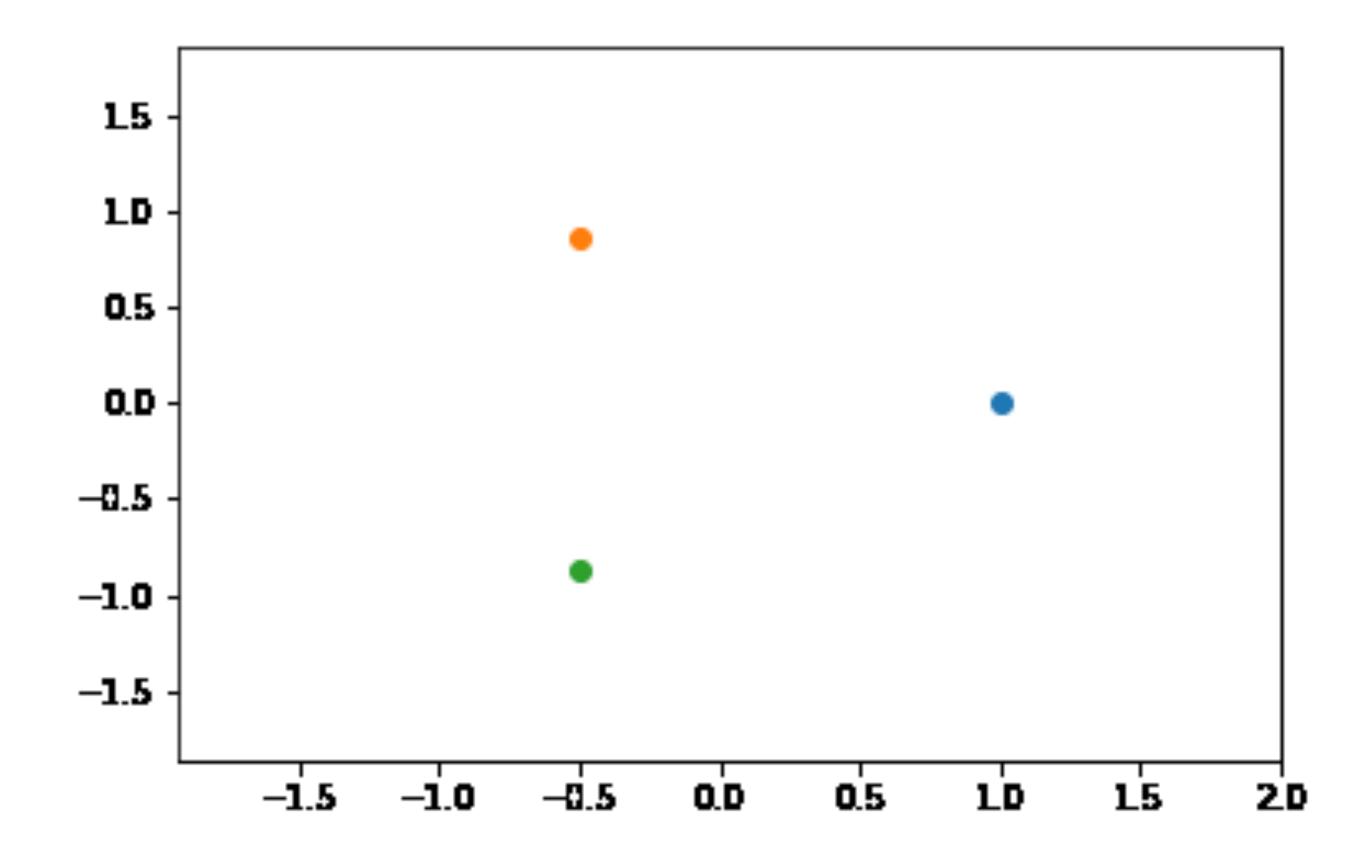
High



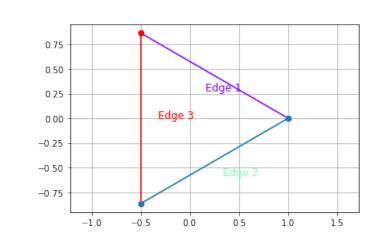


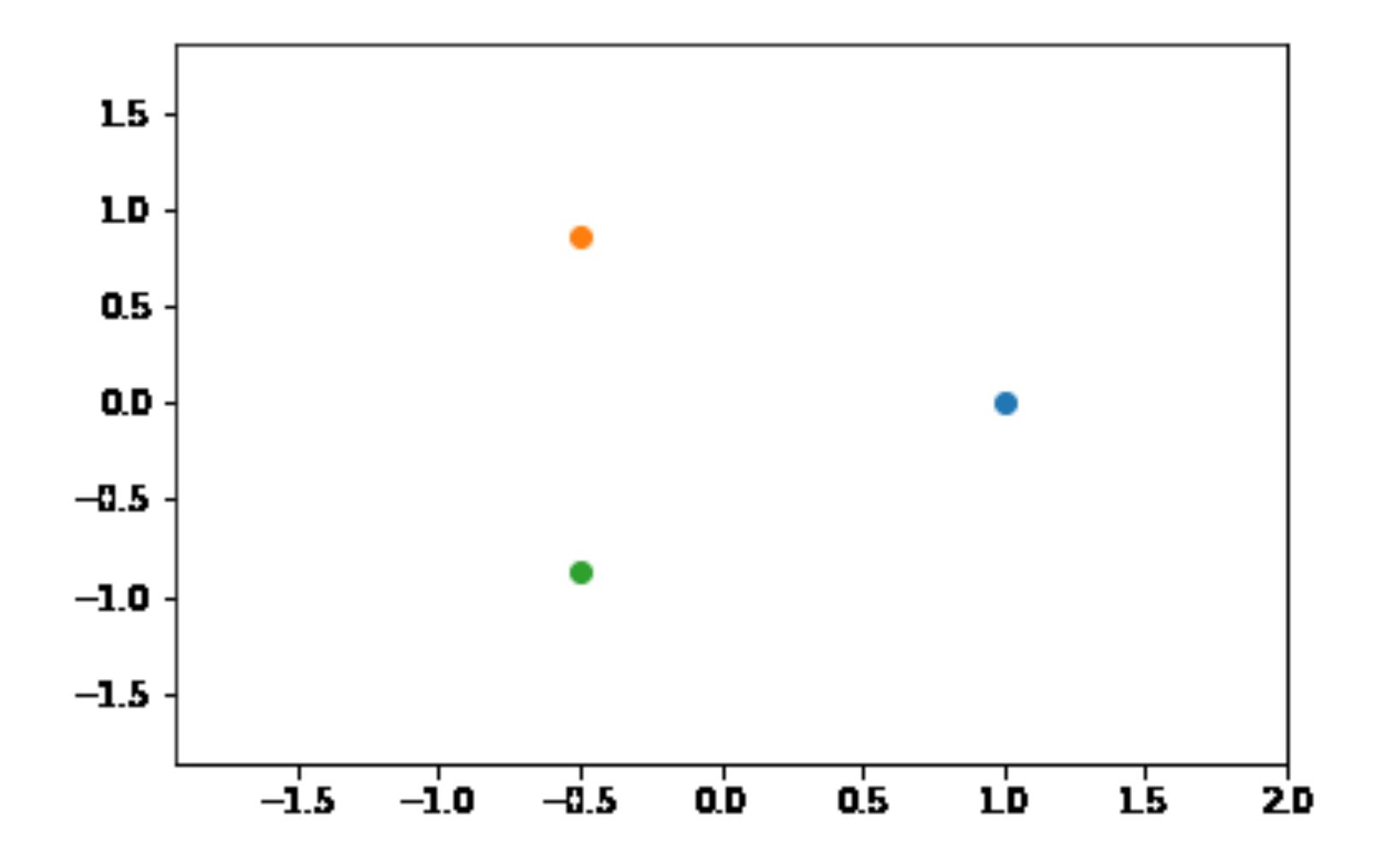
Lowest entropy mixing N=3 L=6



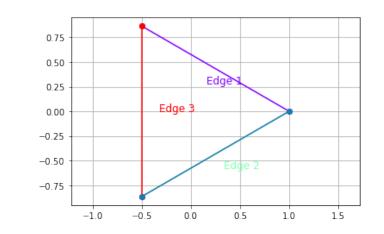


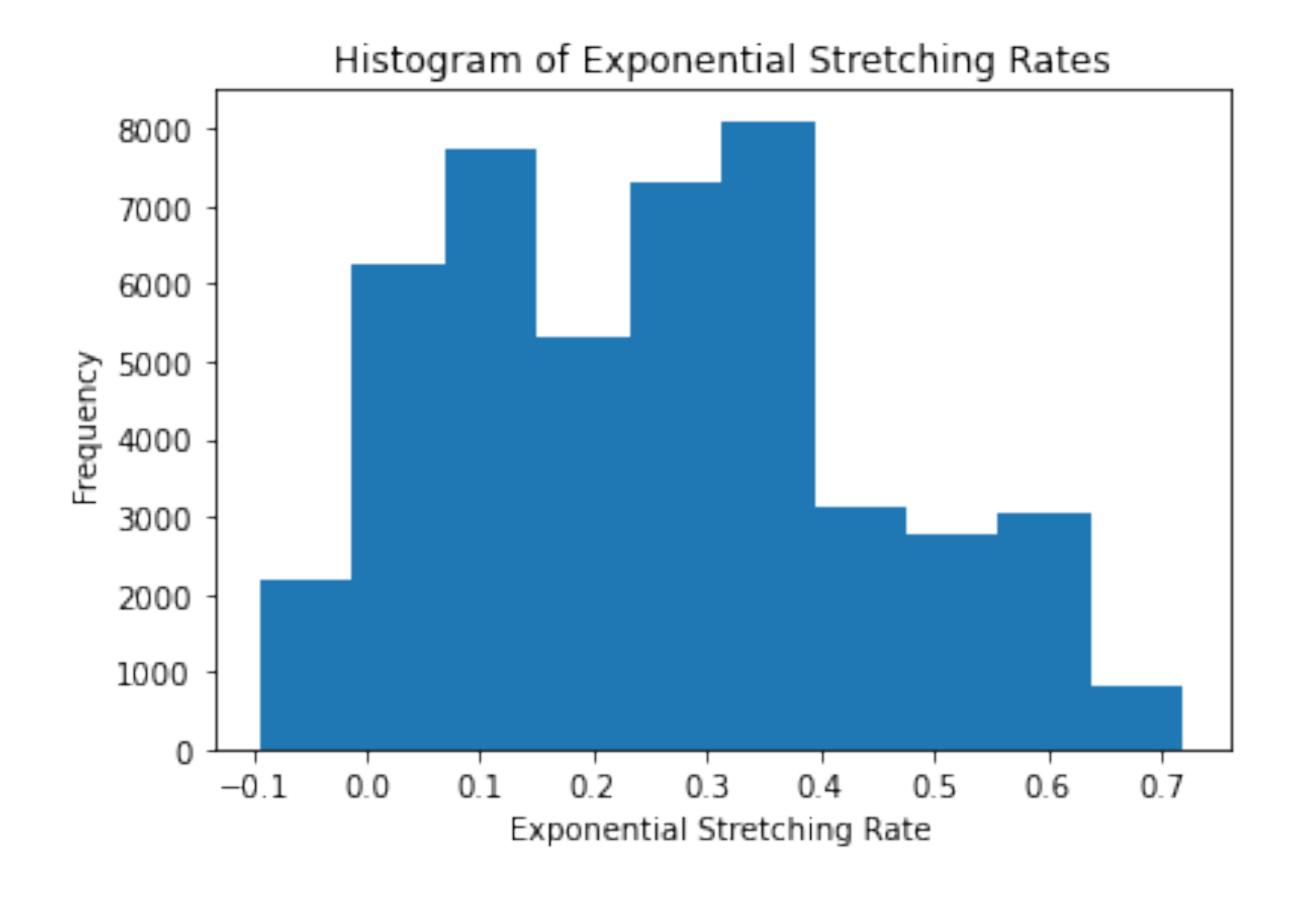
Highest entropy mixing N=3 L=6

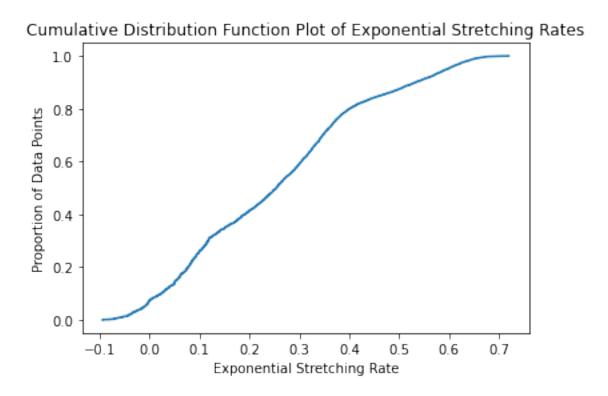


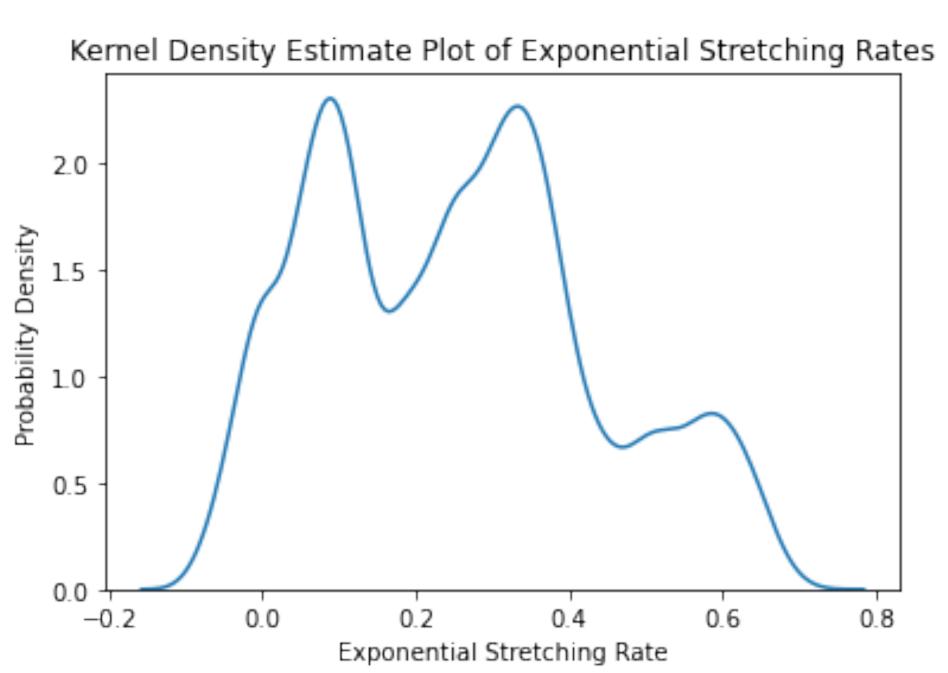


Mixing of N=3 L=6

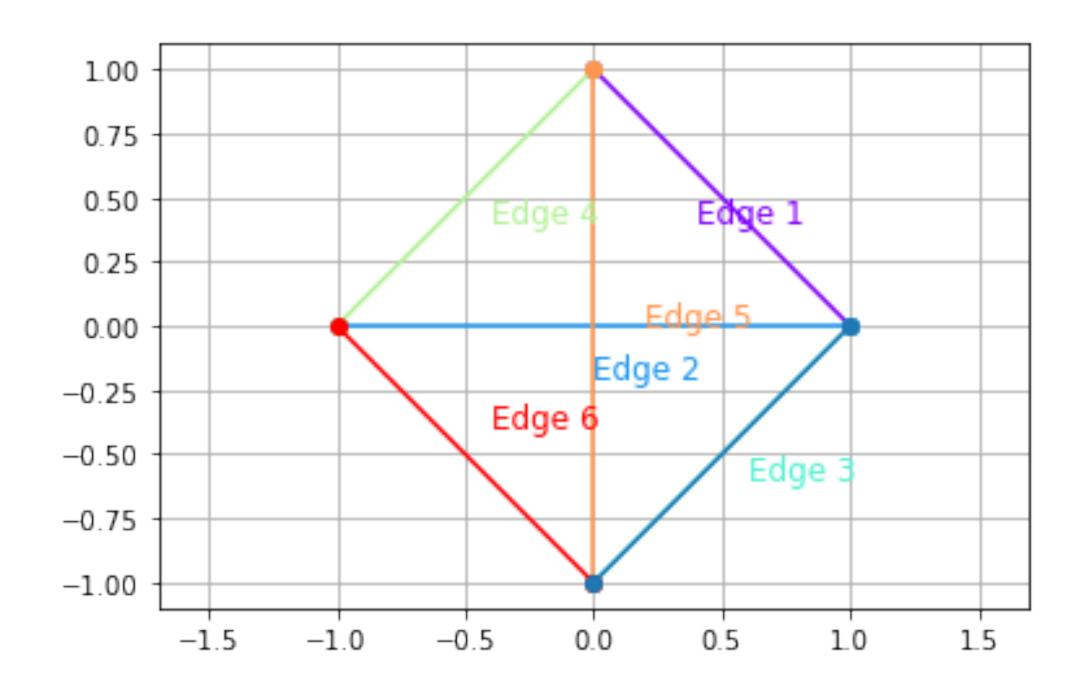


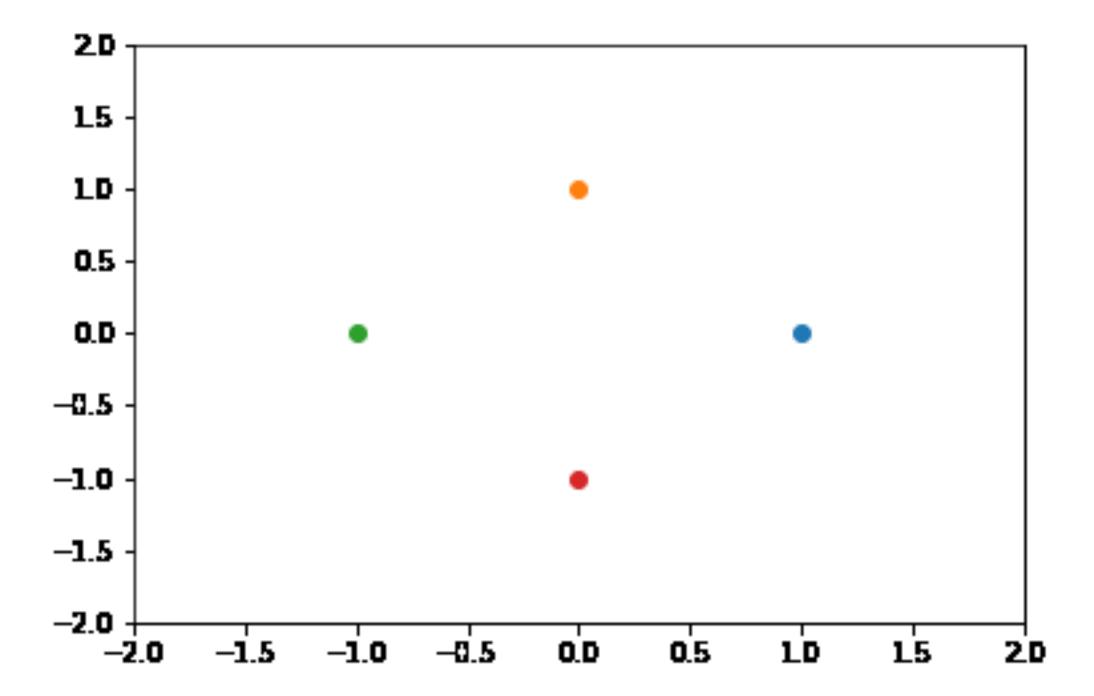




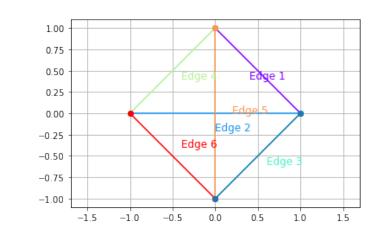


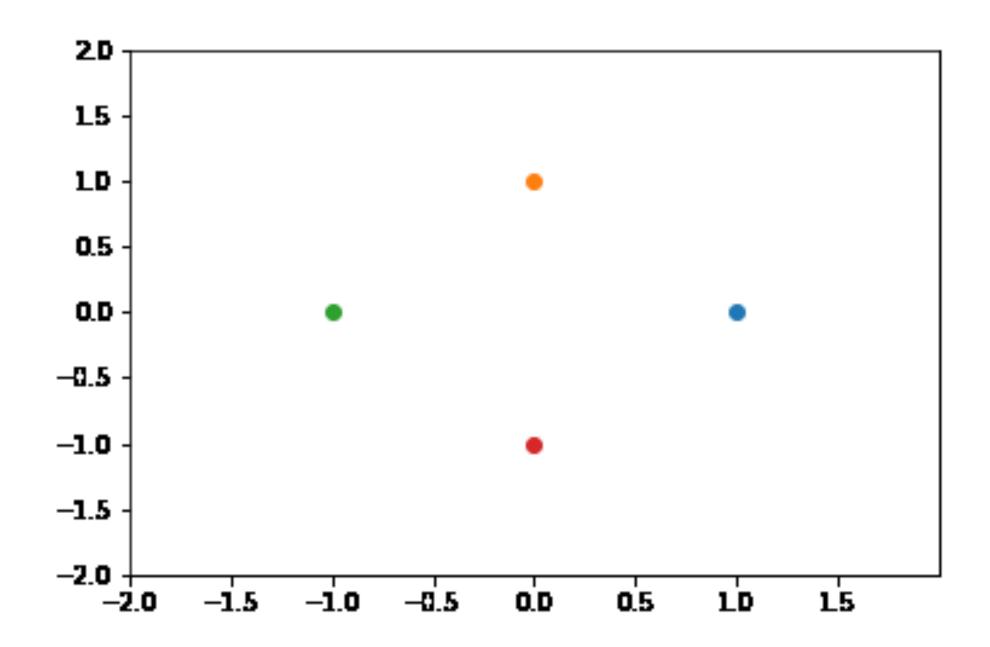
4-Rod Mixing

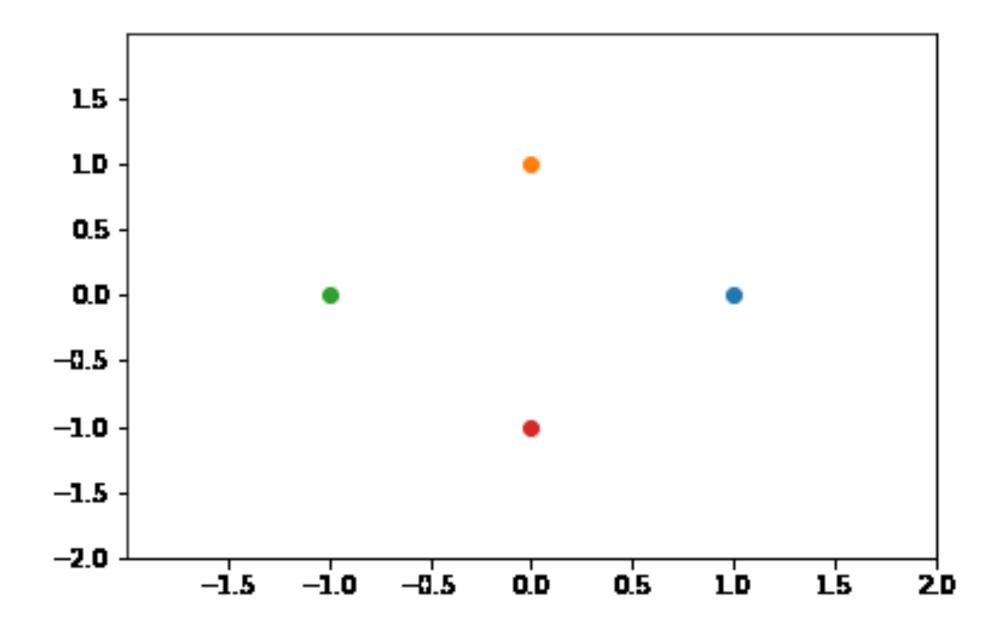




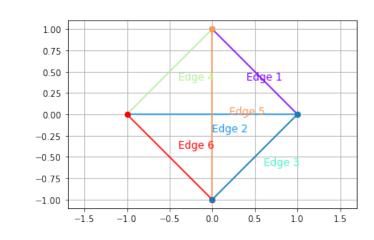
Lowest entropy mixing N=4 L=4

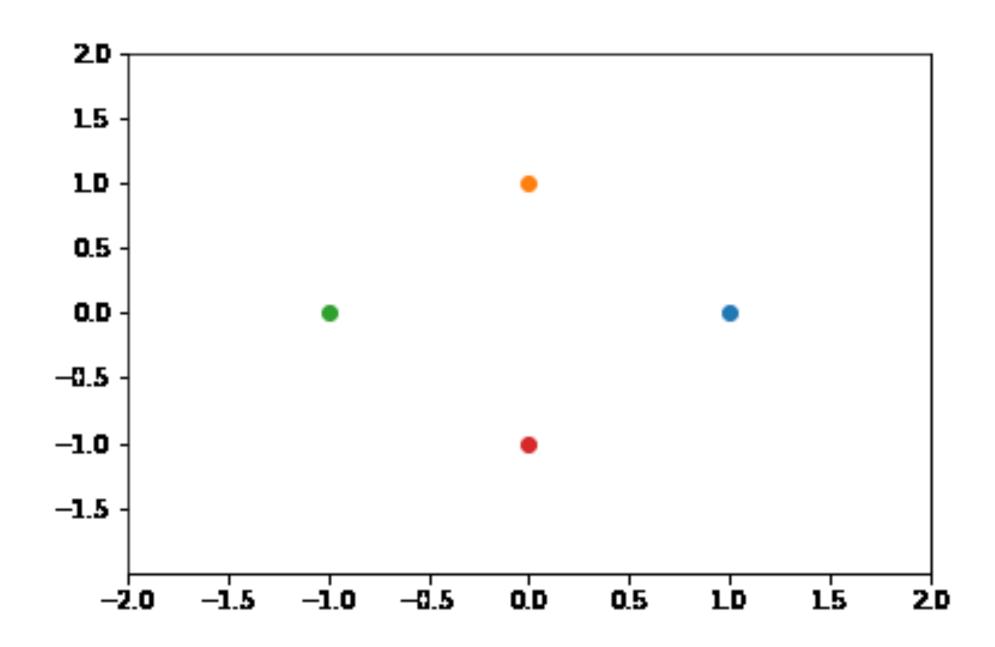


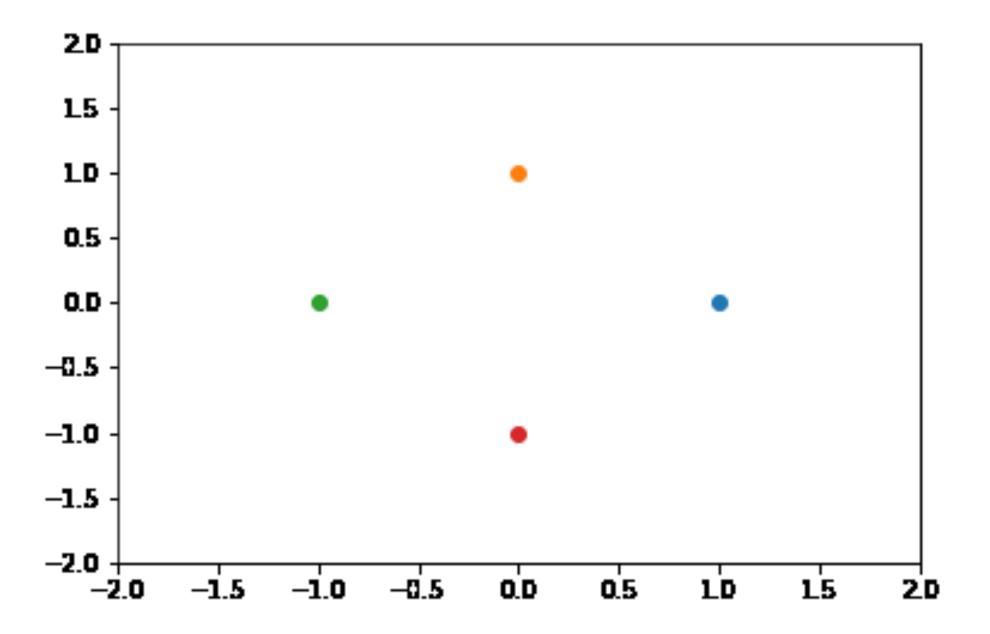




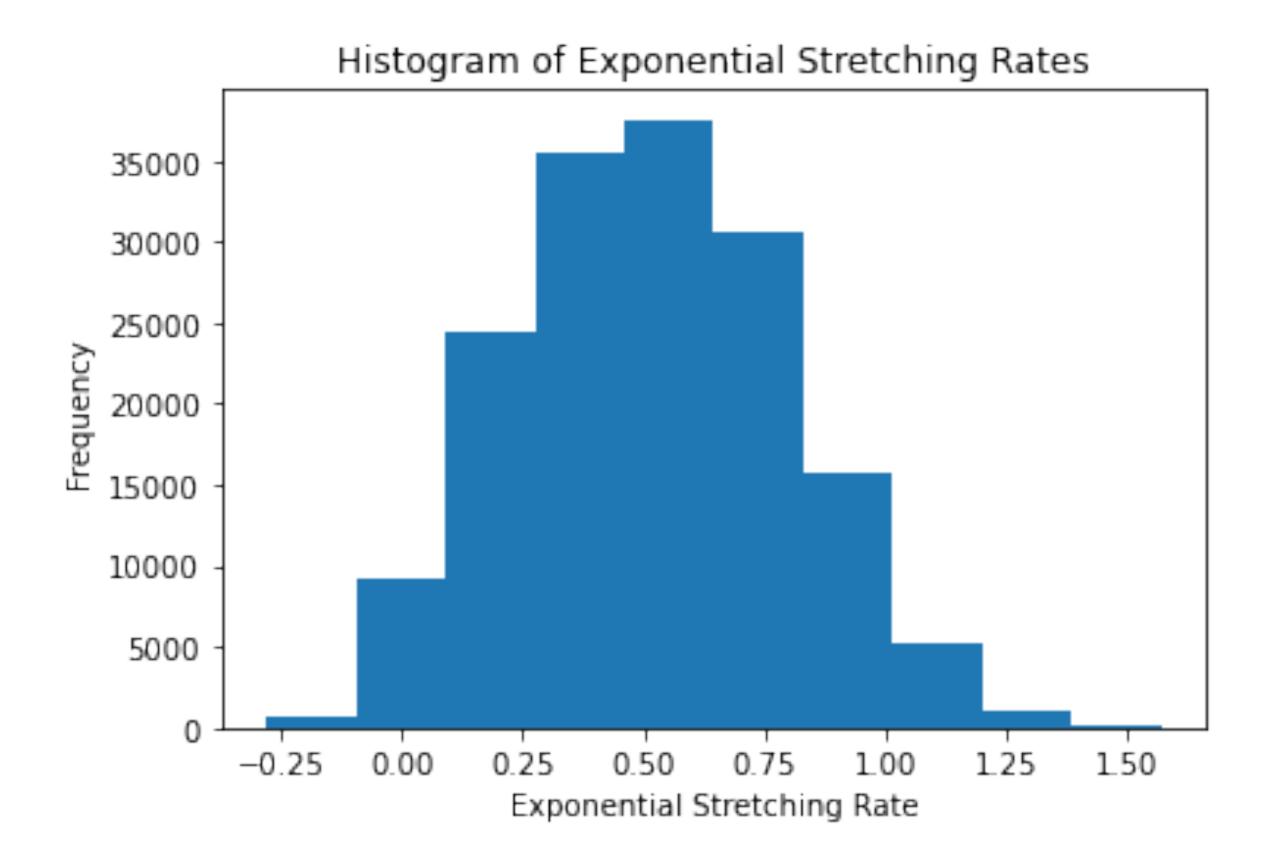
Highest entropy mixing N=4 L=4

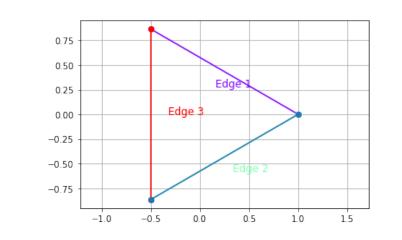


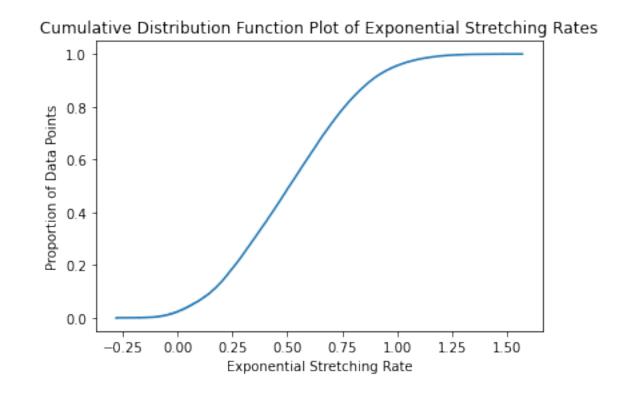


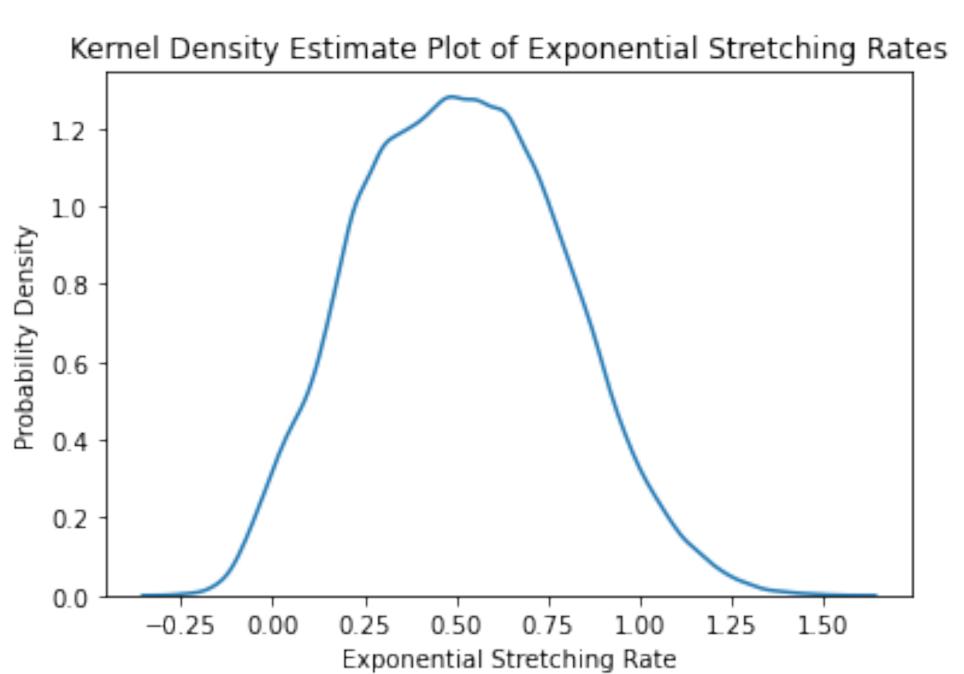


Mixing of N=4 L=4





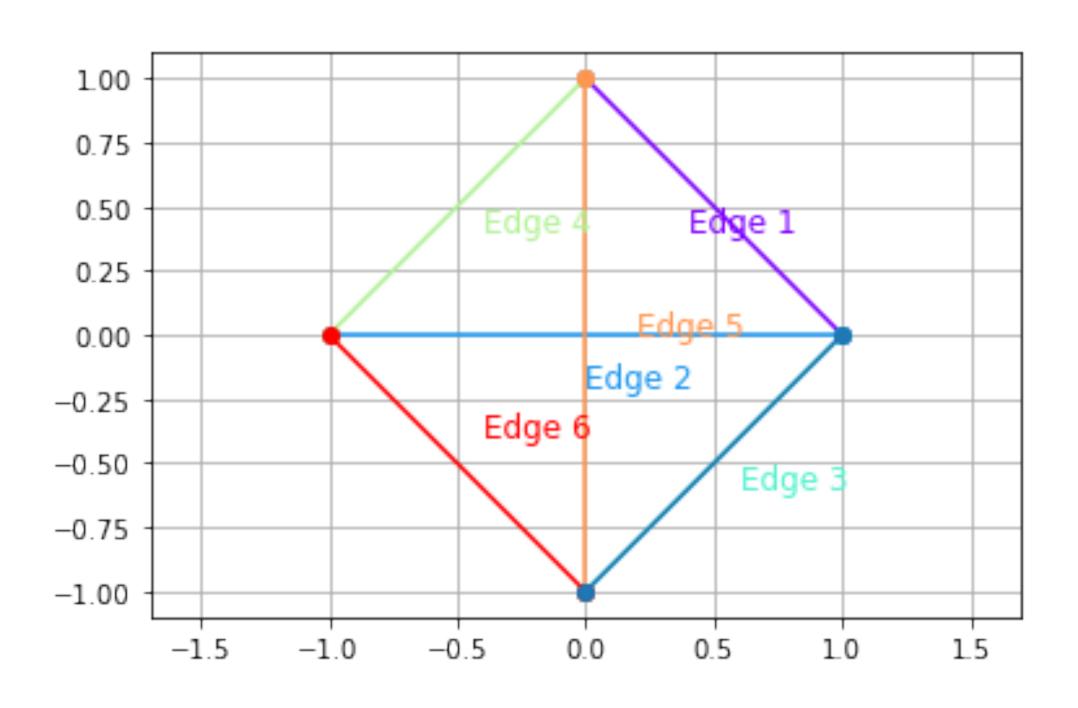


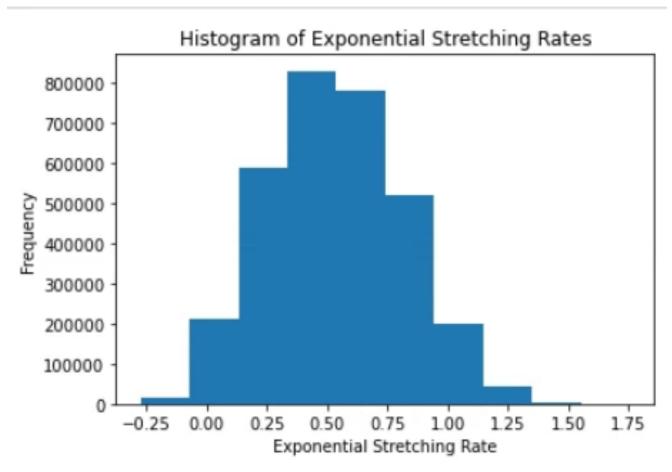


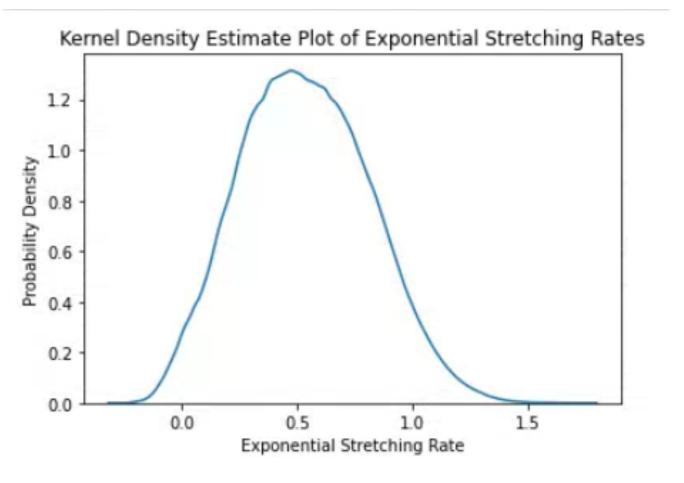
4-Rod Mixing

Length 4 -> 5 9 hrs

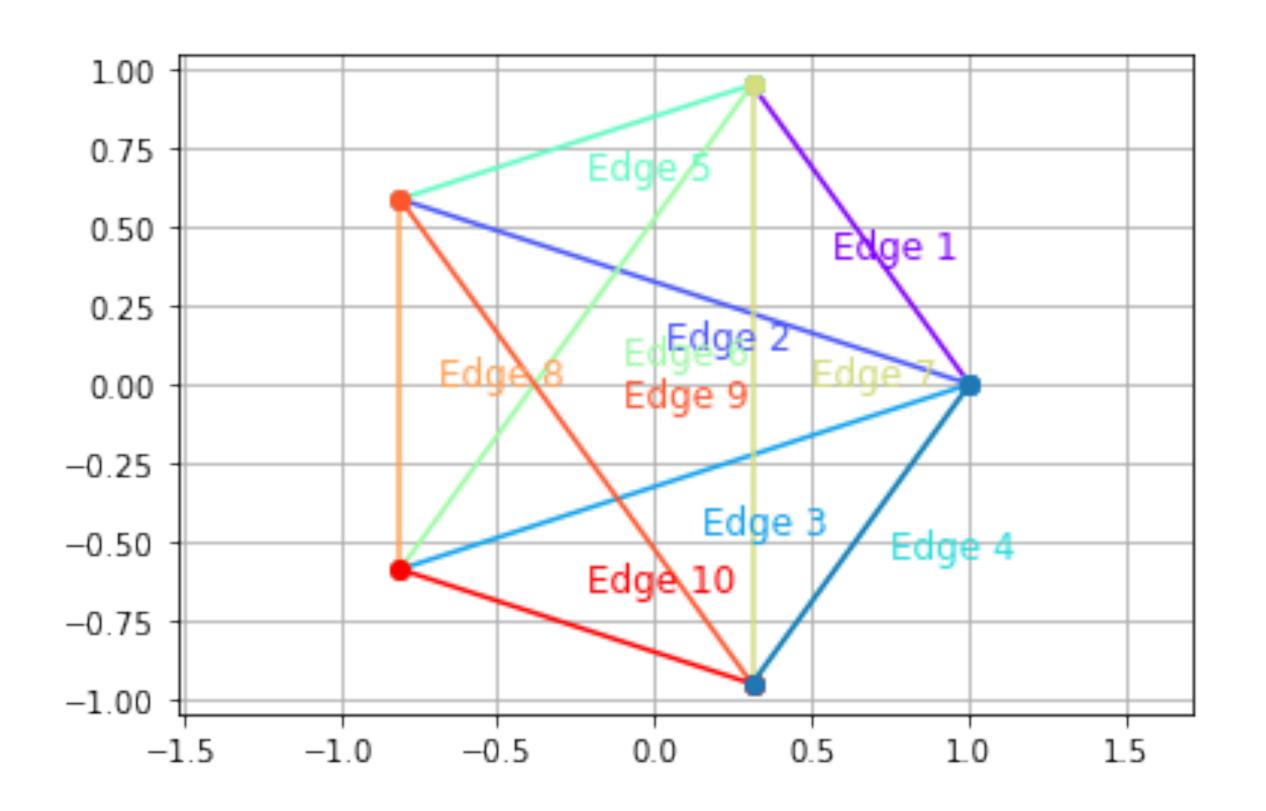




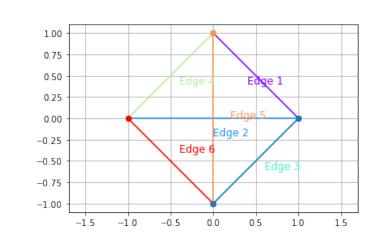


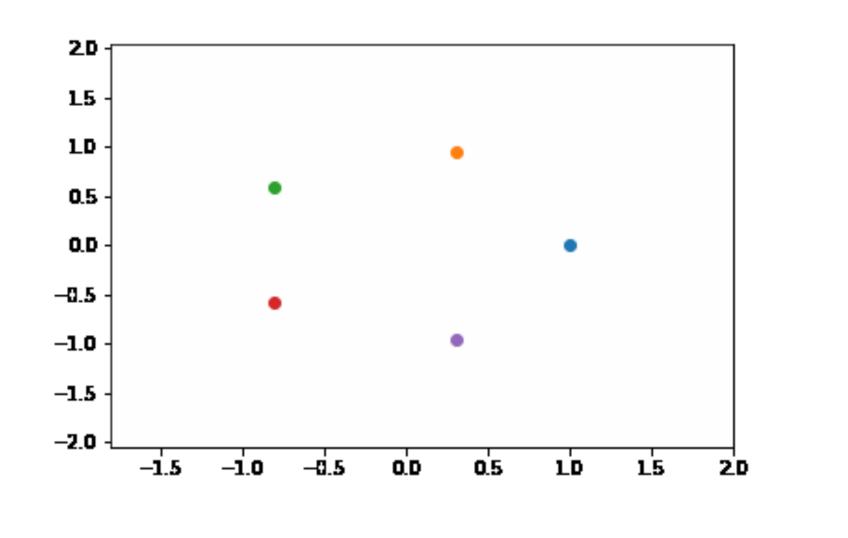


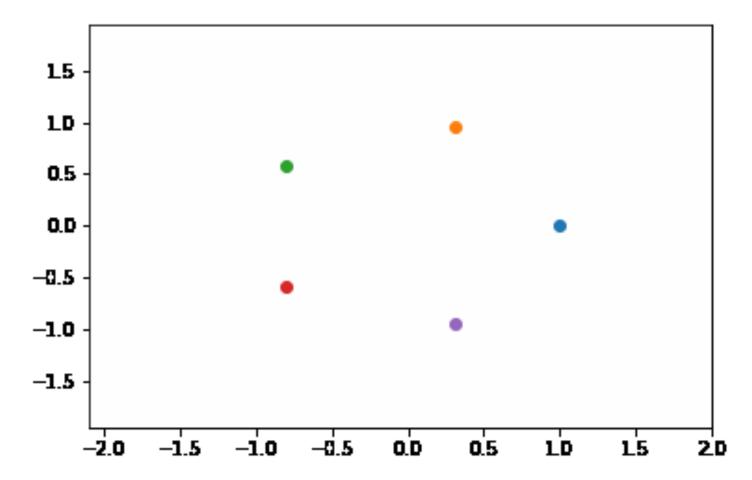
5-Rod Mixing

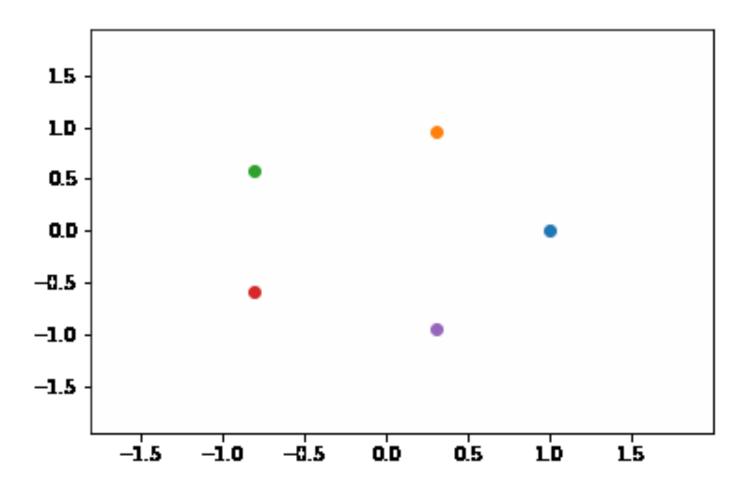


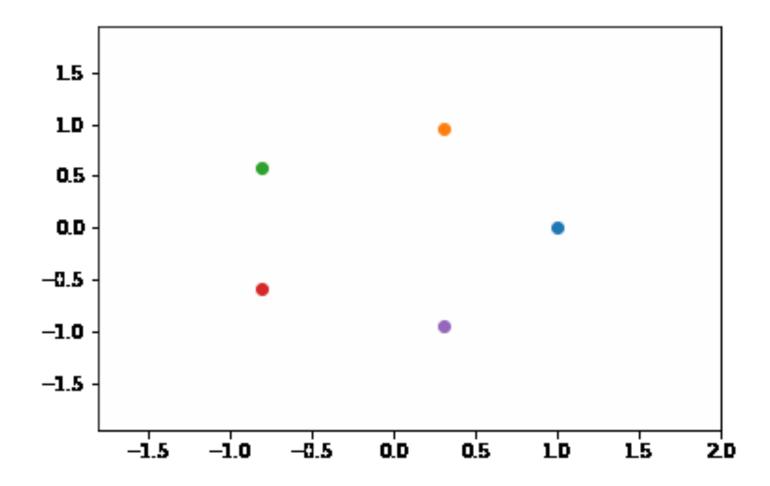
Lowest entropy mixing N=5 L=3



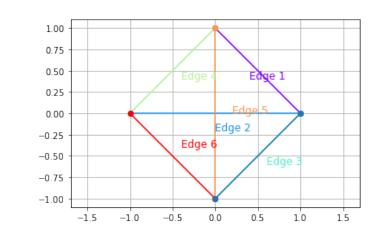


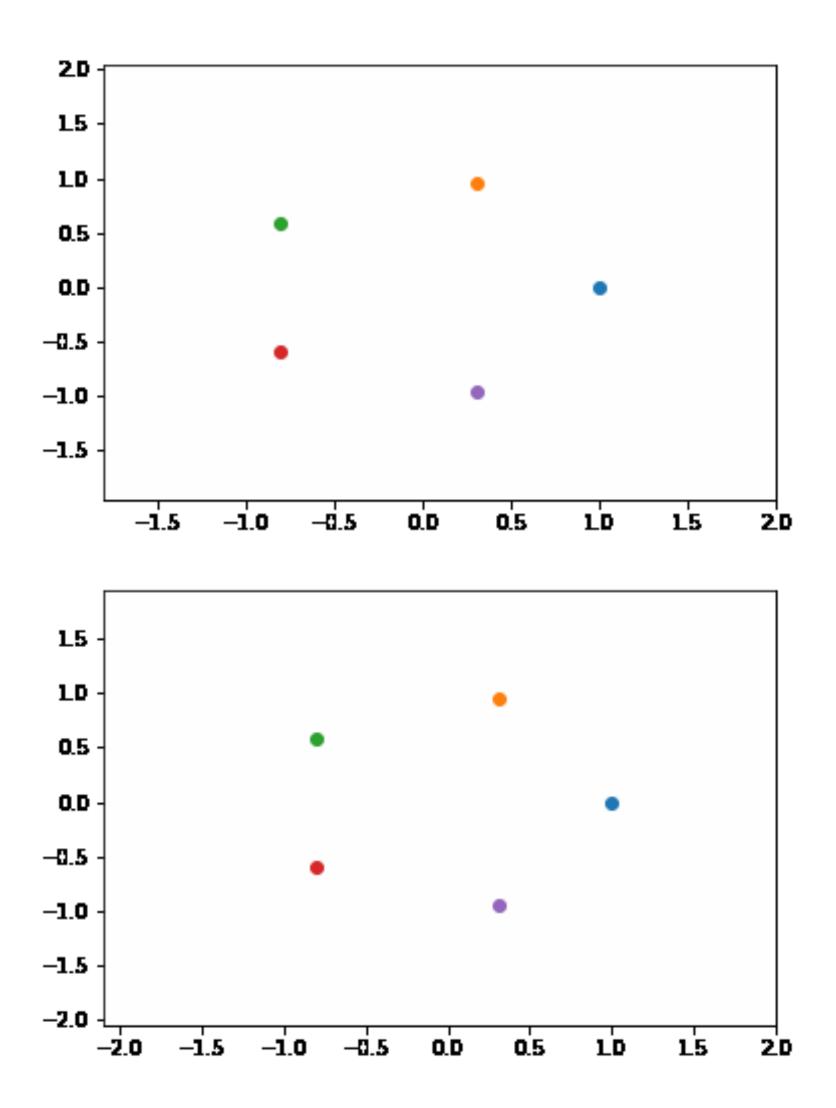


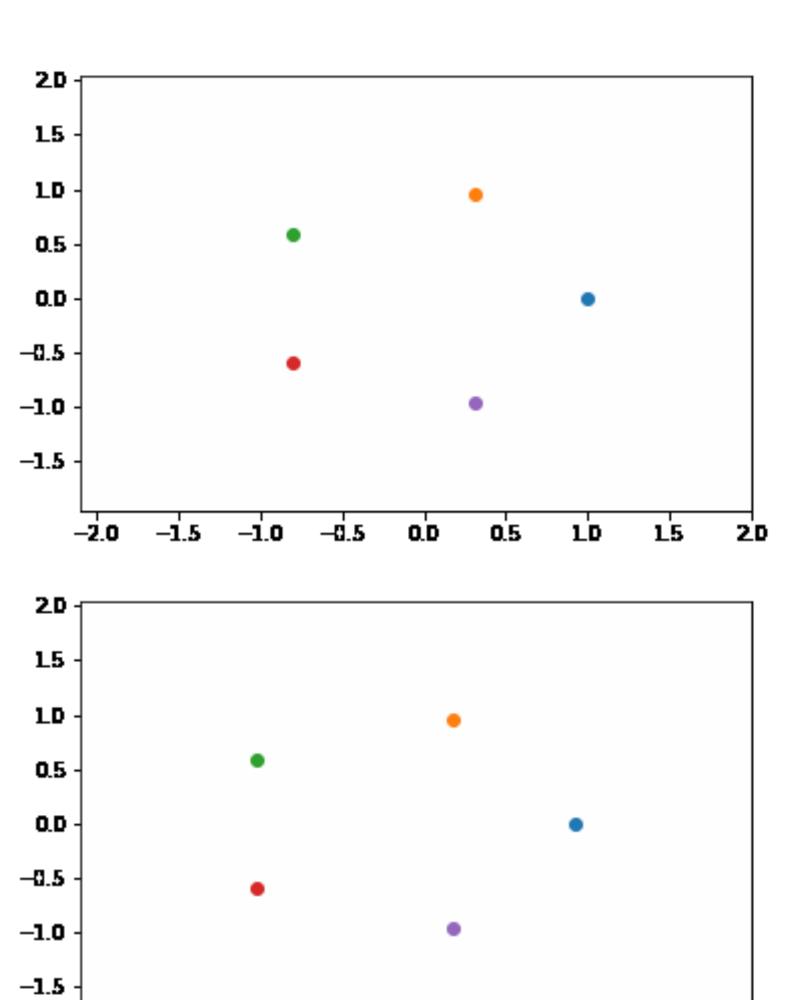




Highest entropy mixing N=5 L=3



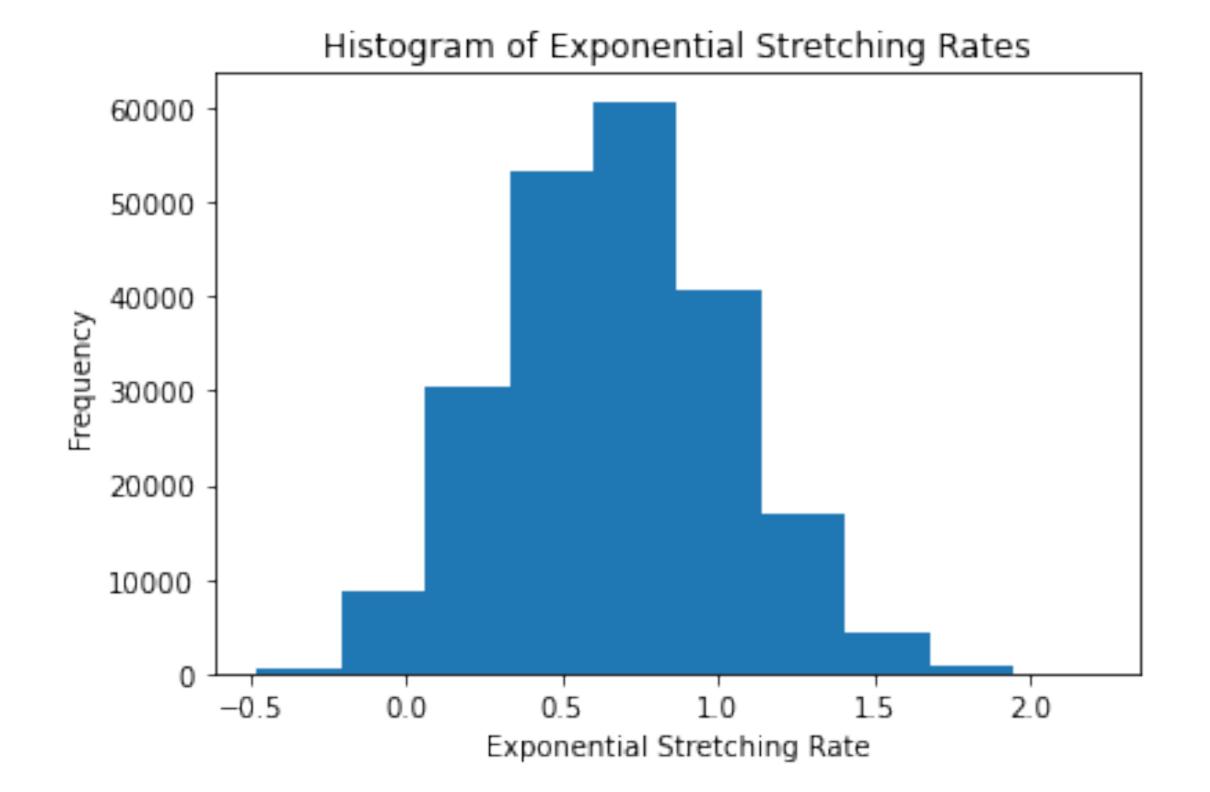


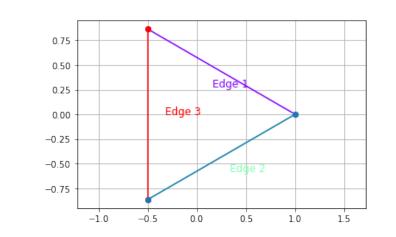


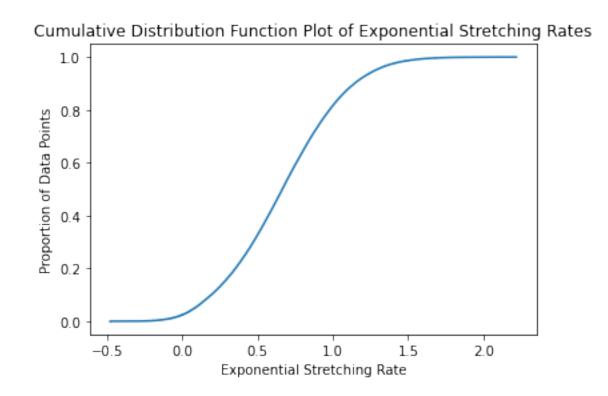
0.5

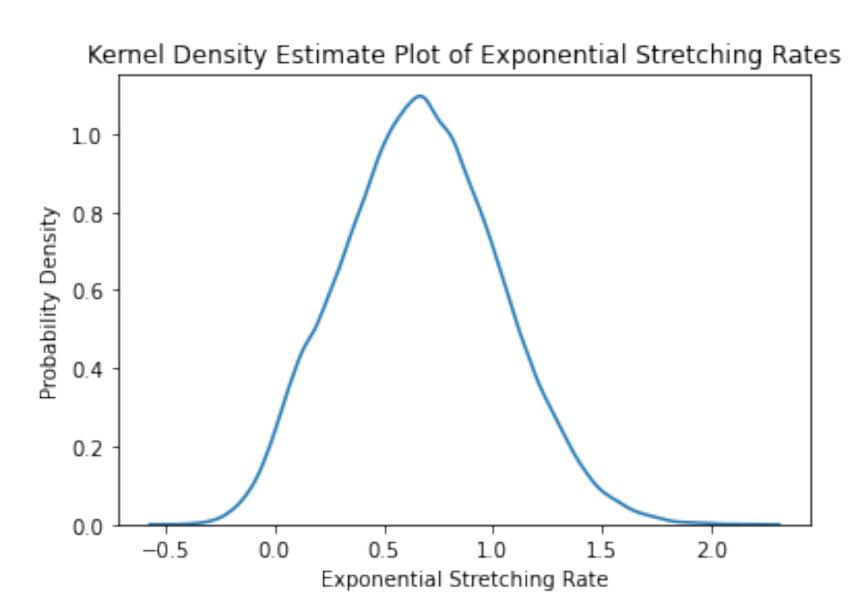
-1.5 -1.0 -0.5 0.D

Mixing of N=5 L=3



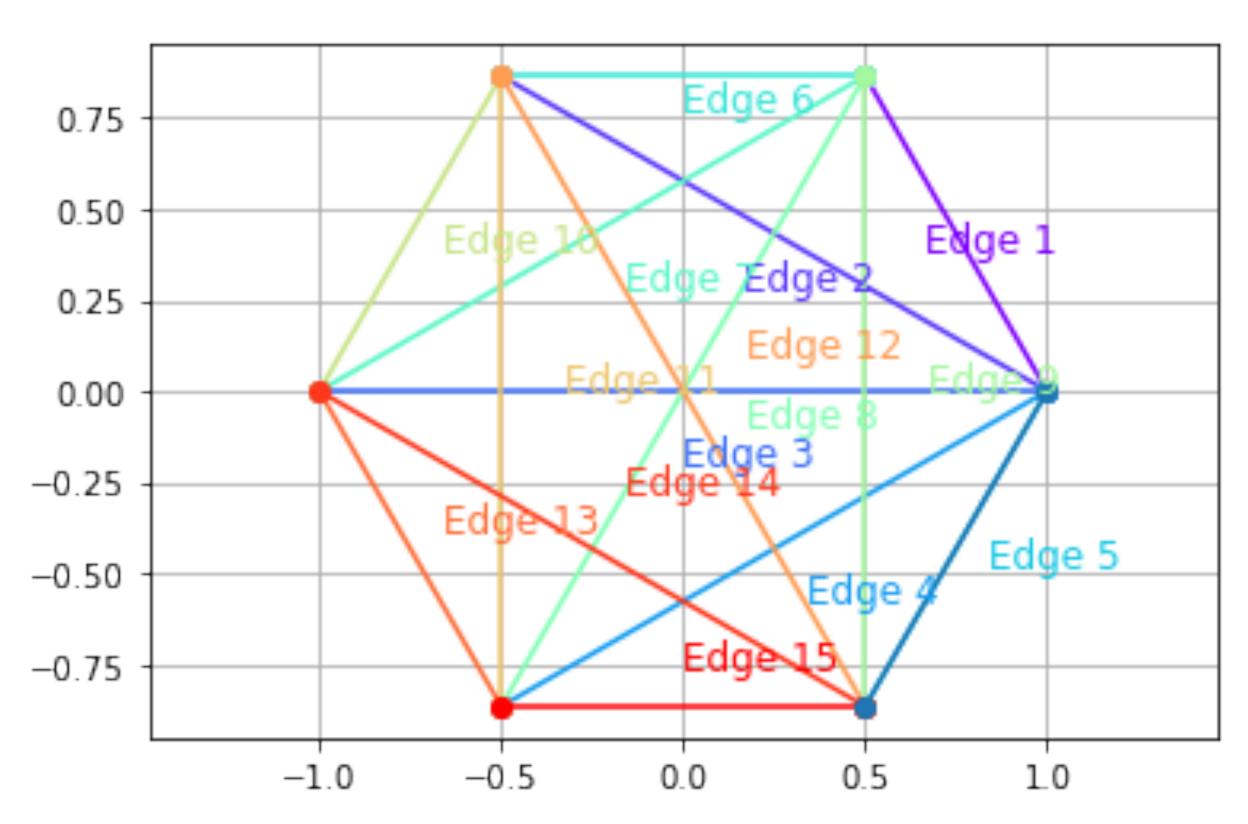






6-Rod Mixing

Computation Failed

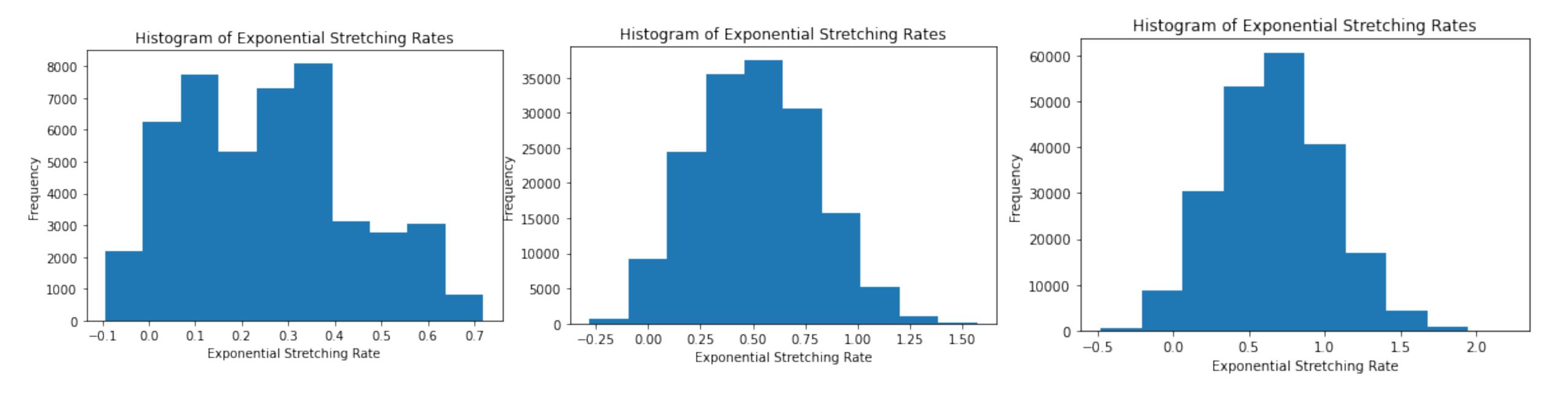


3-Rod Mixing Length 4

4-Rod Mixing 5-Rod Mixing

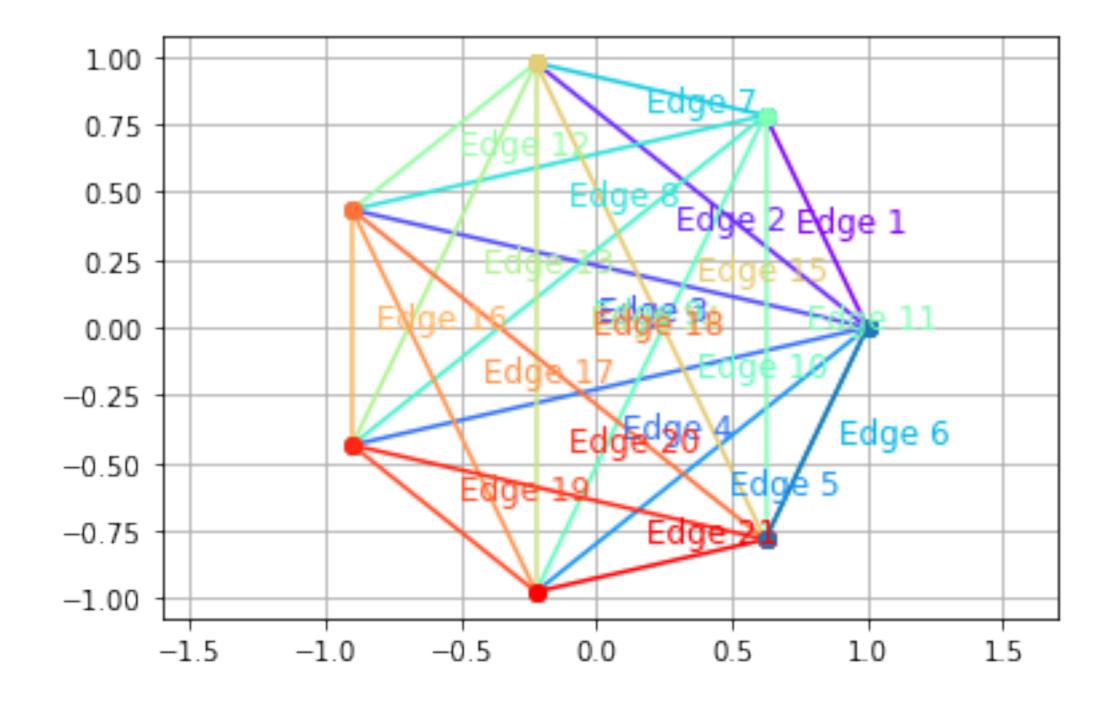
Length 4

Length 3



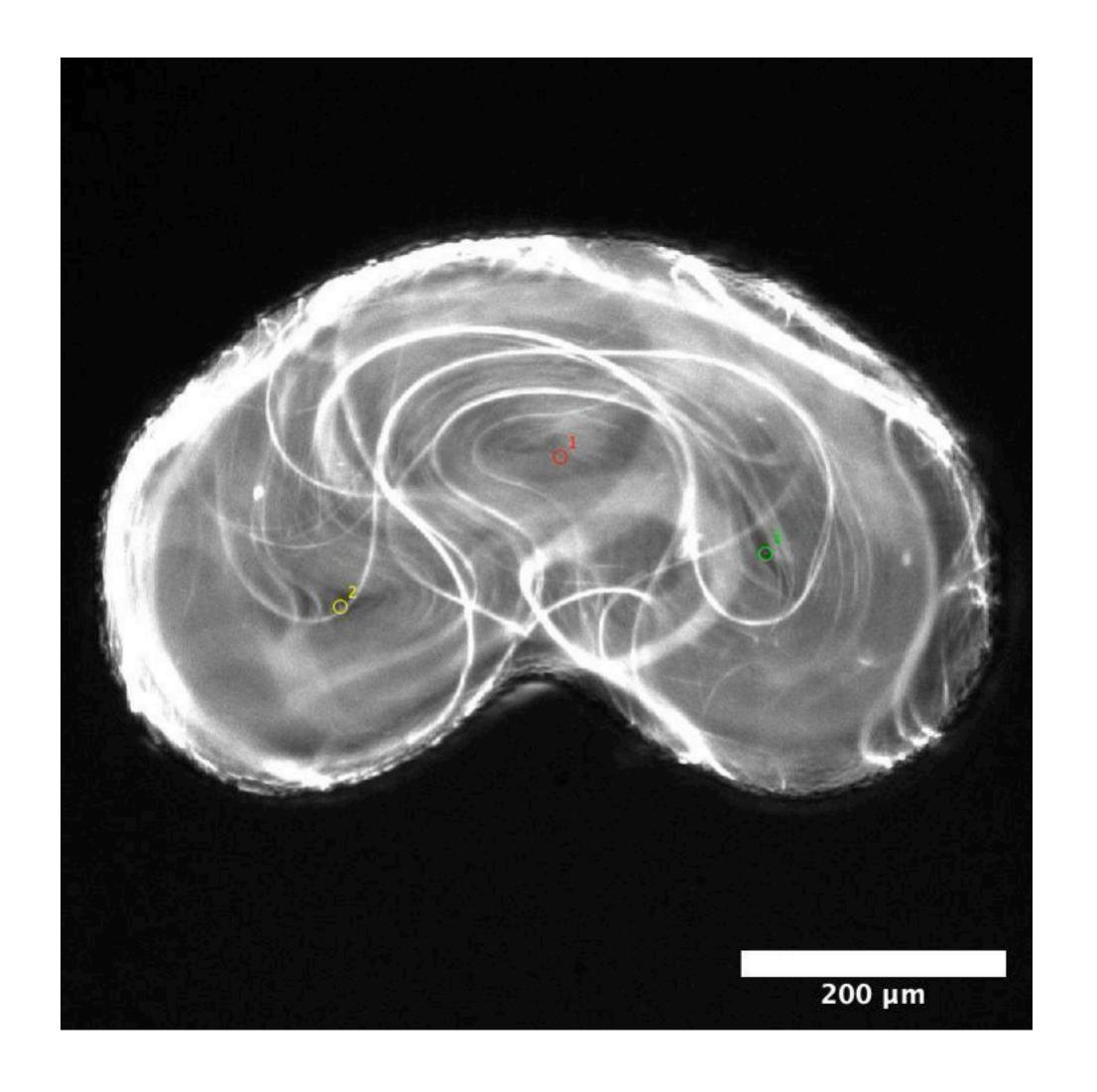
Future Steps

- Remove degeneracy
- •Run for larger N and L
- Compare to experimental data



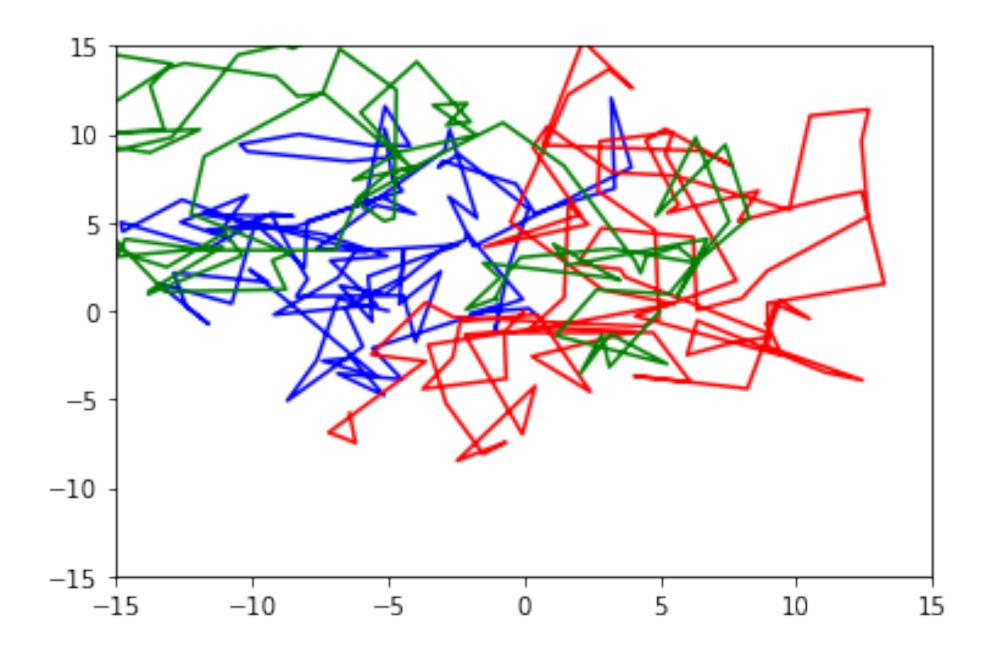
Future Steps

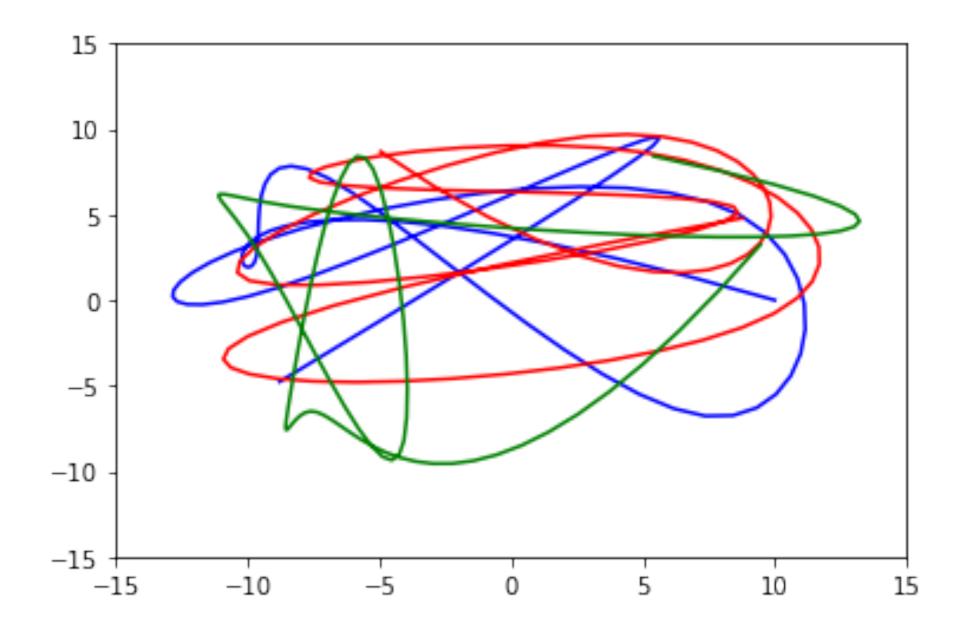
- Remove degeneracy
- •Run for larger N and L
- Compare to experimental data



Complete Random Motion

Jagged vs Spline Smooth





Rotational Diffusion

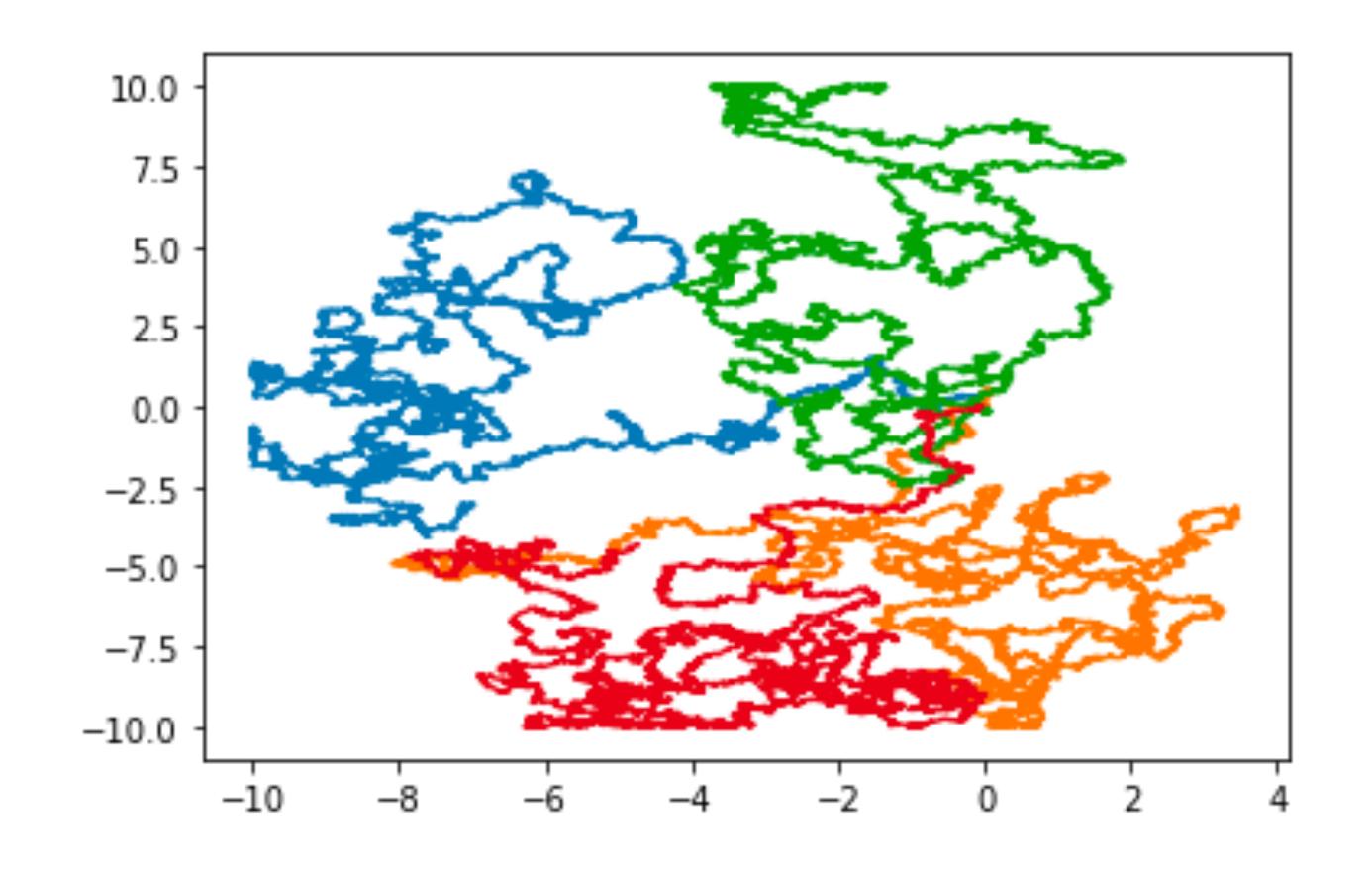
Translational Diffusion

Position

Velocity

Number of Walkers

Boundary Conditions



Rotational Diffusion

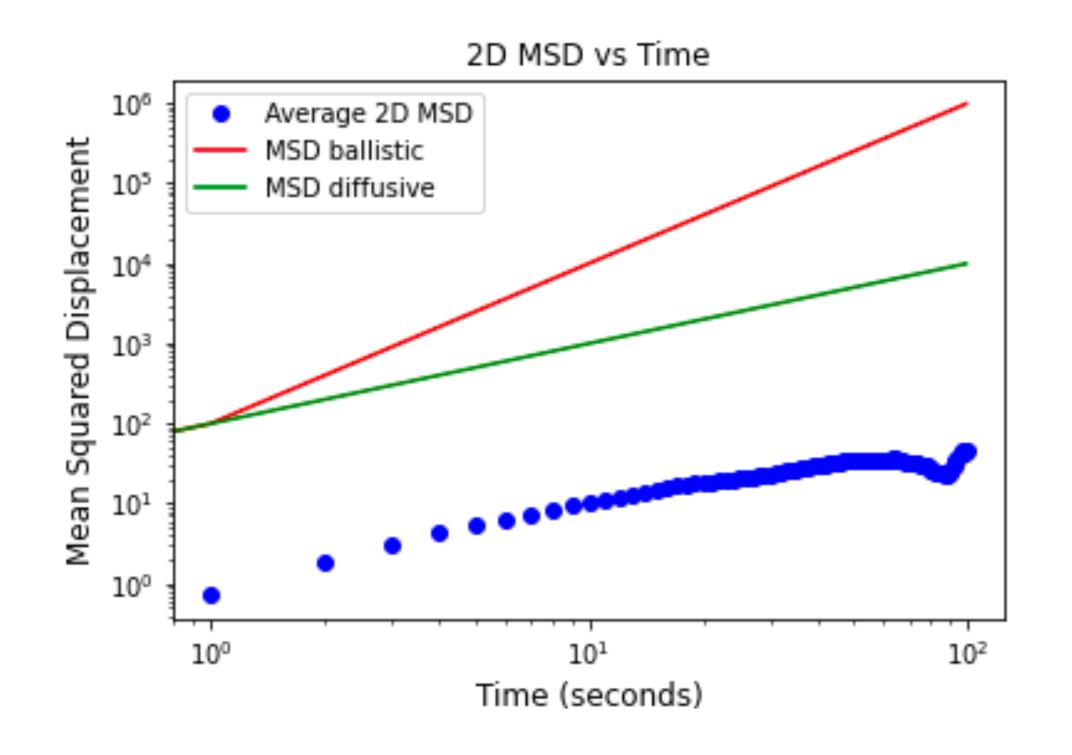
Translational Diffusion

Position

Velocity

Number of Walkers

Boundary Conditions



Rotational Diffusion

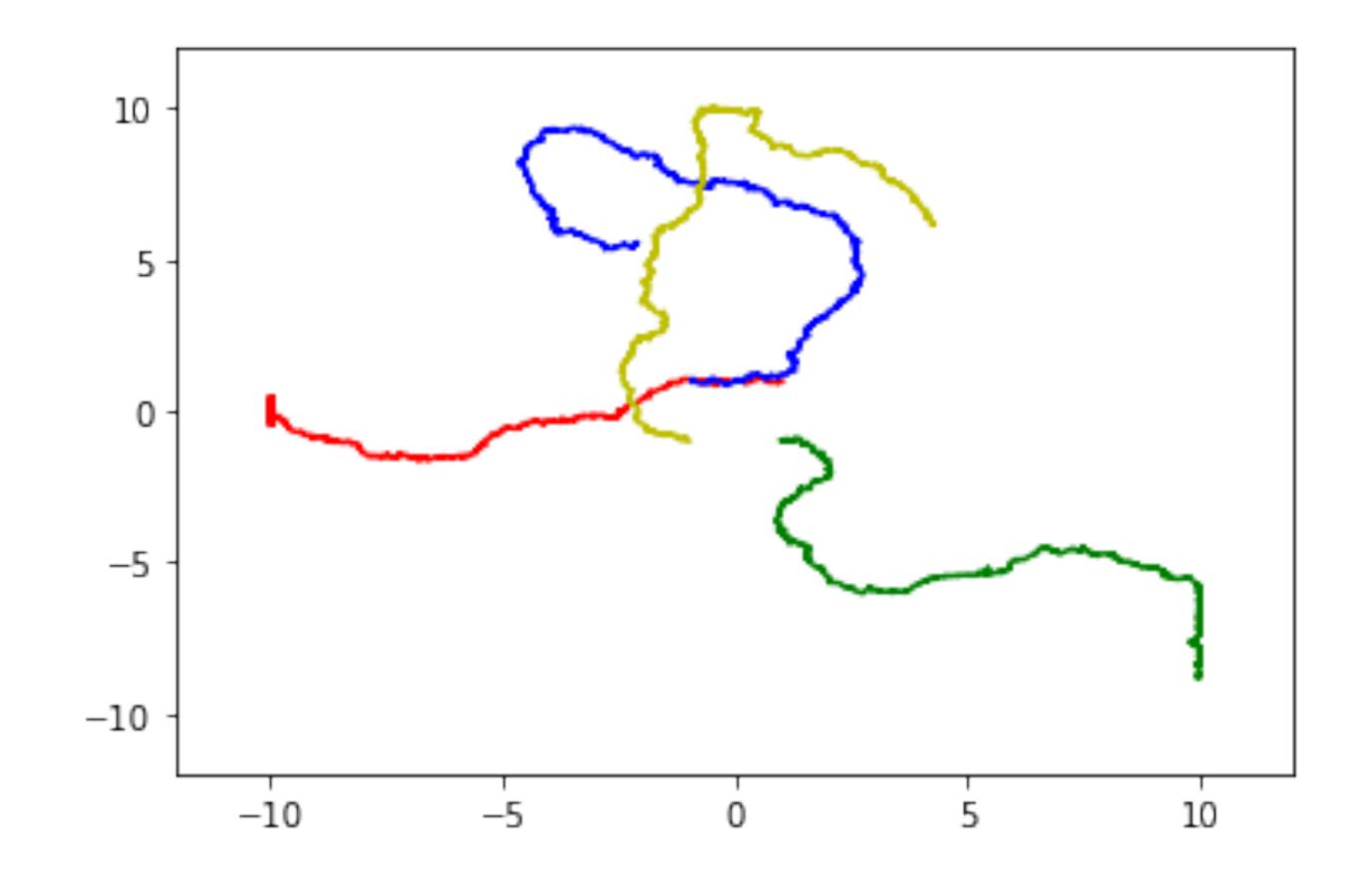
Translational Diffusion

Position

Velocity

Number of Walkers

Boundary Conditions



Future Steps

- Make Robust for Varying Walkers
- Calculate Mixing Entropy on Sets
- Determine what step count is comparable to braid length

