

# Analysis and visualization of phylogenetic xml trees

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**Abstract – Biological organisms have evolved from single-celled bacteria to multicellular animals such as humans in a time-span of 4 billion years. During this evolutionary time, millions of different biological species have evolved from a single common ancestor. Such diversity in life has made the understanding and visualization of biological evolution a challenge. Phylogeny and relationship of organisms is in the form of a tree structure which can be represented in the form of an xml tree structure. Here we characterize and visualize a phylogenetic xml file by displaying its various branches using XSLT and converting part of the phylogenetic tree into SQL. Finally, we also visualize the entire phylogenetic tree using the software archaeopteryx.**

## Introduction

Biological evolution of living organisms has occurred over a span of four billion years giving rise to wide variety of living species. The best data structure to store and analyze this massive amount of biological diversity is in the form of an xml tree.

However, there are several challenges in the construction and visualization of an xml database. First, in many cases, the confidence in delineating a particular lineage of biological species can be difficult. Secondly, in many cases many species are either unnamed or haven't been characterized completely. Such drawbacks make storing of phylogenetic data difficult in traditional SQL databases making NoSQL databases an obvious choice.

We have made use of XSLT to parse out those branches of the XML tree which have confidence above a certain threshold at various levels of the phylogenetic tree. We have also converted part of the XML tree into SQL using a custom python script to enable us firing query in traditional relational databases.

## Methods

### a) Parsing of xml database with XSLT

An XSLT file was created which prints the branch length, confidence, and scientific name of a particular branch in the xml database. It then uses a series of nested for-loops to print out all the sub-branches in a tree using a threshold confidence of 80%. It prints the output in HTML tabular format, which can be easily viewed using a web browser.

### b) Conversion of xml tree into SQL database

For this task, we chose Python language to write a script to perform the necessary task. We used two external Python libraries named BioPython and Psycpg2. Bio.Phylo contains a submodule 'PhyloXML' which was used to handle parsing and tokenizing the XML trees. Psycpg2 was used to connect to the PostgreSQL database. First, we tokenized the XML tree into tags using Phylo.read() function. Then we had to decide which tags are essential and omit the others, so we created a database to store those values. Finally, we connected to the PostgreSQL database and feed it the tokens we generated in the previous phase.

### c) Visualization of phylogenetic tree using archaeopteryx

## Results and Discussion

### a) XSLT results

### b) SQL conversion and query

SQL conversion of XML proved to be a tough feat to achieve. Unlike SQL, XML is not well structured and the XML database we used

**Commented [1]:** Briefly describe your custom python code here.

Also talk about the SQL queries.

**Commented [2]:** Discuss any details here regarding how you generated the diagram.

proved to be impossible to work with. Most of the species identified don't have a name ascribed to them. Some species don't have a confidence level mentioned in the XML. Some have scientific names while some don't. So, to avoid a lot of empty entries we decided to lose some information like 'scientific name' which have very rare occurrence. Converting this data manually is ineffective because it will require more time. Also, if we don't drop a few details, SQL transformation is possible but it will waste a lot of space since most of the columns will be empty. This is the list of the properties which we chose to include:

```
BRANCH_NAME VARCHAR(20),
BRANCH_LENGTH FLOAT(20),
TOTAL_BRANCH_LENGTH FLOAT(20),
CONFIDENCE INTEGER,
NODE_PATH_LENGTH INTEGER,
TERMINALS_NUMBER INT,
PARENT_NODE VARCHAR(20)
```

If a species doesn't have a name, we denote it as "Bx" where x stands for an integer value. We were able to extract data of 134 species from the XML and convert it into SQL format with the above approach.

The output for query "select \* from phyloxml" can be seen in the snapshots given at the end of this report. Furthermore, we could fire up a query to find information with specific constraints like (confidence > 50 AND confidence < 75) or descendants of a species by firing simple SQL queries like

1. "select \* from phyloxml where confidence > 50 AND confidence < 75;"
2. "select \* from phyloxml where parent\_node = 'B40';"

c) Visualization of xml file

**Commented [3]:** Mention the number of records converted into SQL.

Show some sample SQL queries. A screenshot would be great.

Mention that everything cannot be converted since the XML file does not have a definite schema.

**Commented [4]:** Add the picture of the phylogenetic tree here. You may want to mention the total number of branches in the 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup> and third levels.

branch_name	branch_length	total_branch_length	confidence	node_path_length	terminals_number	parent_node
B2	0.180485	0.180485	100	1	38	ROOT
B3	0.41517	0.515575	100	2	18	B2
B4	0.30159	0.817165	97	3	16	B3
B5	0.15021	0.9673750000000001	69	4	10	B4
B6	0.04885	1.0162250000000002	68	5	8	B5
B7	0.04633	1.0625500000000001	59	6	6	B6
B8	0.10918	1.251735	100	7	5	B7
B9	0.07518	1.326915	97	8	4	B8
B10	0.0073	1.3342150000000002	100	9	3	B9
B11	0.0036	1.3378150000000002	91	10	2	B10
HP_001025424.1	0.00001	1.3378250000000003	0	11	1	B11
B12	0.00327	1.3410850000000003	0	11	1	B11
hsClcn7	0.00962	1.3438350000000001	0	10	1	B10
ggClcn7	0.28745	1.614365	0	9	1	B9
frClcn_g158497	0.12824	1.379975	0	8	1	B8
ciClc_146907	0.30499	1.447545	0	7	1	B7
B13	0.37118	1.3874850000000002	100	6	2	B6
dmClc_CG8594	0.29315	1.6805550000000002	0	7	1	B13
agClc_g16563	0.18816	1.575565	0	7	1	B13
B14	0.4337	1.401075	100	5	2	B5
cbClcn_CB023365	0.02184	1.422115	0	6	1	B14
ceClcn_CE29336	0.00466	1.4057350000000002	0	6	1	B14
B15	0.27675	1.093915	100	4	6	B4
B16	0.16193	1.2558449999999999	100	5	5	B15
B17	0.06936	1.325285	98	6	4	B16
B18	0.03192	1.357125	100	7	3	B17
B19	0.02482	1.381945	99	8	2	B18
rnClcn6	0.01157	1.393515	0	9	1	B19
mmClcn6	0.00537	1.387315	0	9	1	B19
hsClcn6	0.00234	1.358465	0	8	1	B18
ggClcn6	0.00378	1.408985	0	7	1	B17
frClcn_g153343	0.23936	1.495285	0	6	1	B16
ciClc_139586	0.35537	1.449285	0	5	1	B15
B20	0.37011	0.8856850000000001	100	3	2	B3
ciClc_145284	0.32143	1.207115	0	4	1	B20
ggClcn_nov1	0.47263	1.3583150000000002	0	4	1	B20
B21	0.42764	0.528045	100	2	20	B2
B22	0.05585	0.5838949999999999	91	3	18	B21
B23	0.06146	0.6453549999999999	92	4	16	B22
B24	0.1309	0.7762549999999999	100	5	15	B23
B25	0.05486	0.8383149999999999	67	6	10	B24

B26	0.07178	0.9828849999999999	97	7	5	B25
B27	0.0163	0.9182949999999999	86	8	4	B26
B28	0.04239	0.9607849999999999	100	9	3	B27
B29	0.0038	0.9645849999999999	97	10	2	B28
rnClcn5	0.00001	0.9645949999999999	0	11	1	B29
mmClcn5	0.00001	0.9645849999999999	0	11	1	B29
hsClcn5	0.00003	0.9688149999999999	0	10	1	B28
ggClcn5	0.00559	0.9839849999999999	0	9	1	B27
frClcn_g151908	0.21641	1.1185049999999999	0	8	1	B26
B30	0.08833	0.9186449999999999	100	7	5	B25
B31	0.01718	0.9358249999999999	100	8	4	B26
B32	0.00177	0.937595	65	9	3	B31
B33	0.00671	0.944305	70	10	2	B32
rnClcn4	0.00001	0.9443149999999999	0	11	1	B33
mmClcn4	0.01342	0.9577249999999999	0	11	1	B33
hsClcn4	0.00001	0.9276849999999999	0	10	1	B32
ggClcn4	0.02178	0.9576849999999999	0	9	1	B31
frClcn_g153787	0.05099	0.9696349999999999	0	8	1	B30
B34	0.0705	0.8467549999999999	100	6	5	B24
B35	0.01719	0.863945	100	7	4	B34
B36	0.00411	0.8687549999999999	90	8	3	B35
B37	0.00001	0.8687649999999999	45	9	2	B36
rnClcn3	0.00336	0.8721249999999999	0	10	1	B37
hsClcn3	0.00001	0.8687749999999999	0	10	1	B37
mmClcn3	0.00001	0.8687649999999999	0	9	1	B36
ggClcn3	0.00361	0.867555	0	8	1	B35
frClcn_g127864	0.04395	0.890705	0	7	1	B34
ciClc_140203	0.28639	0.9317449999999998	0	5	1	B23
B38	0.1894	0.773295	97	4	2	B22
agClc_g16174	0.05022	0.823515	0	5	1	B38
dmClc_CG9284	0.16939	0.942685	0	5	1	B38
B39	0.30137	0.829415	100	3	2	B21
cbClcn_CB003262	0.00001	0.829425	0	4	1	B39
ceClcn_CE27360	0.02216	0.851575	0	4	1	B39
B40	0.565495	0.565495	100	1	30	ROOT
B41	0.15381	0.719305	64	2	22	B40
B42	0.03139	0.750695	59	3	14	B41
B43	0.09003	0.840725	77	4	12	B42
B44	0.10834	0.9490649999999999	100	5	11	B43
B45	0.14142	1.090405	100	6	5	B44
B46	0.07698	1.167465	99	7	4	B45
B47	0.0994	1.266865	100	8	3	B46
B48	0.02139	1.288255	100	9	2	B47

mmClcn1	0.00151	1.2897649999999998	0	10	1	848
rnClcn1	0.00347	1.291725	0	10	1	848
hsClcn1	0.023	1.2898649999999998	0	9	1	847
ggClcn1	0.10289	1.270355	0	8	1	846
frClcn_g146581	0.23436	1.3248449999999998	0	7	1	845
B49	0.13663	1.0856949999999999	99	6	6	844
B50	0.02272	1.108415	50	7	5	849
B51	0.07138	1.170795	65	8	4	858
B52	0.07077	1.2505649999999998	100	9	3	851
B53	0.0061	1.2656649999999998	64	10	2	852
rnClcn2	0.00453	1.2701949999999997	0	11	1	853
mmClcn2	0.00755	1.2732149999999998	0	11	1	853
hsClcn2	0.01584	1.275405	0	10	1	852
ggClcn2	0.05756	1.237355	0	9	1	851
frClcn_g129629	0.02989	1.138305	0	8	1	850
frClcn_g132311	0.08432	1.1700149999999998	0	7	1	849
clClc_142005	0.32253	1.163255	0	5	1	843
B54	0.28604	1.036735	100	4	2	842
dmClc_CG31116	0.08284	1.119575	0	5	1	854
agClc_g16123	0.08822	1.124955	0	5	1	854
B55	0.19888	0.918185	64	3	8	841
B56	0.32241	1.240595	100	4	4	855
B57	0.19492	1.4355149999999999	100	5	2	856
ceClcn_CE20461	0.01486	1.450375	0	6	1	857
cbClcn_CB082916	0.00001	1.435525	0	6	1	857
B58	0.42103	1.661625	100	5	2	856
ceClcn_CE27450	0.01893	1.6805549999999998	0	6	1	858
cbClcn_CB083117	0.00319	1.664815	0	6	1	858
B59	0.12841	1.046595	44	4	4	855
B60	0.25828	1.304875	100	5	2	859
cbClcn_CB613104	0.08006	1.384935	0	6	1	860
ceClcn_CE27906	0.0634	1.368275	0	6	1	860
B61	0.5862	1.552795	100	5	2	859
ceClcn_CE28647	0.0356	1.580395	0	6	1	861
cbClcn_CB614338	0.02779	1.580585	0	6	1	861
B62	0.35485	0.920345	100	2	8	840
B63	0.1213	1.041645	97	3	7	862
B64	0.25749	1.299135	100	4	6	863
B65	0.07581	1.3749449999999999	100	5	4	864
B66	0.06387	1.438815	100	6	2	865
rnClckna	0.03328	1.472095	0	7	1	866
mmClckna	0.01039	1.4492049999999999	0	7	1	866
B67	0.05298	1.4279249999999999	100	6	2	865

rnClcn2	0.00453	1.2701949999999997	0	11	1	853
mmClcn2	0.00755	1.2732149999999998	0	11	1	853
hsClcn2	0.01584	1.275405	0	10	1	852
ggClcn2	0.05756	1.237355	0	9	1	851
frClcn_g129629	0.02989	1.138305	0	8	1	850
frClcn_g132311	0.08432	1.1700149999999998	0	7	1	849
clClc_142005	0.32253	1.163255	0	5	1	843
B54	0.28604	1.036735	100	4	2	842
dmClc_CG31116	0.08284	1.119575	0	5	1	854
agClc_g16123	0.08822	1.124955	0	5	1	854
B55	0.19888	0.918185	64	3	8	841
B56	0.32241	1.240595	100	4	4	855
B57	0.19492	1.4355149999999999	100	5	2	856
ceClcn_CE20461	0.01486	1.450375	0	6	1	857
cbClcn_CB082916	0.00001	1.435525	0	6	1	857
B58	0.42103	1.661625	100	5	2	856
ceClcn_CE27450	0.01893	1.6805549999999998	0	6	1	858
cbClcn_CB083117	0.00319	1.664815	0	6	1	858
B59	0.12841	1.046595	44	4	4	855
B60	0.25828	1.304875	100	5	2	859
cbClcn_CB613104	0.08006	1.384935	0	6	1	860
ceClcn_CE27906	0.0634	1.368275	0	6	1	860
B61	0.5862	1.552795	100	5	2	859
ceClcn_CE28647	0.0356	1.580395	0	6	1	861
cbClcn_CB614338	0.02779	1.580585	0	6	1	861
B62	0.35485	0.920345	100	2	8	840
B63	0.1213	1.041645	97	3	7	862
B64	0.25749	1.299135	100	4	6	863
B65	0.07581	1.3749449999999999	100	5	4	864
B66	0.06387	1.438815	100	6	2	865
rnClckna	0.03328	1.472095	0	7	1	866
mmClckna	0.01039	1.4492049999999999	0	7	1	866
B67	0.05298	1.4279249999999999	100	6	2	865
rnClcknb	0.01948	1.4474049999999998	0	7	1	867
mmClcknb	0.0249	1.4528249999999998	0	7	1	867
B68	0.02027	1.319405	95	5	2	864
hsClckNB	0.04974	1.3691449999999998	0	6	1	868
hsClckNA	0.06307	1.362475	0	6	1	868
ggClckN	0.32528	1.366925	0	4	1	863
frClcn_nov1	0.48668	1.407025	0	3	1	862

```
PSQL
sql_project=# select * from phyloxml
sql_project=# where confidence > 50 AND confidence < 75;
branch_name | branch_length | total_branch_length | confidence | node_path_length | terminals_number | parent_node
-----
B5           | 0.15021       | 0.9673750000000001 | 69         | 4                 | 10               | B4
B6           | 0.04885       | 1.0162250000000002 | 68         | 5                 | 8                | B5
B7           | 0.04633       | 1.0625500000000001 | 59         | 6                 | 6                | B6
B25          | 0.05406       | 0.8303149999999999 | 67         | 6                 | 10               | B24
B32          | 0.00177       | 0.937595           | 65         | 9                 | 3                | B31
B33          | 0.00671       | 0.944305           | 70         | 10                | 2                | B32
B41          | 0.15381       | 0.719305           | 64         | 2                 | 22               | B40
B42          | 0.03139       | 0.750695           | 59         | 3                 | 14               | B41
B51          | 0.07138       | 1.479795           | 65         | 8                 | 4                | B50
B53          | 0.0061        | 1.2656649999999998 | 64         | 10                | 2                | B52
B55          | 0.19888       | 0.918185           | 64         | 3                 | 8                | B41
(11 rows)

sql_project=#
```

```
PSQL
sql_project=# select * from phyloxml
sql_project=# where parent_node = 'B40';
branch_name | branch_length | total_branch_length | confidence | node_path_length | terminals_number | parent_node
-----
B41          | 0.15381       | 0.719305           | 64         | 2                 | 22               | B40
B62          | 0.35485       | 0.920345           | 100        | 2                 | 8                | B40
(2 rows)

sql_project=#
```