Pola/1605 0 × x; = × x; $2\sum_{i=1}^{N} CX_i = C\sum_{i=1}^{N} X_i$ 3 \$ (*, +x,)= \$ x; + \$ x; Oxample) $\sum_{i=1}^{3} x_{ii} = (x_{11} + x_{12} + x_{13}) + (x_{21} + x_{22} + x_{23})$ $\sum_{i=1}^{3} x_{ii} = (x_{11} + x_{21}) + (x_{12} + x_{22}) + (x_{13} + x_{23})$ Practice (1) prove both are some $\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i\right)^2 = \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i x_i$ $= (x_1 + x_2 + x_3)(x_1 + x_2 + x_3)$ = (x, +x,x+x,x)+(x,x+x,+x,x)+ $(x_1x_3+x_2x_3+x_3)$ $= |x_1^2 + x_2^2 + x_3^2 + 2x_1 x_2 + 2x_1 x_3 + 2x_1$ $\boxed{D} \stackrel{>}{\sum} \stackrel{>}{\sum} \chi_i \chi_j = \stackrel{>}{\sum} \left(\stackrel{>}{\sum} \chi_i \chi_i \right) = \stackrel{>}{\sum} \left(\chi_i \chi_i + \chi_i \chi_i + \chi_i \chi_i + \chi_i \chi_i \right)$ $= (x_1x_1 + x_1x_2 + x_1x_3) + (x_2x_1 + x_3x_2 + x_2 + x_3) +$ $(2x_{1} + x_{2}x_{2} + x_{3}x_{3})$ $= (2x_{1}x_{1} + x_{2}x_{1} + x_{3}x_{2} + x_{3}x_{3})$ $= (2x_{1}x_{1} + x_{2}x_{1} + x_{3}x_{2} + x_{3}x_{3})$