# Defensive Security Project

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# Monitoring Environment

#### Scenario

- We work for VSI corporation
- VSI corporation has experienced multiple attacks, the current suspect is JobeCorp
- Two systems were specifically attacked, the Windows Server, and the Apache Web server
- The Attacks Occurred on March 25th



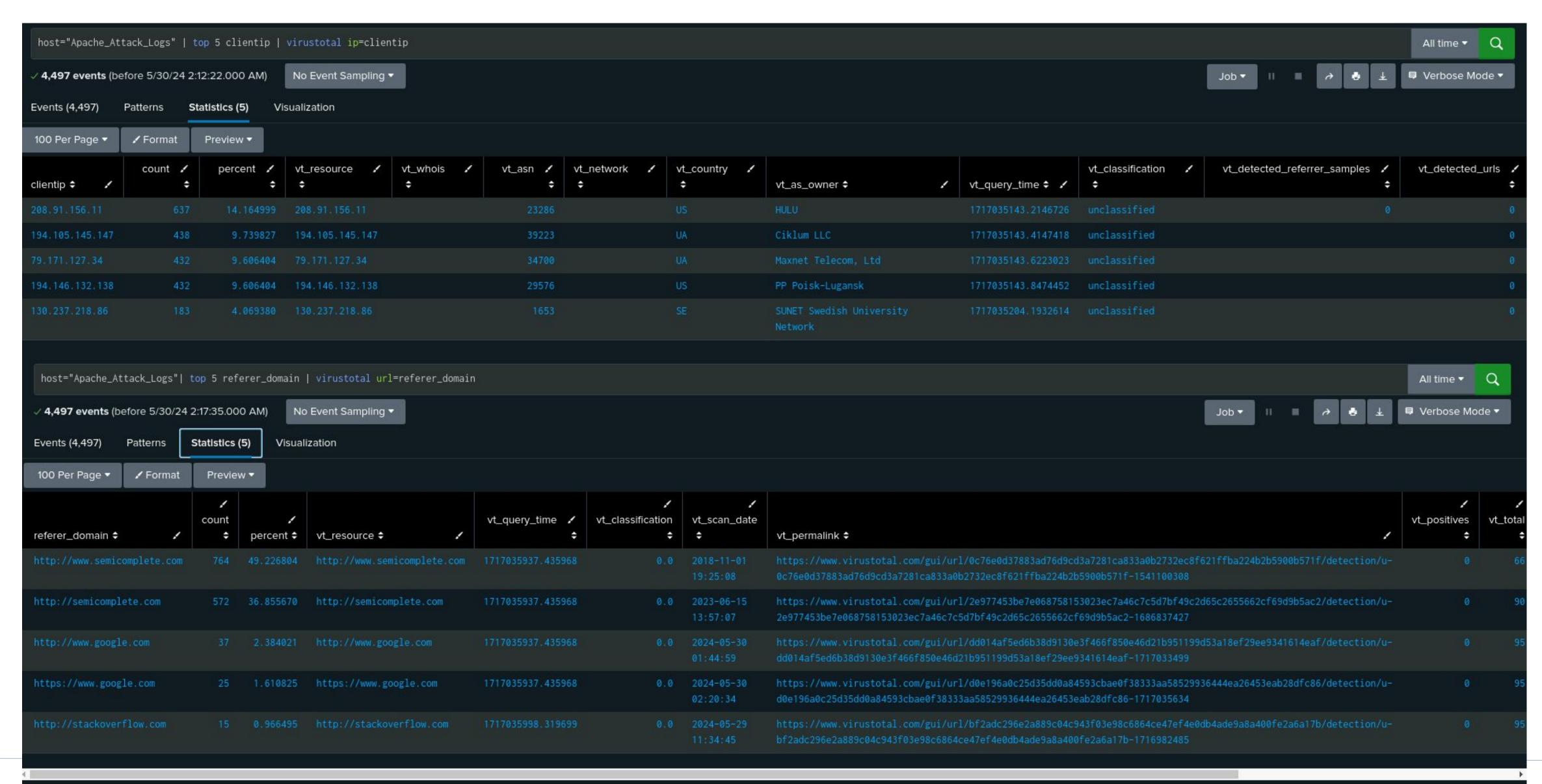
#### The VirusTotal Malware Lookup

- Uses API's to allow you to search using the regular "Search & Reporting" search bar
- Allows you to do a reputation check for
  - URL's
  - Domains
  - IP's
  - Hash's
- Can search hundreds of resources and events at once and refer it to the VirusTotal database, instead of copy/pasting the resource into their site one by one

When looking over logs, VirusTotal allows you to Check IP's, Domains, URL's and Hashes

Someone who looks over email logs and has access to the files or their hashes can send that using the add-on inside splunk

That same person can also send IP's and Domains, All inside splunk allowing someone to check hundreds of IP's, Domains, URL's, and Hashes at one time



### Logs Analyzed

1

#### **Windows Logs**

The Windows logs contain data consisting of:

- Signature IDs
- Error codes
- Account deletion
- Source ip addresses

2

#### **Apache Logs**

The Apache logs contain data consisting of:

- HTTP methods
- Response codes e.g. 404 errors
- Client location data
- URI scheme information

# Windows Logs

# Reports—Windows

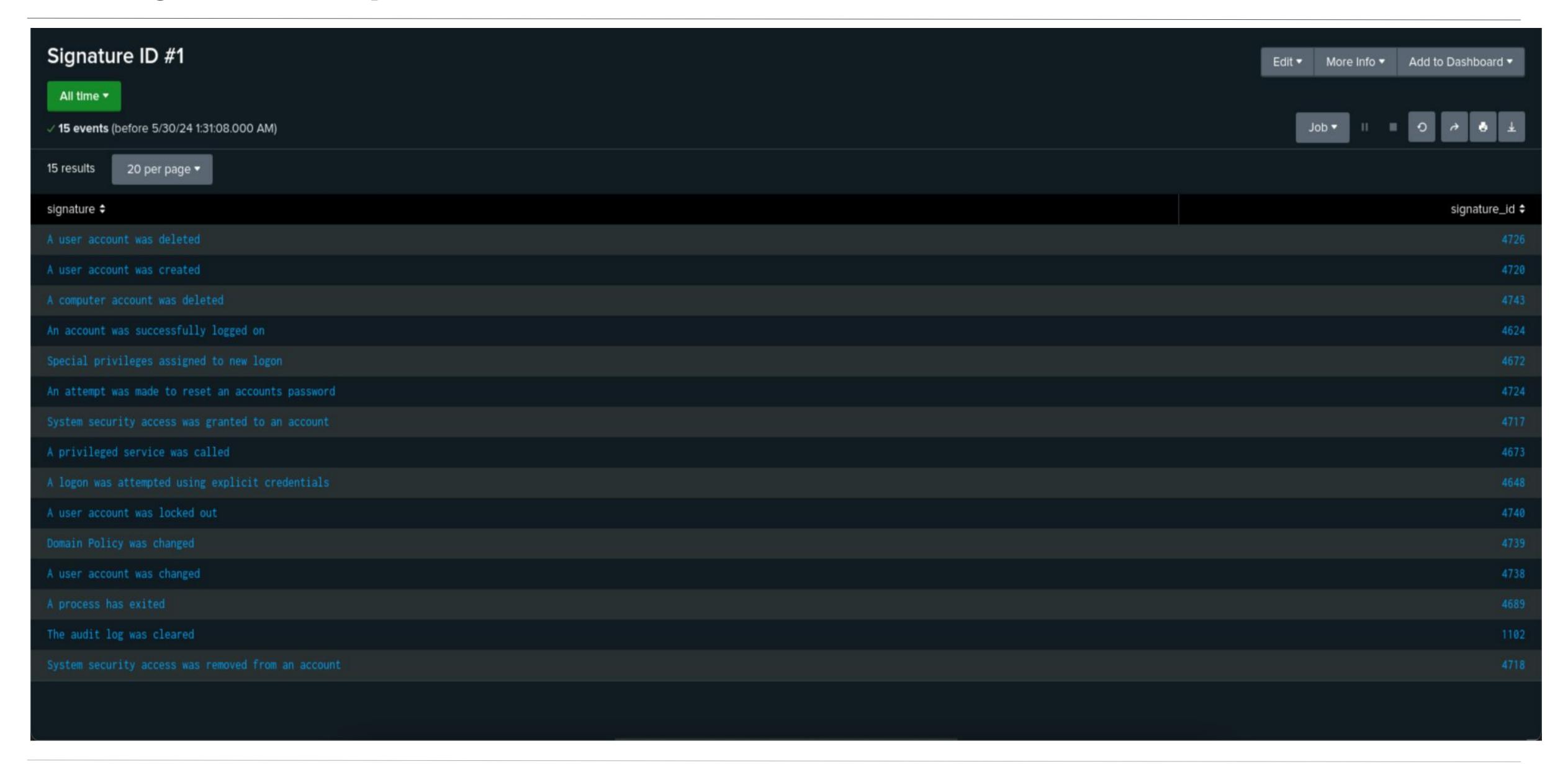
Designed the following reports:

Report Name	Report Description
Severity in Windows Attack Logs	This report shows the severity of the Windows logs and percentage.
Failed activities	This report shows the levels of success and failure on the Windows Server.
Windows Signature ID	This report shows the signature and the ID number that is linked to it.

# Images of Reports—Windows



## Images of Reports—Windows



# Images of Reports—Windows



#### **Alerts-Windows**

Designed the following alerts:

Alert Name	<b>Alert Description</b>	Alert Baseline	Alert Threshold
Failed Windows login attempts	This alert activates once the threshold is meet on failed Windows logins in a hour	6	10

**JUSTIFICATION:** Our team determined that a baseline for failed logins within the hour would be 6. From that determination we made the threshold for the alert at 10 failed login attempts per hour.

#### **Alerts-Windows**

#### Designed the following alerts:

Alert Name	<b>Alert Description</b>	Alert Baseline	Alert Threshold
Successful Windows logins	This alert activates when the threshold for successful windows logins is met within the hour	15	25

**JUSTIFICATION:** Our team decided that a baseline for successful windows logins by getting an average for logins per hour which was 15. We set the threshold at 25 as that would detect suspicious activity but also at the same time false positives would be low.

#### Dashboards—Windows



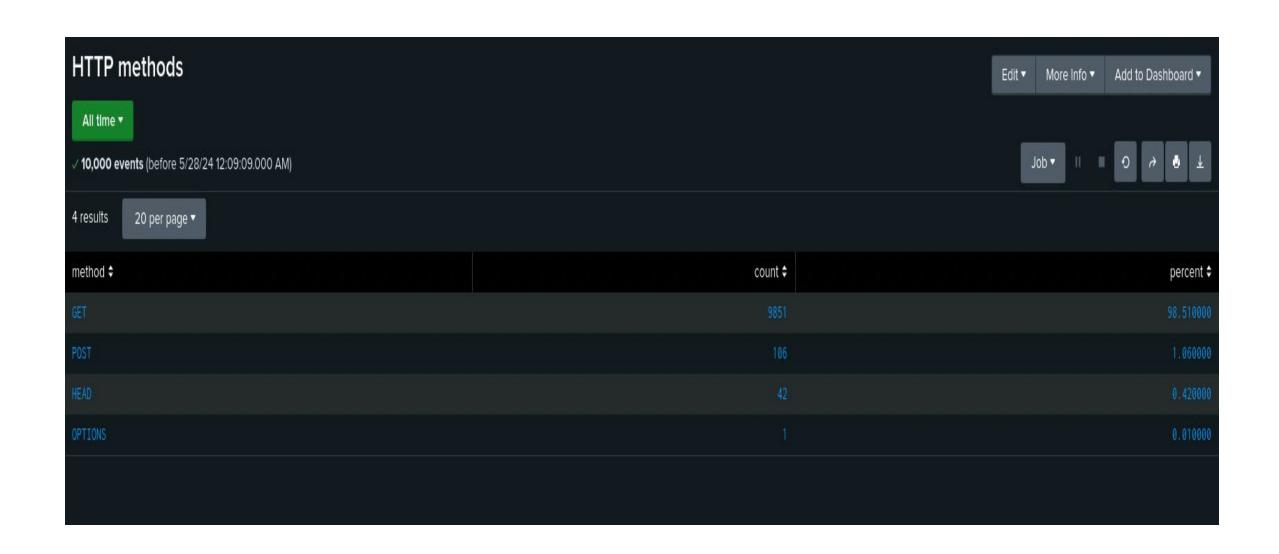
# Apache Logs

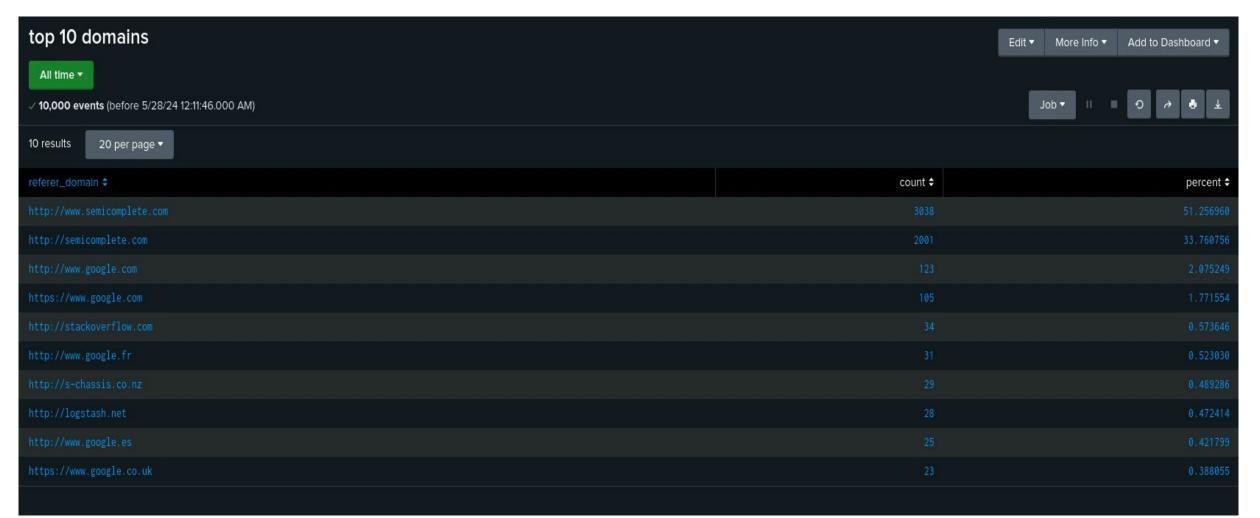
## Reports—Apache

Designed the following reports:

Report Name	Report Description
HTTP Methods	This report offers insights into the types of HTTP activities requested from VSI's web server, detailing various HTTP methods (such as GET, POST, HEAD, etc.)
Top Ten Domains	A report that highlights the top 10 domains that refer to VSI, helping us to identify any suspicious referrers.
HTTP Response Codes	A report that details the count of each HTTP response code, providing insight into any unusual levels of HTTP responses.

## Images of Reports—Apache







## Alerts-Apache

#### Designed the following alerts:

Alert Name	<b>Alert Description</b>	Alert Baseline	Alert Threshold
Hourly Activity from any Country then the U.S.	An alert created to monitor hourly activity from any country besides the United States. This alert will be triggered when the specified threshold is reached.	120	150

**JUSTIFICATION:** We determined the baseline to be 120, as this was the average amount of activity across time. We set the alert at 150 as we believe that a higher number may an indicator of a potential attack, and would prevent too many false positives.

## **Alerts—Apache**

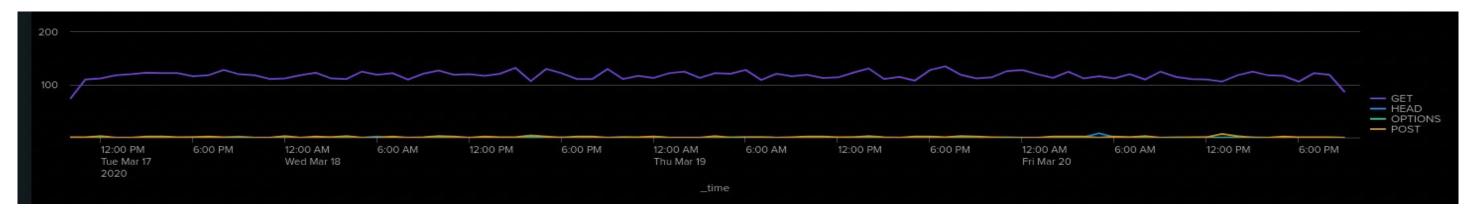
#### Designed the following alerts:

Alert Name	<b>Alert Description</b>	Alert Baseline	Alert Threshold
Hourly Count of the HTTP POST Method	An alert created to monitor the hourly count of the HTTP POST method. This alert will be triggered when the specified threshold is reached.	2	4

**JUSTIFICATION:** We determined the baseline for this was 2, as this was the average across all time. We set the alert level at 4 because of the nature of what POST could mean with regards to a potential attack, and that even if there are false positives, it is better to be safe than sorry.

# Dashboards—Apache

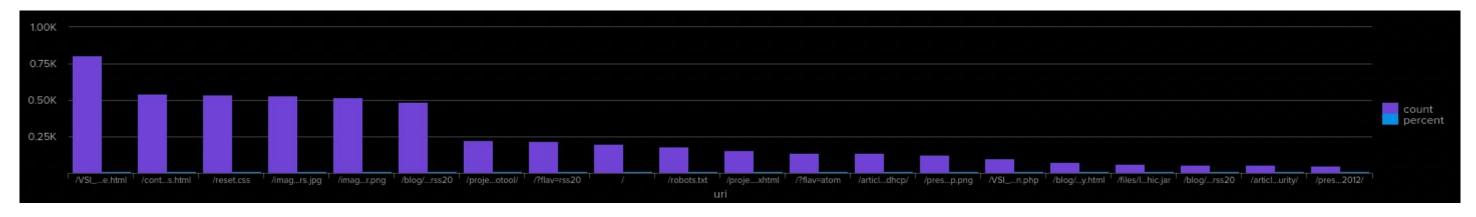
#### **HTTP Methods**



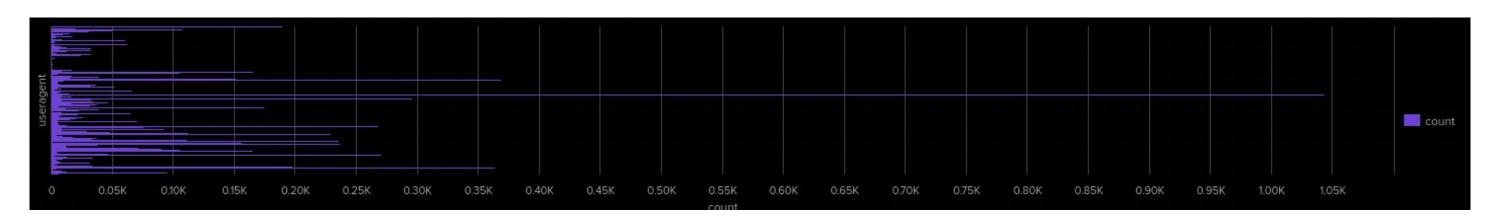
#### **Client IP Location**



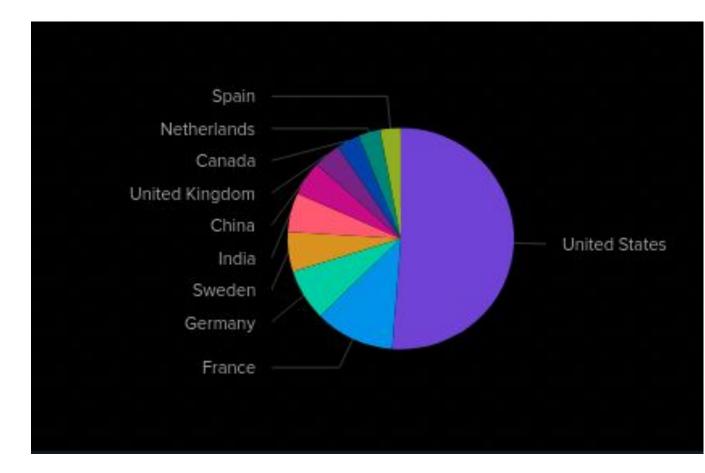
#### **URIs**



#### **User Agents**



#### **Count of Top 10 Countries**



**404 Error Count** 



# Attack Analysis

## Attack Summary—Windows

Summarize your findings from your reports when analyzing the attack logs.

Count share of high severity events increased by 13%

## Attack Summary—Windows

Summarize your findings from your alerts when analyzing the attack logs. Were the thresholds correct?

- Failed Windows Activity events (35) from 8-9 AM on Wednesday, March 25,
   2020
  - Threshold was 5, should increase to 7 or 8
- Successful Logins events (196) from user\_j from 11 Am to 12 PM on March 25, 2020 (attacker could be doing reconnaissance or trying to get persistence, also could be bot activity)
  - Threshold was 15 which seems to perform well

### Attack Summary—Windows

Summarize your findings from your dashboards when analyzing the attack logs.

#### Signatures

- At 9 AM an attempt was made to reset an account's password 1258 times and 761 times at 10 AM.
- At 1 AM a user account was locked out 805 times and 896 times at 2 AM.

#### Users

- The user user\_a had 799 events at 1 AM and 984 events at 2 AM.
- The user user\_k had 1256 events at 9 AM and 761 events at 10 AM.
- The accounts user\_a and user\_k were likely compromised

# Screenshots of Attack Logs



## Attack Summary—Apache

Summarize your findings from your reports when analyzing the attack logs.

- The number of POSTs increased by 28%.
- The number of 404 response codes increased by about 10%.

## Attack Summary—Apache

Summarize your findings from your alerts when analyzing the attack logs. Were the thresholds correct?

- The count of the hours it occurred in was mostly over 100 events per hour from 6 AM March 19 to 9 AM March 20.
- 1296 POST requests at 8 PM March 25, 2020

### Attack Summary—Apache

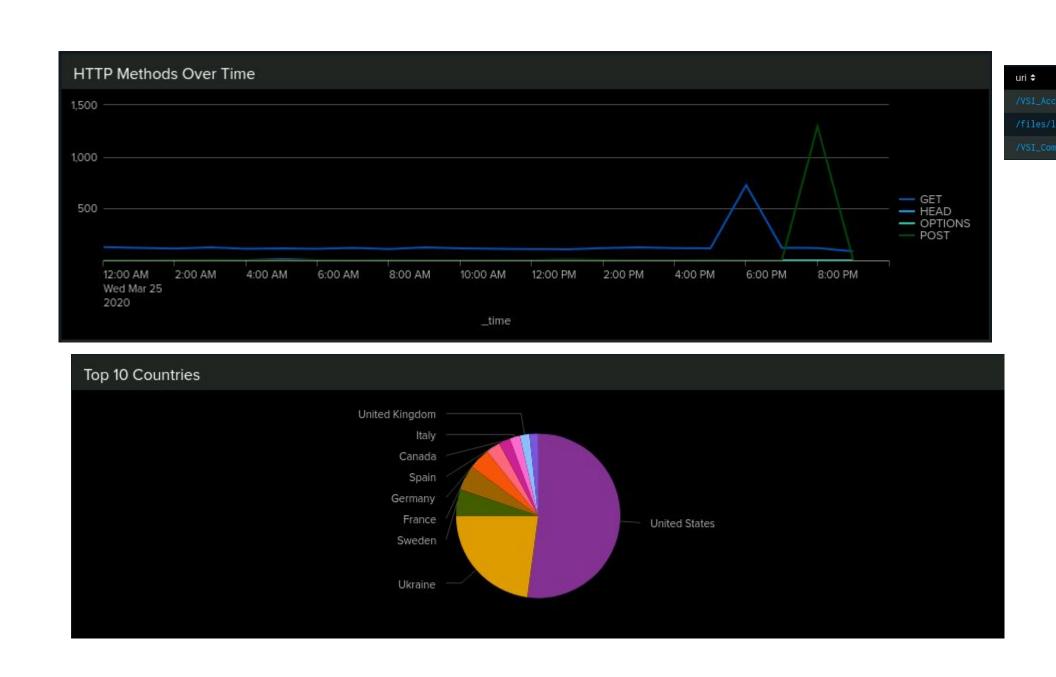
Summarize your findings from your dashboards when analyzing the attack logs.

- POST method used for attack.
- High request volume from Kyiv, Ukraine and Kharkiv, Ukraine.
- /VSI\_Account\_logon.php is the URI being hit the most.

#### Conclusion

 The attacker was trying to bruteforce login to the webpage and kept failing resulting in many POST requests and many 404 status codes.

# Screenshots of Attack Logs



count 🗢 🖌

# Summary and Future Mitigations

### **Project 3 Summary**

- What were your overall findings from the attack that took place?
  - /VSI\_Account\_logon.php was victim to brute force password guessing, XSS, etc. There were attacks on user accounts on the Windows server.
- To protect VSI from future attacks, what future mitigations would you recommend?
  - To prevent Windows accounts from being compromised, rotate passwords regularly, implement 2FA on all accounts, and decrease the amount of allowed login attempts before lockout. Trigger alert if too many lockouts.
  - To prevent brute forcing on the web page, identify and block IPs sending login requests if too many attempts are made.