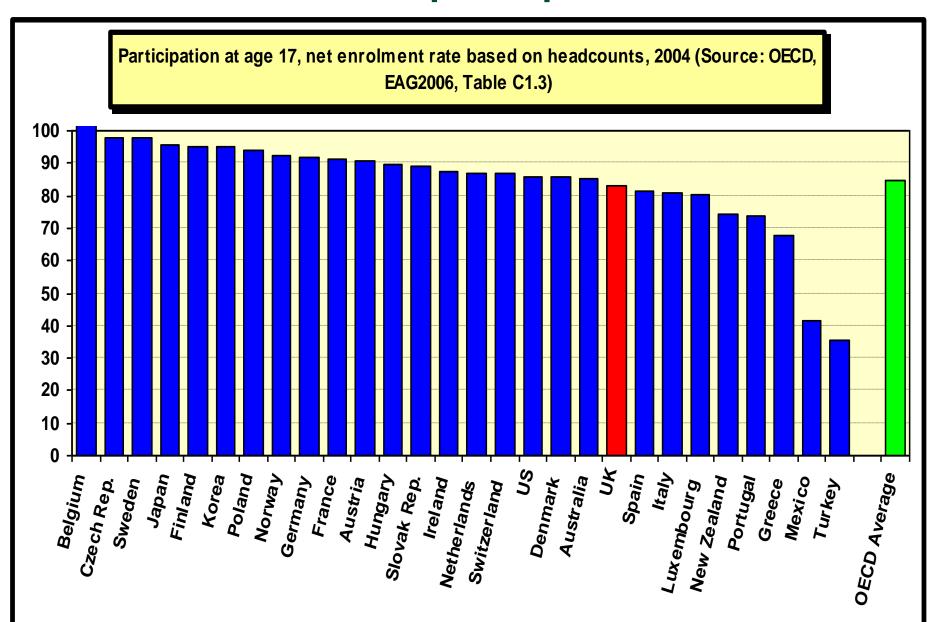


#### 14-19 POLICY CONTEXT AND LANDSCAPE

**Jeremy Higham** 

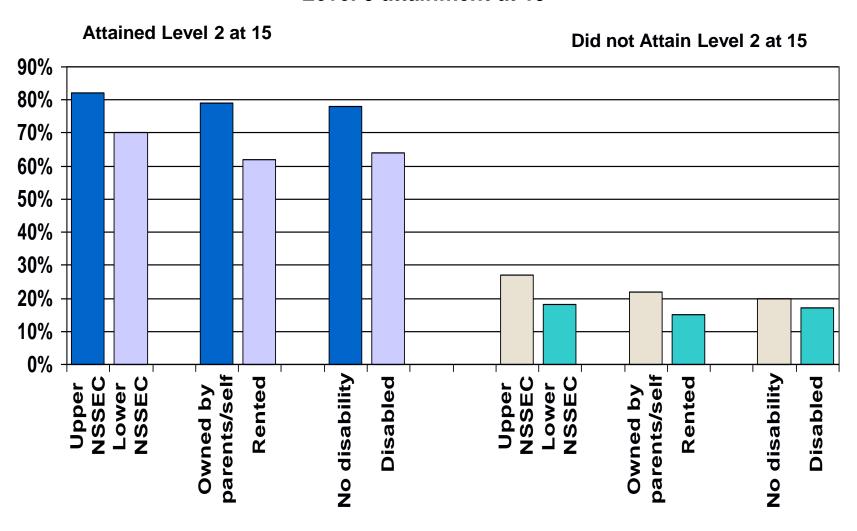
Post-14 Research Group

### Post-16 participation



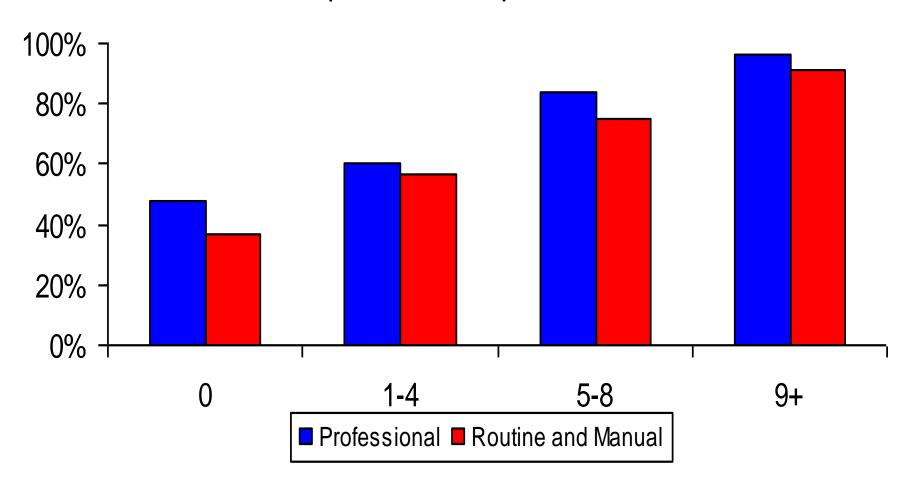
#### Non-educational factors and attainment

Level 3 attainment at 19



#### Prior attainment and social class

Staying on rates by number of A\*-C GCSEs and parental occupation





#### **14-19 REFORM**

14-19 curriculum and qualifications reform in England to promote:

(i) economic competitiveness (ii) social inclusion



#### 14-19 POLICY OBJECTIVES

"Technological change and the global economy are leading to a quantitative change in demand for knowledge workers and a broader range of work place competencies and soft skills that compliment academic or technical skills.

"Education and training in the UK is changing in line with this to ensure that every young person has a high-quality, interesting and useful curriculum that will help them achieve their potential and progress to further and higher education and skilled employment."

(DCSF website)



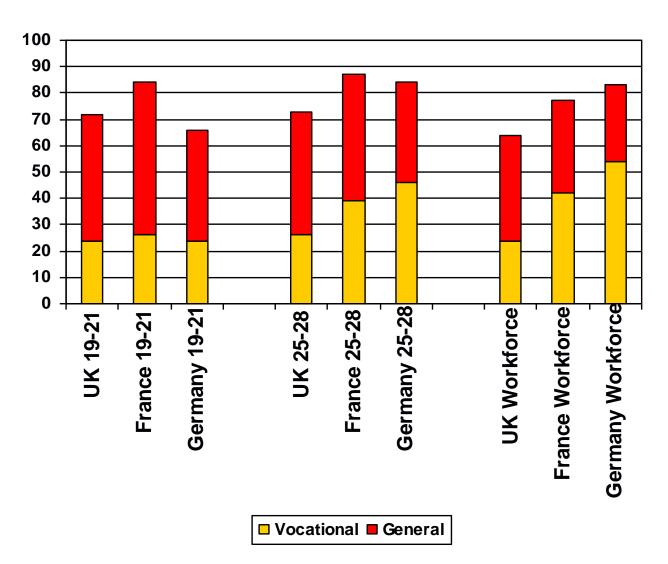
#### **DCFS TARGETS**

By 2020..

90% of young people to achieve Level 2 by 19

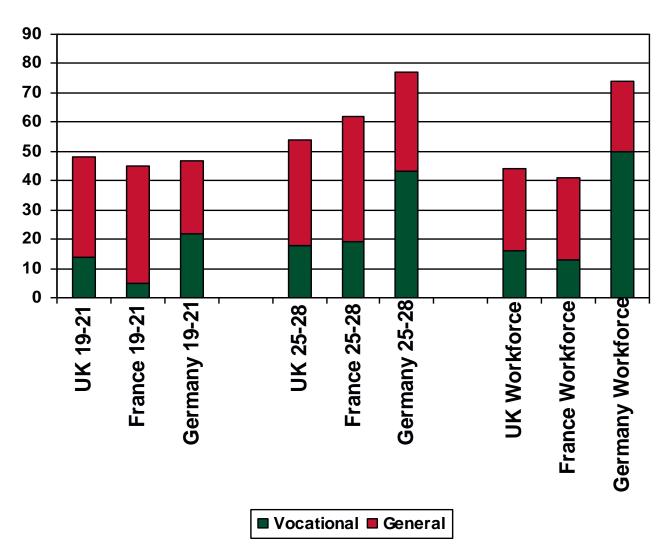
70% of young people to achieve Level 3 by 19

# Qualifications held at level 2 or higher by different age groups, 2002



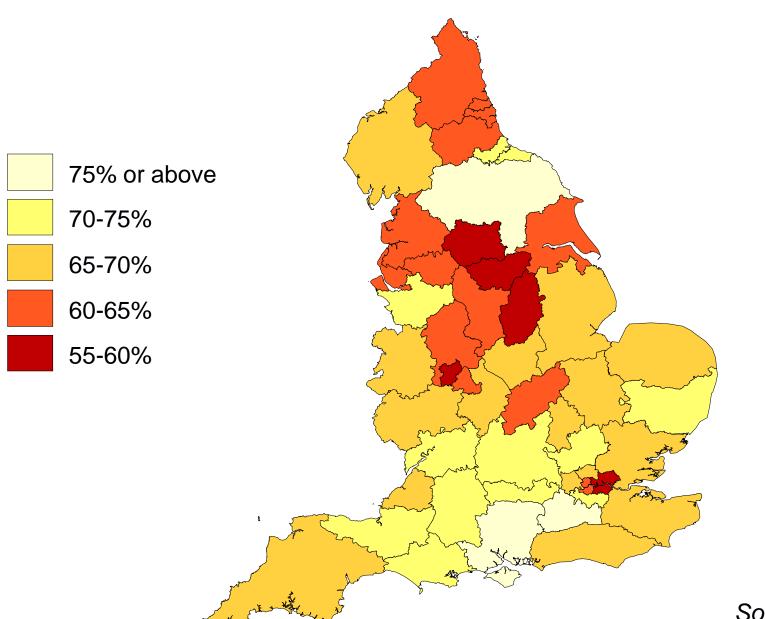
Source: Skills Audit Update, Steedman et al, DfES Research Report 548, 2004

# Qualifications held at level 3 or higher by different age groups, 2002



Source: Skills Audit Update, Steedman et al, DfES Research Report 548, 2004

## Proportion of 19 year-olds achieving L2 in 2004



Source: DCFS



#### **14-19 REFORM**

#### Policy imperatives to raise

- participation
- retention
- achievement
- progression

in 14-19 education and training.

#### To be achieved through:

- Curriculum and qualifications reform
  - Institutional collaboration



#### **CURRICULUM AND QUALIFICATIONS REFORM**

14-19: Development of vocational learning

14-16: Choice, diversity and flexibility in curricula

16-19: Increase difficulty of A levels

#### DCSF REFORM PROGRAMME

- Education or training to 17 by 2013 and to 18 by 2015
- Local Authority responsibility to age 18
- Introduction of Diplomas
- Functional skills in English, Maths and ICT
- Personal, Learning and Thinking Skills (PLTS)
- Expanding Apprenticeships
- Foundation Learning Tier
- Updating GCSEs
- Reform of A levels
- Extended Project at level 3
- Increased emphasis on Science, Technology, Engineering and Maths.

(adapted from DCFS website)



We want all 14-19 year olds in the country to have the opportunity to pursue a course of study where they will learn in a style that suits them and in subject areas which motivate them.

(DFES: 14-19 Education and Skills Implementation Plan)

Vision of relatively separate academic, vocational and occupational tracks.

#### **Academic**

Full-time

Collection of single subjects

Mainly at level 3

A-level qualifications

Largely taken in schools and sixth form colleges

Mainly leading to progression to higher education

#### **General Vocational**

Full-time

Often complete programmes

Entry – Level 3

Wide range of qualifications

Largely taken in further education colleges

Progression to work and higher education (level 3)

#### **Occupational**

Part-time

Complete programmes

Entry – Level 3 Wide range of qualifications

Employers and training providers

Full-time salaried employment



# **KEY ISSUES IN** 14-19 REFORM

Academic-vocational divide

Parity of esteem

Creation of a strong work-based route

Academic drift

Distinctiveness and character of vocational courses



#### The Education Act (2002) ...

. ... requires that all maintained schools provide:

a balanced and broadly based curriculum that:

- promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of learners at the school and within society
  - prepares learners at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of adult life

and includes a provision for religious education and the National Curriculum for England

(from Sections 78 and 80 of The Education Act, 2002)



#### **CURRICULUM AIMS**

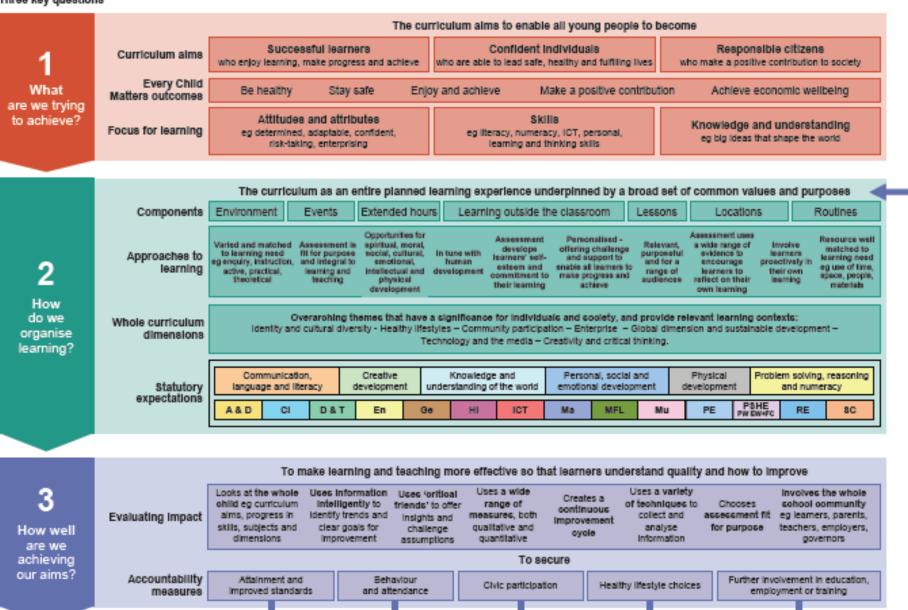
The curriculum should enable all young people to become:

- successful learners who enjoy learning, make progress and achieve
- confident individuals who are able to live safe, healthy and fulfilling lives
  - responsible citizens who make a positive contribution to society

#### A big picture of the curriculum



#### Three key questions



Age	5-7	7-11	11-14	14-16
<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
English				
Mathematics				
Science				
Physical Education				
ICT				
Design & Technology				Entitlement
Art and Design				Arts
Music				Entitlement
Geography				Humanities
History				Entitlement
Modern Foreign Languages				Entitlement
Citizenship	Guidance	Guidance		
Personal, Social & Health Ed.	Guidance	Guidance	Sex Ed	Careers / Sex Ed
Work-Related Learning				✓
Religious Education	<b>√</b>	✓	✓	✓



#### **THEMES**

Coherence

**Personalisation** 

Stretch

**Skills** 

Information, Advice and Guidance

#### **EVERY CHILD MATTERS**

#### Be Healthy

Be physically healthy
Be mentally and emotionally healthy
Be sexually healthy
Enjoy a healthy lifestyle
Choose not to take illegal drugs

#### **Stay Safe**

Stay safe from maltreatment, neglect, violence and sexual exploitation
Stay safe from accidental injury and death
Stay safe from bullying and discrimination
Stay safe from crime and antisocial behaviour in and out of school
Have security, stability and are cared for

#### **Enjoy and Achieve**

Be ready for school
Attend and enjoy school
Achieve stretching national educational standards at primary school
Achieve personal and social development and enjoy recreation
Achieve stretching national educational standards at secondary school

#### **EVERY CHILD MATTERS** (cont.)

#### Make a positive contribution

Engage in decision making and support the community and environment

Engage in law-abiding and positive behaviour in and out of school Develop positive relationships and choose not to bully or discriminate

Develop self-confidence and successfully deal with significant life changes and challenges

Develop enterprising behaviour

#### Achieve economic well-being

Engage in further education, employment or training on leaving school,

Be ready for employment,

Live in decent homes and sustainable communities, Access to transport and material goods,

Live in households free from low income.



# KEY ISSUES IN 16-19 EDUCATION AND TRAINING

Voluntarism
Institutional diversity
Curricular diversity
Assessment diversity



## Key questions for the 16-19 curriculum

Are there key elements, processes or experiences which should be common and compulsory for all 16-19 learners?

What should be the balance between choice and compulsion?

Should the curriculum be designed to promote cohesion or should this be left to learners or ignored?

What should the balance be between breadth and depth of study?



#### INSTITUTIONAL COLLABORATION

underpins the government's approach to broadening 14-19 provision:

- to meet the entitlement of 14-16 year olds
- to widen 14-19 provision & increase choice
- to smooth the transition to post-16 learning
- to enable area-wide curriculum planning
- to increase participation and achievement
- to improve progression to employment / HE

#### **COLLABORATION and PARTNERSHIP**

#### DCFS says:

Our vision for the 14-19 phase sets out a range of opportunities that should be available to young people in every area of the country.

Schools, colleges and training providers will need to collaborate, because no single institution will be able to provide them all on its own.

(White Paper 14-19 Education and Skills)

The 14-19 strategy demands new forms of partnership and collaboration between schools, colleges, employers, training providers, independent schools and universities to meet collectively the needs and aspirations of all local learners.

(14-19 Website, 2005)



#### **COLLABORATION REQUIRES**

- Recognition of socio-economic; geographical; historical; cultural; educational context.
- Understanding of the effects of different institutional structures, interests and ethos upon collaborative development.
- Decisions about focus, form and extent of collaboration.

#### **COMPETITION**

V

**COLLABORATION** 

**INDIVIDUAL** 

V

**SOCIETY** 

**SUBJECTS** 

V

**SKILLS**