# **Report Challenge 2**

## Deploying a NodeJS Application with NGINX Reverse Proxy

#### **Introduction:**

In this challenge, we'll deploy a dynamic NodeJS application using Docker and orchestrate it with NGINX as a reverse proxy using Docker Compose. By the end, you'll be able to access your NodeJS application through NGINX on port 8080.

## **Prerequisites:**

Basic knowledge of NodeJS and Express framework.

Docker and Docker Compose installed on your machine.

Basic understanding of NGINX configuration.

## **Setup and Configuration:**

Step 1: Project Structure

Create a folder named challenge2 and navigate into it.

Unzip the provided challenge2.zip file in this directory, ensuring your NodeJS application files are directly within the folder.

## Step 2: Writing the NodeJS Application

Within your project, ensure you have a NodeJS application ready. File "server.js" includes routes for fetching books and system stats as provided in your question.

## Step 3: Creating the Dockerfile for NodeJS Application

In the root of your challenge2 directory, create a Dockerfile with the following content:

Dockerfile
FROM node:14
WORKDIR /app
COPY package*.json ./

```
RUN npm install

COPY . .

EXPOSE 3000

CMD ["node", "server.js"]
------Dockerfile------
```

This Dockerfile sets up a Node environment, installs dependencies, and starts your application.

## Step 4: Setting Up NGINX as a Reverse Proxy

Create a nginx.conf file in your project directory with the following configuration to route requests to your NodeJS application:

Ensure NGINX listens on port 8080 in your Docker Compose configuration, as described in the next step.

Step 5: Docker Compose Configuration
Create a docker-compose.yml file at the root of your project with the following services defined:
yaml
version: '3'
services:
app:
build: .
ports:
- "3000:3000"
nginx:
image: nginx:alpine
volumes:
/nginx.conf:/etc/nginx/nginx.conf
ports:
- "8080:80"
depends_on:
- app
yaml
This configuration tells Docker Compose how to build your app and how to configure NGINX to proxy requests to it.
Step 6: Building and Running Your Containers
Open a terminal in your project directory.
Run docker-compose upbuild to start your services.
Once the services are running, navigate to http://localhost:8080/api/books and http://localhost:8080/api/books/1 in a browser to view the output.
Step 7: Debugging and Troubleshooting on Problems encountered by me Extra

If the application doesn't work as expected, check the logs using docker-compose logs.

Ensure no other services are running on port 8080. You can stop them using docker stop <container\_id> or by terminating the process occupying the port.

## **Conclusion:**

You've now set up a NodeJS application with a NGINX reverse proxy using Docker and Docker Compose. This setup is commonly used in real-world applications, providing you with a solid foundation in Docker container management and application deployment.

## **Reference Links:**

https://docs.docker.com/get-started/overview/

https://docker-curriculum.com/

https://expressjs.com







