

## ★ Maximum Subarray sum

→ Input : -2 1 -3 4 -1 2 1 -5 4

Output : 6

Subarray [ 4 -1 2 1 ] = 6 has  
maximum sum

## ★ Brute Force

```
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
    for (int j = i; j < size; j++)
        int sum = 0;
```

```
        for (int k = i; k <= j; k++)
            if (sum > maxi)
                maxi = sum;
```

Answer = maxi

## ★ Better brute force

```
for (i = 0; i < size; i++)
    for (j = i; j < size; j++) {
        sum += arr[j]
```

```
        if (sum > maxi)
            maxi = sum;
```

Answer = maxi



# \* Kadane's Algorithm

## Example

-2   1   -3   4   -1   2   1   -5   -4  
↓   ↓   ↓   ↓   ↓   ↓   ↓   ↓   ↓

maxi = INT\_MIN   ~~-2~~ × 4 × 6  
sum = ~~-2~~ × ~~-2~~ × 4 × ~~7~~ × ~~6~~ × -3  
          0       0                   ↓  
                                      0

if (sum > maxi) maxi = sum

if (sum < 0) sum = 0

while (traversing the loop)

\* code :

for (i = 0; i < size; i++)  
    sum += nums[i];

if (sum > maxi)  
    maxi = sum

if (sum < 0)  
    sum = 0

Answer = maxi