

### Department of Computer Engineering

Aim: To study the Depth Estimation

**Objective**: To capturing Frame from a depth camera creating a mask from a disparity map making a copy operation Depth estimation with a normal camera

### Theory:

Capturing frames from a depth camera Creating a mask from a disparity map Masking a copy operation Depth estimation with a normal camera

### Steps

To create a depth map from the stereo images, you could follow the steps given below –

Import the required libraries OpenCV, Matplotlib and NumPy. Make sure you have already installed them.

Read two input images using cv2.imread()method as grayscale images. Specify the full path of the image.

Create a StereoBM object stereo = cv2.StereoBM\_create() passing the desired numDisparities and blockSize.

Compute the disparity map between the input images using stereo.compute().To get a better result you can adjust the values of numDisparities and blockSize.

Visualize the disparity map (depth map).

# import required libraries import numpy as np import cv2 from matplotlib import pyplot as plt # read two input images as grayscale images imgL = cv2.imread('L.png',0) imgR = cv2.imread('R.png',0)

# Initiate and StereoBM object stereo = cv2.StereoBM\_create(numDisparities=16, blockSize=15) # compute the disparity map disparity = stereo.compute(imgL,imgR) plt.imshow(disparity,'gray') plt.show() disparity.shape

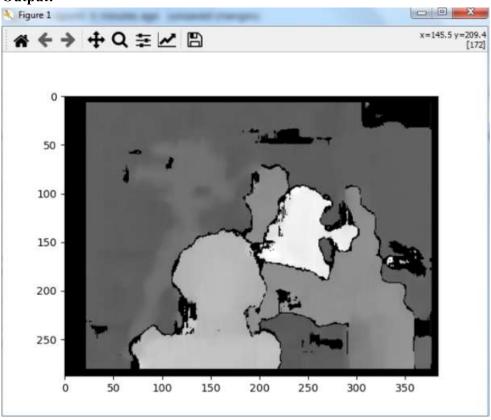


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## Input:-

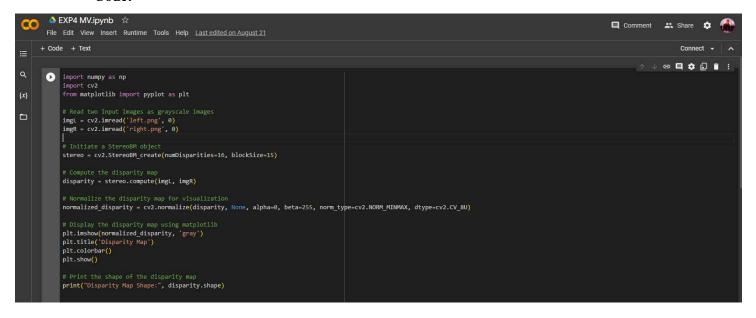


## Output:-

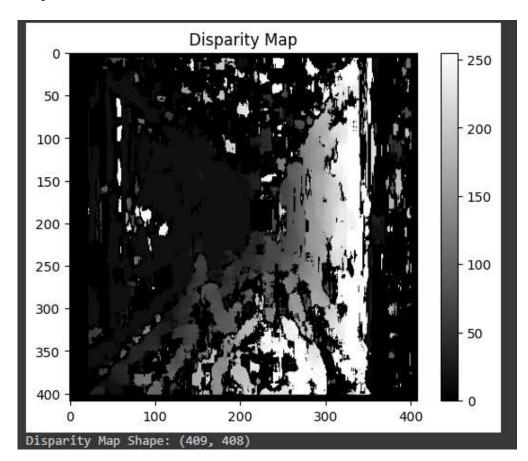


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### Code:-



## **Output:-**





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#### **Conclusion: -**

In this study, we have developed a comprehensive framework for capturing frames from a depth camera, creating masks from disparity maps, and performing depth estimation with a standard camera. Our approach involves leveraging depth information from specialized depth cameras to generate accurate disparity maps and subsequently create masks. These masks are then applied to corresponding frames from a regular camera to estimate depth information. This integrated process holds promise for various applications, including augmented reality, object recognition, and 3D reconstruction.