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#### **ADV Experiment 4**

#### Aim:

Create basic charts using R programming language on dataset Crime or Police / Law and Order

- Basic Bar chart, Pie chart, Histogram, Time line chart, Scatter plot, Bubble plot
- Write observations from each chart

#### **DATASET:**

This dataset includes criminal offenses in the City and County of Denver for the previous five calendar years plus the current year to date. The data is based on the National Incident Based Reporting System (NIBRS) which includes all victims of person crimes and all crimes within an incident

```
R.home("bin")
library(tidyverse)
library(lubridate)
data <- read.csv("crime.csv")</pre>
data <- data %>%
  mutate(
    first_occurrence_date = mdy_hm(first_occurrence_date),
    reported_date = mdy_hm(reported_date)
  )
# 1. Bar Chart: Offense counts by neighborhood
bar data <- data %>%
  count(neighborhood_id) %>%
  arrange(desc(n))
bar_chart <- ggplot(bar_data, aes(x = reorder(neighborhood_id,</pre>
-n), y = n)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
 theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1)) +
```

```
labs(title = "Offense Counts by Neighborhood",
         x = "Neighborhood",
         y = "Count")
print(bar chart)
    Offense Counts by Neighborhood
    10k
                                     Neighborhood
# 2. Pie Chart: Distribution of offense categories
pie data <- data %>%
  count(offense category id)
pie_chart <- ggplot(pie_data, aes(x = "", y = n, fill =</pre>
offense_category_id)) +
  geom bar(stat = "identity", width = 1) +
  coord_polar("y", start = 0) +
  theme_void() +
  labs(title = "Distribution of Offense Categories",
        fill = "Offense Category")
print(pie_chart)
    Distribution of Offense Categories
                                                                  public-disorder
                                                                 larceny
                                                                 auto-theft
                                                                  all-other-crimes
                                                                  drug-alcohol
                                                                  other-crimes-against-persons
                                                                  aggravated-assault
                                                                 white-collar-crime
                                                                 sexual-assault
                                                                 arson
                                                                 murder
```

```
# 3. Histogram: Distribution of reported times
histogram <- ggplot(data, aes(x = hour(reported_date))) +</pre>
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 1) +
  labs(title = "Distribution of Reported Times",
       x = "Hour of Day",
       y = "Count")
print(histogram)
   Distribution of Reported Times
# 4. Timeline: Comparing different offense categories over time
timeline data <- data %>%
  mutate(month = floor date(reported date, "month")) %>%
  count(month, offense_category_id)
timeline chart <- ggplot(timeline data, aes(x = month, y = n,
color = offense_category_id)) +
  geom line() +
  labs(title = "Offense Categories Over Time",
       x = "Date",
       y = "Number of Offenses",
       color = "Offense Category")
print(timeline chart)
```



```
# 5. Scatter Plot: Victim Count vs. Time of Day
data <- data %>%
  mutate(hour of day = hour(reported date))
scatter plot <- ggplot(data, aes(x = hour of day, y =</pre>
victim count, color = offense category id)) +
  geom point(size = 3, alpha = 0.6) +
  labs(title = "Victim Count vs. Time of Day",
         x = "Hour of Day",
         y = "Number of Victims",
         color = "Offense Category")
print(scatter plot)
    Victim Count vs. Time of Day
                                                                       Offense Category
                                                                         public-disorder
                                                                         drug-alcohol
                                                                          sexual-assault
  Number of Victims
                                                                         other-crimes-against-persons
                                                                          all-other-crimes
                                                                          white-collar-crime
                                                                         robbery
                                                                          aggravated-assault
                                                                         arson
burglary
                                                                         larceny
theft-from-motor-vehicle
                                  Hour of Day
```

```
# 6. Bubble Plot: Reporting Delay by Offense Category and
Neighborhood
data <- data %>%
   mutate(reporting_delay = as.numeric(difftime(reported_date,
first_occurrence_date, units = "hours")))
```

```
bubble data <- data %>%
  group by(neighborhood id, offense category id) %>%
  summarise(
     incident count = n(),
    avg_reporting_delay = mean(reporting_delay, na.rm = TRUE),
    total victims = sum(victim count, na.rm = TRUE)
  ) %>%
  ungroup()
bubble plot <- ggplot(bubble data, aes(x = neighborhood id, y =
avg reporting delay, size = incident count, color =
offense category id)) +
  geom point(alpha = 0.7) +
  scale_size(range = c(1, 20)) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1)) +
  labs(title = "Reporting Delay by Offense Category and
Neighborhood",
        x = "Neighborhood",
        y = "Average Reporting Delay (hours)",
        size = "Number of Incidents",
        color = "Offense Category")
print(bubble plot)
   Reporting Delay by Offense Category and Neighborhood
                                                           Offense Category

    aggravated-assault

 Average Reporting Delay (hours)
                                                            all-other-crimes
   3000
                                                            arson
                                                            auto-theft
                                                            burglary

    drug-alcohol

   2000
                                                            larceny
                                                            other-crimes-against-persons
   1000
                                                            public-disorder
                                                             theft-from-motor-vehicle
                            Neighborhood
```

### **Observations**

### **Distribution of Reported Times:**

The distribution of reported times is roughly bell-shaped, indicating a tendency towards certain hours of the day.

There are peaks in reported times around mid-day and early evening.

## **Distribution of Offense Categories:**

Larceny and theft-from-motor-vehicle are the most common offense categories.

Murder and arson are among the least frequent offense categories.

## Victim Count vs. Time of Day:

Victim counts appear to be highest during daytime and early evening hours.

Certain offense categories, like public-disorder and theft, seem to have higher victim counts compared to others.

### **Offense Categories Over Time:**

Larceny and theft-from-motor-vehicle consistently show high offense counts throughout the period.

There appears to be some seasonal variation in offense counts for certain categories, like aggravated assault.

# Offense Counts by Neighborhood:

Five Points, Capitol Hill, and Central Park have the highest offense counts.

Indian Creek and Cheesman Park have relatively low offense counts.

# Reporting Delay by Offense Category and Neighborhood:

Reporting delays vary significantly across different offense categories and neighborhoods.

Certain neighborhoods, like Five Points and Capitol Hill, show a wider range of reporting delays across different offense categories.