

# Dynamic Web



Introduction to React - Hooks

# Built-in React Hooks

**useMemo:** “Memoizes” data for display. Lets you cache the result of an expensive calculation.

**useEffect:** Executes code based on a condition

**useState:** Stores a value in “state” for access elsewhere

**useCallback:** lets you cache a function definition before passing it down to an optimized component.

<https://react.dev/reference/react/hooks>

# useMemo

```
const value = useMemo(() => {  
  return horses;  
}, [horses]);  
  
const { valueOne, valueTwo } = useMemo(() => {  
  if(horses === 'yes') {  
    return {  
      valueOne: 'hay',  
      valueTwo: currentBarn  
    }  
  }  
  return {  
    valueOne: 'no hay',  
    valueTwo: 'no barn'  
  }  
}, [currentBarn, horses])
```

# useEffect

```
const [dataValues, setDataValues] = useState()  
const needToUpdate = 'this is a value that when it will update the  
useEffect will run again'
```

```
useEffect(  
  () => {  
    const response = await fetch('this')  
    setDataValues(response.tojson())  
  },  
  [needToUpdate]  
)
```

# useState

```
const [stateValue, setStateValueFunction] = useState("Hmm");

return (
  <div>
    {stateValue}
    <button onClick={() => setStateValFunc("hello")}>Set Hello</button>
    <button onClick={() => setStateValFunc("bye")}>Set Bye</button>
  </div>
);
```

# useCallback

```
const [dataToDisplay, setDataToDisplay] = useState([]);

const getNewData = useCallback(async () => {
  const response = fetch();
  // do whatever I want here...
  setDataToDisplay(response.tojson());
}, []);

return (
  <div>
    {dataToDisplay}
    <button onClick={() => getNewData()}>New Data</button>
  </div>
);
```