# Capital Region Child and Adolescent Mobile Team Logic Model 3/16/10

**Program Goal**: Establish an organized and effective community-based response to child/adolescent behavioral crises that is built upon each child's existing family/caretaking system and that is integrated with available community services. This response is intended to create a "best practice" model for the care of children and adolescents who have mental health problems or developmental disabilities.

Context Activities Outcomes

### **Population of Focus**

Albany, Rensselaer or Schenectady County children and adolescents (up to age 17 or older if still in day school) who are experiencing an emotional and/or behavioral crisis.

### **Primary Challenge**

Four of the principal points of emergency access available now – the CDPC Crisis Unit and the emergency departments of Albany Medical Center, Samaritan Hospital, and Ellis Hospital – serve adults and as such are inappropriate for children and adolescents.

### Inputs

- •Staffing: Master's level social work, nursing, and behavioral clinicians specially trained in child and adolescent mental health and developmental disabilities.
- Hours of operation: M-F 11:00 am to 9:30 pm, identified high-needs times.
- •Transport: Designated CAMT vehicles.
- Partnerships: A collaborative of 13 agencies in three counties and selected MOU's with emergency rooms, county mental health agencies, and respite providers.

#### Consultation and Information

- •Telephone consultation available to families and providers.
- •Telephone screening for intervention.

# Crisis Assessment, Intervention and Stabilization

- Urgent face-to-face assessment and intervention in the community.
- Utilize assessment tools designed for children and adolescents.
- Escort, transport to service.
- •Immediate access to brief crisis respite in the three counties served.

### Peer Support

- Family advocate support engages the family during crisis assessment.
- Family Advocate provides post-crisis phone support to follow up with the parents as needed.
- Peer support works with the family on long-term, comprehensive planning.

## **Facilitation of Community Supports and Care**

- Establish or enrich connections between providers and family, with linkages to communitybased resources.
- Establish an effective continuing plan for support of the entire caregiving system – family, school, pre-crisis service providers.

#### **Short-Term**

- •Immediate restoration of safety.
- Youth and family connected to locally based support services.
- •More appropriate community referrals.
- More accurate assessments.
- Reduced use of ambulance and police for transport.
- Less stressful escort experience for youth and family.
- Longer term, comprehensive plans that ensure least restrictive services to support the child and family safely in the community.
- Customer satisfaction (families, youth, providers, local government agencies).

#### Intermediate

- Reduced number of youth served in ERs and CDPC Crisis Unit due to emotional and behavioral crises.
- Reduced hospitalizations and need for high-level care, i.e., increase diversions.

#### Long-Term

- Cost savings based on reductions in the use of higher levels of care and ancillary services, e.g., police, ambulance.
- •Reduced stress on youth and family.
- Reduced school days missed due to behavioral crisis.