

## Barriers to Food Stamp: Findings from Data and Reports from Local Programs

Presented to OTDA May 19, 2009

Nutrition Consortium of New York State



## Agenda

- Background/Purpose
- Methodology
- Findings
  - I. Application/Access
  - II. Eligibility Process
  - III. Receiving Benefits
- Recommendations/Feedback and Discussion

## Background

- Nutrition Consortium of NYS sub-contracted with Community Based Organizations (CBO) through out NYS to identify barriers to Food Stamps
- The Board of Nutrition Consortium of NYS made a request to analyzed the data over time to identify prevalent, persistent barriers across the state
- Funded by and Robert Sterling Clark (RSC)
   Foundation to analyze the data and articulate recommendations based on the findings

### Purpose

- Gain an understanding of common barriers to receiving Food Stamp
- Understand regional similarities/differences
- Understand trends over time
- Develop recommendations based on the analyses
- Work with OTDA to eliminate barriers



## Methodology



#### **Data Sources**

#### 1. Quarterly Reports from CBO

- Identifying the types and number of barriers during a quarter
- A list of 15 barriers plus a space to indicate any other barriers
- Reports covering 4 years (20004-2005;
   2005-2006; 2006-2007 and 2007-2008)
- 2. Annual Reports over 4 years
  - To identify 1 systemic barrier and discuss what has been done to overcome this barrier.

### Data Analysis

 Worked with Center for Human Services Research, School of Social Welfare at the University at Albany:

http://www.albany.edu/chsr/

- Data were entered into a statistical software package
- 'Other' was recoded into existing barriers

## Data Analysis Cont.

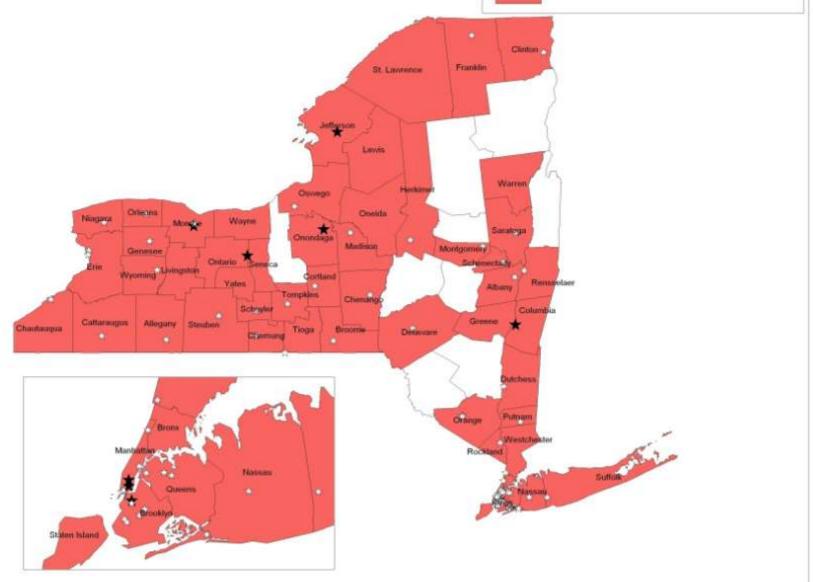
- Descriptive analysis
  - Identified key barriers
  - Developed a framework for key barriers
    - Access, Eligibility and Benefits
- Comparative analysis
  - Trends over the four years
  - Geography/Location
    - NYC, Upstate Urban and Upstate Rural

## Sample

- Number of CBO represented: 73
- Number of Quarterly reports: 637
  - There were some missing reports
- Number of Annual Reports: 216
  - Of these 83 were reviewed (38%)

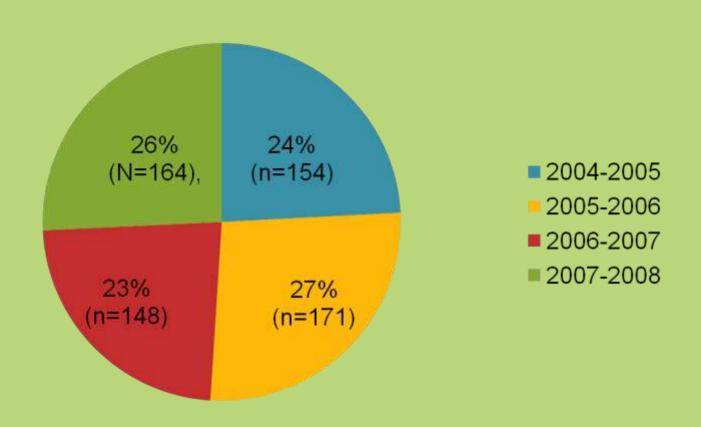
#### Community Based Organizations Over a Four Year Time Period: 2004 to 2008





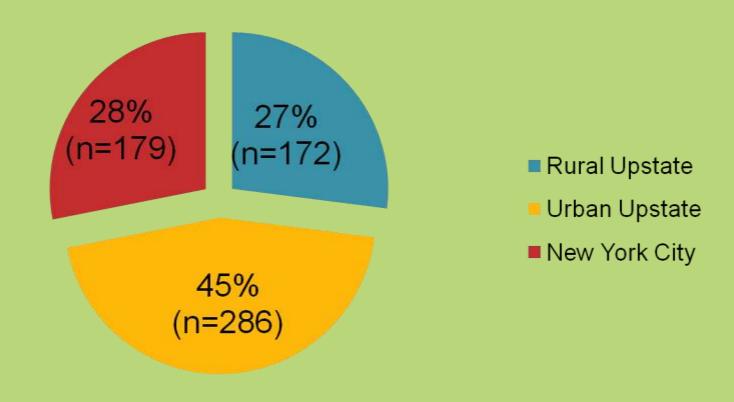
## Sample Characteristics

#### Breakdown of Quarterly Reports by Year



## Sample characteristics

#### Breakdown of Quarterly Reports by Region



8/19/2010

Findings:
Access
Eligibility
Benefits

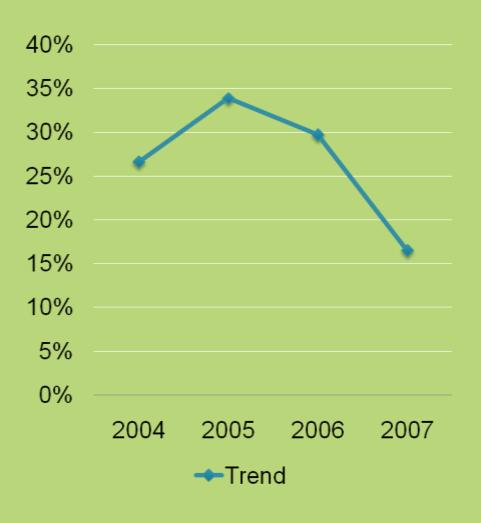
#### I. Findings on Access Barriers

**Access Barrier** is anything that interrupts process of obtaining and submitting an application for the Food Stamp Program

- 1) Face to Face Interview Not Waived
- 2) Same Day Application Not Accepted



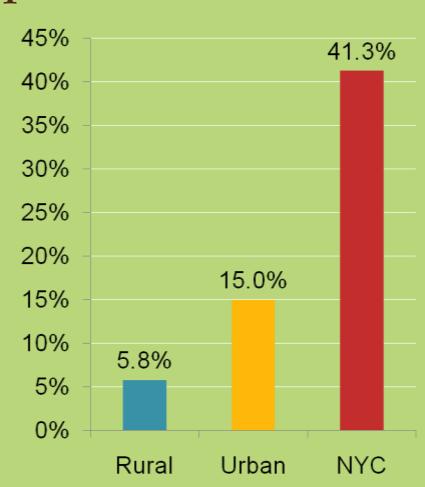
#### Face to Face Interview Not Waived



- DSS refuses to waive in-office interview for transportation issues. Clients were expected to find a ride or appoint a representative
- Interview was not waived for a working single mom with 4 kids.

# Same Day Application Not Accepted

• Clients were told to return the next day since the office was not open that afternoon and all interview times were taken with earlier applicants.

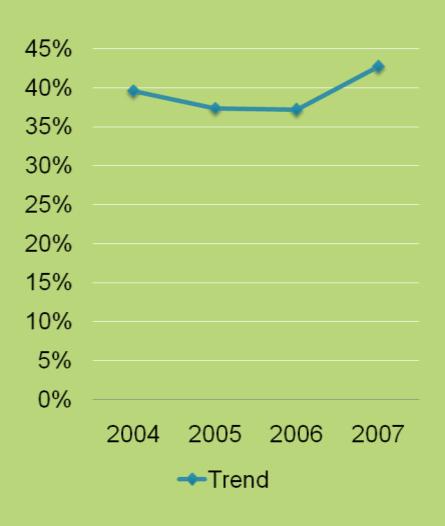


#### II. Findings on Eligibility Barriers

Eligibility Processing Barrier is anything that negatively affects process of determining eligibility for Food Stamp or any incorrect determination process

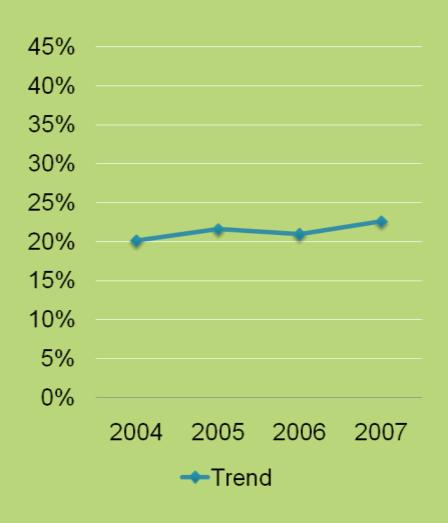
- 1) Excessive Documentation required
- 2) Failed to Assist with documentation
- 3) Special population
  - Elderly and disabled
  - Immigrants

#### Excessive Documentation Required



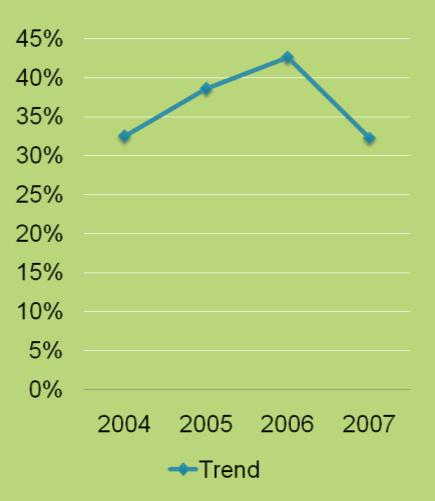
- Requiring third party statement to establish residency
- Requiring birth certificate when driver's license and SS card have been provided
- Asking 'Categorically Eligible' applicants for documents proving resources

# Fails to Assist with Application Documents



- A client wasn't able to get a statement from his landlord and LDSS didn't offer information on collateral proof.
- LDSS worker could have pulled needed missing documents (such as SS card) from relatives case but did not.

## Special Population: Elderly, Disabled, and Immigrants



- Medicaid spend down was not counted as medical expense.
- Senior clients being denied for being over resourced when money in bank is being used for living expenses and/or for burial funds.
- LDSS improperly applied medication deductions for one senior and improperly capped the medical expense deduction for another senior.

## Special Population: Elderly, Disabled, and Immigrants

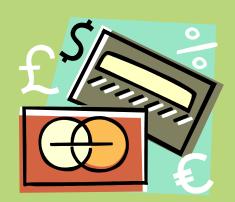
- Need for case workers who speak the same language as those in community served
- Ineligible immigrants
   were improperly
   discouraged from
   applying on behalf of
   eligible household
   members



#### III. Findings on Receiving Benefits

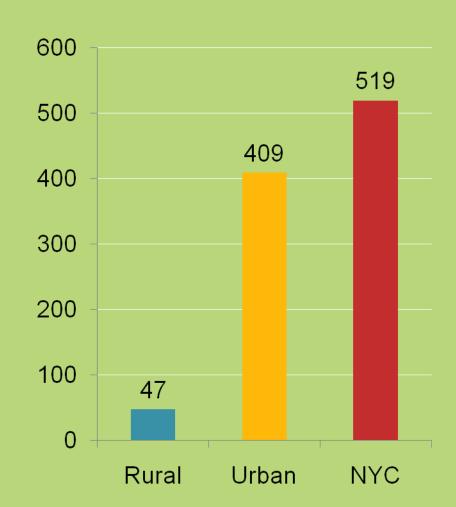
**Benefit Barrier** is anything that negatively affects food stamp recipients from receiving their monthly benefit allotment.

- 1) EBT Issues
- 2) Ongoing FS not issued within 30 days
- 3) Expedited Benefits Not Issued



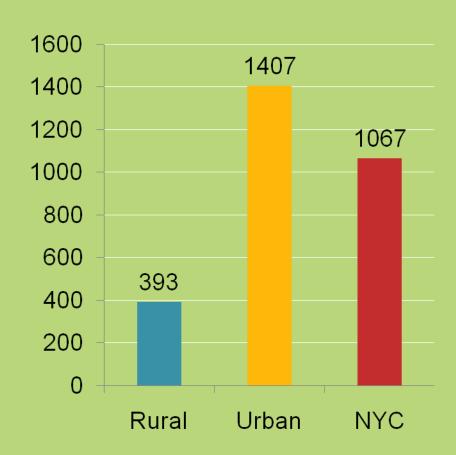
### Expedited Benefits Not Issued

- LDSS failed to use the mandatory expedited screening form resulting in 5 eligible cases not receiving expedited benefits.
- LDSS reorganized the processing of Expedited Food
   Stamps and as a result training may be needed.

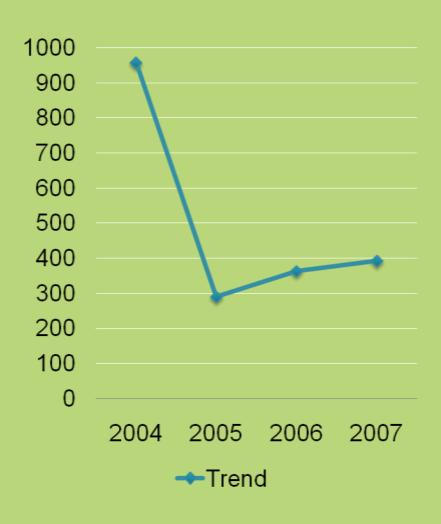


# Ongoing FS Not Issued within 30 days

- Used 30 business days instead of 30 consecutive days
- Many clients (52)
   waited longer than 30-45 days



#### EBT issues



- Clients experienced EBT transaction errors when trying to purchase food at stores.
- LDSS failed to issue a temporary EBT card ensuing in client's inability to access allotment.
- Some clients didn't receive EBT card and case had already been opened

8/19/2010

### Barriers by Region



#### Rural Upstate New York

- #1 Ongoing FS Not Issued (28%)
- #2 Excessive Documentation (27%)
- #3 Special Population (24%)[
- #4 Face to Face interview not waived (23%)

#### **Urban Upstate New York**

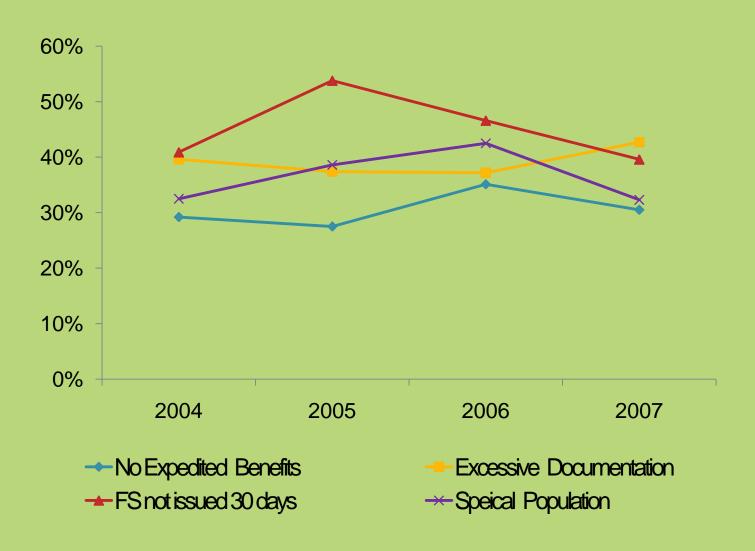
- #1 Ongoing FS Not Issued (49%)
- #2 Excessive Documentation (32%)
- #3 Expedited Benefits not issued (32%)
- #4 Special Population (29%)



#### New York City

- #1 Excessive Documentation (62%)
- #2 Special population (60%)
- #3 EBT issues (58%)
- #4 Ongoing FS Not Issued (56%)

## Persistent Challenges



# Recommendations, Feedback and Discussion

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