

CSF 434/534: Advanced Network and System Security

Week 01 - Review

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Sources: Professor Messer's CompTIA SY0-501 Security+ Course Notes

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An Overview of Malware

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An Overview of Malware

Malware

- ☑ Malicious software - These can be very bad
- ☑ Gather information - Keystrokes
- ☑ Participate in a group - Controlled over a network
- ☑ Show you advertising - Big money
- ☑ Viruses and worms
 - ☑ Encrypt your data
 - ☑ Ruin your day

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An Overview of Malware

Malware types and methods

- | | |
|------------------------------|------------------|
| ☑ Viruses | ☑ Rootkit |
| ☑ Crypto-malware, Ransomware | ☑ Keylogger |
| ☑ Worms | ☑ Adware/Spyware |
| ☑ Trojan Horse | ☑ Botnet |

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An Overview of Malware

How you get malware?

- ☑ These all work together
 - ☑ A worm takes advantage of a vulnerability
 - ☑ Installs malware that includes a remote access backdoor
 - ☑ Bot may be installed later
- ☑ Your computer must run a program
 - ☑ Email link
 - ☑ Don't click links
- ☑ Web page pop-up
- ☑ Drive-by download
- ☑ Worm
- ☑ Your computer is vulnerable
 - ☑ Operating system
 - ☑ Keep your OS updated!
 - ☑ Application
 - ☑ The Adobe Flash vulnerability of the moment

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Viruses and Worms

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An Overview of Malware

Virus

- ☑ Malware that can reproduce itself
 - ☑ It doesn't need you to click anything
 - ☑ It needs you to execute a program
- ☑ Reproduces through file systems or the network
 - ☑ Just running a program can spread a virus
- ☑ May or may not cause problems
 - ☑ Some viruses are invisible, some are annoying
- ☑ Anti-virus is very common
 - ☑ Thousands of new viruses every week
 - ☑ Is your signature file updated?

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An Overview of Malware

Types of Viruses

- ☑ Program viruses - It's part of the application
- ☑ Boot sector viruses - Who needs an OS?
- ☑ Script viruses - Operating system and browser-based
- ☑ Macro viruses - Common in Microsoft Office

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An Overview of Malware

Worms

- ☑ Malware that self-replicates
 - ☑ Doesn't need you to do anything
 - ☑ Uses the network as a transmission medium
 - ☑ Self-propagates and spreads quickly
- ☑ Worms are pretty bad things
 - ☑ Can take over many systems very quickly
- ☑ Firewalls and IDS/IPS can mitigate many worm infestations
 - ☑ Doesn't help much once the worm gets inside

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Ransomware and Crypto-Malware

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Ransomware and Crypto-Malware

Your data is valuable

- ☑ Personal data
 - ☑ Family pictures and videos
 - ☑ Important documents
- ☑ Organization data
 - ☑ Planning documents
 - ☑ Employee personally identifiable information (PII)
 - ☑ Financial information
 - ☑ Company private data
- ☑ How much is it worth?
 - ☑ There's a number

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Ransomware and Crypto-Malware

Ransomware

- ☑ The bad guys want your money
 - ☑ They'll take your computer in the meantime
- ☑ Probably a fake ransom
 - ☑ Locks your computer "by the police"
- ☑ The ransom may be avoided
 - ☑ A security professional may be able to remove these kinds of malware

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Ransomware and Crypto-Malware

Crypto-malware

- ☑ New generation of ransomware
 - ☑ Your data is unavailable until you provide cash
- ☑ Malware encrypts your data files
 - ☑ Pictures, documents, music, movies, etc.
 - ☑ Your OS remains available
 - ☑ They want you running, but not working
- ☑ You must pay the bad guys to obtain the decryption key
 - ☑ Untraceable payment system
 - ☑ An unfortunate use of public-key cryptography

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Ransomware and Crypto-Malware

Ransomware

- ☑ Denies access to a computer system or data until a ransom is paid

Crypto-malware

- ☑ Encrypts programs and files on the computer in order to extort money from the user

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Ransomware and Crypto-Malware

Protecting against ransomware

- ☑ Always have a backup - an offline backup, ideally
- ☑ Keep your operating system up to date
 - ☑ Patch those vulnerabilities
- ☑ Keep your applications up to date
 - ☑ Security patches
- ☑ Keep your anti-virus/anti-malware signatures up to date
 - ☑ New attacks every hour
- ☑ Keep everything up to date.

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Trojans and RATs

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Trojans and RATs

Trojan horse

- ✓ Used by the Greeks to capture Troy from the Trojans
 - ✗ A digital wooden horse
- ✓ Software that pretends to be something else
 - ✗ So it can conquer your computer
 - ✗ Doesn't really care much about replicating
- ✓ Circumvents your existing security
 - ✗ Anti-virus may catch it when it runs
- ✓ The better Trojans are built to avoid and disable AV
- ✓ Once it's inside it has free reign
 - ✗ And it may open the gates for other programs

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Trojans and RATs

Backdoors

- ✓ Why go through normal authentication methods?
 - ✗ Just walk in the back door
- ✓ Often placed on your computer through malware
 - ✗ Some malware software can take advantage of backdoors created by other malware
- ✓ Some software includes a backdoor
 - ✗ Old Linux kernel included a backdoor
 - ✗ Bad software can have a backdoor as part of the app

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Trojans and RATs

Remote Access Trojans (RATs)

- ✓ Remote Administration Tool
 - ✗ The ultimate backdoor
 - ✗ Administrative control of a device
- ✓ Malware installs the server/service/host
 - ✗ Bad guys connect with the client software
- ✓ Control a device
 - ✗ Key logging, screen recording/screenshots, copy files
- ✓ Embed more malware

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Rootkits

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Rootkits

Rootkits

- ✓ Originally a Unix technique
 - ✓ The “root” in rootkit
- ✓ Modifies core system files
 - ✓ Part of the kernel
- ✓ Can be invisible to the operating system
 - ✓ Won't see it in Task Manager
- ✓ Also invisible to traditional anti-virus utilities
 - ✓ If you can't see it, you can't stop it

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Rootkits

Kernel drivers

- ✓ Zeus/Zbot malware
 - ✓ Famous for cleaning out bank accounts
- ✓ Now combined with Necurs rootkit
 - ✓ Necurs is a kernel-level driver
- ✓ Necurs makes sure you can't delete Zbot
 - ✓ Access denied
- ✓ Trying to stop the Windows process?
 - ✓ Error terminating process: Access denied

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Rootkits

Finding and Removing rootkits

- ✓ Look for the unusual
 - ✓ Anti-malware scans
- ✓ Use a remover specific to the rootkit
 - ✓ Usually built after the rootkit is discovered
- ✓ Secure boot with UEFI
 - ✓ Security in the BIOS

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Keyloggers

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Keyloggers

Keyloggers

- ☑ Your keystrokes contain valuable information
 - ☑ Web site login URLs, passwords, email messages
- ☑ Save all of your input
 - ☑ Send it to the bad guys
- ☑ Circumvents encryption protections
 - ☑ Your keystrokes are in the clear
- ☑ Other data logging
 - ☑ Clipboard logging, screen logging, instant messaging, search engine queries

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Keyloggers

Preventing Keyloggers

- ☑ Usually installed with malware
 - ☑ Use anti-virus/anti-malware
 - ☑ Keep your signatures updated
- ☑ Block unauthorized communication
 - ☑ Block the exfiltration attempt
 - ☑ Firewall rules / monitoring
- ☑ Run a keylogging scanner
 - ☑ Checks for keylogging activity

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Adware and Spyware

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Adware and Spyware

Adware

- ☑ Your computer is one big advertisement
 - ☑ Pop-ups with pop-ups
- ☑ May cause performance issues
 - ☑ Especially over the network
- ☑ Installed accidentally
 - ☑ May be included with other software installations
- ☑ Be careful of software that claims to remove adware
 - ☑ Especially if you learned about it from a pop-up

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Adware and Spyware

Spyware

- ☑ Malware that spies on you
 - ☑ Advertising, identity theft, affiliate fraud
- ☑ Can trick you into installing
 - ☑ Peer to peer, fake security software
- ☑ Browser monitoring - Capture surfing habits
- ☑ Keyloggers
 - ☑ Capture every keystroke, send it back to the mother ship

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Adware and Spyware

Why is there so much adware and spyware?

- ☑ Money - Your eyeballs are incredibly valuable
- ☑ Money - Your computer time and bandwidth is incredibly valuable
- ☑ Money - Your bank account is incredibly valuable

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Adware and Spyware

Protecting against adware/spyware

- ☑ Maintain your anti-virus / anti-malware
 - ☑ Always have the latest signatures
- ☑ Always know what you're installing
 - ☑ And watch your options during the installation
- ☑ Where's your backup?
 - ☑ You might need it someday
 - ☑ Cleaning adware isn't easy
- ☑ Run some scans
 - ☑ Malwarebytes

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Bots and Botnets

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Bots and Botnets

Botnets

- ☑ Robot networks
 - ☑ Skynet is self-aware
- ☑ Once your machine is infected, it becomes a bot
 - ☑ You may not even know
- ☑ How does it get on your computer?
 - ☑ Trojan Horse (I just saw a funny video of you! Click here.) You run a program or click an ad you THOUGHT was legit, but...
 - ☑ OS or application vulnerability
- ☑ A day in the life of a bot
 - ☑ Sit around. Check in with the mother ship. Wait for instructions.

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Bots and Botnets

Botnets (cont.)

- ☑ A group of bots working together
 - ☑ Nothing good can come from this
- ☑ Distributed Denial of service (DDoS)
 - ☑ The power of many
- ☑ Botnets are for sale
 - ☑ Rent time from the bad guys
 - ☑ Not a long-term business proposition

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Bots and Botnets

Stopping the Bots

- ☑ Prevent the initial infection
 - ☑ OS and application patches
 - ☑ Anti-virus/anti-malware and updated signatures
- ☑ Identify an existing infection
 - ☑ On-demand scans
 - ☑ Network monitoring
- ☑ Prevent command and control (C&C)
 - ☑ Block at the firewall
 - ☑ Identify at the workstation with a host-based firewall or host-based IPS

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Logic Bombs

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Logic Bombs

Logic Bomb

- ☑ Waits for a predefined event
 - ☑ Often left by someone with grudge
- ☑ Time bomb - Time or date
- ☑ User event - Logic bomb
- ☑ Difficult to identify
 - ☑ Difficult to recover if it goes off

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Logic Bombs

Real world logic bombs

- ☑ March 19, 2013, South Korea
 - ☑ Email with malicious attachment sent to South Korean organizations
 - ☑ Posed as a bank email
 - ☑ Trojan installs malware
- ☑ March 20, 2013, 2 p.m. local time
 - ☑ Malware logic-bomb activates
 - ☑ Storage and master boot record deleted, system reboots
- ☑ Boot device not found.
 - ☑ Please install an operating system on your hard disk.

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Logic Bombs

Preventing a logic bomb

- ☑ Difficult to recognize
 - ☑ Each is unique - No predefined signatures
- ☑ Process and procedures
 - ☑ Formal change control
- ☑ Electronic monitoring
 - ☑ Alert on changes
 - ☑ Host-based intrusion detection, Tripwire, etc.
- ☑ Constant auditing
 - ☑ An administrator can circumvent existing systems

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Phishing

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Phishing

Phishing

- ☑ Social engineering with a touch of spoofing

Check the URL

- ☑ Usually there's something not quite right
 - ☑ Spelling, fonts, graphics
- ☑ Vishing is done over the phone
 - ☑ Fake security checks or bank updates

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Phishing

Spearfishing

- ☑ Phishing with inside information
 - ☑ Makes the attack more believable
 - ☑ Spearfishing the CEO is "whaling"
- ☑ April 2011 - Epsilon
 - ☑ Less than 3,000 email addresses attacked
 - ☑ 100% of email operations staff
 - ☑ Downloaded anti-virus disabler, keylogger, and remote admin tool
- ☑ April 2011 - Oak Ridge National Laboratory
 - ☑ Email from the "Human Resources Department"
 - ☑ 530 employees targeted, 57 clicked, 2 were infected
 - ☑ Data downloaded, servers infected with malware

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Tailgating and Impersonation

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Tailgating and Impersonation

Tailgating

- ☑ Use someone else to gain access to a building
 - ☑ Not an accident
- ☑ Johnny Long / No Tech Hacking
 - ☑ Blend in with clothing
 - ☑ 3rd-party with a legitimate reason
 - ☑ Temporarily take up smoking
 - ☑ I still prefer bringing doughnuts
- ☑ Once inside, there's little to stop you
 - ☑ Most security stops at the border

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Tailgating and Impersonation

Watching for tailgating

- ☑ Policy for visitors
 - ☑ You should be able to identify anyone
- ☑ One scan, one person
 - ☑ A matter of policy or mechanically required
- ☑ Mantrap / Airlock
 - ☑ You don't have a choice
- ☑ Don't be afraid to ask
 - ☑ Who are you and why are you here?

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Tailgating and Impersonation

Impersonation

- ☑ Pretend to be someone you aren't
 - ☑ Halloween for the fraudsters
- ☑ Use some of those details you got from the dumpster
 - ☑ You can trust me, I'm with your help desk
- ☑ Attack the victim as someone higher in rank
 - ☑ Office of the Vice President for Scamming
- ☑ Throw tons of technical details around
 - ☑ Catastrophic feedback due to the depolarization of the differential magnetometer
- ☑ Be a buddy
 - ☑ How about those Cubs?

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Tailgating and Impersonation

Protect against Impersonation

- ☑ Never volunteer information
 - ☑ My password is 12345
- ☑ Don't disclose personal details
 - ☑ The bad guys are tricky
- ☑ Always verify before revealing info
 - ☑ Call back, verify through 3rd parties
- ☑ Verification should be encouraged
 - ☑ Especially if your organization owns valuable information

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"If you spend more on coffee than on IT security, you will be hacked."

– Richard Clarke



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