

Backend Service Specification

Textbook Helper Proof of Concept

Overview

This document specifies a minimal backend service for the Textbook Helper proof of concept. The backend is a dockerized Nest.js application that exposes two API endpoints for login and OCR, uses Tesseract for text extraction, and is designed to be deployed to an EC2 instance.

Goals

Provide a simple authenticated API for:

1. Logging in with hardcoded credentials.
2. Accepting a cropped textbook image and returning extracted text.

Non goals

No persistent database.
No multi tenant support.
No production grade auth or security.
No autoscaling or advanced infrastructure.

Tech Stack

Node.js with Nest.js framework.
TypeScript for type safety.
JWT for simple token based authentication.
Tesseract OCR installed in the Docker image.
Multer for handling multipart file uploads.
Child process execution of the Tesseract CLI.

High Level Architecture

The backend exposes:

POST /api/login

POST /api/ocr

The backend is packaged in a Docker image that includes the Nest.js app and Tesseract. The service will be run on a single EC2 instance for the proof of concept.

Environment Variables

The service reads the following environment variables at startup:

DEMO_USERNAME

Hardcoded demo username allowed to log in.

DEMO_PASSWORD

Hardcoded demo password allowed to log in.

JWT_SECRET

Secret used to sign and verify JWT tokens.

PORT

Port to listen on. Default 4000 if not provided.

API Endpoints

1. POST /api/login

Purpose

Authenticate a user using hardcoded credentials and issue a JWT token.

Request

Method

POST

Path

/api/login

Headers

Content Type application/json

Body (JSON)

```
{  
  "username": "string",  
  "password": "string"  
}
```

Behavior

Validate that username and password match DEMO_USERNAME and DEMO_PASSWORD.

If invalid, return HTTP 401 Unauthorized.

If valid, issue a JWT with payload:

```
{  
  "sub": "demo-user",  
  "name": ""  
}
```

Sign the JWT with JWT_SECRET.

Response on success (HTTP 200)

```
{  
  "token": ""  
}
```

Response on failure (HTTP 401)

```
{  
  "error": "Invalid credentials"  
}
```

2. POST /api/ocr

Purpose

Accept a cropped textbook image, run OCR, and return the extracted text.

Request

Method

POST

Path

/api/ocr

Headers

Authorization Bearer

Content Type multipart/form-data

Body

image file field containing the cropped image (PNG or JPEG)

Authentication

This endpoint requires a valid JWT token in the Authorization header.

The token is validated using JWT_SECRET.

Behavior

Verify the JWT.

If invalid or missing, return HTTP 401 Unauthorized.

Accept the uploaded file via Multer (field name "image").

Save the file to a temporary path on disk (for example, /tmp/ocr-.jpg).

Invoke Tesseract CLI on the temporary file, for example:

```
tesseract /tmp/ocr-.jpg stdout -l eng
```

Capture stdout from the Tesseract process.

Delete the temporary file.

Clean and normalize the text:
Trim leading and trailing whitespace.
Optionally collapse excessive internal whitespace.
Return the cleaned text in the response.

Response on success (HTTP 200)

```
{  
  "text": ""  
}
```

Response on failure (HTTP 400 or 500)

```
{  
  "error": "Unable to process image"  
}
```

Nest.js Project Structure

Suggested minimal structure:

```
src/  
app.module.ts  
main.ts  
auth/  
auth.module.ts  
auth.controller.ts  
auth.service.ts  
auth.guard.ts  
ocr/  
ocr.module.ts  
ocr.controller.ts  
ocr.service.ts
```

```
app.module.ts  
Import AuthModule and OcrModule.
```

```
main.ts  
Create Nest application.  
Enable CORS for the configured frontend origin.  
Listen on process.env.PORT or 4000 by default.
```

AuthModule
Provides AuthController and AuthService.
Contains the logic for validating credentials and issuing JWTs.
Provides AuthGuard to protect OCR routes.

OcrModule
Provides OcrController and OcrService.
Handles file upload and text extraction.

Authentication Details

JWT Creation
Use a library such as jsonwebtoken or Nest.js JWT module.
Sign JWT with JWT_SECRET.
Set a reasonable expiration (for example, 8 hours) for the proof of concept.

AuthGuard
Read Authorization header.
Expect format "Bearer ".

Verify token with JWT_SECRET.
On success, allow request to proceed.
On failure, return 401 Unauthorized.

OCR Implementation

Tesseract Installation

In the Dockerfile:

Install Tesseract OCR, for example:

```
apt-get update
```

```
apt-get install -y tesseract-ocr
```

OcrService

Methods:

extractText(file: Express.Multer.File): Promise

Implementation steps:

Write file.buffer to a temporary file on disk.

Execute Tesseract via child_process.spawn or exec.

Collect stdout as the OCR result.

Delete the temporary file.

Normalize and clean the text.

Return the cleaned text.

Error Handling

If Tesseract execution fails or times out, log the error and return an HTTP 500 with an appropriate error message.

CORS Configuration

In main.ts:

Enable CORS to allow calls from the frontend.

For local development:

origin: http://localhost:3000

For deployed frontend:

origin set to the S3 or CloudFront URL of the frontend.

Example:

```
app.enableCors({  
  origin: 'http://localhost:3000',  
});
```

Dockerization

Dockerfile requirements:

Base image with Node.js (for example node:18-bullseye).

Install Tesseract OCR.

Copy package.json and package-lock.json.

Run npm install.

Copy source code.

Run npm run build to compile Nest.js.

Set CMD to run node dist/main.js.

Example outline:

```
FROM node:18-bullseye
```

```
RUN apt-get update && apt-get install -y tesseract-ocr
```

```
WORKDIR /app
```

```
COPY package*.json ./
```

```
RUN npm install
```

```
COPY . .  
RUN npm run build  
ENV PORT=4000  
CMD ["node", "dist/main.js"]
```

Running Locally

Prerequisites

Node.js and npm installed.

Tesseract installed on local machine (for non Docker local development).

Steps

Install dependencies:

```
npm install
```

Run in development:

```
npm run start:dev
```

API will listen on <http://localhost:4000>

Deployment Overview for EC2

High level steps:

Build Docker image locally.

Tag and push image to Amazon ECR.

Launch an EC2 instance and install Docker.

Pull image from ECR onto EC2.

Run container:

```
docker run -d -p 4000:4000 --name textbook-backend \  
-e DEMO_USERNAME=demo \  
-e DEMO_PASSWORD=demo123 \  
-e JWT_SECRET=your-secret \  
your-account-id.dkr.ecr.region.amazonaws.com/textbook-helper-backend:latest
```

Update frontend configuration to point to the EC2 public DNS:

```
VITE_API_BASE_URL=http://:4000
```

This completes the minimal backend required for the Textbook Helper proof of concept.