



Insights into Suicide-Related Trends

VISUALIZING & ANALYZING SAMHSA'S 2021
NATIONAL SURVEY ON DRUG USE AND HEALTH
STATISTICS

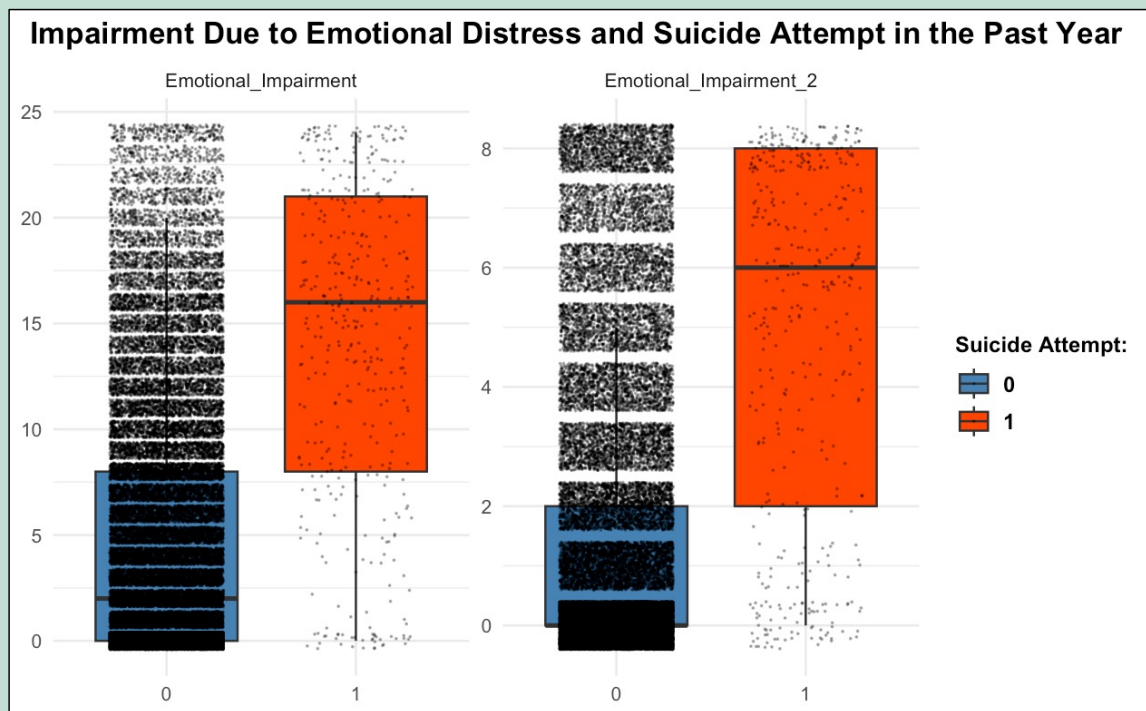
Jorge Valderrama, PhD

Process for exploring SAMHSA's NSDUH 2021 dataset

- ▶ I downloaded the dataset for SAMHSA's 2021 National Survey on Drug Use and Health Statistics that was released in January of 2023
- ▶ The dataset includes data for 58,034 respondents and 2,988 variables
- ▶ I reviewed the codebook to initially extract 40 variables for exploration (including suicidal ideation, having a suicide plan, and having a suicide attempt in the past year)
- ▶ The rmd file in the associated github repository includes the code I used in R for visualizing and analyzing the data (the pdf file labeled "Rmarkdown Output" includes the code and all visualizations prepared)
- ▶ I created a total of 13 data frames by filtering the larger dataset, which were then used in my exploration of the data. The number of observations in the data frames ranged from 972 respondents to 47,291.

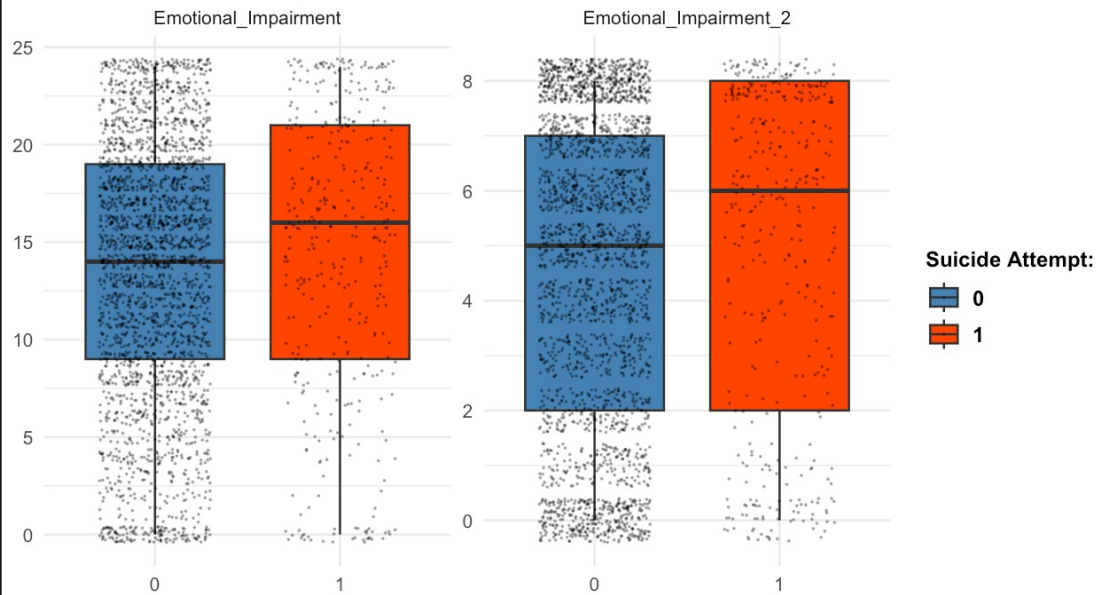
Suicidal Thoughts & Behaviors Among Adults in the Past Year (2021)

	Yes	No
Suicidal Ideation	6.7% (n = 3177)	93.3% (n = 44,144)
Suicide Plan	2.1% (n = 972)	97.9% (n = 46,319)
Suicide Attempt	0.92% (n = 435)	99.08% (n = 46,856)



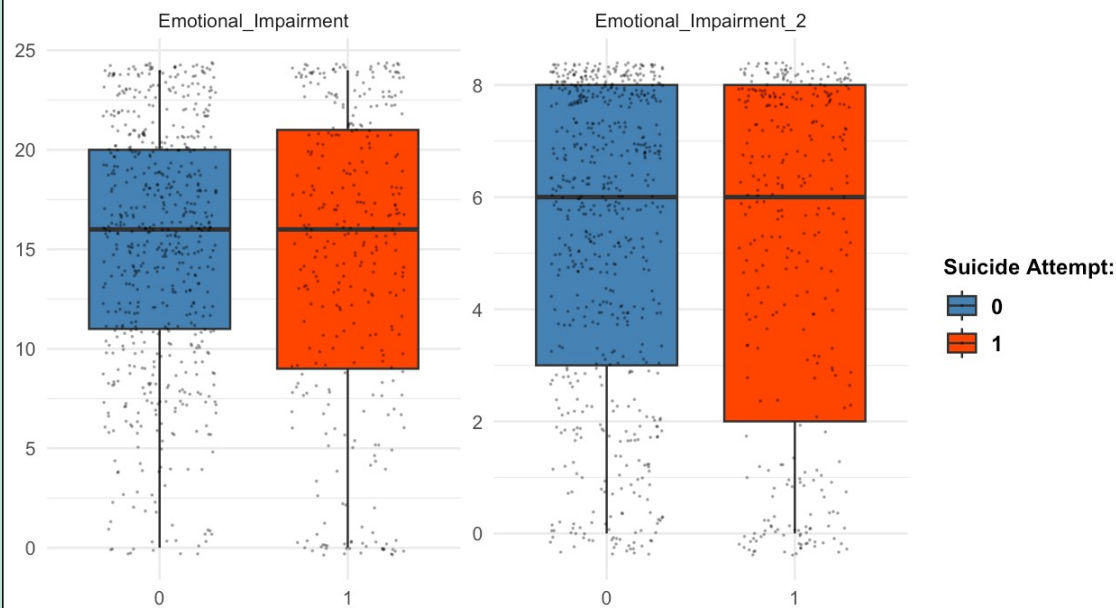
NSDUH Scales for
Assessing
Impairment due to
Emotional Distress
and its Relationship
with Suicide
Attempt in the Past
Year (n = 47,291)

Impairment Due to Emotional Distress and Suicide Attempt in the Past Year (Individuals with Suicidal Ideation in Past Year)

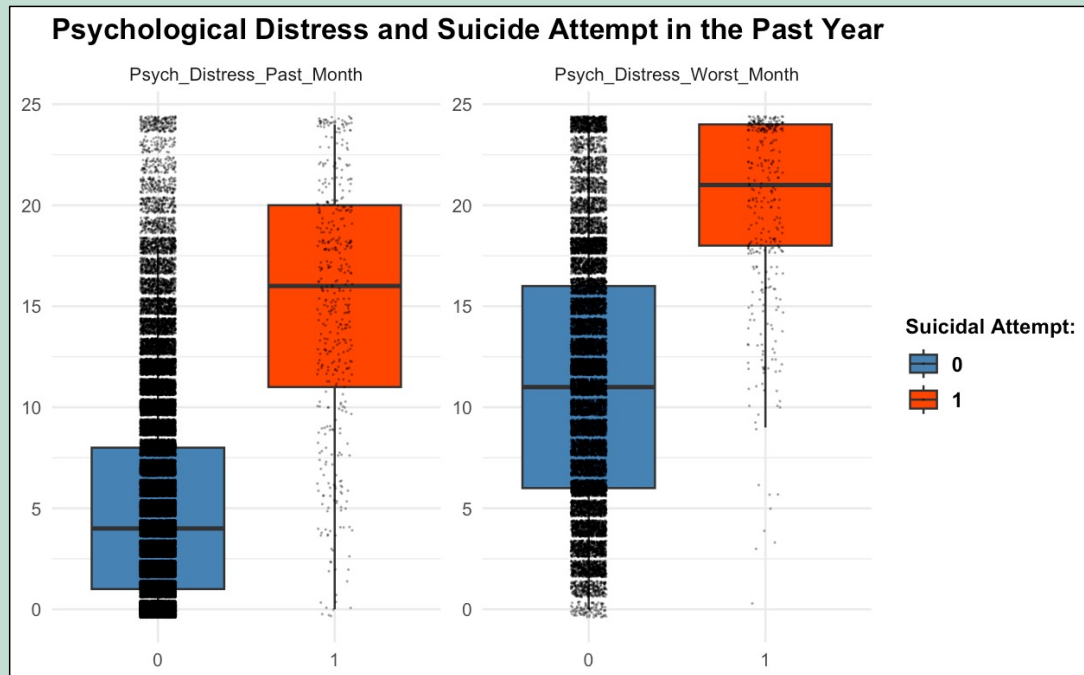


Among Individuals
with Suicidal
Ideation in the Past
Year (n = 3,177)

Impairment Due to Emotional Distress and Suicide Attempt in the Past Year (Individuals with Suicide Plan in Past Year)

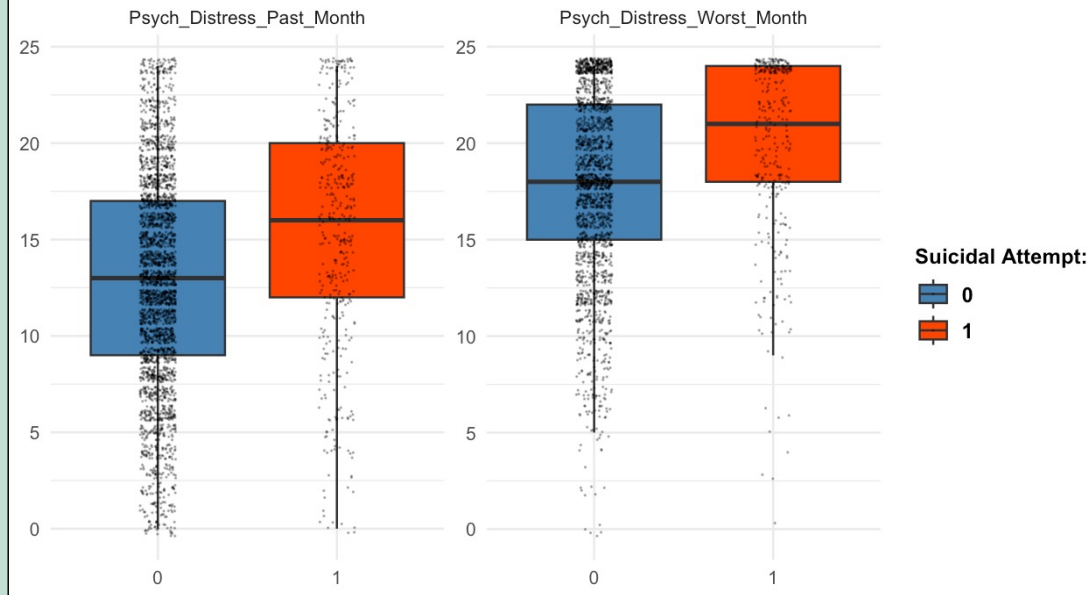


Among Individuals
with a Suicide Plan in
the Past Year (n = 972)



NSDUH Scales for
Assessing
Psychological Distress
and its Relationship
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47,291)

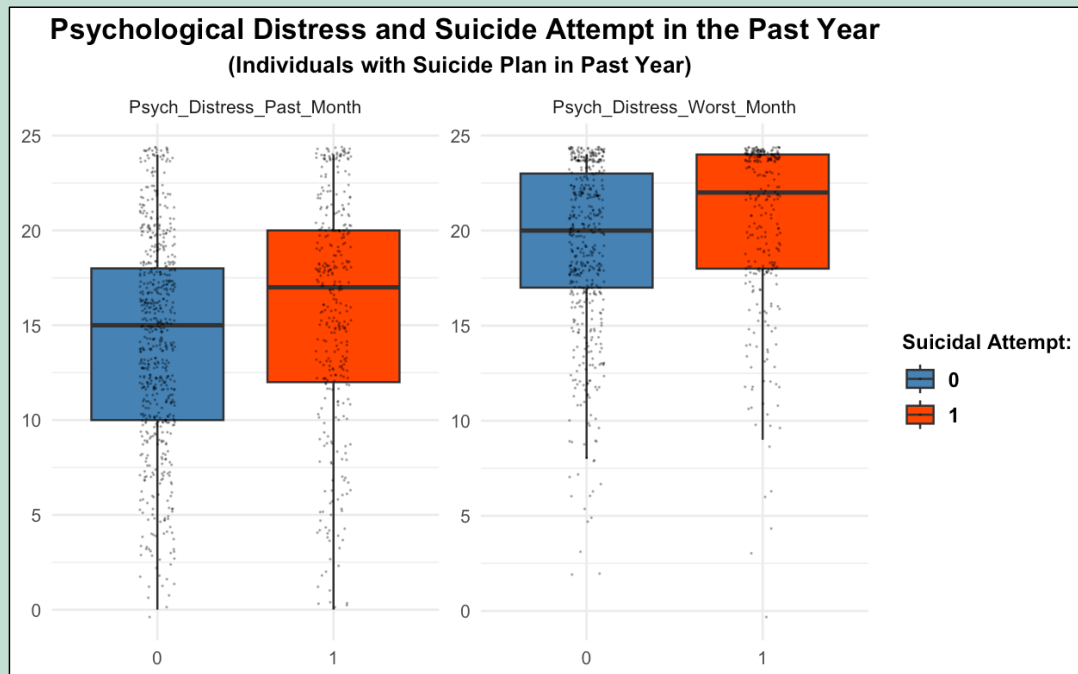
Psychological Distress and Suicide Attempt in the Past Year (Individuals with Suicidal Ideation in Past Year)

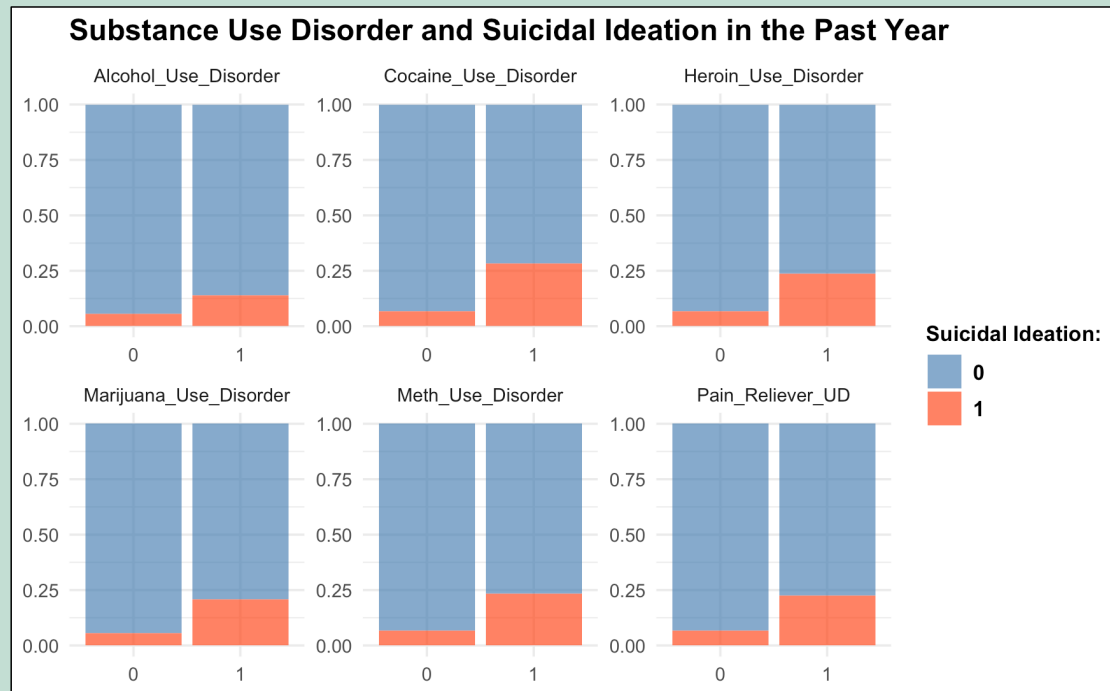


Among Individuals with
Suicidal Ideation in the
Past Year (n = 3,177)

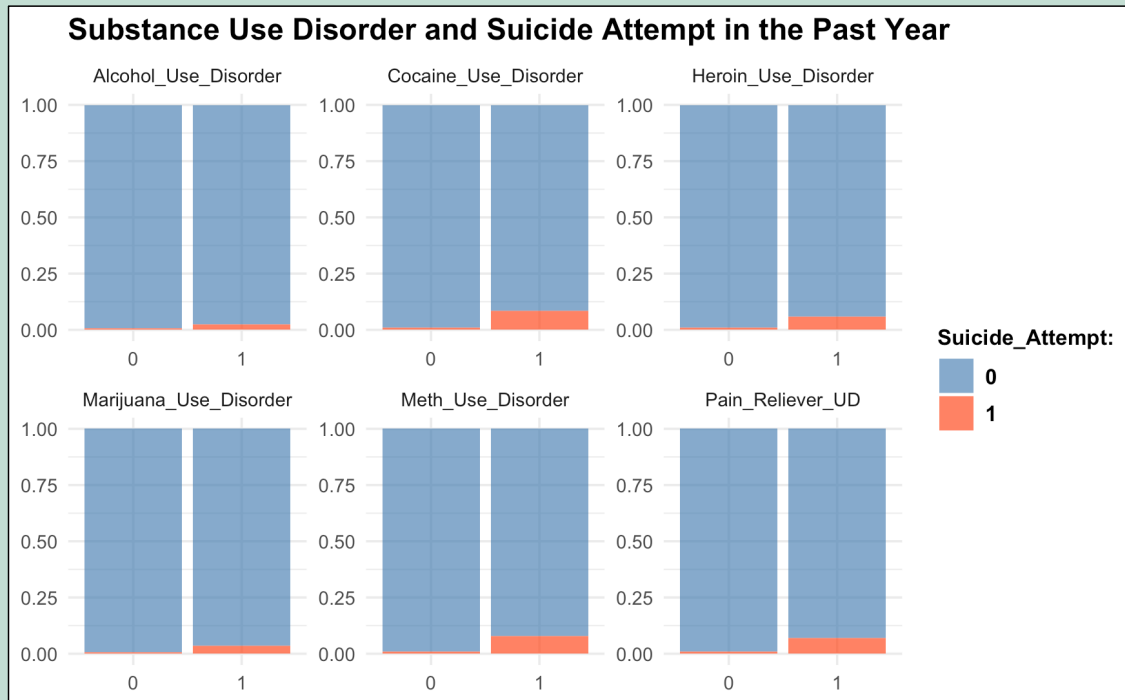


Among Individuals
with a Suicide Plan in
Past Year (n = 972)





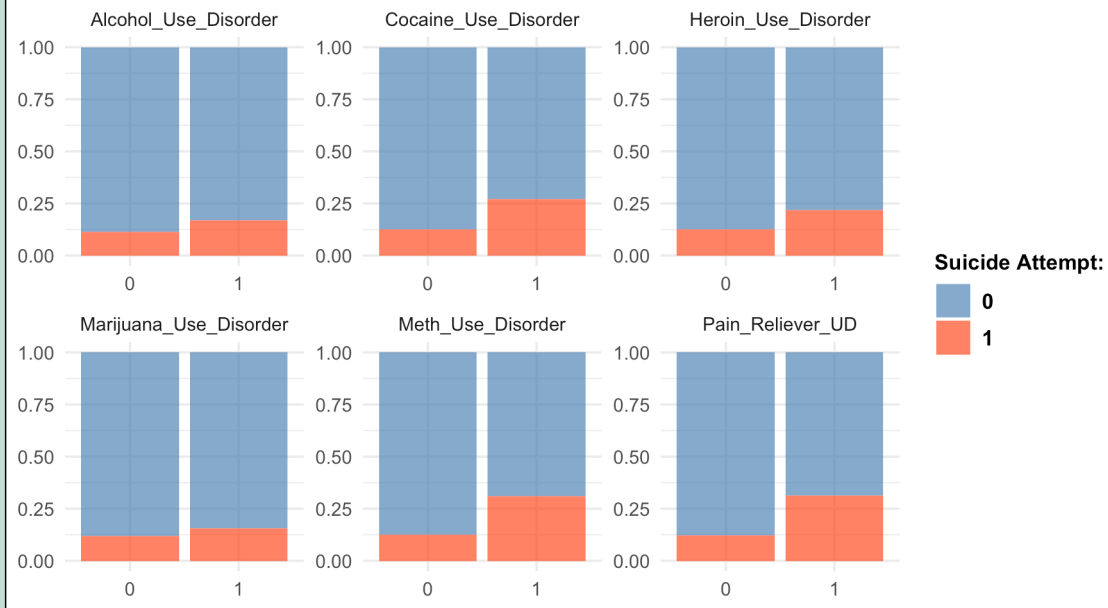
Substance Use Disorders and Relationship with Suicidal Ideation in the Past Year (n = 47,291)



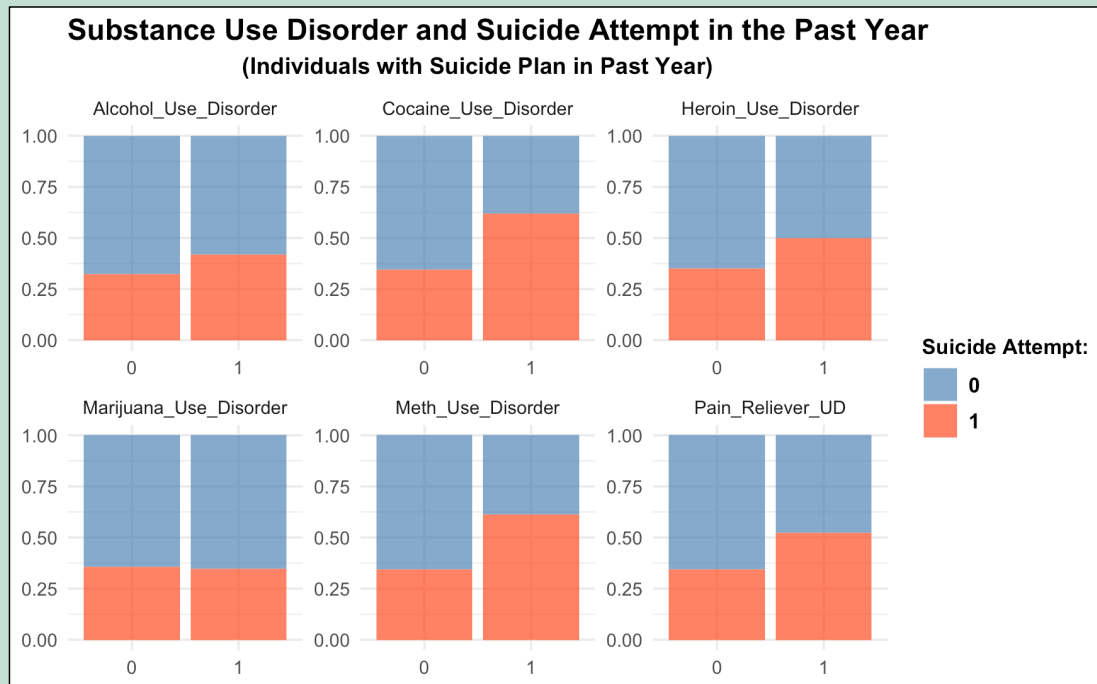
Substance Use Disorders and Relationship with Suicide Attempt in the Past Year (n = 47,291)



Substance Use Disorder and Suicide Attempt in the Past Year (Individuals with Suicidal Ideation in Past Year)



Substance Use Disorders and Relationship with Suicide Attempt in the Past Year Among Individuals with Suicidal Ideation in the Past Year (n = 3,177)



Substance Use Disorders and Relationship with Suicide Attempt in the Past Year Among Individuals with a Suicide Plan in the Past Year (n = 972)

Logistic Regression: Suicide Attempt among Individuals with a Suicide Plan (n = 972) in the Past Year

Predictor	Odds Ratio	95% C.I.	β	p
Alcohol Use Disorder	1.47	1.04 — 2.07	0.39	<.05
Marijuana Use Disorder	0.71	0.49 — 1.01	-0.34	.06
Cocaine Use Disorder	1.60	0.63 — 4.14	0.47	0.32
Heroin Use Disorder	0.63	0.13 — 2.88	-0.46	0.55
Methamphetamine Use Disorder	2.64	1.06 — 6.97	0.97	<.05
Pain Reliever Use Disorder	2.56	1.15 — 5.87	0.94	<.05
Psychological Distress (Worst Month)	1.07	1.03 — 1.11	0.07	<.001

Decision Tree Analysis

- The most important feature in the data set is the score that indicates psychological distress during the worst month of the past year (24 is the max score)
- Having a max "Psych Distress" score and Pain Reliever Use Disorder leads to a greater chance of having had a suicide attempt
- No Pain Reliever UD further leads to Alcohol UD where if you have Alcohol UD you are more likely to have had a suicide attempt than if you did not



Implications



- ▶ These findings underscore the importance of recognizing and addressing the intersectionality of substance use disorders and psychological distress in assessing suicide risk, particularly in individuals who have previously formulated a suicide plan.
- ▶ The identification of these specific risk factors allows for more targeted interventions and support strategies to mitigate the risk of suicide attempts among those with a recent history of a suicide plan.

Clinical and Public Health Considerations:

- ▶ Healthcare providers and mental health professionals should be vigilant in assessing and addressing alcohol and substance use disorders, as well as elevated psychological distress, in individuals with a recent history of suicide planning, as these factors may significantly contribute to the likelihood of a suicide attempt.
- ▶ Public health initiatives aimed at suicide prevention may benefit from incorporating targeted interventions for individuals with co-occurring substance use disorders and elevated psychological distress, tailoring support services to address the specific needs of this at-risk population.