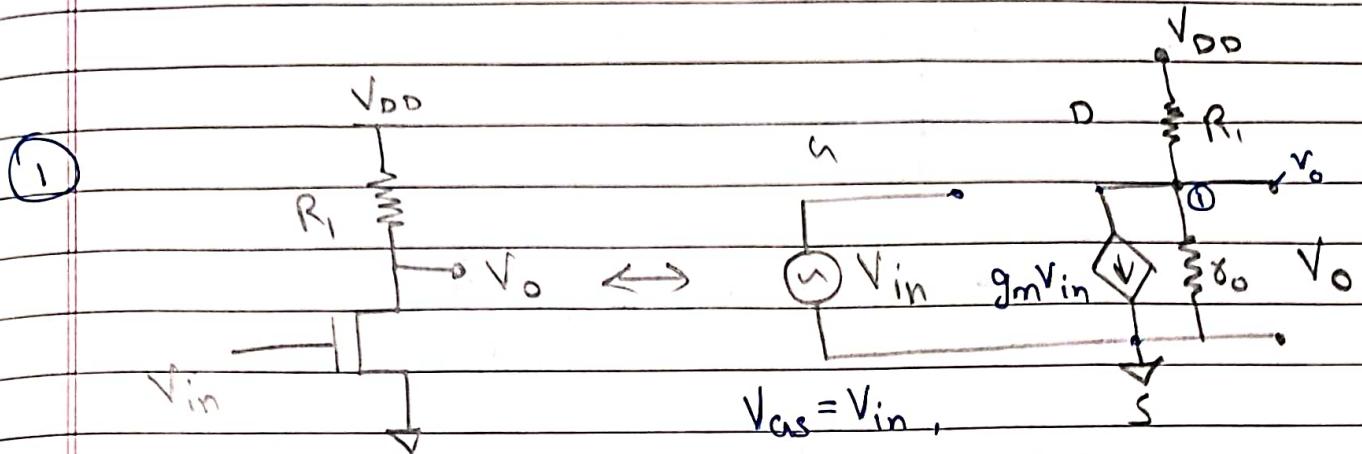


## Analog Electronics

Assignment - 02

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EE22BTECH11025



we are considering channel length modulation effect,

applying KCL at ① ,

$$g_m V_{in} + \frac{V_o - V_{DD}}{R_1} + \frac{V_o}{r_o} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_o \left( \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{r_o} \right) = - \left( g_m V_{in} - \frac{V_{DD}}{R_1} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_o}{R_1 \parallel r_o} = - \left( g_m V_{in} - \frac{V_{DD}}{R_1} \right)$$

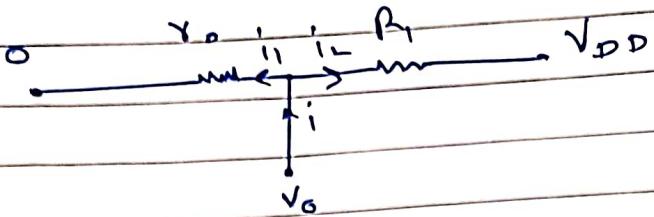
$$\Rightarrow V_o = - \left( g_m V_{in} - \frac{V_{DD}}{R_1} \right) (R_1 \parallel r_o)$$

$$\text{Gain} = \frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = - \left( g_m - \frac{V_{DD} \times 1}{V_{in} R_1} \right) (R_1 \parallel r_o)$$

gain = $- g_m (R_1 \parallel r_o)$	$V_{DD} = 0$	$V_{in} = 0$
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i/p impedance =  $\infty$

for o/p impedance

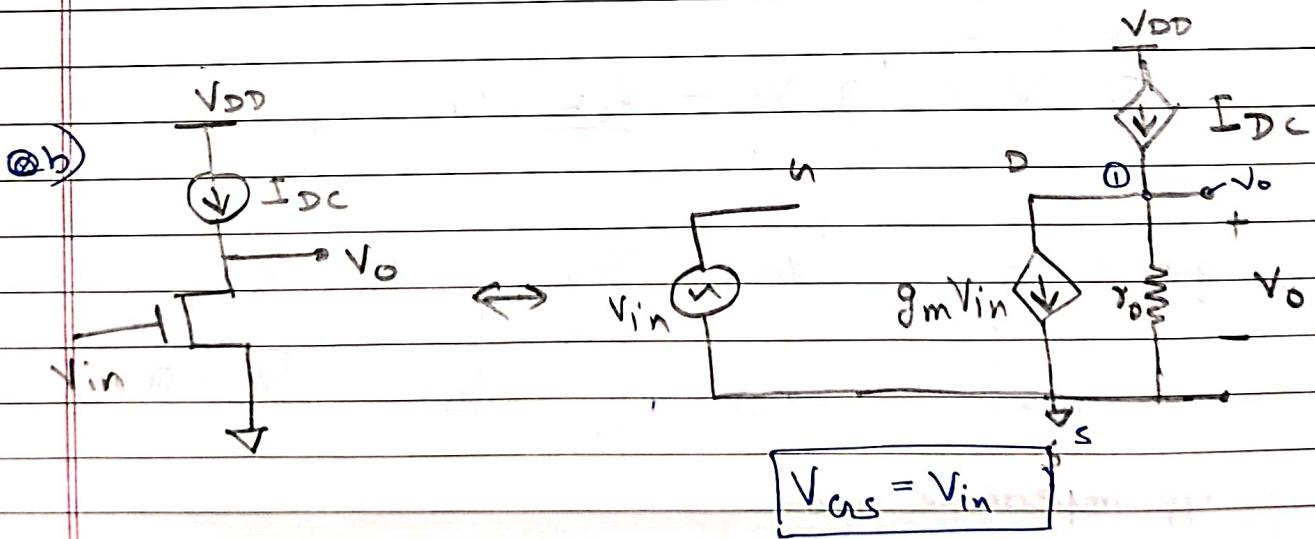


$$i = i_1 \alpha + i_2 = \frac{V_O}{Y_0} + \frac{V_O - V_{DD}}{R_1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} Z_{op} &= \frac{V_O}{i} = \frac{1}{Y_0} + \frac{1}{R_1} - \frac{1}{R_1} \times \left( \frac{V_{DD}}{V_O} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{Y_0} \end{aligned}$$

$$Z_{op} = \frac{V_O}{i} = \left[ \frac{1}{Y_0} + \frac{1}{R_1} - \frac{1}{R_1} \times \left( \frac{V_{DD}}{V_O} \right) \right]^{-1}$$

$$Z_{op} = \left[ \frac{1}{Y_0} + \frac{1}{R_1} \left[ 1 - \frac{V_{DD}}{V_O} \right] \right]^{-1} = \left[ \frac{1}{Y_0} + \frac{1}{R_1} \right]^{-1}$$



Applying KCL at ①,

$$-I_{DC} + g_m V_{in} + \frac{V_o}{Y_o} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_o}{Y_o} = -[g_m V_{in} - I_{DC}]$$

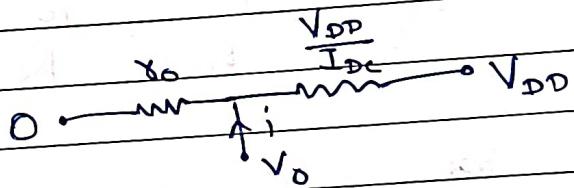
$$V_o = -[g_m V_{in} - I_{DC}] Y_o$$

$$\text{gain} = \frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = \left[ g_m - \frac{I_{DC}}{V_{in}} \right] \times Y_o$$

i/p impedance =  $\infty$

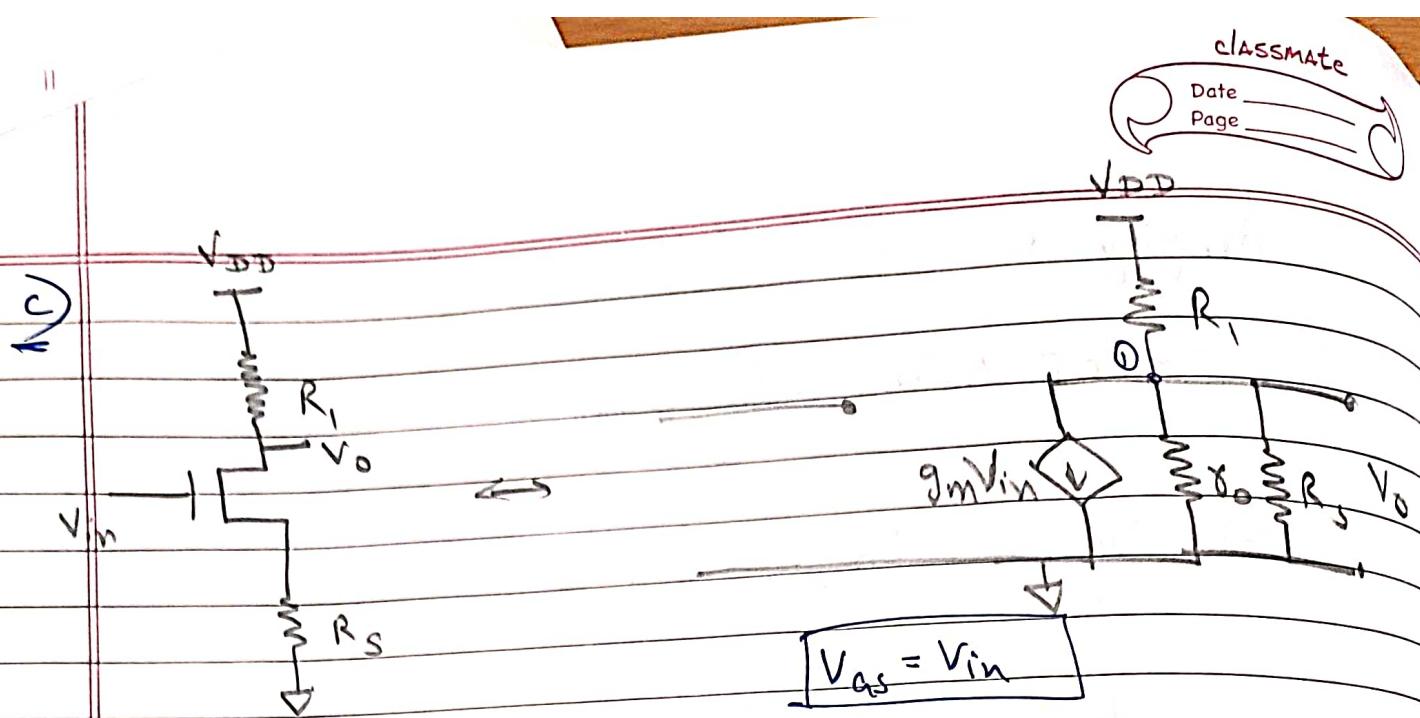
o/p impedance =

for o/p impedance,



$$Z_{op} = \frac{V_o}{i} = \left[ \frac{1}{Y_o} + \frac{I_{DC}}{V_{DD}} \left[ 1 - \frac{V_{DD}}{V_o} \right] \right]^{-1}$$

$$= Y_o$$



using KCL at ①,

$$\frac{V_o - V_{DD}}{R_1} + g_m V_{in} + \frac{V_o}{\gamma_o} + \frac{V_o}{R_s} = 0$$

$$\cancel{\frac{V_o - V_{DD}}{R_1}} + \cancel{\frac{V_o}{\gamma_o}} +$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_o}{R_1} + \frac{V_o}{\gamma_o} + \frac{V_o}{R_s} = \frac{V_{DD}}{R_1} - g_m V_{in}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cancel{\frac{V_o}{R_1 || \gamma_o || R_s}} = -V_{in} \left( g_m - \frac{V_{DD}}{V_{in}} \times \frac{1}{R_1} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = - \left[ g_m - \frac{V_{DD}}{V_{in}} \left( \frac{1}{R_1} \right) \right] (R_1 || \gamma_o || R_s)$$

~~Gain~~

$$\boxed{V_{AS} = V_{in}}$$

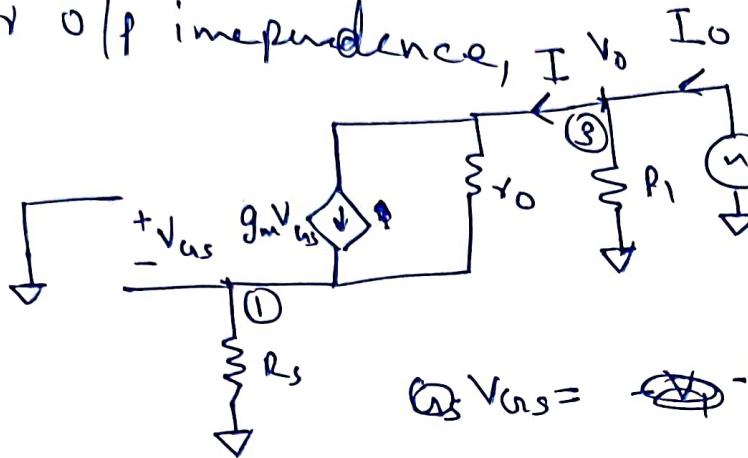
$$\boxed{V_{DD} = 0}$$

$$\text{gain} = -g_m (R_1 || \gamma_o || R_s)$$

c) for i/p impedance

$$Z_{i/p} = \infty$$

for o/p impedance,



KCL at ③,

$$I_o = \textcircled{1} \frac{V_o}{R_1} + I$$

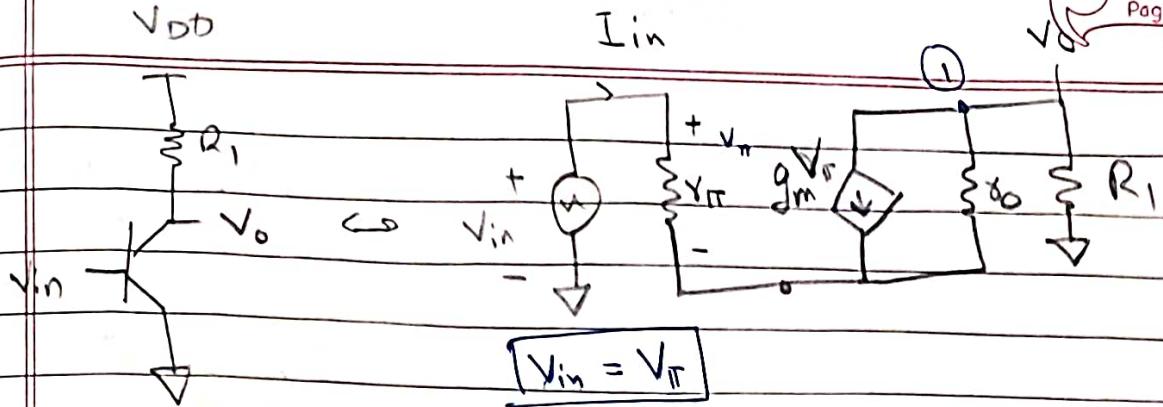
$$I_o = \frac{V_o}{R_1} + g_m V_i + \textcircled{2} V_o + V_{us}$$

$$I_o = V_o \left( \frac{1}{R_1} - \frac{g_m \gamma_o + 1}{\gamma_o (R_s + \gamma_o + g_m \gamma_o R_s)} + \frac{1}{\gamma_o} \right)$$

$$\frac{V_o}{I_o} = \frac{R_1 \gamma_o (R_s + \gamma_o + g_m \gamma_o R_s)}{\gamma_o (R_s + \gamma_o + g_m \gamma_o R_s) + R_1 (R_s + \gamma_o + g_m \gamma_o R_s) - (g_m \gamma_o + 1) R_s R_1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -\frac{V_{us}}{R_s} &= +g_m V_{us} \\ +\frac{V_o + V_{us}}{\gamma_o} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{us} = -V_o \left( \frac{R}{R_s + \gamma_o + g_m \gamma_o R_s} \right)$$



KCL at ①

$$g_m V_{\pi} + \frac{V_o}{r_o} + \frac{V_o}{R_1} = 0$$

$$g_m V_{in} + \frac{V_o}{r_o || R_1} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = -g_m (r_o || R_1)$$

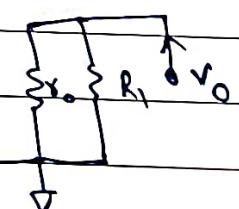
for i/p impedance,

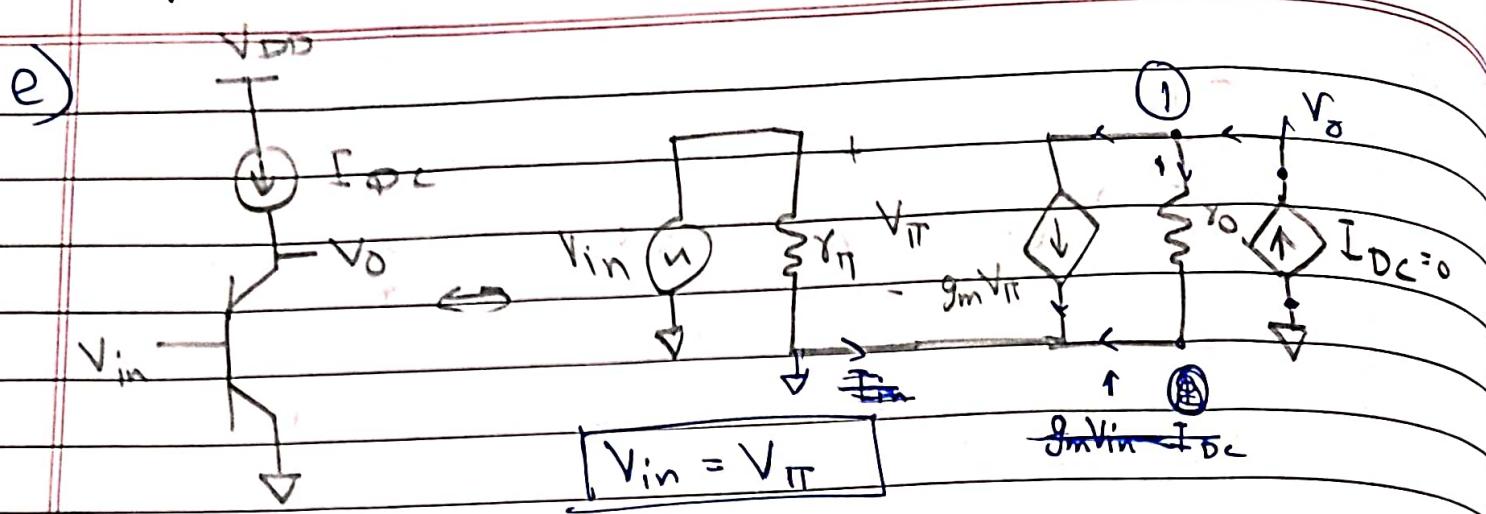
~~$Z_{i/p} = \frac{V_{in}}{I_{in}}$~~ 

$$Z_{i/p} = \frac{V_{in}}{I_{in}} = \frac{V_{in}}{\frac{V_{in}}{g_m}} = g_m$$

for o/p impedance,

$$Z_{o/p} = r_o || R_1$$





KCL at ①,

$$g_m V_{in} + \frac{V_0}{Y_o} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{V_0}{V_{in}} = -g_m Y_o}$$

for i/p impedance,

$$Z_{i/p} = \frac{V_{in}}{I_{in}} = Y_{pi}$$

$$I_{in} = g_m V_{in} + I_{DC}$$

$$I_{in} + g_m V_{in} - I_{DC} + g_m V_{in} = 0$$

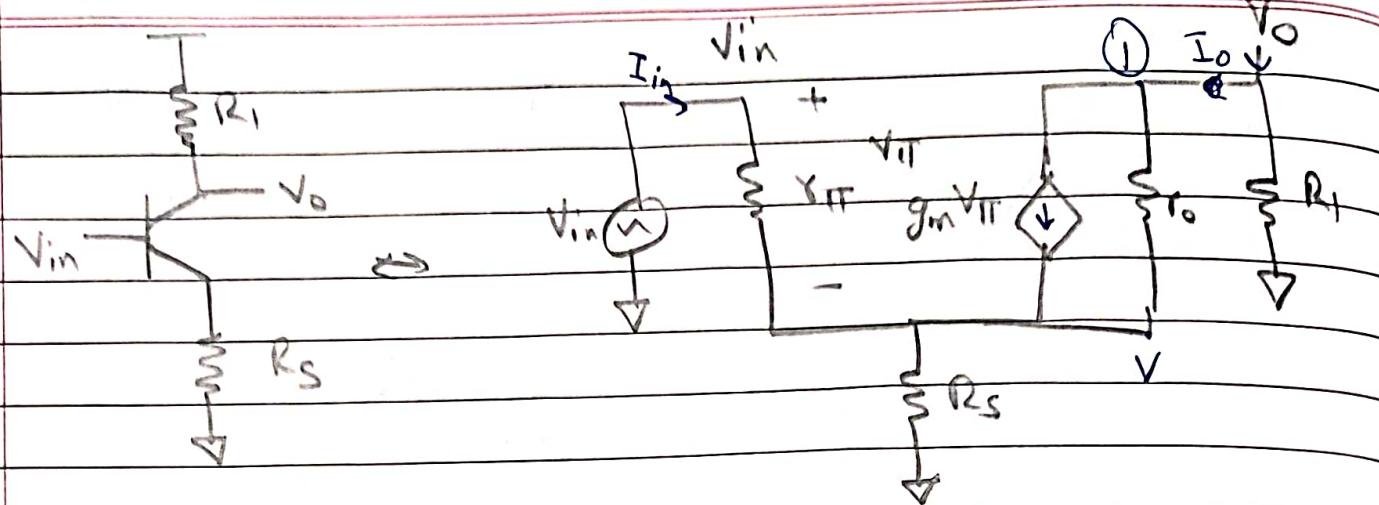
$$\Rightarrow I_{in} = I_{DC} - 2g_m V_{in}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cancel{Y_{pi}} = \boxed{\frac{V_{in}}{I_{DC} - 2g_m V_{in}}}$$

for o/p impedance,

$$Z_{o/p} = Y_o$$

f)



$$V_{\pi} = \frac{\gamma_{\pi}}{R_s + \gamma_{\pi}} V_{in}, \quad V = \frac{R_s}{R_s + \gamma_{\pi}} V_{in}$$

KCL at ①,

$$\frac{V_o}{\gamma_o} - \frac{R_s}{R_s + \gamma_{\pi}} V_{in} + g_m V_{\pi} + \frac{V_o}{R_1} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_o}{\gamma_o} - \frac{R_s}{(R_s + \gamma_{\pi})\gamma_o} V_{in} + g_m \frac{\gamma_{\pi}}{R_s + \gamma_{\pi}} V_{in} + \frac{V_o}{R_1} = 0$$

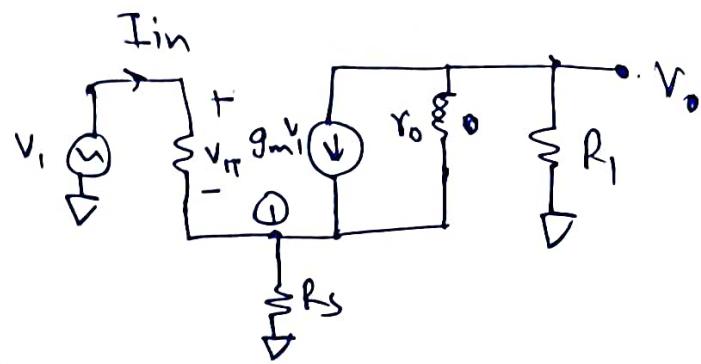
$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_o}{\gamma_o || R_1} = \left( \frac{R_s}{(R_s + \gamma_{\pi})\gamma_o} - g_m \frac{\gamma_{\pi}}{R_s + \gamma_{\pi}} \right) V_{in}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = \frac{R_s - g_m \gamma_o \gamma_{\pi}}{\gamma_o (R_s + \gamma_{\pi})}}$$

(f)

for i/p impedance,

$$\textcircled{D} \frac{V_{in}}{I_{in}}$$



$$\frac{V_{in} - V_\pi}{R_s} - I_{in} - I = 0$$

$$r_\pi I_{in} = V_{GS}$$

$$V_i = \textcircled{D} V_{in} - V_\pi$$

Now

$$\textcircled{*} I_{in} R_s + I R_1 + I R_s + I r_o - g_m r_\pi I_{in} r_o = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow I_{in} = \frac{I (R_1 + R_s + r_o)}{g_m r_\pi r_o - R_s}$$

$$\therefore V_{in} - R_s I = (r_\pi + R_s) I_{in}$$

$$\Rightarrow \textcircled{V_{in}}$$

$$\textcircled{B} Z_{i/p} = \frac{V_{in}}{I_{in}} = \frac{R_s (g_m r_\pi r_o - R_s)}{R_1 + r_o + R_s} + (r_\pi + R_s)$$

for o/p impedance,

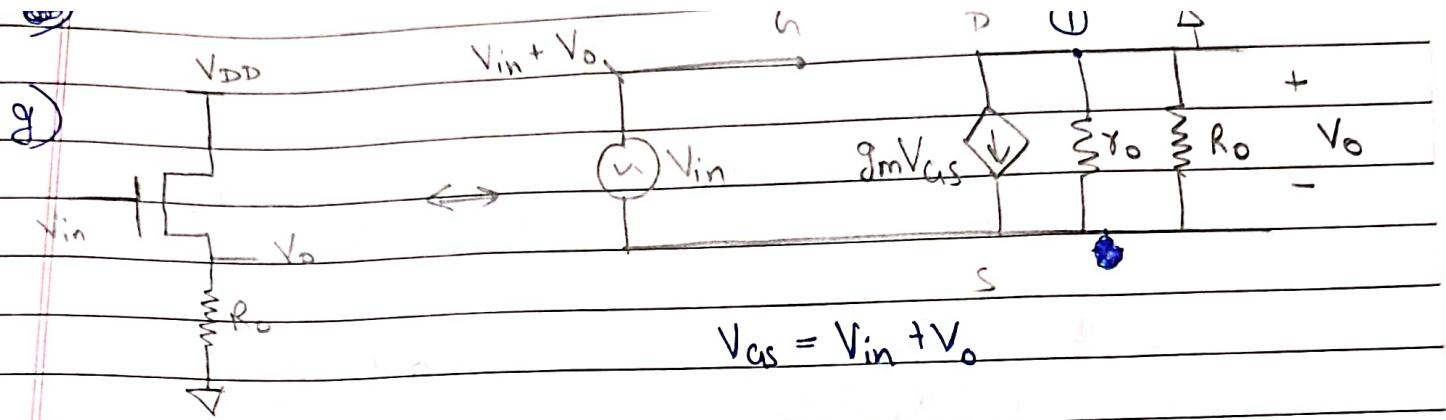
$$I = I_o - \frac{V_o}{R_1}, \quad I = -\frac{V_\pi}{r_\pi} - \frac{V_\pi}{R_s}$$

$$V_o - (I - g_m V_\pi) r_o = -V_\pi$$

$$V_o = I \left[ r_o + (1 + g_m r_o) \left( \frac{V_\pi}{R_s} \parallel r_\pi \right) \right]$$

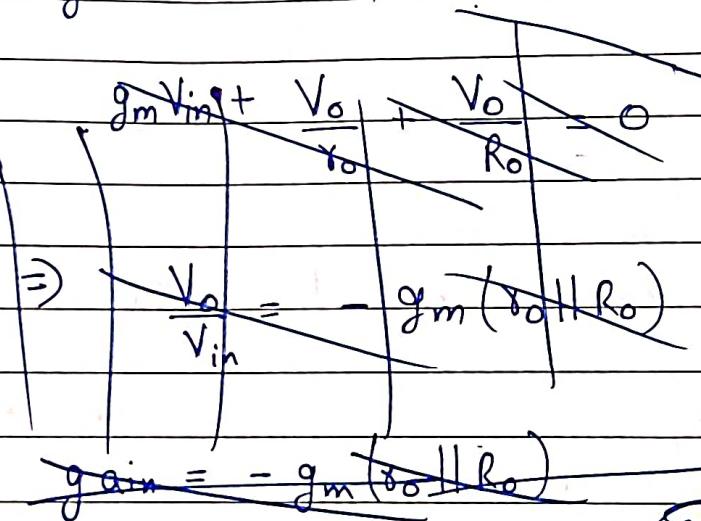
$$\cancel{V_o}$$

$$V_o = \left( I_o - \frac{V_o}{R_1} \right) \lambda \Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{V_o}{I_o} = \frac{\lambda}{1 + \frac{\lambda}{R_1}}} \quad \cancel{V_o}$$



by KCL at ①,

~~o/p impedance~~  $\rightarrow \text{load } R_o$



$$g_m(V_{in} + V_o) + \frac{-V_o}{\gamma_0} + \frac{-V_o}{R_o} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow g_m V_{in} = - \left[ g_m + \frac{1}{\gamma_0} + \frac{1}{R_o} \right] V_o$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = -g_m \left[ g_m + \frac{1}{\gamma_0} + \frac{1}{R_o} \right]^{-1}$$

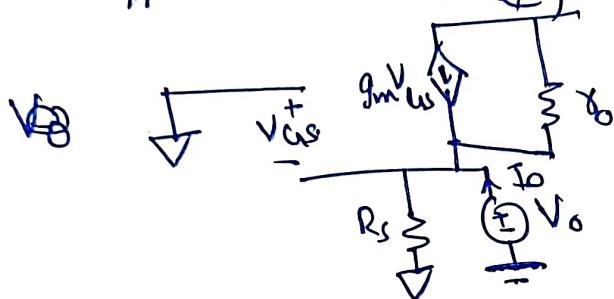
gain

i/p impedance =

⑨ for i/p ~~to~~ impedance,

$$\textcircled{b} \quad Z_{i/p} = \infty$$

for o/p impedance

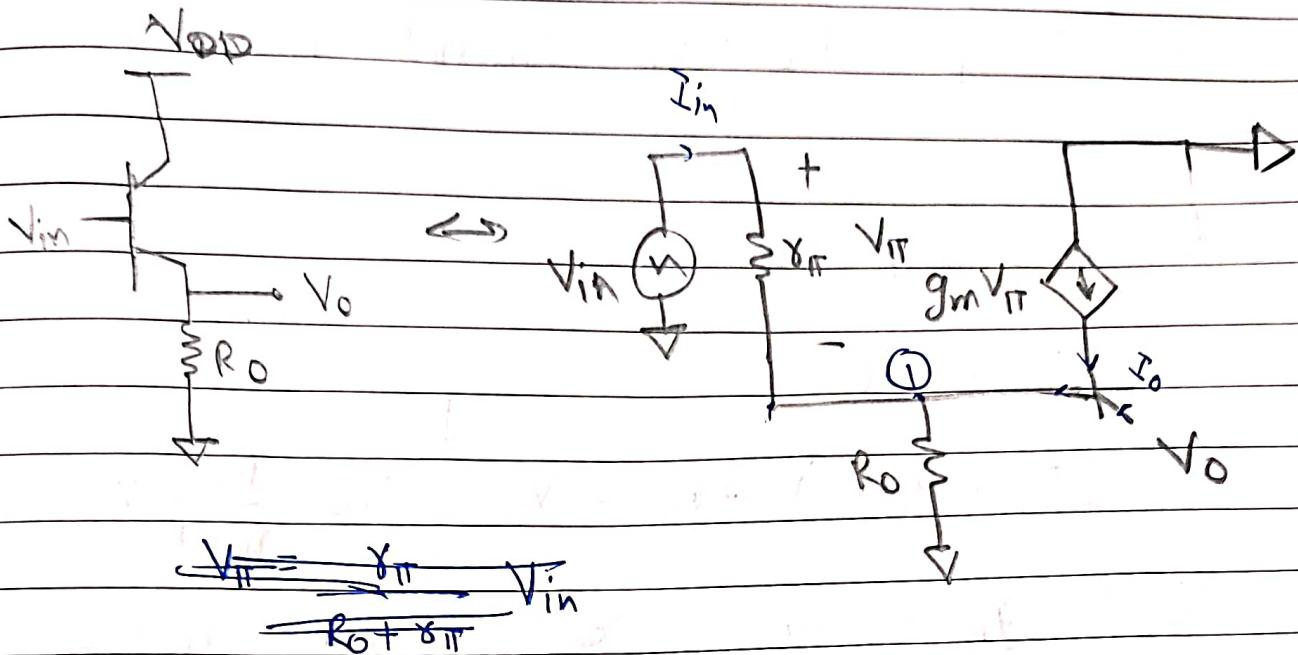


$$\frac{V_o}{R_o} = -I_o - g_m V_{AS} + \frac{V_o}{Z_o} = 0$$

$$\frac{V_o}{R_o} = I_o - g_m V_o - \frac{V_o}{Z_o}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_o}{I_o} = \frac{-g_m}{1 + g_m R_o} \quad \text{or } R_o || Z_o || \left( \frac{1}{g_m} \right)$$

b)



$$\frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = \boxed{V_{in} - V_o = V_{\pi}}$$

KCL at ①,

$$\frac{V_o - V_{in}}{\gamma_{\pi}} + \frac{V_o}{R_o} - g_m V_{\pi} = 0$$

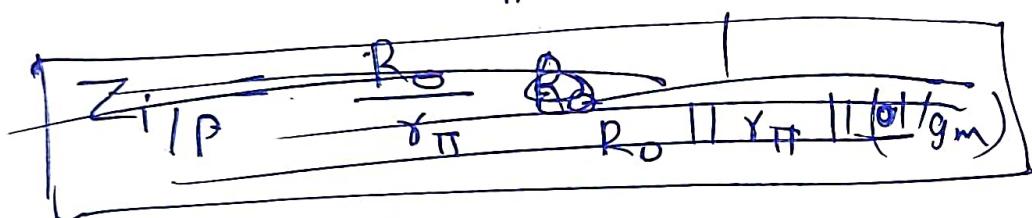
$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_o}{\gamma_{\pi}} + \frac{V_o}{R_o} + g_m V_o - g_m V_{in} - \frac{V_{in}}{\gamma_{\pi}} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = - \left( \frac{1 + g_m}{\gamma_{\pi}} \right) \left( \frac{1}{\gamma_{\pi} + g_m} \right) \left( \frac{1}{R_o + \gamma_{\pi} + g_m} \right)$$

h) for i/p impedance,

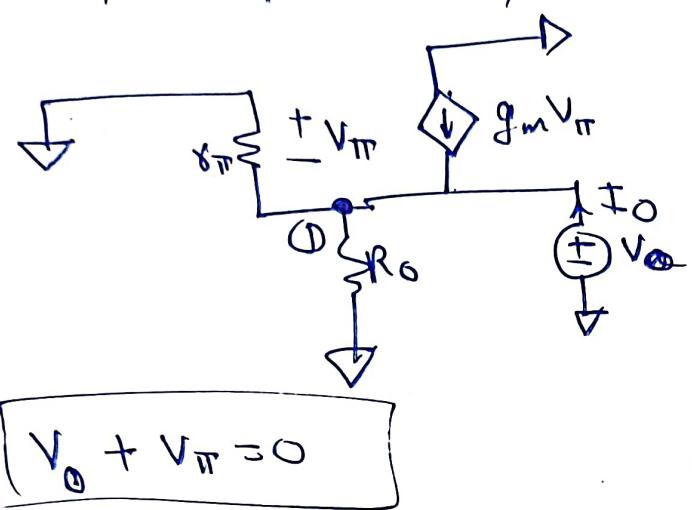
$$V_{\pi} = V_{in} - V_o = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{R_o}\right) V_{in}}{R_o || \gamma_{\pi} || (1/g_m)}$$

$$\frac{V_{in}}{I_{in}} = \frac{V_{in}}{V_{\pi}/\gamma_{\pi}}$$



$$Z_{i/p} = \frac{R_o \gamma_{\pi}}{R_o || \gamma_{\pi} || (1/g_m)}$$

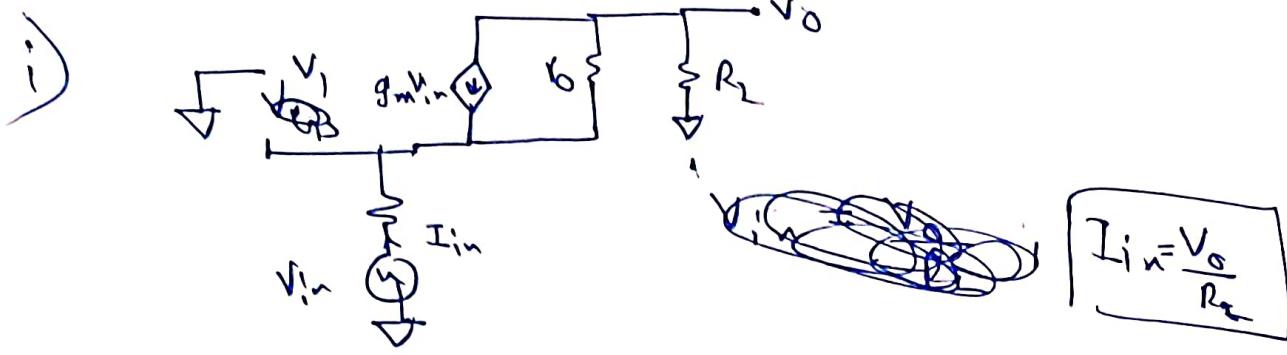
for  $0 \parallel \rho$  impedance,  $V_{in} = 0$ ,



$$V_o + V_{pi} = 0$$

$$\frac{V_o}{R_o} - \frac{V_{pi}}{r_{pi}} - g_m V_{pi} - I_o = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_{in}}{I_o} = (R_o || r_{pi} || 1/g_m)$$



$$I_{in} = \frac{V_o}{R_L}$$

$$\frac{-V_1 - V_{in}}{R_1} + \frac{-V_1 - V_o}{\gamma_0} = (g_m + v_i)$$

$$\Rightarrow I_{in} - I_{in} + \frac{V_{in}}{\gamma_0} - \frac{I_{in} R_1}{\gamma_0} - \frac{V_o}{\gamma_0} = -g_m V_{in} + g_m I_{in}$$

$$\Rightarrow I_{in} \left( -1 - \frac{R_1}{\gamma_0} - g_m R_1 \right) - \frac{V_o}{\gamma_0} = V_{in} \left( -g_m - \frac{1}{\gamma_0} \right)$$

$$\therefore -\frac{V_o}{R_L} \left( 1 + \frac{R_1}{\gamma_0} - g_m L_1 \right) - \frac{V_o}{\gamma_0} = V_{in} \left( g_m + \frac{1}{\gamma_0} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = \frac{g_m + \frac{1}{\gamma_0}}{\left( \frac{1}{R_L} + \frac{R_1}{R_L \gamma_0} + \frac{g_m R_1}{R_L} + \frac{1}{\gamma_0} \right)}}$$

for  $i_{IP}(z)$

$$\begin{aligned} Z_{iIP} &= \frac{V_{in}}{I_{in}} = \frac{R_2 V_{in}}{V_o} \\ &= \frac{R_2 \left[ \frac{1}{R_L} + \frac{R_1}{R_L \gamma_0} + \frac{g_m R_1}{R_L} + \frac{1}{\gamma_0} \right]}{\left[ g_m + \frac{1}{\gamma_0} \right]} \end{aligned}$$

for  $\sigma_{IP}(z)$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{-V}{R_1} + \frac{-V_1 - V_o}{\gamma_0} &\stackrel{+}{=} g_m V_1 \\ \Rightarrow I_o &= \frac{V_o}{R_2 || \gamma_0} - V_1 \left( g_m + \frac{1}{\gamma_0} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V_1 &= \frac{V_o}{\gamma_0} \times \\ R_1 || \gamma_0 &+ b/g_m \end{aligned}$$

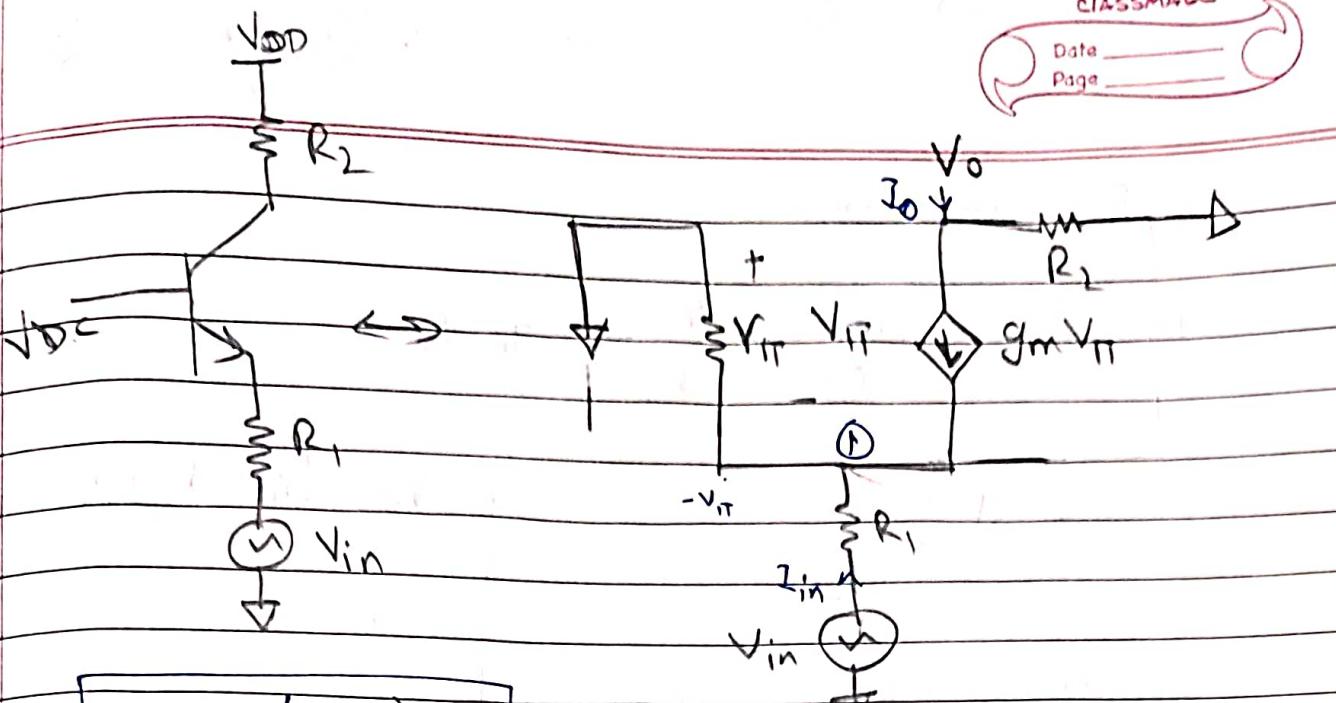
$$V_o = V_{o0}$$

$$I_0 = \frac{V_o}{R_2 || \gamma_0} - \frac{V_o (g_m + \frac{1}{\gamma_0})}{\cancel{\gamma_0} \gamma_0} (R_1 || \gamma_0 || 1/g_m)$$

~~$$\frac{V_o}{\gamma_0} = \frac{R_1 || 1/g_m || \gamma_0}{\gamma_0}$$~~

$$\frac{V_o}{I_0} = \frac{\cancel{\gamma_0} \frac{V_o}{\gamma_0}}{\frac{V_o}{R_2} \left[ \frac{1}{R_1} + g_m + \frac{1}{\gamma_0} \right] + \frac{1}{R_1}}$$

j)



$$V_o = -(g_m V_{\pi}) R_2$$

KCL at ①,

$$\frac{V_{in} + V_{\pi}}{R_1} - \frac{V_{in} + V_{\pi}}{R_1} + \frac{-V_{\pi}}{Y_{\pi}} + g_m V_{\pi} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_{in} + V_{\pi}}{R_1} + \frac{V_{\pi}}{Y_{\pi}} + g_m V_{\pi} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{in} = -V_{\pi} \left( 1 + g_m R_1 + \frac{R_1}{Y_{\pi}} \right)$$

$$\frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = \frac{g_m R_2}{1 + g_m R_1 + \frac{R_1}{Y_{\pi}}}$$

for i/p impedance,

$$I_{in} = \frac{V_{in} + V_{\pi}}{R_1} \Rightarrow Z_{i/p} = \frac{V_{in}}{I_{in}} \Rightarrow \frac{1 + g_m R_1 + \frac{R_1}{Y_{\pi}}}{\left( g_m + \frac{1}{Y_{\pi}} \right)}$$

for o/p impedance,

O/p impedance,

$$I_o = \frac{V_o}{R_2} + g_m V_{II}$$

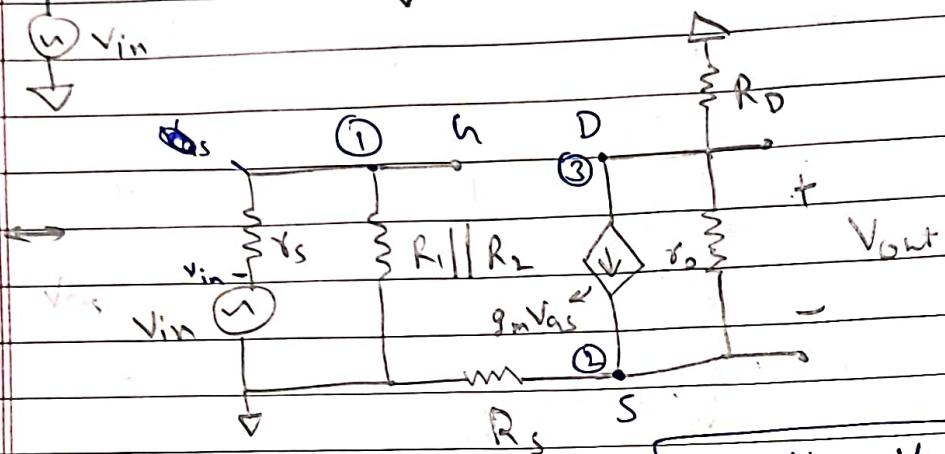
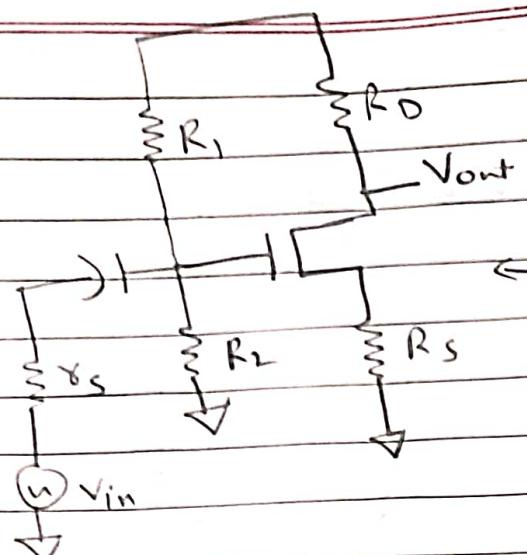
$$I_o = \frac{V_o}{R_2}$$

$$-V_{II} = (Y_{II} || R_1) g_m V_{II}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{II} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_o}{I_o} = R_2 = Z_{O/p}$$

(k)



KCL at ①,

$$V_{GS} - V_{in} = V_{GS}$$

$$V_D - V_S = V_{DS} = V_{out}$$

$$\frac{V_{GS} - V_{in}}{g_m} + \frac{V_{GS} - V_{in}}{R_1 || R_2} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{GS} = \frac{V_{in}}{g_m} \left( \frac{1}{g_m} + \frac{1}{R_1 || R_2} \right)^{-1}$$

KCL at ②,

$$-g_m V_{GS} + \frac{V_S}{R_s} + \frac{V_S - V_D}{g_m} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow -g_m V_{GS} + \frac{V_S}{R_s} - \frac{V_{out}}{g_m} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_S = \left( g_m V_{GS} + \frac{V_{out}}{g_m} \right) R_s$$

$$V_C - V_S = V_{CIS} = \frac{V_{in}}{\gamma_s} \left( \frac{1}{\gamma_s} + \frac{1}{R_1 || R_2} \right)^{-1} \left( g_m V_{as} + \frac{V_o}{\gamma_o} R_s \right)$$

$$V_{CIS} = \frac{V_{in}}{\gamma_s} \left( \frac{R_1 + R_2 + \gamma_s R_1 R_2}{\gamma_s (R_1 + R_2)} \right)^{-1} - \left( g_m V_{as} + \frac{V_o}{\gamma_o} \right) R_s$$

$$\Rightarrow (1 + g_m R_s) V_{CIS} = \frac{V_{in}}{\gamma_s} \times \frac{\gamma_s (R_1 + R_2)}{R_1 + R_2 + \gamma_s R_1 R_2} - \frac{V_o}{\gamma_o} R_s$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{CIS} = V_{in} (R_1 + R_2)$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{CIS} = \frac{V_{in}}{1 + \gamma_s (R_1 || R_2)} - \frac{V_o}{\gamma_o} R_s$$

KCL at ③,

$$g_m V_{as} + \frac{V_o}{\gamma_o} + \frac{V_D}{R_D} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow g_m V_{as} + \frac{V_o}{\gamma_o} + \frac{V_o + V_S}{R_D} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow g_m V_{as} + \frac{V_o}{\gamma_o || R_D} + \frac{R_s}{R_D} \left( g_m V_{as} + \frac{V_o}{\gamma_o} \right) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow g_m \left( 1 + \frac{R_s}{R_D} \right) V_{as} + \frac{V_o}{\gamma_o || R_D} + \frac{V_o R_s}{\gamma_o R_D} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow g_m \left( 1 + \frac{R_s}{R_D} \right) \left[ \frac{V_{in}}{1 + g_s(R_1 || R_2)} - \frac{V_o}{V_o} R_s \right]$$

$$+ \frac{V_o}{g_s R_D} + \frac{V_o R_s}{V_o R_D} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow g_m \left( 1 + \frac{R_s}{R_D} \right) \frac{V_{in}}{1 + g_s(R_1 || R_2)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \left[ g_m \left( 1 + \frac{R_s}{R_D} \right) + \right]$$

$$= -V_o \left[ \frac{1}{g_s R_D} + \frac{R_s}{V_o R_D} - g_m \left( 1 + \frac{R_s}{R_D} \right) \frac{R_s}{V_o} \right]$$

$$\frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = -g_m \left( 1 + \frac{R_s}{R_D} \right) \frac{1}{1 + g_s(R_1 || R_2)} \\ \frac{1}{g_s R_D} + \frac{R_s}{V_o R_D} - g_m \left( 1 + \frac{R_s}{R_D} \right) \frac{R_s}{V_o}$$

$$\textcircled{0} Z_{i/p} = g_s + R_1 || R_2$$

~~$$Z_{i/p} = g_s + R_1 || R_2$$~~

(K) for output impedance

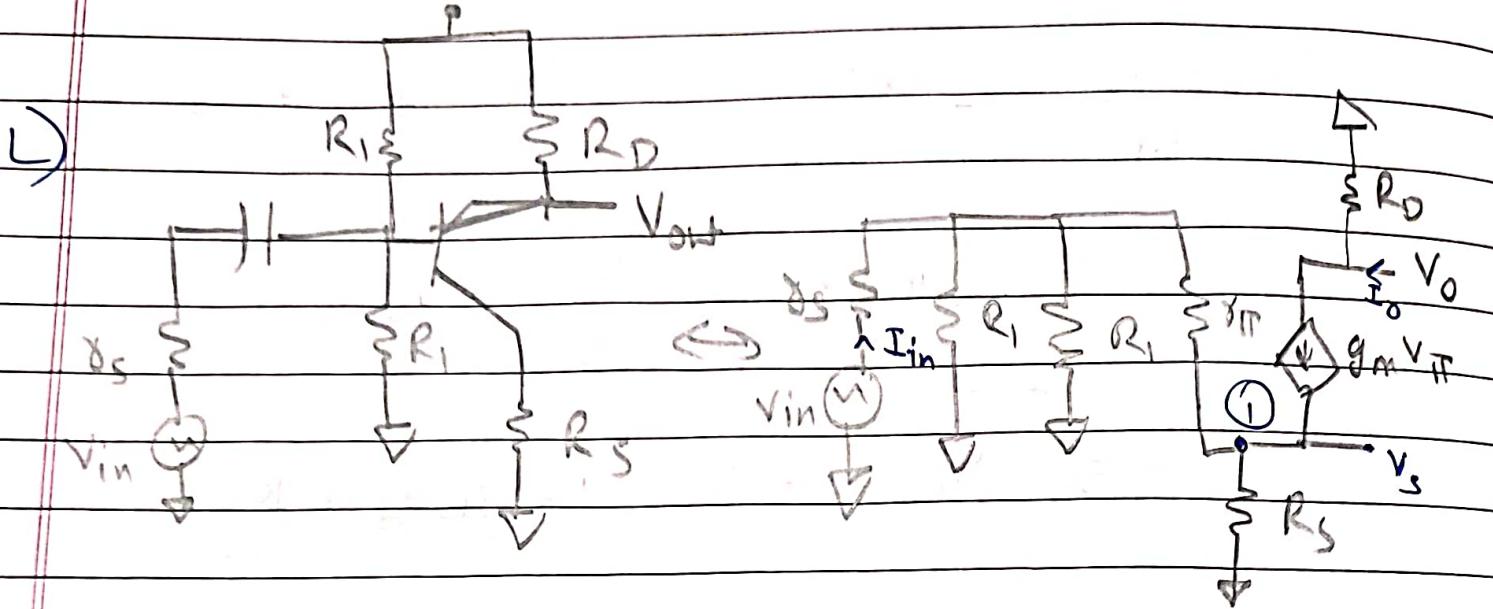
$$g_m V_{os} = \frac{V_o - V_s}{R_o} + \frac{V_o}{r_o}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{V_o}{r_o || R_s || 1/g_m} = \frac{V_o}{r_o}}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad I_o = \frac{V_o}{R_D} - \frac{V_o - V_s}{r_o} - g_m V_i = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow I_o = \frac{V_o}{R_D} + \frac{V_o}{r_o} - \cancel{\frac{V_o}{r_o || 1/g_m}} - \frac{V_s}{r_o || 1/g_m}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{V_o}{I_o} = \frac{\frac{V_o}{r_o} - \frac{V_o}{r_o || R_s || 1/g_m}}{\frac{V_s}{r_o || R_s || 1/g_m} + \frac{1}{R_D}}}$$



$$\therefore V_o = -(g_m V_\pi) R_D$$

$$V_s = (I_\pi + g_m V_\pi) R_s \quad , \quad V_\pi = I_\pi \gamma_\pi$$

$$V_s = I_\pi R_s (1 + g_m \gamma_\pi)$$

$$\text{Now, } I_\pi = \frac{V_{in} - V_s}{R_1 \parallel R_2 + \gamma_s + \gamma_\pi}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{V_s = \left( \frac{V_{in} - V_s}{R_1 \parallel R_2 + \gamma_s + \gamma_\pi} \right) (1 + g_m \gamma_\pi) R_s}$$

$$\boxed{V_s \left( \frac{1}{R_s} + \frac{1 + g_m \gamma_{\pi}}{R_1 || R_2 + \gamma_s + \gamma_{\pi}} \right) = \frac{V_{in} (1 + g_m \gamma_{\pi})}{R_1 || R_2 + \gamma_s + \gamma_{\pi}}}$$

Now,

$$\frac{V_o}{R_D} = g_m \left( \frac{(V_{in} - V_s) \gamma_{\pi}}{R_1 || R_2 + \gamma_s + \gamma_{\pi}} \right)$$

$$\frac{V_o}{R_D} = g_m \left| V_{in} - \frac{V_{in} (1 + g_m \gamma_{\pi})}{R_1 || R_2 + \gamma_s + \gamma_{\pi} + (1 + g_m \gamma_{\pi}) R_s} \right)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = -g_m \left| 1 - \frac{R_s (1 + g_m \gamma_{\pi})}{R_1 || R_2 + \gamma_s + \gamma_{\pi} + (1 + g_m \gamma_{\pi}) R_s} \right|}$$

Ans

for  $i/p (Z)$ ,

$$\cancel{V_{in} = I_{in}}$$

$$\frac{V_{in} - V_s}{R_1 || R_2 + \gamma_s + \gamma_{\pi}} = I_{in}$$

$$V_s = \frac{V_{in} (1 + g_m \gamma_{\pi}) R_s}{R_1 || R_2 + \gamma_s + \gamma_{\pi} + (1 + g_m \gamma_{\pi}) R_s}$$

$$V_{in} - I_{in} \left( R_1 || R_2 + \gamma_s + \gamma_{\pi} \right) = \frac{V_{in} (1 + g_m \gamma_{\pi}) R_s}{R_1 || R_2 + \gamma_s + \gamma_{\pi} + R_s (1 + g_m \gamma_{\pi})}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_{in}}{I_{in}} = \frac{R_1 || R_2 + \gamma_s + \gamma_{\pi}}{1 + \frac{R_s (1 + g_m \gamma_{\pi})}{R_1 || R_2 + \gamma_s + \gamma_{\pi} + R_s (1 + g_m \gamma_{\pi})}} = Z_{i/p}$$

for o/p impedance,

KCL at ①,

$$\frac{V_{\pi}}{Y_{\pi}} + g_m V_{\pi} = \text{[Redacted]} I$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{\pi} = 0$$

KCL at ②

~~$(V_1 + V_{\pi})$~~

$$\frac{V_1 + V_{\pi}}{R_s \parallel R_2 \parallel R_1} + \frac{V_{\pi}}{Y_{\pi}} = 0$$

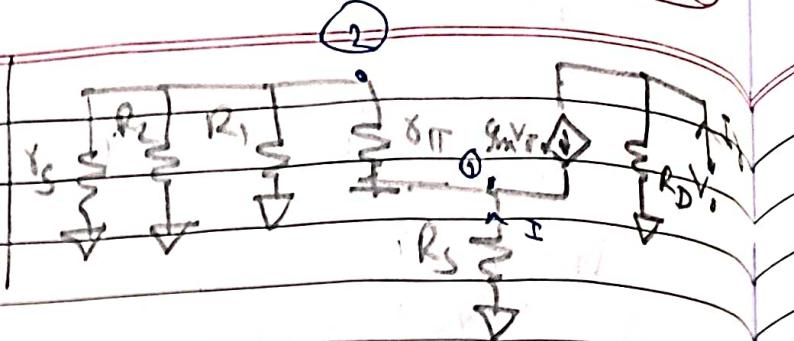
$$\Rightarrow \frac{I R_s + V_{\pi}}{R_s \parallel R_2 \parallel R_1} = - \frac{V_{\pi}}{Y_{\pi}}$$

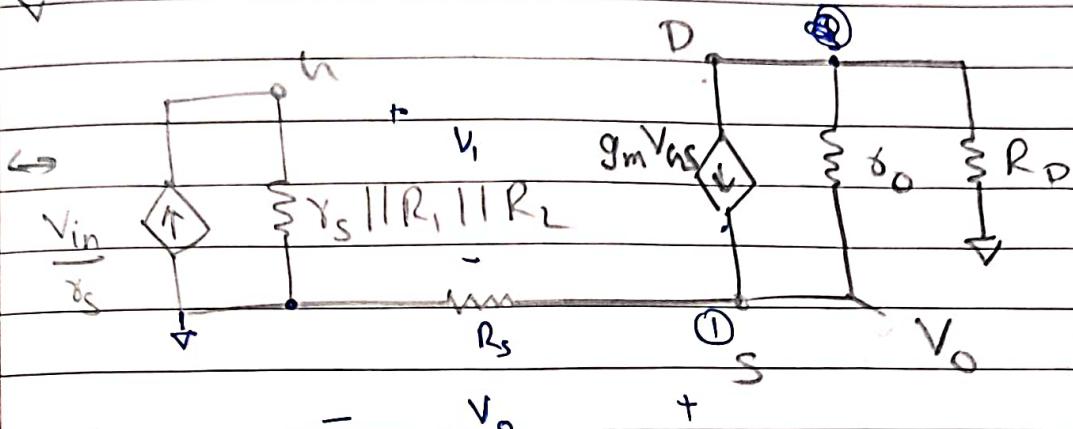
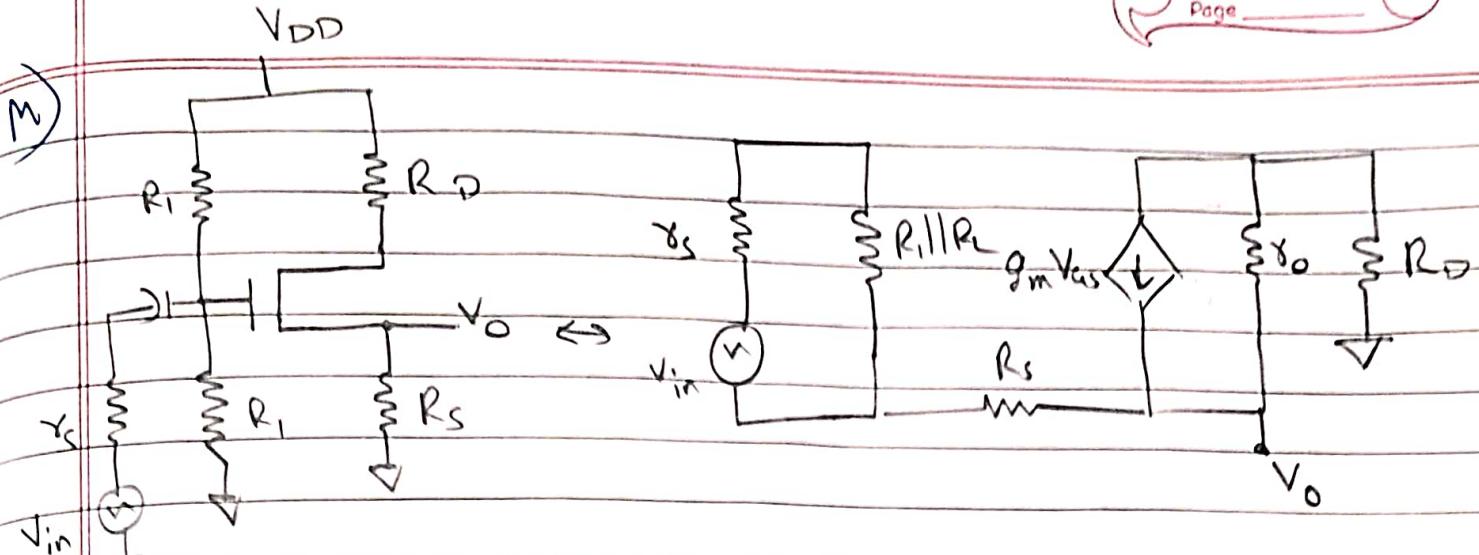
$$\Rightarrow \left[ V_{\pi} R_s \left[ \frac{1}{Y_{\pi}} + g_m \right] + V_{\pi} \right] \left[ \frac{1}{R_s \parallel R_2 \parallel R_1} \right] = - \frac{V_{\pi}}{Y_{\pi}}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{\pi} \frac{R_s}{R_s}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{\pi} = 0$$

$$R_{out} = \frac{V_o}{I_o} = R_D$$





$$V_{GS} = \frac{V_{in}}{\gamma_s} (\gamma_s \parallel R_1 \parallel R_2) - V_o$$

KCL at ①,

$$-g_m V_{AS} + \frac{V_o}{\gamma_o + R_D} + \frac{V_o}{R_s} = 0$$

$$-g_m \left( \frac{V_{in}}{\gamma_s} \right) (\gamma_s \parallel R_1 \parallel R_2) + g_m V_o + \frac{V_o}{\gamma_o + R_D} + \frac{V_o}{R_s} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = \left( g_m + \frac{1}{\gamma_o + R_D} + \frac{1}{R_s} \right)^{-1} \frac{g_m (\gamma_s \parallel R_1 \parallel R_2)}{\gamma_s}$$

$$= \frac{\left[ \left( \frac{1}{g_m} \right) \parallel (\gamma_o + R_D) \parallel R_s \right] g_m (\gamma_s \parallel R_1 \parallel R_2)}{\gamma_s}$$

for  $i||l(z)$

$$Z_{i||p} = \frac{V_{in}}{I_{in}} = r_s + R_1 || R_2$$

for  $o|p(z)$

$$\boxed{V_a = 0}$$

$$\boxed{V_s + V_o = 0}$$

$$\left( I_o - \frac{V_o}{R_s} \right) + g_m V_i + \frac{V_s - V_o}{r_o} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_s = V_o \cancel{+ r_o V_i}$$

$$\boxed{V_s = \cancel{\frac{V_o}{r_o || 1/g_m || R_s}} r_o - I_o r_o}$$

Now

$$\frac{V_s}{R_o} + \frac{V_s - V_a}{r_o} + g_m V_i = 0$$

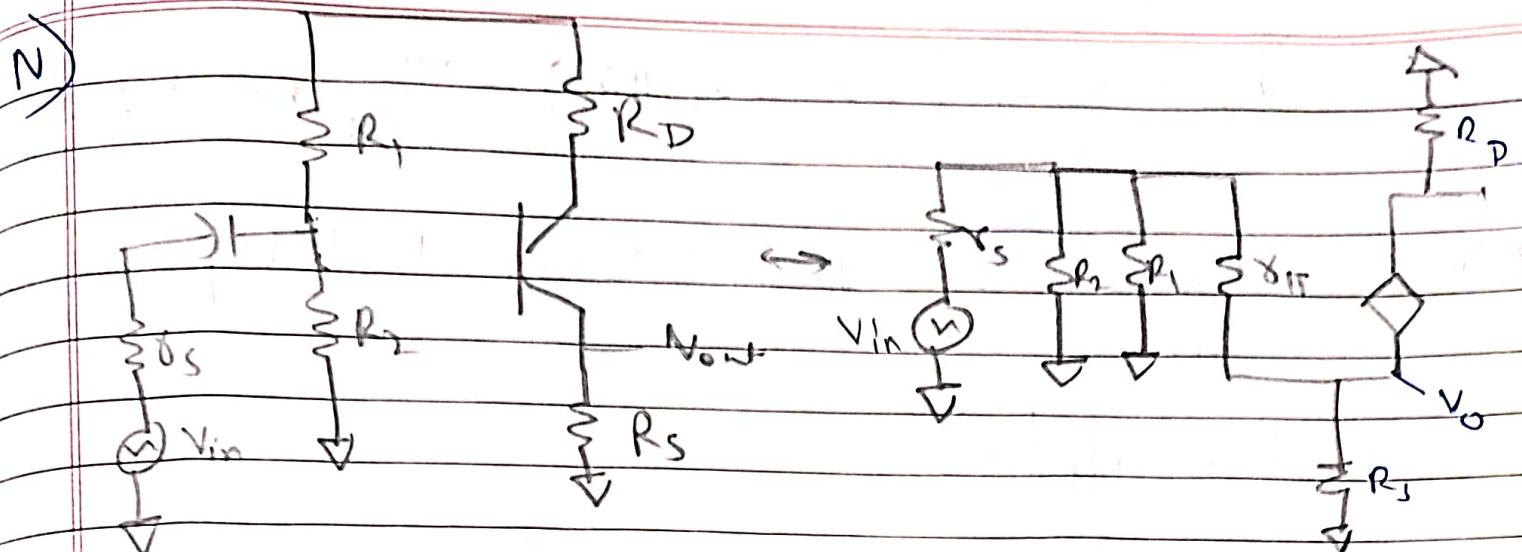
$$\Rightarrow V_s + \frac{V_s - V_a}{r_o} + g_m V_i + \frac{V_s - V_o}{r_o} = 0$$

~~cancel~~

$$\cancel{\frac{V_o}{r_o}} \cancel{+ \frac{1}{r_o} + g_m + } :$$

$$\frac{V_o}{r_o || g_m || R_s} (r_o) \times \frac{1}{R_o || r_o} - \frac{1}{r_o || 1/g_m} = I_o r_o \left( \frac{1}{R_o} + \frac{1}{r_o} \right)$$

$$\frac{V_o}{I_o} = \frac{\left( 1 + \frac{r_o}{R_s} \right) \left[ \left( r_o || R_s + 1/g_m \right) \left( 1 + \frac{r_o}{R_o} \right) \right]}{\cancel{R_o} - \cancel{\left( r_o || 1/g_m \right)}}$$



$$\frac{V_D}{R_D} + g_m V_{11} = 0$$

$$\frac{V_o}{R_s} = \frac{V_{11}}{\gamma_{11}} + g_m V_{11} = 0$$

$$\frac{V_o}{R_s} = \frac{V_{11}}{\gamma_{11}} (1 + g_m \gamma_{11})$$

$$V_{in} - \frac{V_{11}}{\gamma_{11}} (r_s + r_{\pi} + R_1 || R_2) = V_o$$

$$\frac{V_o}{R_s} = \frac{(V_{in} - V_o)(1 + g_m \gamma_{11})}{r_s + r_{\pi} + R_1 || R_2}$$

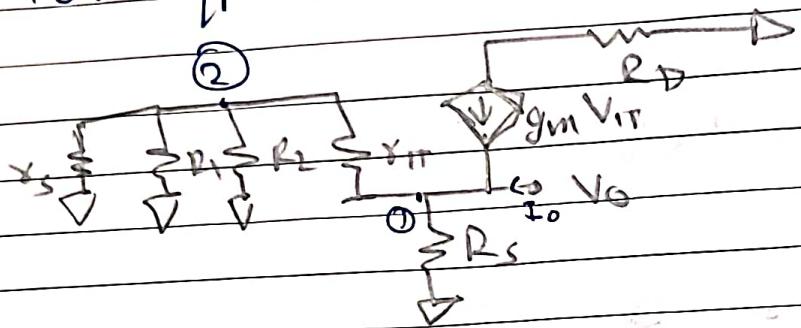
$$V_o \left( \frac{1}{R_s} + \frac{1 + g_m \gamma_{11}}{r_s + r_{\pi} + (R_1 || R_2)} \right) = V_{in} \frac{(1 + g_m \gamma_{11})}{(r_s + r_{\pi} + R_1 || R_2)}$$

$$\Rightarrow \boxed{\frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = \frac{R_s (1 + g_m \gamma_{11})}{r_s + r_{\pi} + (R_1 || R_2) + R_s (1 + g_m \gamma_{11})}}$$

for  $i_{IP}(z)$ 

$$V_{in} - \frac{V_{II}}{\gamma_{II}} (r_s + r_{II} + R_1 || R_2) = \frac{V_{II}}{\gamma_{II}} R_s (1 + g_m \gamma_{II})$$

$$\frac{V_{in}}{I_{in}} = \frac{R_s (1 + g_m \gamma_{II}) + r_s + r_{II} + R_1 || R_2}{\gamma_{II}} \quad \left| \frac{V_{II}}{\gamma_{II}} = L_{ik} \right.$$

for  $o_{IP}(z)$ 

KCL at node 1,

$$\frac{V_{II}}{\gamma_{II}} + g_m V_{II} + I_o - \frac{V_o}{R_s} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{II} = \left( \frac{V_o}{R_s} + I_o \right) \left( \gamma_{II} || \frac{1}{g_m} \right)$$

KCL at node 2,

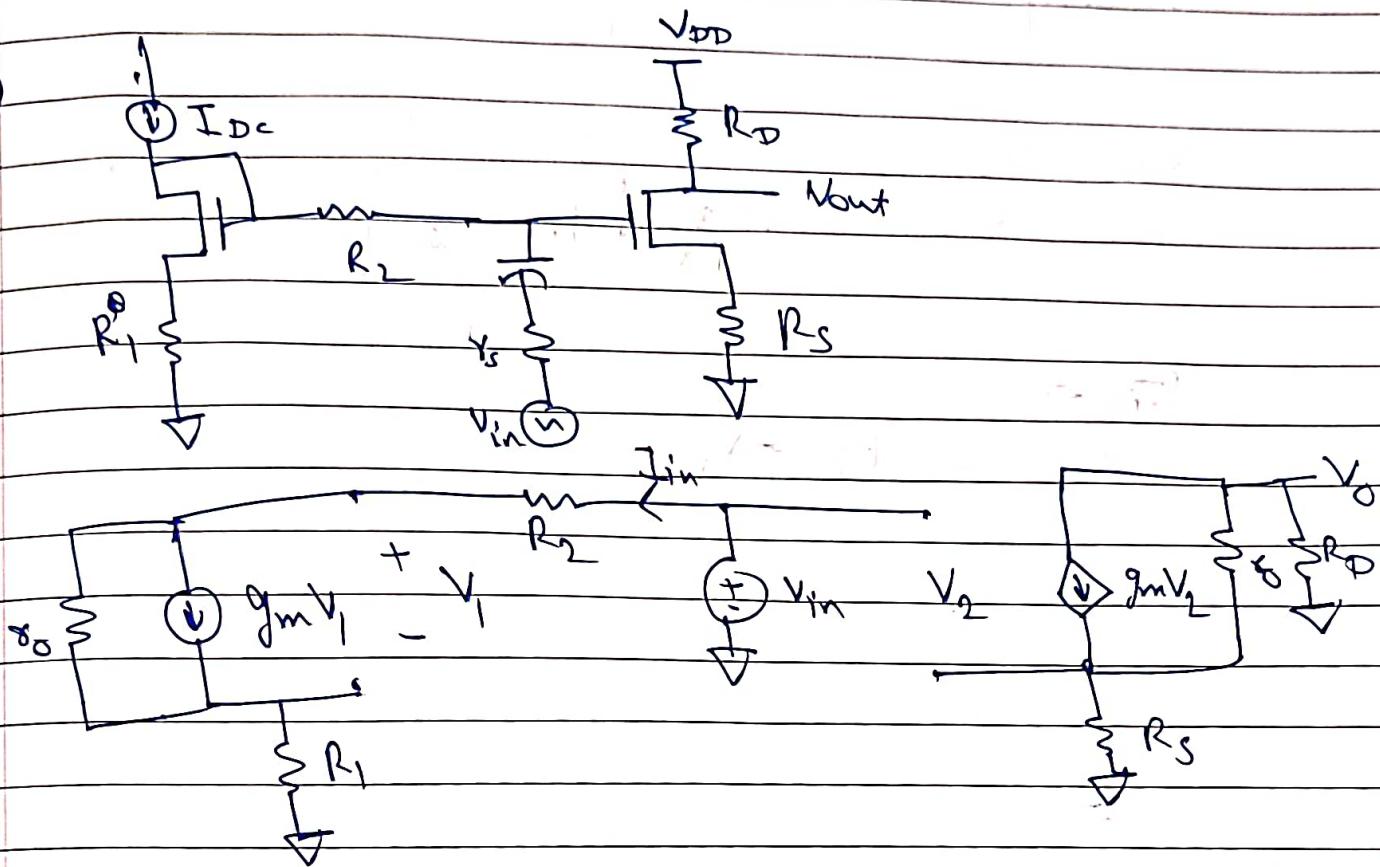
~~$$(V_o + V_{II}) + (r_s +$$~~

$$\frac{V_o + V_{II}}{r_s || R_1 || R_2} + \frac{V_{II}}{\gamma_{II}} = 0$$

$$\frac{V_o}{I_o} = R_s \cdot \cancel{R_s \cdot (r_s || R_1 || R_2)}$$

$$\frac{V_o}{I_o} = \frac{\frac{R_s}{r_s \parallel R_2 \parallel R_1 \parallel \frac{1}{g_m}}}{\frac{R_s(8m + 1/m_\pi) + 1}{r_s \parallel R_2 \parallel R_1}} + \frac{1}{8\pi} = Z_{in}/p$$

Q)



$$I_{in} = g_m V_1 + V_0$$

$$V_{in} - I_{in} R_2 - V_1 - I_{in} R_1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{in} - I_{in} R_2 - \frac{V_1}{g_m r_0} - \frac{I_{in}}{g_m r_0} (R_1 + R_2) = - \frac{I_{in}}{g_m} \text{ so}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{in} \left( 1 + \frac{1}{g_m r_0} \right) = I_{in} \left( (R_1 + R_2) \left( 1 + \frac{1}{g_m r_0} \right) + \frac{1}{g_m} \right)$$

$$Z_{in} = R_{in} = (R_1 + R_2) \left( 1 + \frac{1}{g_m r_0} \right) + \frac{1}{g_m}$$

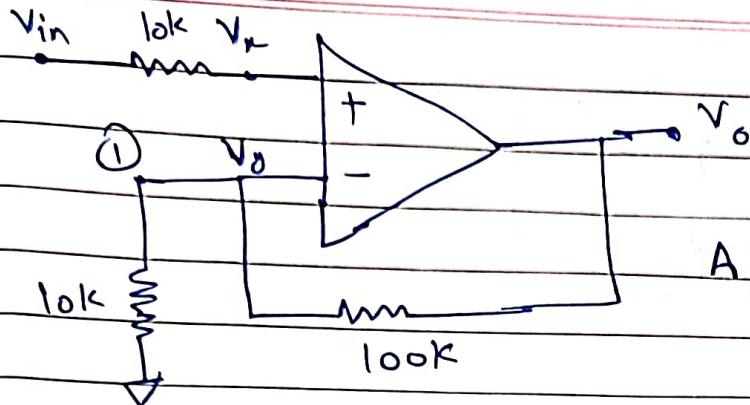
$\times \frac{1}{g_m r_0}$

$$\frac{g_m V_{in} + g_m V_o R_S}{R_D} = -\frac{V_o R_S}{R_O f_O} - \frac{V_o}{r_o} - \frac{V_o}{R_o}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_o \left[ -\frac{g_m R_S}{R_o} + \frac{R_S}{R_O f_O} + \frac{1}{r_o} + \frac{1}{R_o} \right] = -g_m V_{in}$$

~~$\frac{V_o}{V_{in}}$~~   $\frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = \frac{\cancel{g_m} - g_m}{\left( \frac{R_S}{R_o} \right) \left[ g_m + \frac{1}{r_o} \right] + \frac{1}{r_o} + \frac{1}{R_o}}$

2)



$$A_{\text{v}} = \frac{V_o}{V_x - V_y}$$

for ideal case,

$$V_x = V_y$$

$$V_x = V_{\text{in}} = V_y$$

KCL at ①,

$$\frac{V_{\text{in}}}{10} + \frac{V_{\text{in}} - V_o}{100} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{\text{in}} + \frac{V_{\text{in}} - V_o}{10} - \frac{V_o}{10} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 11V_{\text{in}} = V_o$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_o}{V_{\text{in}}} = 11$$

$$\Rightarrow g_{\text{ideal}} = 11$$

i)  $\theta$  for non ideal case,  $A = 10$

$$\textcircled{A} V_n + V_y$$

$$V_n = V_{in}$$

KCL at (1),

$$\frac{V_y}{10} + \frac{V_y - V_o}{10 \Delta} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 11 V_y = V_o$$

$$\Rightarrow V_y = \frac{V_o}{11}$$

$$A = \frac{V_o}{V_{in} - V_y}$$

$$\Rightarrow A = \frac{V_o}{\frac{V_{in} - V_o}{11}}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{in} - V_o = \frac{V_o}{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{in} = V_o \left( \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{11} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = \frac{110}{21}$$

$$\% \text{ error} = \frac{g_I - g_{NI}}{g_I} \times 100$$

$$\Rightarrow g_{NI} = \frac{110}{21}$$

$$= 11 - \frac{\frac{110}{21}}{g_I} \times 100$$

$$= 52.38\%$$

ii)  $A = 100$

$$100 = \frac{V_o}{V_{in} - \frac{V_o}{11}}$$

$$\Rightarrow 100V_{in} - V_{in} - \frac{V_o}{11} = \frac{V_o}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{in} = \left( \frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{11} \right) V_o$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1100}{111} = \frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = g_{NI}$$

$$\therefore \% \text{ err} = \frac{g_I - g_{NI}}{g_{NI}} \times 100$$

$$= \frac{11 - \frac{1100}{111}}{11} \times 100$$

$$= 9.91\%$$

iii)  ~~$\Phi$~~   $A = \frac{V_o}{V_{in} - \frac{V_o}{11}}$ ,  $A = 1000$  |  $g_{NI} = \frac{11 \times 1000}{11 + 1000}$

$$= 10.88$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{in} - \frac{V_o}{11} = \frac{V_o}{A}$$

$$\therefore \% \text{ err} = \frac{11 - 10.88}{11} \times 100 \\ = 1.09\%$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{in} = \left( \frac{1}{11} + \frac{1}{A} \right) V_o$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{11A}{11+A} = \frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = \cancel{\Phi} g_{NI}$$

$$\text{iv) } A = 10^4$$

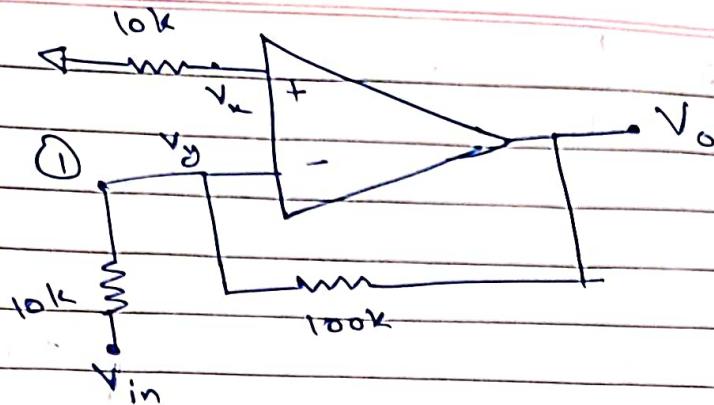
$$g_{NI} = \frac{11A}{11+A}$$

$$= \frac{11 \times 10^4}{11 + 10^4} = 10.98791$$

$$\% \text{ err} = \frac{11 - 10.98791}{11} \times 100$$

$$= 0.1099 \%$$

b)



for ideal case,

$$V_u = V_y = 0$$

KCL at ①,

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{0 - V_{in}}{10} + \textcircled{2} \quad \frac{0 - V_o}{100} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 10V_{in} = -V_o$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = g_I = -10$$

for non ideal case,

$$\textcircled{3} \quad V_x = 0$$

KCL at ①,

$$\frac{V_y - V_{in}}{10} + \frac{V_y - V_o}{100} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_y \left( \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{100} \right) = \cancel{V_{in} + V_o} - \frac{V_{in}}{10} + \frac{V_o}{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_y \times \frac{11}{10} = V_{in} + \frac{V_o}{10}$$

$$A = \frac{V_o}{V_y - V_o}$$

$$-AV_y = V_o$$

$$\Rightarrow -A \times \frac{10}{11} \left( V_{in} + \frac{V_o}{10} \right) = V_o$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{in} + \frac{V_o}{10} = -\frac{11V_o}{10A}$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{in} = - \left( \frac{1}{10} + \frac{11}{10A} \right) V_o$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{in} = - \left( \frac{A+11}{10A} \right) V_o$$

$$\frac{V_o}{V_{in}} = \frac{-10A}{11+A} = g_{NI}$$

i)  $A = 10, g_{NI} = -\frac{-10}{21} = -5.24$

$$\% \text{ err} = \frac{-5.24 - (-10) - (-5.24)}{-10} \times 100 \\ = -52.24\% \quad 47.62\% \quad 52.4\%$$

ii)  $A = 100, g_{NI} = -\frac{100}{111} = -9$

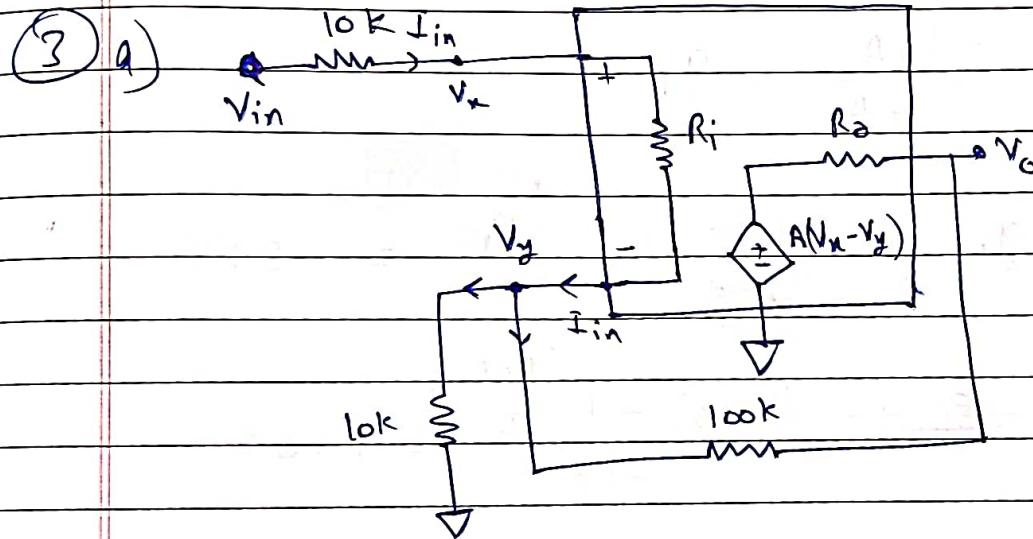
$$\% \text{ err} = -9.0\%$$

ii)  $A = 10^3$ ,  $g_{NI} = \frac{-10 \times 10^3}{1011} = -9.88 - 9.89$

$$\% \text{err} = \frac{9.89}{10} \times 100 \\ = 1.1\%$$

N)  $A = 10^4$ ,  $g_{NI} = \frac{-10 \times 10^4}{10011} = -9.989$

$$\% \text{err} = 0.11\%$$



$$\cancel{V_x} \quad \frac{V_y - V_{in}}{R_i + R_o} + \frac{V_y}{10} + V_y$$

$$\frac{V_x - V_{in}}{10} + \frac{V_x - V_y}{R_i} = 0$$

$$I_{in} = \frac{V_u - V_y}{R_i} \Rightarrow \left[ \frac{V_u}{I_{in}} - \frac{V_y}{I_{in}} = R_i \right]$$

$$\frac{V_{in} - V_y}{10 + R_o} = I_{in} \Rightarrow \left[ \frac{V_{in}}{I_{in}} - \frac{V_y}{I_{in}} = 10 + R_o \right] \quad \frac{V_{in}}{I_{in}} = Z$$

$$\frac{V_y}{10} - I_{in} + \frac{V_y - A(V_u - V_y)}{100 + R_o} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_y}{I_{in}} \times \frac{1}{10} - 1 + \left[ \frac{V_y}{I_{in}} - \frac{A(V_u - V_y)}{I_{in}} \right] \frac{1}{100 + R_o} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{10} [Z - 10 - R_i] + [Z - 10 - R_i - A R_i] \frac{1}{100 + R_o} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow Z \left( \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{100 + R_o} \right) + \frac{R_i}{10} - \frac{10}{100 + R_o} - \frac{R_i}{100 + R_o} - \frac{A R_i}{100 + R_o} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_y}{I_{in}} \left( \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{100 + R_o} \right) - 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_y}{I_{in}} \left( \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{100 + R_o} \right) - 1 - \frac{A(V_u - V_y)}{I_{in}(100 + R_o)} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_y}{I_{in}} \frac{110 + R_o}{10(100 + R_o)} - \frac{100 + R_o}{100 + R_o} - \frac{A(V_u - V_y)}{I_{in}(100 + R_o)} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (Z - 10 - R_i)(110 + R_o) - (100 + R_o) - \frac{A R_i}{100 + R_o} = 0$$

$$2 - 10 - R_i = \frac{100 + R_o + \frac{A R_i}{100 + R_o}}{110 + R_o}$$

$$Z = \frac{100 + R_o + \cancel{\frac{A R_i}{100 + R_o}}}{110 + R_o} + 10 + R_i$$

$$Z_{ip} = \frac{(100 + R_o + \frac{A R_i}{100 + R_o} + (10 + R_i)(110 + R_o))}{110 + R_o}$$

for op(Z),

$$\textcircled{1} I_{out} = \frac{V_o - A(V_n - V_y)}{R_o} + \frac{V_o - V_y}{100}$$

also,

$$\frac{V_y}{10} + \frac{V_y - V_o}{100} + \cancel{\frac{V_y}{R_i + 10}} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_y \left( \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{R_i + 10} \right) = \frac{V_o}{100} \quad \frac{V_y - V_n}{R_i} = \frac{V_y}{R_i + 10}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{V_y}{10 || 100 || (R_i + 10)} = \frac{V_o}{100}$$

$$V_n = \left( 1 - \frac{R_i}{R_i + 10} \right) V_y$$

$$\Rightarrow V_y = \frac{V_o (10 || 100 || (R_i + 100))}{100}$$

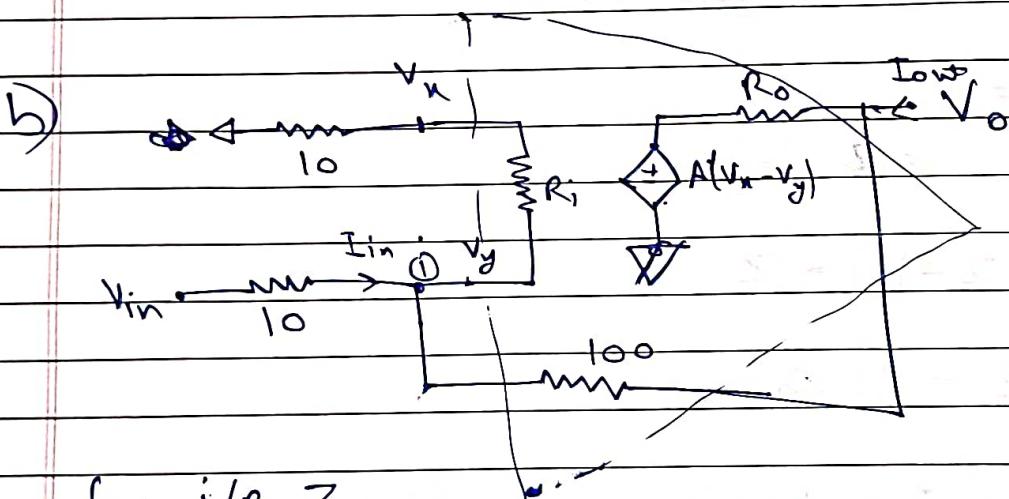
$$I_{out} = \frac{V_o}{R_o} = \frac{A}{R_o} \times \frac{-V_y}{R_i + 10} + \frac{V_o}{100} - \frac{V_y}{100}$$

$$= V_o \left( \frac{1}{R_o} + \frac{1}{100} \right) - \frac{A}{R_o} \left( \frac{A}{R_o(R_i + 10)} + \frac{1}{10} \right) V_y$$

$$\Rightarrow I_{out} = \frac{V_o}{R_o || 100} = \frac{10A + 1}{10R_o(R_i + 10)} \times \frac{V_o (10 || 100 || (R_i + 100))}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{I_{out}}{V_o} = \frac{1}{R || (100)} = \frac{10A + 1}{10R_o(R_i + 10)} \times \frac{(10 || 100 || (R_i + 100))}{100}$$

$$\Rightarrow Z_{out} = \frac{1}{R || (100)} = \frac{10A + 1}{10R_o(R_i + 10)} \times \frac{10 || 100 || (R_i + 100)}{100}$$

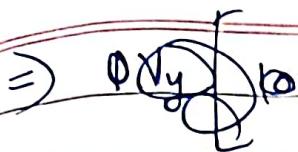


for i/p Z,

$$\frac{V_y - V_{in}}{10} = -I_{in}, \quad \frac{V_y}{R_i + 10} = \frac{V_{in}}{10} \Rightarrow V_{in} = \frac{10V_y}{R_i + 10}$$

$$\frac{V_y - V_{in}}{10} + \frac{V_y - 0}{R_i + 10} + \frac{V_y - A(V_{in} - V_y)}{100 + R_o} = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_y \left( \frac{1}{10} + \frac{1}{R_i + 10} + \frac{1 + A}{100 + R_o} \right) - \frac{A}{100 + R_o} \times \frac{10V_y}{R_i + 10} = \frac{V_{in}}{10}$$



$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_y}{10 || (R_i + 10) || \left( \frac{100 + R_o}{A+1} \right)} = \frac{10 A V_y}{(100 + R_o)(R_i + 10)} = \frac{V_{in}}{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{10 || (R_i + 10) || \left( \frac{100 + R_o}{A+1} \right)} = \frac{10 A}{(100 + R_o)(R_i + 10)} = \frac{V_{in}}{10(V_{in} - 10I_{in})}$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{V_{in}}{10(V_{in} - 10I_{in})}$$

$$\Rightarrow \lambda = \frac{Z}{10(Z - 10)}$$

$$\Rightarrow 10\lambda Z - 100\lambda = Z$$

$$\Rightarrow (1 - 10\lambda) Z = -100\lambda$$

$$\Rightarrow Z_{ip} = \frac{100\lambda}{10\lambda - 1}$$

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{10 || (R_i + 10) || \left( \frac{100 + R_o}{A+1} \right)}$$

-  $\frac{10 A}{(100 + R_o)(R_i + 10)}$

for  $o/p(2)$ ,

$$I_{out} = \frac{V_o - A(V_u - V_y)}{R_o} - \frac{V_o - V_y}{100}$$

$$\frac{V_y - V_o}{100} + \frac{V_y - 0}{R_i + 10} + \frac{V_y - 0}{10} = 0$$

~~$\frac{V_u - V_y}{10} = R_i$~~

$$\frac{V_u - V_y}{10} = \frac{V_y}{R_i + 10}$$

$$V_u = \frac{V_y}{R_i + 10} \times 10$$

~~$\frac{V_y}{100 || (R_i + 10) || 10} = \frac{V_o}{100}$~~

$$I_{out} = \frac{V_o}{R_o} - \frac{V_o}{100} - \frac{AV_u}{R_o} + V_y \left( \frac{1}{R_o} + \frac{1}{100} \right)$$

$$I_{out} = \frac{V_o}{R_o || 100} - \frac{10A V_y}{(R_i + 10) R_o} + \frac{V_y}{R_o || 100}$$

$$I_{out} = \frac{V_o}{R_o || 100} + \left( \frac{-10A}{R_o(R_i + 10)} + \frac{1}{R_o || 100} \right) \frac{V_o}{100} (100 || 10 || (R_i + 10))$$

$$\frac{I_{out}}{V_{out}} = \frac{1}{R_o || 100} + \left[ \frac{1}{(R_o || 100)} - \frac{10A}{R_o(R_i + 10)} \right] \frac{100 || 10 || (R_i + 10)}{100}$$

$$Z_{out} = \left[ \frac{1}{(R_o || 100)} + \left[ \frac{1}{R_o || 100} - \frac{10A}{R_o(R_i + 10)} \right] \frac{100 || 10 || (R_i + 10)}{100} \right]^{-1}$$