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Assignment-1

EE:23010 Probability and Random Processes Indian Institute of Technology, Hyderabad

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I. Question 1.2.4

Verify that

$$\frac{BG}{GE} = \frac{CG}{GF} = \frac{AG}{GD} = 2 \tag{1}$$

II. SOLUTION

In order to verify the above equation we first need to find G. G is the intersection of BE and CF Using the value of G from (1.2.3).

$$\mathbf{G} = \begin{pmatrix} -2\\0 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

Also, We know that \mathbf{D} , \mathbf{E} and \mathbf{F} are midpoints of BC, CA and AB respectively from (1.2.1).

$$\mathbf{D} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-7}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}, \ \mathbf{E} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}, \ \mathbf{F} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-3}{2} \\ \frac{5}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (3)

1) Calculating the ratio of BG and GE,

$$\mathbf{G} - \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix} \tag{4}$$

$$\mathbf{E} - \mathbf{G} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{5}$$

$$\|\mathbf{G} - \mathbf{B}\| = \sqrt{2^2 + (-6)^2} = \sqrt{40}$$
 (6)

$$\|\mathbf{E} - \mathbf{G}\| = \sqrt{1^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{10}$$
 (7)

$$\frac{BG}{GE} = \frac{\|\mathbf{G} - \mathbf{B}\|}{\|\mathbf{E} - \mathbf{G}\|} = \frac{\sqrt{40}}{\sqrt{10}} = 2 \quad (8)$$

2) Calculating the ratio of GF and CG,

$$\mathbf{F} - \mathbf{G} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{5}{2} \end{pmatrix} \tag{9}$$

$$\mathbf{G} - \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{10}$$

$$\|\mathbf{F} - \mathbf{G}\| = \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{5}{2}\right)^2} = \frac{\sqrt{26}}{2}$$
 (11)

$$\|\mathbf{G} - \mathbf{C}\| = \sqrt{1^2 + 5^2} = \sqrt{26}$$
 (12)

$$\frac{CG}{GF} = \frac{\|\mathbf{G} - \mathbf{C}\|}{\|\mathbf{F} - \mathbf{G}\|} = \frac{\sqrt{26}}{\frac{\sqrt{26}}{2}} = 2 \quad (13)$$

3) Calculating the ratio of AG and GD,

$$\mathbf{G} - \mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} -3\\1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{14}$$

$$\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{G} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-3}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix} \tag{15}$$

$$\|\mathbf{G} - \mathbf{A}\| = \sqrt{(-3)^2 + 1^2} = \sqrt{10}$$
 (16)

$$\|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{G}\| = \sqrt{\left(\frac{-3}{2}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{2}$$
 (17)

$$\frac{AG}{GD} = \frac{\|\mathbf{G} - \mathbf{A}\|}{\|\mathbf{D} - \mathbf{G}\|} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{\frac{\sqrt{10}}{2}} = 2$$
(18)

From (8), (13), (18)

$$\frac{BG}{GE} = \frac{CG}{GF} = \frac{AG}{GD} = 2 \tag{19}$$

Hence verified.