

Chapter 9 Gaussian

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Q9.3.6: The probability that a student is not a swimmer is $\frac{1}{5}$. Then the probability that out of five students, four are swimmers

1) ${}^5C_4 \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^4 \frac{1}{5}$

2) $\left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^4 \frac{1}{5}$

3) ${}^5C_1 \frac{1}{5} \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^4$

4) None of these

Solution:

Parameter	Value	Description
n	5	number of students
q	$\frac{1}{5}$	not a swimmer
p	$\frac{4}{5}$	swimmer
k	4	number of swimmers
X_i	$\{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$	student who can swim
Y	$\sum_{i=0}^5 X_i$	five students considered

TABLE 4
GIVEN INFORMATION

Let Y be gaussian variable

$$\mu = np = 4 \quad (1)$$

$$\sigma^2 = npq = \frac{4}{5} \quad (2)$$

by the central limit theorem we can take a random variable Z such that, Now, Z is a random variable with $N(0, 1)$. Hence, the gaussian distribution function changes to:

$$p_Z(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} \quad (x \in Z) \quad (3)$$

$$Z \approx \frac{Y - \mu}{\sigma} \quad (4)$$

For pdf calculation

$$f_Y(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}} \quad (5)$$

$$\Rightarrow p_Z(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} \quad (6)$$

Using Normal distribution at $Y = 4$.

$$Z = \frac{Y - \mu}{\sigma} = \frac{4 - 4}{\sqrt{\frac{4}{5}}} = 0 \quad (7)$$

and probability at $Y = 4$ is,

$$p_Z(0) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{0^2}{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} = 0.44603 \quad (8)$$

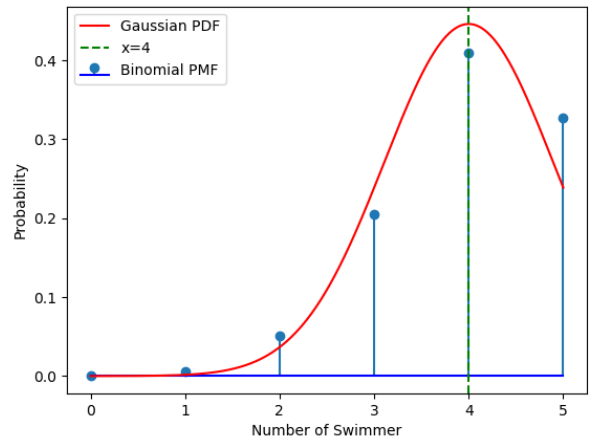


Fig. 4. Binomial pmf vs Gaussian pdf

From the plot also, pmf is close to normal distribution pdf.

$$p_Y(4) = p_Z(0) = 0.44603 \quad (9)$$

From binomial desired probability is,

$$p_X(4) = {}^5C_4 \left(\frac{4}{5}\right)^4 \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{5-4} = 0.4096 \approx p_Y(4) \quad (10)$$

Hence, option (3) is correct