## 1

## Assignment 1 Probability And Random Processes

## Mohit Sahu EE22BTECH11034

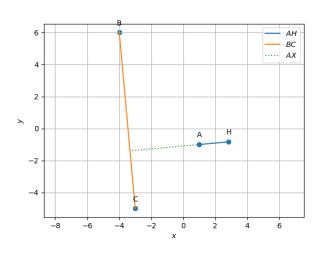


Fig. 0. Plot of points A, B, C and H

I. Question 1.3.5

Verify

$$(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{H})^{\top} (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}) = 0$$

II. SOLUTION

Given,

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} -3\\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{3}$$

$$\mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{17}{6} \\ \frac{-5}{6} \end{pmatrix} \tag{4}$$

According to the question:

$$\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{H} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-11}{6} \\ \frac{-1}{6} \end{pmatrix} \tag{5}$$

$$\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} -1\\11 \end{pmatrix} \tag{6}$$

To verify answer:

$$(\mathbf{A} - \mathbf{H})^{\mathsf{T}} (\mathbf{B} - \mathbf{C}) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-11}{6} \\ \frac{-1}{6} \end{pmatrix}^{\mathsf{T}} \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 11 \end{pmatrix}$$
(7)

$$= \left(\frac{-11}{6} \quad \frac{-1}{6}\right) \begin{pmatrix} -1\\11 \end{pmatrix} \tag{8}$$

$$=0 (9)$$

Hence, verified.