

▼ Small Demo on RAG QA with Product Features of Apple iOS 17



▼ Overview

Large Language Models (LLMs) have improved quantitatively and qualitatively. They can learn new abilities without being directly trained on them. However, there are constraints with LLMs - they are unaware of events after training and it is almost impossible to trace the sources to their responses. It is preferred for LLM based systems to cite their sources and be grounded in facts.

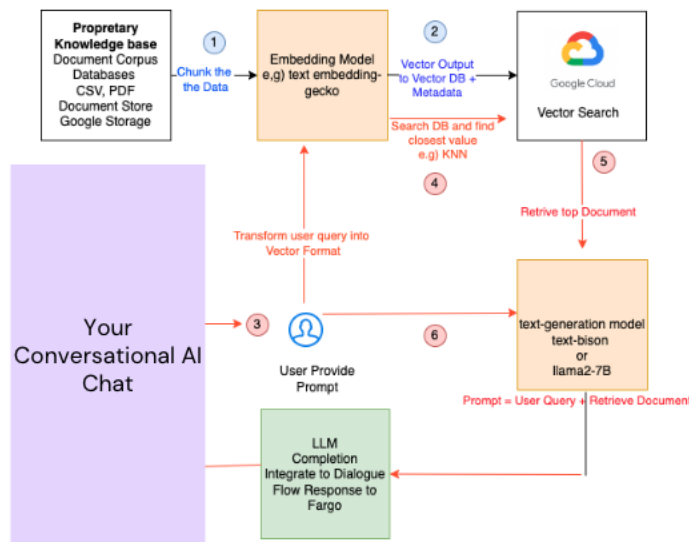
To solve for the constraints, one of the approaches is to augment the prompt sent to LLM with relevant data retrieved from an external knowledge base through Information Retrieval (IR) mechanism. This approach is called Retrieval Augmented Generation (RAG), also known as Generative QA in the context of the QA task. There are two main components in RAG based architecture: (1) Retriever and (2) Generator.

- **Retriever:** The knowledge base is integrated with an IR mechanism, also known as a Retriever, to retrieve relevant snippets from documents based on the user's query. The knowledge base can be your own document corpus, databases, or APIs. The Retriever can be implemented using term-based search (e.g. keyword, TF-IDF). Another approach is to use vector search based on dense embeddings, which captures semantically rich information in the text, leading to much more efficient information retrieval. The relevant snippets retrieved from the IR mechanism are passed as "context" to the next stage, Generator.
- **Generator:** The context - relevant snippets from the knowledge base - are passed to an LLM to generate a well formed response grounded by the source documents.

This approach extracts relevant info from knowledge base to respond to queries, avoiding LLM memory limits and hallucinations. An added advantage is you can keep knowledge base up-to-date with new documents, ensuring grounded, accurate, relevant responses.

▼ High Level Flow

Following is the high level flow of implementation:



laaC : Use Terraform- Provision Resource Create a Storage, VPC, Private Access Point, Model Registry, Vector search, Use Google Function with event trigger once object placed in Google storage.

- 1) Upload the PDF object to Google Storage. Trigger a Google function to split the data into individual pages and store them in Google Storage. Execute another function to invoke the Embedding Model, converting the text into vectors.
- 2) Store the vector output in the Vector Search database.
- 3 and 4) Users submit queries via the Chat window. Transform chat requests into vectors. Search the Vector DB using K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN) or Artificial Neural Networks (ANN) to identify the closest matching values.
- 5) Retrieve the top-ranked documents. Combine the retrieved documents with user input. Pass this data to the LLM (Language Model) to generate an output.
- 6) Parse the output from the LLM Model, Orchestrate the entire workflow using LangChain. Send the resulting response back to the Chat window

Following are the sequence of tasks when ingesting knowledge base sources into the vector store:

- Read the documents (PDF files in this notebook)
- Chunk the documents to include relevant parts of the document as context to the prompt
- Generate embeddings for each chunked document
- Add embedding to the vector store

Following is the data flow at runtime when user prompts the model:

- User enters a prompt or asks a question as a prompt
- Generated embedding for the user prompt to capture semantics
- Search the vector store to retrieve the nearest embeddings (relevant documents) closer to the prompt
- Fetch the actual text for the retrieved embeddings to add as context to the user's prompt
- Add the retrieved documents as context to the user's prompt
- Send the updated prompt to the LLM
- Return a summarized response to the user with references to the sources from the knowledge base

Objective

This notebook demonstrates implementing a QA system based on retrieval augmented generation pattern that responds to questions based on a private collection of documents and adds references to the relevant documents. The datasets used as a private document corpus is a sample of Google published research papers.

You will learn how to:

- ☒ Use LangChain RetrievalQA chain with built-in integration for Vertex AI PaLM API for [Text](#), [Embeddings API](#) and [Vertex AI - Vector Search](#)
- ☒ Extract text from PDF files stored on Cloud Storage bucket
- ☒ Generate embeddings using Vertex AI Embedding API to generate embeddings to capture semantics
- ☒ [Vertex AI - Vector Search](#) as a managed vector store on cloud to store the generated embeddings
- ☒ Query Matching Engine index and return relevant results
- ☒ Vertex AI PaLM API for Text as LLM to synthesize results and respond to the user query

NOTE: The notebook uses custom Matching Engine wrapper with LangChain to support streaming index updates and deploying index on public endpoint.

Getting Started

Install Vertex AI SDK, other packages and their dependencies

Install the following packages required to execute this notebook.

```
1 # Install Vertex AI LLM SDK
2 ! pip install --user --upgrade google-cloud-aiplatform==1.31.0 langchain==0.0.201
3
4 # Dependencies required by Unstructured PDF loader
```

```
5 ! sudo apt -y -qq install tesseract-ocr libtesseract-dev
6 ! sudo apt-get -y -qq install poppler-utils
7 ! pip install --user unstructured==0.7.5 pdf2image==1.16.3 pytesseract==0.3.10 pdfminer.six==20221105
8
9 # For Matching Engine integration dependencies (default embeddings)
10 ! pip install --user tensorflow_hub==0.13.0 tensorflow_text==2.12.1
```

```

Collecting google-cloud-aiplatform==1.31.0
  Downloading google_cloud_aiplatform-1.31.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (2.8 MB)
    2.8/2.8 MB 29.5 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting langchain==0.0.201
  Downloading langchain-0.0.201-py3-none-any.whl (1.0 MB)
    1.0/1.0 MB 62.5 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: google-api-core[grpc]!=2.0.*,!=2.1.*,!=2.2.*,!=2.3.*,!=2.4.*,!=2.5.*,!=2.6.*,!=2.7.*,<
Requirement already satisfied: proto-plus<2.0.0dev,>=1.22.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from google-c
Requirement already satisfied: protobuf!=3.20.0,!=3.20.1,!=4.21.0,!=4.21.1,!=4.21.2,!=4.21.3,!=4.21.4,!=4.21.5,<5.0.0
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=14.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from google-cloud-aiplatfo
Requirement already satisfied: google-cloud-storage<3.0.0dev,>=1.32.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (fro
Requirement already satisfied: google-cloud-bigquery<4.0.0dev,>=1.15.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (fr
Collecting google-cloud-resource-manager<3.0.0dev,>=1.3.3 (from google-cloud-aiplatform==1.31.0)
  Downloading google_cloud_resource_manager-1.10.4-py2.py3-none-any.whl (320 kB)
    321.0/321.0 kB 33.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting shapely<2.0.0 (from google-cloud-aiplatform==1.31.0)
  Downloading Shapely-1.8.5.post1-cp310-cp310-manylinux_2_12_x86_64_manylinux2010_x86_64.whl (2.0 MB)
    2.0/2.0 MB 80.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: PyYAML>=5.4.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from langchain==0.0.201) (6.
Requirement already satisfied: SQLAlchemy<3,>=1.4 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from langchain==0.0.201
Requirement already satisfied: aiohttp<4.0.0,>=3.8.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from langchain==0.0.
Requirement already satisfied: async-timeout<5.0.0,>=4.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from langchain
Collecting dataclasses-json<0.6.0,>=0.5.7 (from langchain==0.0.201)
  Downloading dataclasses_json-0.5.14-py3-none-any.whl (26 kB)
Collecting langchainplus-sdk>=0.0.9 (from langchain==0.0.201)
  Downloading langchainplus_sdk-0.0.20-py3-none-any.whl (25 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: numexpr<3.0.0,>=2.8.4 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from langchain==0.0.
Requirement already satisfied: numpy<2,>=1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from langchain==0.0.201) (1.23
Collecting openapi-schema-pydantic<2.0,>=1.2 (from langchain==0.0.201)
  Downloading openapi_schema_pydantic-1.2.4-py3-none-any.whl (90 kB)
    90.0/90.0 kB 10.7 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: pydantic<2,>=1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from langchain==0.0.201) (1
Requirement already satisfied: requests<3,>=2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from langchain==0.0.201) (2
Requirement already satisfied: tenacity<9.0.0,>=8.1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from langchain==0.0
Requirement already satisfied: attrs>=17.3.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from aiohttp<4.0.0,>=3.8.3->
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4.0,>=2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from aiohttp<
Requirement already satisfied: multidict<7.0,>=4.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from aiohttp<4.0.0,>=3
Requirement already satisfied: yarl<2.0,>=1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from aiohttp<4.0.0,>=3.8.3-
Requirement already satisfied: frozenlist>=1.1.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from aiohttp<4.0.0,>=3.8
Requirement already satisfied: aiosignal>=1.1.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from aiohttp<4.0.0,>=3.8.
Collecting marshmallow<4.0.0,>=3.18.0 (from dataclasses-json<0.6.0,>=0.5.7->langchain==0.0.201)
  Downloading marshmallow-3.20.1-py3-none-any.whl (49 kB)
    49.4/49.4 kB 5.2 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting typing-inspect<1,>=0.4.0 (from dataclasses-json<0.6.0,>=0.5.7->langchain==0.0.201)
  Downloading typing_inspect-0.9.0-py3-none-any.whl (8.8 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: googleapis-common-protos<2.0.dev0,>=1.56.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
Requirement already satisfied: google-auth<3.0.dev0,>=2.14.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from google-
Requirement already satisfied: grpcio<2.0dev,>=1.33.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from google-api-cor
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Requirement already satisfied: google-cloud-core<3.0.0dev,>=1.6.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from go
Requirement already satisfied: google-resumable-media<3.0dev,>=0.6.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from go
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil<3.0dev,>=2.7.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from google
Requirement already satisfied: grpc-google-iam-v1<1.0.0dev,>=0.12.4 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions>=4.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pydantic<2,>
Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from requests<3,>=2->langchai
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from requests<3,>=2->la
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from requests<3,>=2->la
Requirement already satisfied: greenlet!=0.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from SQLAlchemy<3,>=1.4->
Requirement already satisfied: cachetools<6.0,>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from google-auth<3.
Requirement already satisfied: pyasn1-modules>=0.2.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from google-auth<3.0
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.9.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from google-auth<3.0.dev0,>=2.1
Requirement already satisfied: rsa<5,>=3.1.4 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from google-auth<3.0.dev0,>=
Requirement already satisfied: google-crc32c<2.0dev,>=1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from google-res
Collecting mypy_extensions>=0.3.0 (from typing-inspect<1,>=0.4.0->dataclasses-json<0.6.0,>=0.5.7->langchain==0.0.201)
  Downloading mypy_extensions-1.0.0-py3-none-any.whl (4.7 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: pyasn1<0.6.0,>=0.4.6 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pyasn1-modules>=
Installing collected packages: shapely, mypy_extensions, marshmallow, typing-inspect, openapi-schema-pydantic, langch
WARNING: The script langchain is installed in '/root/.local/bin' which is not on PATH.
Consider adding this directory to PATH or, if you prefer to suppress this warning, use --no-warn-script-location.
WARNING: The script langchain-server is installed in '/root/.local/bin' which is not on PATH.
Consider adding this directory to PATH or, if you prefer to suppress this warning, use --no-warn-script-location.
WARNING: The script tb-gcp-uploader is installed in '/root/.local/bin' which is not on PATH.
Consider adding this directory to PATH or, if you prefer to suppress this warning, use --no-warn-script-location.
Successfully installed dataclasses-json-0.5.14 google-cloud-aiplatform-1.31.0 google-cloud-resource-manager-1.10.4 la
WARNING: The following packages were previously imported in this runtime:
[google]
You must restart the runtime in order to use newly installed versions.

```

RESTART RUNTIME

The following additional packages will be installed:
 libarchive-dev libbleptonica-dev tesseract-ocr-eng tesseract-ocr-osd
 The following NEW packages will be installed:
 libarchive-dev libbleptonica-dev libtesseract-dev tesseract-ocr
 tesseract-ocr-eng tesseract-ocr-osd
 0 upgraded, 6 newly installed, 0 to remove and 18 not upgraded.
 Need to get 8,560 kB of archives.
 After this operation, 31.6 MB of additional disk space will be used.
 debconf: unable to initialize frontend: Dialog

```

debconf: unable to initialize frontend: Dialog
debconf: (No usable dialog-like program is installed, so the dialog based frontend cannot be used. at /usr/share/perl
debconf: falling back to frontend: Readline
debconf: unable to initialize frontend: Readline
debconf: (This frontend requires a controlling tty.)
debconf: falling back to frontend: Teletype
dpkg-preconfigure: unable to re-open stdin:
Selecting previously unselected package libarchive-dev:amd64.
(Reading database ... 120875 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../0-libarchive-dev_3.6.0-1ubuntu1_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking libarchive-dev:amd64 (3.6.0-1ubuntu1) ...
Selecting previously unselected package libbleptonica-dev.
Preparing to unpack .../1-libbleptonica-dev_1.82.0-3build1_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking libbleptonica-dev (1.82.0-3build1) ...
Selecting previously unselected package libtesseract-dev:amd64.
Preparing to unpack .../2-libtesseract-dev_4.1.1-2.1build1_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking libtesseract-dev:amd64 (4.1.1-2.1build1) ...
Selecting previously unselected package tesseract-ocr-eng.
Preparing to unpack .../3-tesseract-ocr-eng_1%3a4.00-git30-7274cfa-1.1_all.deb ...
Unpacking tesseract-ocr-eng (1:4.00-git30-7274cfa-1.1) ...
Selecting previously unselected package tesseract-ocr-osd.
Preparing to unpack .../4-tesseract-ocr-osd_1%3a4.00-git30-7274cfa-1.1_all.deb ...
Unpacking tesseract-ocr-osd (1:4.00-git30-7274cfa-1.1) ...
Selecting previously unselected package tesseract-ocr.
Preparing to unpack .../5-tesseract-ocr_4.1.1-2.1build1_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking tesseract-ocr (4.1.1-2.1build1) ...
Setting up tesseract-ocr-eng (1:4.00-git30-7274cfa-1.1) ...
Setting up libbleptonica-dev (1.82.0-3build1) ...
Setting up libarchive-dev:amd64 (3.6.0-1ubuntu1) ...
Setting up tesseract-ocr-osd (1:4.00-git30-7274cfa-1.1) ...
Setting up libtesseract-dev:amd64 (4.1.1-2.1build1) ...
Setting up tesseract-ocr (4.1.1-2.1build1) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.10.2-1) ...
debconf: unable to initialize frontend: Dialog
debconf: (No usable dialog-like program is installed, so the dialog based frontend cannot be used. at /usr/share/perl
debconf: falling back to frontend: Readline
debconf: unable to initialize frontend: Readline
debconf: (This frontend requires a controlling tty.)
debconf: falling back to frontend: Teletype
dpkg-preconfigure: unable to re-open stdin:
Selecting previously unselected package poppler-utils.
(Reading database ... 121055 files and directories currently installed.)
Preparing to unpack .../poppler-utils_22.02.0-2ubuntu0.2_amd64.deb ...
Unpacking poppler-utils (22.02.0-2ubuntu0.2) ...
Setting up poppler-utils (22.02.0-2ubuntu0.2) ...
Processing triggers for man-db (2.10.2-1) ...
Collecting unstructured==0.7.5
  Downloading unstructured-0.7.5-py3-none-any.whl (1.3 MB)
    1.3/1.3 MB 8.3 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting pdf2image==1.16.3
  Downloading pdf2image-1.16.3-py3-none-any.whl (11 kB)
Collecting pytesseract==0.3.10
  Downloading pytesseract-0.3.10-py3-none-any.whl (14 kB)
Collecting pdfminer.six==20221105
  Downloading pdfminer.six-20221105-py3-none-any.whl (5.6 MB)
    5.6/5.6 MB 19.0 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting argilla (from unstructured==0.7.5)
  Downloading argilla-1.16.0-py3-none-any.whl (2.7 MB)
    2.7/2.7 MB 52.4 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: chardet in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from unstructured==0.7.5) (5.2.0)
Collecting filetype (from unstructured==0.7.5)
  Downloading filetype-1.2.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (19 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: lxml in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from unstructured==0.7.5) (4.9.3)
Collecting msg-parser (from unstructured==0.7.5)
  Downloading msg_parser-1.2.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (101 kB)
    101.8/101.8 kB 13.4 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Requirement already satisfied: nltk in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from unstructured==0.7.5) (3.8.1)
Requirement already satisfied: openpyxl in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from unstructured==0.7.5) (3.1.2)
Requirement already satisfied: pandas in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from unstructured==0.7.5) (1.5.3)
Requirement already satisfied: pillow in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from unstructured==0.7.5) (9.4.0)
Collecting pypandoc (from unstructured==0.7.5)
  Downloading pypandoc-1.11-py3-none-any.whl (20 kB)
Collecting python-docx (from unstructured==0.7.5)
  Downloading python-docx-0.8.11.tar.gz (5.6 MB)
    5.6/5.6 MB 68.7 MB/s eta 0:00:00
  Preparing metadata (setup.py) ... done
Collecting python-pptx (from unstructured==0.7.5)
  Downloading python_pptx-0.6.22-py3-none-any.whl (471 kB)
    471.5/471.5 kB 42.4 MB/s eta 0:00:00
Collecting python-magic (from unstructured==0.7.5)
  Downloading python_magic-0.4.27-py2.py3-none-any.whl (13 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: markdown in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from unstructured==0.7.5) (3.4.4)
Requirement already satisfied: requests in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from unstructured==0.7.5) (2.31.0)
Requirement already satisfied: tabulate in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from unstructured==0.7.5) (0.9.0)
Requirement already satisfied: xlrd in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from unstructured==0.7.5) (2.0.1)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=21.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pytesseract==0.3.10)
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer>=2.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pdfminer.six)
Requirement already satisfied: cryptography>=36.0.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from pdfminer.six)
Requirement already satisfied: cffi>=1.12 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from cryptography>=36.0.0->pdfm

```


[https://colab.research.google.com/github/GoogleCloudPlatform/generative-ai/blob/main/language/use-cases/document-qa/question answering documents lan...](https://colab.research.google.com/github/GoogleCloudPlatform/generative-ai/blob/main/language/use-cases/document-qa/question%20answering%20documents%20lang...) 6/17

▼ Authenticating your notebook environment

If you are using Colab, you will need to authenticate yourself first. The next cell will check if you are currently using Colab, and will start the authentication process.

If you are using Vertex AI Workbench, you will not require additional authentication.

For more information, you can check out the setup instructions [here](#).

```
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.13.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from tensorflow>=2.13.0)
1 import sys
2
3 if "google.colab" in sys.modules:
4     from google.colab import auth as google_auth
5
6     google_auth.authenticate_user()
Requirement already satisfied: typing-extensions<4.6.0,>=3.6.6 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from tenso
```

▼ Download custom Python modules and utilities

Requirement already satisfied: ml-dtypes>=0.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from jax>=0.3.15->tensorflow)

The cell below will download some helper functions needed for using [Vertex AI Matching Engine](#) in this notebook. These helper functions were created to keep this notebook more tidy and concise, and you can also [view them directly on Github](#).

```
Requirement already satisfied: requests<3.0.0, >=2.21.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from tensorflow>=2.13.0)
1 import os
2 import urllib.request
3
4 if not os.path.exists("utils"):
5     os.makedirs("utils")
6
7 url_prefix = "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/GoogleCloudPlatform/generative-ai/main/language/use-cases/document-qa/u
8 files = ["__init__.py", "matching_engine.py", "matching_engine_utils.py"]
9
10 for fname in files:
11     urllib.request.urlretrieve(f"{url_prefix}/{fname}", filename=f"utils/{fname}")
utils collected packages: tensorflow-hub, tensorflow-estimator, keras, tensorflow, tensorflow-tensorflow, tensorflow
```

▼ Import libraries

```
1 import json
2 import textwrap
3 # Utils
4 import time
5 import uuid
6 from typing import List
7
8 import numpy as np
9 import vertexai
10 # Vertex AI
11 from google.cloud import aiplatform
12
13 print(f"Vertex AI SDK version: {aiplatform.__version__}")
14
15 # Langchain
16 import langchain
17
18 print(f"LangChain version: {langchain.__version__}")
19
20 from langchain.chains import RetrievalQA
21 from langchain.document_loaders import GCSDirectoryLoader
22 from langchain.embeddings import VertexAIEmbeddings
23 from langchain.llms import VertexAI
24 from langchain.prompts import PromptTemplate
25 from langchain.text_splitter import RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter
26 from pydantic import BaseModel
27
28 # Import custom Matching Engine packages
29 from utils.matching_engine import MatchingEngine
30 from utils.matching_engine_utils import MatchingEngineUtils
```

```
Vertex AI SDK version: 1.31.0
LangChain version: 0.0.201
```

```
1 PROJECT_ID = "conversationalai-401012" # @param {type:"string"} PROJECT_ID: "conversationalai-401012"
2 REGION = "us-central1" # @param {type:"string"} REGION: "us-central1"
3
```

```

4 # Initialize Vertex AI SDK
5 vertexai.init(project=PROJECT_ID, location=REGION)

```

Next you will define some utility functions that you will use for the Vertex AI Embeddings API

```

1 # Utility functions for Embeddings API with rate limiting
2 def rate_limit(max_per_minute):
3     period = 60 / max_per_minute
4     print("Waiting")
5     while True:
6         before = time.time()
7         yield
8         after = time.time()
9         elapsed = after - before
10        sleep_time = max(0, period - elapsed)
11        if sleep_time > 0:
12            print(".", end="")
13            time.sleep(sleep_time)
14
15
16 class CustomVertexAIEmbeddings(VertexAIEmbeddings, BaseModel):
17     requests_per_minute: int
18     num_instances_per_batch: int
19
20     # Overriding embed_documents method
21     def embed_documents(self, texts: List[str]):
22         limiter = rate_limit(self.requests_per_minute)
23         results = []
24         docs = list(texts)
25
26         while docs:
27             # Working in batches because the API accepts maximum 5
28             # documents per request to get embeddings
29             head, docs = (
30                 docs[: self.num_instances_per_batch],
31                 docs[self.num_instances_per_batch :],
32             )
33             chunk = self.client.get_embeddings(head)
34             results.extend(chunk)
35             next(limiter)
36
37         return [r.values for r in results]

```

▼ Initialize LangChain Models

You initialize LangChain Models with the pre-trained text, chat and embeddings generation model called `text-bison@001`, `chat-bison@001` and `textembedding-gecko@001` respectively.

```

1 # Text model instance integrated with langChain
2 llm = VertexAI(
3     model_name="text-bison@001",
4     max_output_tokens=1024,
5     temperature=0.2,
6     top_p=0.8,
7     top_k=40,
8     verbose=True,
9 )
10
11 # Embeddings API integrated with langChain
12 EMBEDDING_QPM = 100
13 EMBEDDING_NUM_BATCH = 5
14 embeddings = CustomVertexAIEmbeddings(
15     requests_per_minute=EMBEDDING_QPM,
16     num_instances_per_batch=EMBEDDING_NUM_BATCH,
17 )

```

▼ STEP 1: Create Matching Engine Index and Endpoint for Retrieval

[Embeddings](#) are a way of representing data as n-dimensional vector, in a space where the locations of those points in space are semantically meaningful. These embeddings can be then used to find similar data points. You can get text embeddings using [Vertex AI Embeddings API](#). These embeddings are managed using a vector database.

[Vertex AI Matching Engine](#) is a Google Cloud managed vector database, which stores data as high-dimensional vectors (embeddings) and can find the most similar vectors from over a billion vectors. Matching Engine's Approximate Nearest Neighbors (ANN) service can serve similarity-matching queries at high queries per second (QPS). Unlike vector stores that run locally, Matching Engine is optimized for scale (multi-million and billion vectors) and it's an enterprise ready engine.

As part of the environment setup, create an index on Vertex AI Matching Engine and deploy the index to an Endpoint. Index Endpoint can be [public](#) or [private](#). This notebook uses a **Public endpoint**.

Refer to the [Matching Engine documentation](#) for details.

⚠ NOTE: Please note creating an Index on Matching Engine and deploying the Index to an Index Endpoint can take up to 1 hour.

- Configure parameters to create Matching Engine index
 - `ME_REGION`: Region where Matching Engine Index and Index Endpoint are deployed
 - `ME_INDEX_NAME`: Matching Engine index display name
 - `ME_EMBEDDING_DIR`: Cloud Storage path to allow inserting, updating or deleting the contents of the Index
 - `ME_DIMENSIONS`: The number of dimensions of the input vectors. Vertex AI Embedding API generates 768 dimensional vector embeddings.

```
1 ME_REGION = "us-central1"
2 ME_INDEX_NAME = f"{PROJECT_ID}-me-index" # @param {type:"string"}
3 ME_EMBEDDING_DIR = f"{PROJECT_ID}-me-bucket" # @param {type:"string"}
4 ME_DIMENSIONS = 768 # when using Vertex PaLM Embedding
5 ME_INDEX_NAME: "f"{PROJECT_ID}-me-index"
6 ME_EMBEDDING_DIR: "f"{PROJECT_ID}-me-bucket"
```

Make a Google Cloud Storage bucket for your Matching Engine index

```
1 ! set -x && gsutil mb -p $PROJECT_ID -l us-central1 gs://$ME_EMBEDDING_DIR

+ gsutil mb -p conversationai-401012 -l us-central1 gs://conversationai-401012-me-bucket
Creating gs://conversationai-401012-me-bucket/...
ServiceException: 409 A Cloud Storage bucket named 'conversationai-401012-me-bucket' already exists. Try another name
```

- Create a dummy embeddings file to initialize when creating the index

```
1 # dummy embedding
2 init_embedding = {"id": str(uuid.uuid4()), "embedding": list(np.zeros(ME_DIMENSIONS))}
3
4 # dump embedding to a local file
5 with open("embeddings_0.json", "w") as f:
6     json.dump(init_embedding, f)
7
8 # write embedding to Cloud Storage
9 ! set -x && gsutil cp embeddings_0.json gs://{ME_EMBEDDING_DIR}/init_index/embeddings_0.json

+ gsutil cp embeddings_0.json gs://conversationai-401012-me-bucket/init_index/embeddings_0.json
Copying file://embeddings_0.json [Content-Type=application/json]...
/ [1 files][ 3.8 KiB/ 3.8 KiB]
Operation completed over 1 objects/3.8 KiB.
```

▼ Create Index

You can [create index](#) on Vertex AI - Vector search for batch updates or streaming updates.

This notebook creates Vector search Index:

- With [streaming updates](#)
- With default configuration - e.g. small shard size

You can [update the index configuration](#) in the Vector search utilities script.

While the index is being created and deployed, you can read more about Matching Engine's ANN service which uses a new type of vector quantization developed by Google Research: [Accelerating Large-Scale Inference with Anisotropic Vector Quantization](#).

For more information about how this works, see [Announcing ScaNN: Efficient Vector Similarity Search](#).

```
1 meengine = MatchingEngineUtils(PROJECT_ID, ME_REGION, ME_INDEX_NAME)

1 index = meengine.create_index()
```

```

1 mengine = MatchingEngine({
2     embedding_gcs_uri=f"gs://{ME_EMBEDDING_DIR}/init_index",
3     dimensions=ME_DIMENSIONS,
4     index_update_method="streaming",
5     index_algorithm="tree-ah",
6 })
7 if index:
8     print(index.name)

```

.....projects/880171706777/locations/us-central1/indexes/33405362275090

Labelling tasks

MODEL DEVELOPMENT

Training

Experiments

Metadata

DEPLOY AND USE

Model registry

Online prediction

Batch predictions

Vector Search

Region

us-central1 (Iowa)

Name	ID	Status	Vector count	Last updated	Endpoints
conversational-401012-me-index	3340536227509043200	Ready	1	7 Oct 2023, 16:46:39	8649154288272015360

▼ Deploy Index to Endpoint

Deploy index to Index Endpoint on Matching Engine. This notebook [deploys the index to a public endpoint](#). The deployment operation creates a public endpoint that will be used for querying the index for approximate nearest neighbors.

For deploying index to a Private Endpoint, refer to the [documentation](#) to set up pre-requisites.

```

1 index_endpoint = mengine.deploy_index()
2 if index_endpoint:
3     print(f"Index endpoint resource name: {index_endpoint.name}")
4     print(
5         f"Index endpoint public domain name: {index_endpoint.public_endpoint_domain_name}"
6     )
7     print("Deployed indexes on the index endpoint:")
8     for d in index_endpoint.deployed_indexes:
9         print(f"    {d.id}")

```

.....Index endpoint resource name: projects/880171706777/locations/us-central1/indexEndpoints/86491542882
Index endpoint public domain name:
Deployed indexes on the index endpoint:

▼ STEP 2: Add Document Embeddings to Matching Engine - Vector Store

This step ingests and parse PDF documents, split them, generate embeddings and add the embeddings to the vector store. The document corpus used as dataset is a sample of Google published research papers across different domains - large models, traffic simulation, productivity etc.

▼ Ingest PDF files

The document corpus is hosted on Cloud Storage bucket (at `gs://github-repo/documents/google-research-pdfs/`) and LangChain provides a convenient document loader [GCSDirectoryLoader](#) to load documents from a Cloud Storage bucket. The loader uses `Unstructured` package to load files of many types including pdfs, images, html and more.

Make a Google Cloud Storage bucket in your GCP project to copy the document files into.

```

1 GCS_BUCKET_DOCS = f"{PROJECT_ID}-documents"
2 ! set -x && gsutil mb -p $PROJECT_ID -l us-central1 gs://{GCS_BUCKET_DOCS}

+ gsutil mb -p conversational-401012 -l us-central1 gs://{conversational-401012-documents}
Creating gs://{conversational-401012-documents}/...

```

Copy document files to your bucket

```

1 folder_prefix = "documents/ios-feature-pdfs/"
2 ! wget https://www.apple.com/ios/ios-17/pdf/iOS_All_New_Features.pdf
3 ! gsutil cp -r iOS_All_New_Features.pdf gs://$GCS_BUCKET_DOCS/$folder_prefix

--2023-10-07 11:40:49-- https://www.apple.com/ios/ios-17/pdf/iOS_All_New_Features.pdf
Resolving www.apple.com (www.apple.com)... 23.38.76.198, 2600:1407:3c00:a85::1aca, 2600:1407:3c00:a87::1aca
Connecting to www.apple.com (www.apple.com)[23.38.76.198]:443... connected.
HTTP request sent, awaiting response... 200 OK
Length: 367666 (359K) [application/pdf]
Saving to: 'iOS_All_New_Features.pdf.1'

iOS_All_New_Feature 100%[=====] 359.05K --.-KB/s in 0.06s

2023-10-07 11:40:49 (6.25 MB/s) - 'iOS_All_New_Features.pdf.1' saved [367666/367666]

Copying file://iOS_All_New_Features.pdf [Content-Type=application/pdf]...
/ [1 files][359.0 KiB/359.0 KiB]
Operation completed over 1 objects/359.0 KiB.
```

Load documents and add document metadata such as file name, to be retrieved later when citing the references.

```

1 # Ingest PDF files
2
3 print(f"Processing documents from {GCS_BUCKET_DOCS}")
4 loader = GCSDirectoryLoader(
5     project_name=PROJECT_ID, bucket=GCS_BUCKET_DOCS, prefix=folder_prefix
6 )
7 documents = loader.load()
8
9 # Add document name and source to the metadata
10 for document in documents:
11     doc_md = document.metadata
12     document_name = doc_md["source"].split("/")[-1]
13     # derive doc source from Document loader
14     doc_source_prefix = "/".join(GCS_BUCKET_DOCS.split("/")[0:3])
15     doc_source_suffix = "/".join(doc_md["source"].split("/")[4:-1])
16     source = f"{doc_source_prefix}/{doc_source_suffix}"
17     document.metadata = {"source": source, "document_name": document_name}
18
19 print(f"# of documents loaded (pre-chunking) = {len(documents)}")

Processing documents from conversationalai-401012-documents
[nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Unzipping tokenizers/punkt.zip.
[nltk_data] Downloading package averaged_perceptron_tagger to
[nltk_data] /root/nltk_data...
[nltk_data] Unzipping taggers/averaged_perceptron_tagger.zip.
# of documents loaded (pre-chunking) = 1
```

Verify document metadata

```

1 documents[0].metadata

{'source': 'conversationalai-401012-documents/ios-feature-pdfs',
 'document_name': 'iOS_All_New_Features.pdf'}
```

▼ Chunk documents

Split the documents to smaller chunks. When splitting the document, ensure a few chunks can fit within the context length of LLM.

```

1 # split the documents into chunks
2 text_splitter = RecursiveCharacterTextSplitter(
3     chunk_size=1000,
4     chunk_overlap=50,
5     separators=["\n\n", "\n", ".", "!", "?", ",", " ", " ", " "],
6 )
7 doc_splits = text_splitter.split_documents(documents)
8
9 # Add chunk number to metadata
10 for idx, split in enumerate(doc_splits):
11     split.metadata["chunk"] = idx
12
13 print(f"# of documents = {len(doc_splits)}")
```

```
# of documents = 62

1 doc_splits[0].metadata

{'source': 'conversationai-401012-documents/ios-feature-pdfs',
 'document_name': 'iOS_All_New_Features.pdf',
 'chunk': 0}
```

▼ Configure Matching Engine as Vector Store

Get Matching Engine Index id and Endpoint id

```
1 ME_INDEX_ID, ME_INDEX_ENDPOINT_ID = mengine.get_index_and_endpoint()
2 print(f"ME_INDEX_ID={ME_INDEX_ID}")
3 print(f"ME_INDEX_ENDPOINT_ID={ME_INDEX_ENDPOINT_ID}")

ME_INDEX_ID=projects/880171706777/locations/us-central1/indexes/3340536227509043200
ME_INDEX_ENDPOINT_ID=projects/880171706777/locations/us-central1/indexEndpoints/8649154288272015360
```

Initialize Matching Engine vector store with text embeddings model

```
1 # initialize vector store
2 me = MatchingEngine.from_components(
3     project_id=PROJECT_ID,
4     region=ME_REGION,
5     gcs_bucket_name=f"gs://{ME_EMBEDDING_DIR}".split("/")[2],
6     embedding=embeddings,
7     index_id=ME_INDEX_ID,
8     endpoint_id=ME_INDEX_ENDPOINT_ID,
9 )
```

▼ Add documents as embeddings in Matching Engine as index

The document chunks are transformed as embeddings (vectors) using Vertex AI Embeddings API and added to the index with [streaming index update](#). With Streaming Updates, you can update and query your index within a few seconds.

The original document text is stored on Cloud Storage bucket had referenced by id.

Prepare text and metadata to be added to the vectors

```
1 # Store docs as embeddings in Matching Engine index
2 # It may take a while since API is rate limited
3 texts = [doc.page_content for doc in doc_splits]
4 metadatas = [
5     [
6         {"namespace": "source", "allow_list": [doc.metadata["source"]]},
7         {"namespace": "document_name", "allow_list": [doc.metadata["document_name"]]},
8         {"namespace": "chunk", "allow_list": [str(doc.metadata["chunk"])]},
9     ]
10     for doc in doc_splits
11 ]
```

Add embeddings to the vector store

NOTE: Depending on the volume and size of documents, this step may take time.

```
1 doc_ids = me.add_texts(texts=texts, metadatas=metadatas)

Waiting
.....
```

Validate semantic search with Matching Engine is working

```
1 # Test whether search from vector store is working
2 me.similarity_search("What is Improved Autocorrect accuracy.", k=2)

Waiting
[Document(page_content='Enhanced sentence corrections.5 Autocorrection of sentences can correct more types of grammatical mistakes. The keyboard also underlines corrections and suggestions, so they are easier to see and change if needed.\n\nNew keyboard layouts. New keyboard layouts are available for Akan, Chuvash, Hausa, Hmong (Pahawh),
```

```
Ingush, Kabyle, Liangshan Yi, Mandaic, Mi'kmaw, N'Ko, Osage, Rejang, Tamazight (Standard Moroccan), Wancho,
Wolastoqey, and Yoruba.\n\nNotifications. Get a notification when new suggestions to journal about are
available.\n\nJournaling schedule. Set a schedule for the start or end of your day to help make journaling a
consistent practice.\n\nImproved predictions. Predictive text provides even better word predictions by leveraging a
new transformer model in Chinese (Simplified), English, French, and Spanish keyboards.6 Additionally, enhanced on-
device language models improve predictions across even more languages.8', metadata={'source': 'conversationai-
401012-documents/ios-feature-pdfs', 'document_name': 'iOS_All_New_Features.pdf', 'chunk': '15', 'score':
0.7438047528266907})),
Document(page_content='One-time verification code. One-time verification codes that are sent to your email will now
autofill in the password field so you no longer need to search in your Mail messages, and they are automatically
deleted after you use them.\n\nImproved handwriting recognition. Live Text recognizes handwritten text even
better.\n\nEasier automation. App Shortcuts can be added alongside other system features with a new automation setup
flow. Additional triggers are now supported for Wallet, external displays, and Stage Manager.\n\nEdit hyperlink
text. Edit a URL link in your Mail messages so you can format messages more neatly.\n\nLock Screen\n\nMotion effect
for Live Photo wallpaper. An all- new motion effect for Live Photos makes your Lock Screen feel more dynamic than
ever on wake, and settles into your Home Screen when unlocked.', metadata={'source': 'conversationai-401012-
documents/ios-feature-pdfs', 'document_name': 'iOS_All_New_Features.pdf', 'chunk': '47', 'score':
0.6870058178901672}))]
```

[Document(page_content='Enhanced sentence corrections.5 Autocorrection of sentences can correct more types of grammatical mistakes. The keyboard also underlines corrections and suggestions, so they are easier to see and change if needed.\n\nNew keyboard layouts. New keyboard layouts are available for Akan, Chuvash, Hausa, Hmong (Pahawh), Ingush, Kabyle, Liangshan Yi, Mandaic, Mi'kmaw, N'Ko, Osage, Rejang, Tamazight (Standard Moroccan), Wancho, Wolastoqey, and Yoruba.\n\nNotifications. Get a notification when new suggestions to journal about are available.\n\nJournaling schedule. Set a schedule for the start or end of your day to help make journaling a consistent practice.\n\nImproved predictions. Predictive text provides even better word predictions by leveraging a new transformer model in Chinese (Simplified), English, French, and Spanish keyboards.6 Additionally, enhanced on-device language models improve predictions across even more languages.8', metadata={'source': 'conversationai-401012-documents/ios-feature-pdfs', 'document_name': 'iOS_All_New_Features.pdf', 'chunk': '15', 'score': 0.7438047528266907})), Document(page_content='One-time verification code. One-time verification codes that are sent to your email will now autofill in the password field so you no longer need to search in your Mail messages, and they are automatically deleted after you use them.\n\nImproved handwriting recognition. Live Text recognizes handwritten text even better.\n\nEasier automation. App Shortcuts can be added alongside other system features with a new automation setup flow. Additional triggers are now supported for Wallet, external displays, and Stage Manager.\n\nEdit hyperlink text. Edit a URL link in your Mail messages so you can format messages more neatly.\n\nLock Screen\n\nMotion effect for Live Photo wallpaper. An all- new motion effect for Live Photos makes your Lock Screen feel more dynamic than ever on wake, and settles into your Home Screen when unlocked.', metadata={'source': 'conversationai-401012-documents/ios-feature-pdfs', 'document_name': 'iOS_All_New_Features.pdf', 'chunk': '47', 'score': 0.6870058178901672}))]

▼ STEP 3: Retrieval based Question/Answering Chain

LangChain provides easy ways to chain multiple tasks that can do QA over a set of documents, called QA chains. The notebook works with [RetrievalQA](#) chain which is based on `load_qa_chain` under the hood.

In the retrieval augmented generation chain, the Matching Engine uses semantic search to retrieve relevant documents based on the user's question. The resulting documents are then added as additional context to the prompt sent to the LLM, along with the user's question, to generate a response. Thus the response generated by LLM is grounded to your documents in the corpus.

This way, a user would only need to provide their question as a prompt and the retrieval chain would be able to seek the answers using Matching Engine directly, and return a proper text response answering the question.

▼ Configure Question/Answering Chain with Vector Store using Text

Define Matching Engine Vector Store as retriever that takes in a query and returns a list of relevant documents. The retriever implementation supports configuring number of documents to fetch and filtering by search distance as a threshold value parameter.

```
1 # Create chain to answer questions
2 NUMBER_OF_RESULTS = 10
3 SEARCH_DISTANCE_THRESHOLD = 0.6
4
5 # Expose index to the retriever
6 retriever = me.as_retriever(
7     search_type="similarity",
8     search_kwargs={
9         "k": NUMBER_OF_RESULTS,
10        "search_distance": SEARCH_DISTANCE_THRESHOLD,
11    },
12 )
```

Customize the default retrieval prompt template

```

1 template = ""SYSTEM: You are an intelligent assistant helping the users with their questions on new Product.
2
3 Question: {question}
4
5 Strictly Use ONLY the following pieces of context to answer the question at the end. Think step-by-step and then answer
6
7 Do not try to make up an answer:
8 - If the answer to the question cannot be determined from the context alone, say "I cannot determine the answer to tha
9 - If the context is empty, just say "I do not know the answer to that."
10
11 =====
12 {context}
13 =====
14
15 Question: {question}
16 Helpful Answer: ""

```

Configure RetrievalQA chain

```

1 # Uses LLM to synthesize results from the search index.
2 # Use Vertex PaLM Text API for LLM
3 qa = RetrievalQA.from_chain_type(
4     llm=llm,
5     chain_type="stuff",
6     retriever=retriever,
7     return_source_documents=True,
8     verbose=True,
9     chain_type_kwargs={
10         "prompt": PromptTemplate(
11             template=template,
12             input_variables=["context", "question"],
13         ),
14     },
15 )

```

Enable verbose logging for debugging and troubleshooting the chains which includes the complete prompt to the LLM

```

1 # Enable for troubleshooting
2 qa.combine_documents_chain.verbose = True
3 qa.combine_documents_chain.llm_chain.verbose = True
4 qa.combine_documents_chain.llm_chain.llm.verbose = True

```

Utility function to format the result

```

1 def formatter(result):
2     print(f"Query: {result['query']}")
3     print("." * 80)
4     if "source_documents" in result.keys():
5         for idx, ref in enumerate(result["source_documents"]):
6             print("-" * 80)
7             print(f"REFERENCE #{idx}")
8             print("-" * 80)
9             if "score" in ref.metadata:
10                 print(f"Matching Score: {ref.metadata['score']}")
11             if "source" in ref.metadata:
12                 print(f"Document Source: {ref.metadata['source']}")
13             if "document_name" in ref.metadata:
14                 print(f"Document Name: {ref.metadata['document_name']}")
15             print("." * 80)
16             print(f"Content: \n{wrap(ref.page_content)}")
17         print("." * 80)
18     print(f"Response: {wrap(result['result'])}")
19     print("." * 80)
20
21
22 def wrap(s):
23     return "\n".join(textwrap.wrap(s, width=120, break_long_words=False))
24
25
26 def ask(query, qa=qa, k=NUMBER_OF_RESULTS, search_distance=SEARCH_DISTANCE_THRESHOLD):
27     qa.retriever.search_kwargs["search_distance"] = search_distance
28     qa.retriever.search_kwargs["k"] = k
29     result = qa({"query": query})
30     return formatter(result)

```


▼ Run QA chain on sample questions

Following are sample questions you could try. Wehn you run the query, RetrievalQA chain takes the user question, call the retriever to fetch top k semantically similar texts from the Matching Engine Index (vector store) and passes to the LLM as part of the prompt. The final prompt sent to the LLM looks of this format:

```
SYSTEM: {system}

=====
{context}
=====

Question: {question}
Helpful Answer:
```

where:

- `system`: Instructions for LLM on how to respond to the question based on the context
- `context`: Semantically similar text (a.k.a snippets) retrieved from the vector store
- `question`: question posed by the user

The response returned from the LLM includes both the response and references that lead to the response. This way the response from LLM is always grounded to the sources. Here we have formatted the response as:

```
Question: {question}
-----
REFERENCE #n
-----
Matching Score: <score>
Document Source: <document source location>
Document Name: <document file name>
.....
Context:
{}
.....
Response: <answer returned by the LLM>
.....

1 ask("Tell me about Explicit language handling.")
```

completed before in as little as a single tap. Improvement to Siri voices for VoiceOver. Siri voices sound even better at high rates of speech feedback in VoiceOver. iOS 17 New Features | September 2023 9 Fitness+23 Sections. Organize reminders within a list by creating headers to group related reminders. Open in Pages. Create a Pages document from your note with a quick selection from the Share menu.

REFERENCE #9

Matching Score: 0.6230610013008118

Document Source: conversationalai-401012-documents/ios-feature-pdfs

Document Name: iOS_All_New_Features.pdf

Content:

Memoji More stickers. Three additional stickers come to Memoji: Smirk, Angel Halo, and Peekaboo. Text Detection in Magnifier Detection Mode. Read out all the text that is visible in the field of view of your camera. Lockdown Mode. Provides new networking defaults, safer media handling and even sandboxing and network security optimizations. Turn on Lockdown Mode further hardens device defenses and strictly limits certain functionalities, sharply reducing the attack surface for those who need it. Reminders Voice Control guide. Learn to use Voice Control using step-by-step tutorials, for example, for text editing and navigation. Grocery Lists. Grocery Lists automatically group related items into sections (dairy, produce, etc.) as you add them. You're able to change how the items are grouped, and the list remembers your preferences.

Response: The keyboard will add explicit language that you use to your personal vocabulary list and will learn this in a different app. Explicit language that is learned is used for autocorrect, QuickPath, suggestions, and predictive text

1 ask("Tell me about Photos privacy prompt improvements.")

sign-in.2 Signing in to set up a device is now easier than ever. Simply bring an existing signed-in and trusted iPhone or iPad into proximity, pair the devices by scanning the particle cloud, and you're signed in automatically. Explore objects. Explore 3D Objects embedded on your canvas using QuickLook. Add unnamed people. Unnamed individuals can be viewed in the People album.

REFERENCE #7

Matching Score: 0.6607458591461182

Document Source: conversationalai-401012-documents/ios-feature-pdfs

Document Name: iOS_All_New_Features.pdf

Content:

Personalized Read Now. Explore personalized top picks and content recommended for you based on your favorite books and genres on the Read Now tab. Updated contact cards. When your contacts make changes to their Contact Posters, your device will automatically update their contact cards with their latest look. You can also choose to create your own poster for individual contacts, or even revert to the previous Contact Poster they had shared if you prefer it. Label timers. Name timers so you know what each is counting down for. Timer presets. Start a timer quickly with a range of preset options when creating a new timer. CarPlay SharePlay in CarPlay. Everyone can control the Apple Music experience and contribute to what's playing, even passengers in the back seat. Recents. Restarting your most used timers is as simple as a tap with a new recents view. Add Pronouns. Contact cards include a field for entering pronouns. Pronouns are stored on device and are not shared.

REFERENCE #8

Matching Score: 0.6547586917877197

Document Source: conversationalai-401012-documents/ios-feature-pdfs

Document Name: iOS_All_New_Features.pdf

Content:

Assistive Access. A cognitive accessibility feature with large text, visual alternatives to text, and focused choices for Phone and FaceTime, Messages, Camera, Photos, and Music. Add-only Calendar permission. A write-only permission if Calendar gives apps the ability to write new events to your device, without being able to see your information. Automatically pause animated images. Pause animated images by default, such as GIFs in Messages and Safari for your visual comfort. Personal Voice.20 A speech accessibility tool for people who are at risk of losing their voice to create a voice that sounds like them privately and securely on iPhone, and use it with Live Speech in phone and FaceTime calls. Settings for Built-in Voices. Adjust settings such as pitch range for each of your preferred built-in voices VoiceOver and Spoken Content.

REFERENCE #9

Matching Score: 0.652388334274292

Document Source: conversationalai-401012-documents/ios-feature-pdfs

Document Name: iOS_All_New_Features.pdf

Content:

Travel Instant Answers in Search. Travel-related messages, like hotel and flight confirmations, will appear at the top of your search results when your travel date is near. New widgets. New widget options for Home Screen and Lock Screen make running shortcuts more convenient. Multilayered photo effect for photo shuffle. Subjects can be dynamically displayed in front of the time to make the subject of the photo pop. Text Display Podcasts Vertical text support. Chinese and Japanese text can be displayed vertically in supported apps and components like Contact Posters, Photos Memories, and Calendar widgets. Improved playback controls. Easily access your queue, playback speed, and sleep time Astronomy wallpapers. See the earth, moon, and other planets in the solar system with a set of dynamic astronomy-themed Lock Screens that update with live conditions, like your live location on Earth, or based on the time of day on Mars.

Response: An embedded photo picker for apps lets you pick photos to share within the app's experience, without sharing to your library. When an app does ask to access your entire library, you'll see details of how many and which photos will be shared before you make a decision. If you grant access, you'll receive reminders from time to time.

Let's ask a question which is outside of the domain in the corpus. You should see something like - "I cannot determine the answer to that". This is because the output is conditioned in the prompts to not to respond when the question is out of the context.

Following is the instructions in prompt template that is configured in the retrieval QA chain above:

Strictly Use ONLY the following pieces of context to answer the question at the end. Think step-by-step and then answer.

Do not try to make up an answer:

- If the answer to the question cannot be determined from the context alone, say "I cannot determine the answer to that."
- If the context is empty, just say "I do not know the answer to that."

1 ask("Where is 2023 Cricket world cup happening")

> Entering new chain...
Waiting

> Entering new chain...

> Entering new chain...

Prompt after formatting:

SYSTEM: You are an intelligent assistant helping the users with their questions on new Product.

Question: Where is 2023 Cricket world cup happening

Strictly Use ONLY the following pieces of context to answer the question at the end. Think step-by-step and then answer.

Do not try to make up an answer:

- If the answer to the question cannot be determined from the context alone, say "I cannot determine the answer to that."**
- If the context is empty, just say "I do not know the answer to that."**

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Question: Where is 2023 Cricket world cup happening

Helpful Answer:

> Finished chain.

> Finished chain.

> Finished chain.

Query: Where is 2023 Cricket world cup happening

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REFERENCE #0

Matching Score: 0.6358158588409424

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Content:

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Response: I cannot determine the answer to that.

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