PROGRAMME-6

Aim:

Create a HTML page to explain the use of various predefined functions in a string and math object in java script

Code:

functions.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="style.css">
  <link rel="preconnect" href="https://fonts.gstatic.com">
  link href="https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?family=Fascinate&display=swap"
rel="stylesheet">
  <title>Document</title>
</head>
<body>
  <div class="header" id="header">
    <div class="navbar">
      <a href="#header">Home</a>
         <a href="#docs">Documents</a>
        <a href="">Contact</a>
         <a href="#about">About</a>
      </div>
    <h1>JAVASCRIPT FUNCTIONS</h1>
  </div>
  <h2 align="center" id="docs">PREDEFINED FUNCTIONS</h2>
  <hr width="35%">
  <div class="docs" style="margin-top:4em;">
    <div class="row">
      <div class="content">
         <h3 align="center">substr()</h3>
         <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
          Returns the characters in a string beginning at the specified location through the
           specified number of characters.
      </div>
      <div class="content">
         <h3 align="center">toLowerCase()</h3>
         <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
         Returns the calling string value converted to lower case.
```

```
</div>
  <div class="content">
    <h3 align="center">toUpperCase()</h3>
    <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
    Returns the calling string value converted to uppercase.
  </div>
</div>
<div class="row">
  <div class="content">
    <h3 align="center">charCodeAt()</h3>
    <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
     Returns a number indicating the Unicode value of the character at the given index.
       </div>
  <div class="content">
    <h3 align="center"> charAt()</h3>
    <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
    Returns a string containing the source of the Boolean object; you can use this string to
       create an
      equivalent object..
  </div>
  <div class="content">
    <h3 align="center">concat()</h3>
    <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
    Combines the text of two strings and returns a new string.
  </div>
</div>
<div class="row">
  <div class="content">
    <h3 align="center"> indexOf()</h3>
    <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
     Returns the index within the calling String object of the first occurrence of the
       specified value,
      or -1 if not found.
  </div>
  <div class="content">
    <h3 align="center">length()</h3>
    <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
    Returns the length of the string.
  </div>
  <div class="content">
    <h3 align="center"> replace()</h3>
    <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
    Used to find a match between a regular expression and a string, and to replace the
       matched substring
      with a new substring.
  </div>
</div>
<div class="row">
  <div class="content">
    <h3 align="center"> search()</h3>
    <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
```

```
Executes the search for a match between a regular expression and a specified string.
               </div>
    <div class="content">
         <h3 align="center"> slice()</h3>
         <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
         Extracts a section of a string and returns a new string.
    </div>
    <div class="content">
         <h3 align="center"> split()</h3>
         <hr width="45%" color="#989898">
         Splits a String object into an array of strings by separating the string into substrings.
               </div>
</div>
<h2 align="center" style="margin-top: 4em;">Java Script Math Object</h2>
<hr width="35%">
<div class="container" style="margin-top:4em;margin-bottom: 5em;">
    <div class="desc">
         The JavaScript Math object allows you to perform mathematical tasks on
               numbers.<br>
              Unlike other objects, the Math object has no constructor. <br>
             The Math object is static. <br> <br>
             All methods and properties can be used without creating a Math object first. <br/> <br/>br> <br/> <br/
               </div>
    <div class="example">
        The syntax for any Math property is : <span
             style="border:1px solid #FBD285;padding: 4px;margin-right: 2px;">
               Math.property</span><br>
          JavaScript provides 8 mathematical constants that can be
               accessed as Math
             properties:<br>
         Math.E
                               // returns Euler's number
                               // returns PI
         Math.PI
         Math.SORT2 // returns the square root of 2
         Math.SQRT1_2 // returns the square root of 1/2
                               // returns the natural logarithm of 2
         Math.LN2
         Math.LN10 // returns the natural logarithm of 10
         Math.LOG2E // returns base 2 logarithm of E
         Math.LOG10E // returns base 10 logarithm of E
    </div>
</div>
<div class="obj" style="color:#989898;padding: 1.5em;">
    <h2 align="center">Math methodes</h2>
    <hr width="35%">
    The syntax for any Math
               property is : <span
        style="border:1px solid #FBD285;padding: 4px;margin-right: 2px;">
               Math.methode(number)</span><br>
```

```
< dt >
            <u>Math.round()</u>
          </dt>
          <dd>>
            Math.round(x) returns the nearest integer:
          </dd>
          <dt>
            <u>Math.ceil()</u>
          </dt>
            Math.ceil(x) returns the value of x rounded up to its nearest integer:
          </dd>
          < dt >
            <u> Math.floor()</u>
          </dt>
          < dd >
            Math.floor(x) returns the value of x rounded down to its nearest integer:
          </dd>
          <dt>
            <u>Math.pow()</u>
          </dt>
          <44<>
            Math.pow(x, y) returns the value of x to the power of y:
          </dd>
          <dt>
            <u>Math.sqrt()</u>
          </dt>
          < dd >
            Math.sqrt(x) returns the square root of x:
          </dd>
          < dt >
            <u>Math.abs()</u>
          </dt>
            Math.abs(x) returns the absolute (positive) value of x:
          </dd>
       </dl>
     </div>
  </div>
  </div>
  <br><br><br><br><br>>
  <div id="about"></div>
</body>
</html>
style.css
@import url('https://fonts.googleapis.com/css2?
family=Fascinate&family=Ravi+Prakash&display=swap');
```

<dl>

```
box-sizing: border-box;
html{
  scroll-behavior: smooth;
body{
  width:100%;
  height:100vh;
  padding:0px;
  margin:0px;
  display: block;
  background-color: #403552;
}
.header{
  width: 100%;
  height:100%;
  margin: auto;
}
.navbar{
  height:70px;
  position:sticky;
  top:0px;
}
h1{
  text-align: center;
  color:#FBD285;
  font-family: 'Fascinate', cursive;
  margin-top:5em;
  letter-spacing: 3px;
  font-size: 45px;
}
ul{
  display: flex;
  flex-direction: row;
  justify-content: flex-end;
}
li{
  list-style-type: none;
  padding: 2em;
}
a{
  text-decoration: none;
  color:#FBD285;
  font-family: 'Fascinate', cursive;
  font-family: 'Ravi Prakash', cursive;
}
a:hover{
  color:#A981FF;
  font-weight:bolder;
```

```
}
h2{
  color:#989898;
}
.row{
  display:flex;
  flex-direction: row;
  width: 100%;
  margin-top: 2em;
}
.content{
  margin:1em;
  padding: 1em;
  width:30%;
  height:210px;
  box-shadow: rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.24) 0px 3px 8px;
  border-radius: 5px;
}
.content:hover{
  box-shadow: rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.3) 0px 19px 38px, rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.22) 0px 15px 12px;
  border:none;
}
h3{
  color:#989898;
}
p{
  color:#989898;
.container{
  display:flex;
  flex-direction:row;
  width:100%;
}
.desc{
  width: 45%;
  margin:1.5em;
  padding: 2em;
}
.example{
  width:45%;
  margin:1.5em;
  padding:1em;
  color:#989898;
  border: 1px solid #989898;
  border-radius: 5px;
}
.obj{
  width: 60%;
  margin: auto;
  border: 1px solid #989898;
  border-radius: 5px;
}
```

```
dl{
    margin: 2em 0 0 4em;
}
dd,dt{
    margin-top:1.5em;
}
```

Output:







