

# Template for Rolled Spherical Candles

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We construct a parametric function for the candle middle surface as a function  $m$  of angular coordinate  $\phi$  defined as:

$$m(\phi) = (r(\phi), z(\phi)),$$

where  $r$  and  $z$  is the evolving radius and height of the wax sheet. The top and side view are illustrated in Figures 1 and 2. The individual components of  $m$  are defined as:

$$z(\phi) = \sqrt{R^2 - r^2(\phi)} \quad (1)$$

$$r(\phi) = R_0 + \frac{T}{2} + \frac{\phi}{2\pi}T, \quad (2)$$

where  $R$ ,  $R_0$  and  $T$  are the desired candle radius, the wick radius and  $T$  the wax sheet layer thickness respectively.

The main objective is to get the length of the mid surface  $l$  as a function of  $\phi$ , so that it plotted as a cut template as illustrated in Figure 3. Using the arc length formula in polar coordinates we get:

$$l(\phi) = \int_0^\phi \sqrt{\left(\frac{dr}{d\theta}\right)^2 + r^2(\theta)} d\theta \quad (3)$$

$$= \int_0^\phi \sqrt{\frac{T^2}{4\pi^2} + \left(R_0 + \frac{T}{2} + \frac{\theta}{2\pi}\right)^2} T^2 d\theta \quad (4)$$

$$= \frac{T}{2\pi} \int_{\frac{2\pi}{T}R_0+\pi}^{\frac{2\pi}{T}R_0+\pi+\phi} \sqrt{\psi^2 + 1} d\psi \quad (5)$$

$$= \left[ \frac{1}{2} \psi \sqrt{1 + \psi^2} + \frac{1}{2} \log \left( \psi + \sqrt{1 + \psi^2} \right) \right]_{\frac{2\pi}{T}R_0+\pi}^{\frac{2\pi}{T}R_0+\pi+\phi} \quad (6)$$

Now the curves  $(l(\phi), z(\phi))$  and  $(l(\phi), -z(\phi))$  define the shape to be cut. For a particular set of input parameters  $(R, R_0, T)$  we calculate the discrete approximation of the curves using a fine enough discretization of  $\phi$ .

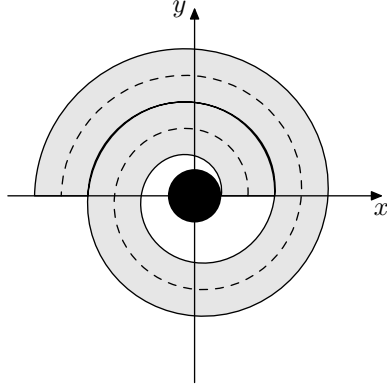


Figure 1: Candle top view. The wick is represented by the black circle. Grey area is the winding wax sheet. Dashed line is the middle surface we track.

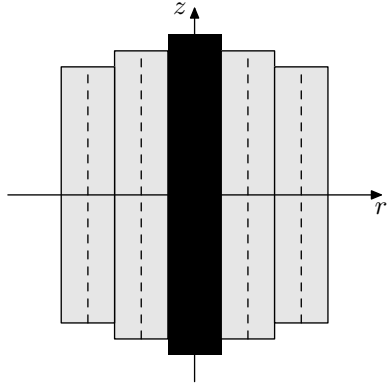


Figure 2: Candle side view. Dashed line again represents the tracked middle surface.

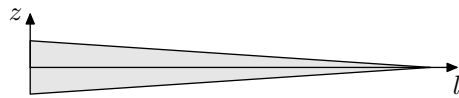


Figure 3: Example of a cut template.