

static library

- the linker is used to create libraries

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- dynamic (or shared) library

Two types of libraries

3.4 Linking & Loading

Static Linking & Loading

Shared Libraries

Creating a Static Library

o. Edus o. Sduz o. Lduz % ar t libprivl.a % ar cr libprivl.a subl.o sub2.o sub3.o o.Edus o.Sdus o. Idus o.ldus % gcc -c subl.c subl.c subl.c (; ("sdb3");) % cat sub3.c { ;("Sdus")stuq } () Sdus biov s. Sdus tab % { ("subl"); } % cat subl.c

E. Lvirqdil in Lalosolved in Libprivl. a

myputs library, then in the c library

ar cr libmyputs.a myputs.o

write(l, s, strlen(s));
return l;

write(1, "My puts: ", 9);

% dcc -c myputs.c

int puts(char *s) {

% cat myputs.c

library

% dcc -o brod brod.c -L. -lprivl -lmyputs

O et in to use my version of puts () instead of what's in the C

Substitution

will try to resolve puts () first in the privi library, then in the

: () Eqns ; () Sduz

() tqns

} () utem dut

% cat prog.c

prog must contain everything needed for execution

- duplicate code, may be lots of duplicate code, e.g., printf()

• take up disk space

problem: processes want a shared function to be at The print () required relocation, then it's more complicated

just make sure 1d use the right address consistently

o take up memory

Weed a way to share things like printf()

on disk, and

- in memory () Jaurad

} () jautad

different addresses

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Trintf() required no relocation, then it's easy

Shared Libraries

Process B

() gautad





libc.a Or libc.so) Libprivi a or Libprivi . so) and then in the c library (either

■ will try to resolve references first in the pxiv1 library (either

The order of the libraries matter

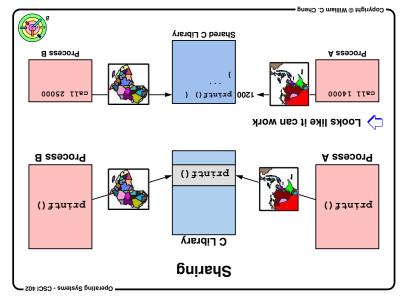
% gcc -o prog prog.c -L. -lprivl -L/lib -lc

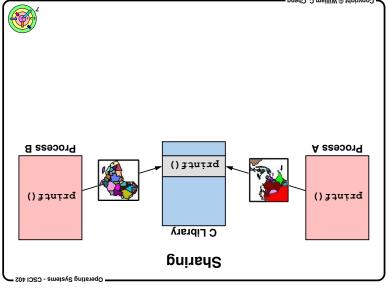
Where does puts () come from? % dcc -o prog prog.c -L. -lprivl

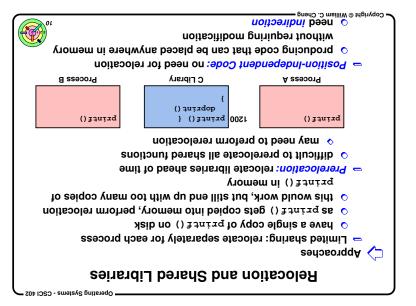
Using a Static Library

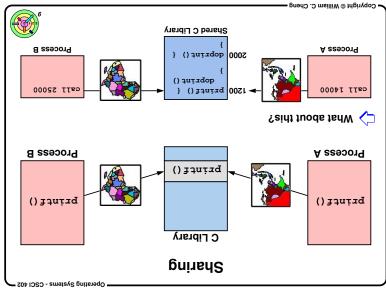
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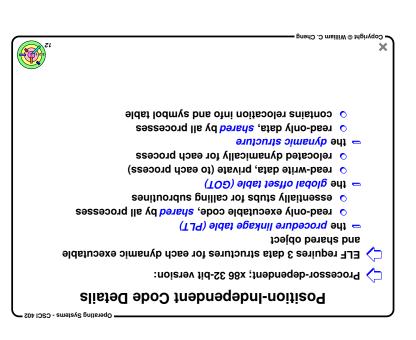
Libraries

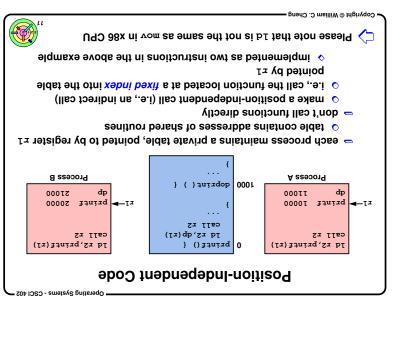








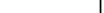




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Linking and Loading on Linux with ELF

- emstews xunix/Linux systems TS6 ELF (Excutable and Linking Format)
- o not used in either MacOS X or Windows
- Creating and using a shared library
- noitutitedu2
- Shared library details
- Dynamic linking
- pninoitisoqretioning



% Tqq brod

porq/.

sncy tile or directory

% gcc -fPIC -c myputs.c

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Shared Library Details

this way, the startup time of a program may be reduced

in Windows, they are known as Dynamic-Link Libraries (DLLs)

can be loaded when needed, i.e., on-demand

- they need not be loaded when a program starts up

- often implemented with either prerelocation or

in Unix, they are known as shared objects (.so files)

Shared libraries are used extensively in many modern systems

Shared Libraries In Practice

the job of 1d.so is to complete the linking and relocation steps, = the code that is first given control is 1d. so, the run-time linker When a program is invoked via the exec system call

if necessary

different versions of the same library

Disadvantages of DLLs and shared objects

O vs. static libraries (. a files)

position-independent code

they can have dependencies

- it does some initial set up of linkages
- o it may be called upon later to do some further loading and then calls the actual program code

Versioning

S.os.xunil-b1\dil\ <= S.os.xunil-b1\dil\</pre> libmyputs.so => not found
libc.so.6 => /lib/tls/i686/cmoc/libc.so.6

Libmyputs.so: cannot open shared object file: No

Creating a Shared Library (1)

/prog: error while loading shared libraries:

% dcc -o brod brod.c -L. -lprivl -lmyputs

% ld -shared -o libmyputs.so myputs.o

```
- "libmyputs.so.l" is the soname
                             . dteqr-,tW-
% dcc -o prod2 prod2.c -L. -lprivl -lmyputs /
          os.stuq<br/>vmdil S.os.stuqvmdil <br/> a- n1 \%
                             , n-v-pilosob1 %
                          % rm -f libmyputs.so
              o.sduqym S.os.sduqymdil o-
        ^* Z.os.sauqymdil əmsne- beared - bİ ^*
                       % gcc -fPIC -c myputs.c
                                  % vi myputs.c
                             . MJsqx-, LW-
% dcc -o prodl prodl.c -L. -lprivl -lmyputs /
          os.stuq<br/>ymdil 1.os.stuq<br/>ymdil a- n<br/>1 \%
                             % ldconfig -v -n .
           o.ziuqym 0.1.oz.ziuqymdil o-
        % ld -shared -soname libmyputs.so.l /
                       % gcc -fPIC -c myputs.c
```



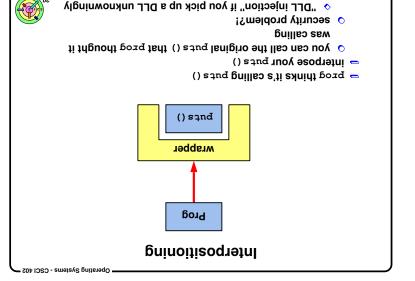
Copyright © William C. Cheng -- "Libmyputs.so" is the linker name amen lish of the real name "L.os. studymdil" -

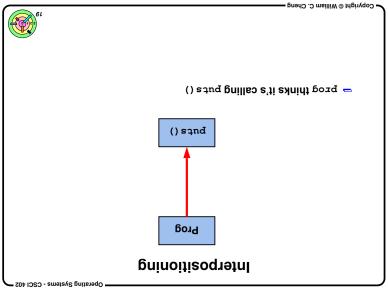
Creating a Shared Library (2)

```
also try "-W1, -xpath, ." if the space character is giving you
". Ataga-" Atiw behovni be linker will be throked with " zagath
                 linker options (i.e., pass them to the linker)
      ". means that what comes after –WI are = "-M-" = ^{-}
                                              My puts: sub3
                                              My puts: sub2
                                              My puts: subl
                                                   .\prog
             S.os.xunil-b1\dil\ <= S.os.xunil-b1\dil\</pre>
            libc.so.ft <= 0.os.odil <= 0.os.odil
                        os.stuqymdil\. <= os.stuqymdil
                                                 % Jqq bxod
% gcc -o prog prog.c -L. -lprivl -lmyputs -Wl, -rpath .
```



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- Idconfig may be in /sbin - □ GNU_SOURCE is needed or won't recognize RTLD_NEXT calling myputs: This is a boring message. % gcc -o tputs tputs.c ./Libmyputs.so.l -Wl,-rpath . to uzngez puts("This is a boring message."); } () uiem dui % cat tputs.c . n- v- pilnobbl % Lb1- o.stuqym 0.1.os.stuqymdil o-% gcc -fPIC -c myputs.c -D_GNU_SOURCE / Ld -shared -soname libmyputs.so.l / Compiling/Linking It

Copyright © William C. Cheng function using the default library search order O RILD_DEFAULT will get you the first occurrence of the named - RILD_NEXT asks for the next occurrence of the named function alsym() returns a function pointer for the named function write(2, "calling myputs: ", 16);
return (*pptr)(s); pptr = (int(*)(const char*))dlsym(RTLD_NEXT, "puts"); inf (*pptr) (const char *); int puts(const char *s) { #include <dlfcn.h> % cat myputs.c ... oT woH Operating Systems - CSCI 402

program is started - specifies additional shared objects to search (first) when - environment variable checked by 1d. so CD_PRELOAD Delayed Wrapping

singi/. % setenv LD_PRELOAD ./libmyputs.so.l This is a boring message. sindi/. % dcc -o tputs tputs.c

calling myputs: This is a boring message.

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= dlsym() invokes ld.so to do more linking

= maps in shared objects

= searches list of libraries

- does static linking

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adds references to shared objects

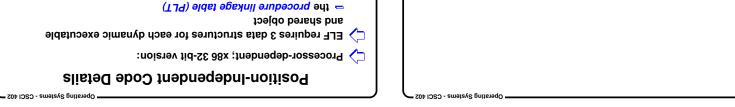
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dcc/Jq

does relocation and procedure linking as required

program invokes 1d. so (or 1d-linux. so) to finish linking

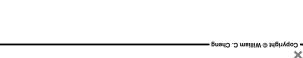
... nO gnioĐ s'tshW



Extra Slides

Procedure References

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o contains relocation into and symbol table o read-only data, shared by all processes

velocated dynamically for each process vead-write data, private (to each process)

essentially stubs for calling subroutines

vead-only executable code, shared by all processes

- the dynamic structure

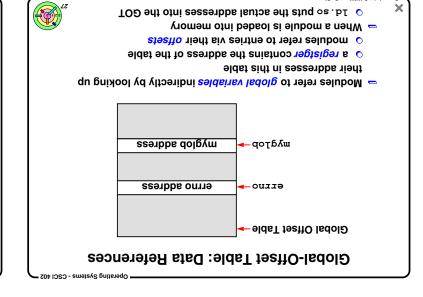
(TOD) əldat təzito ladolg ədt =

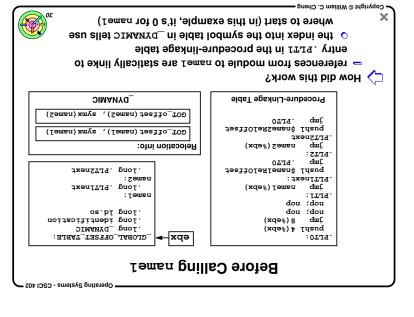
Lix them up on demand

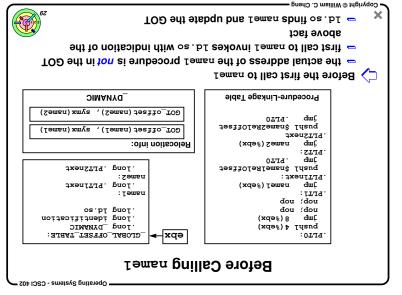
More complicated than data references

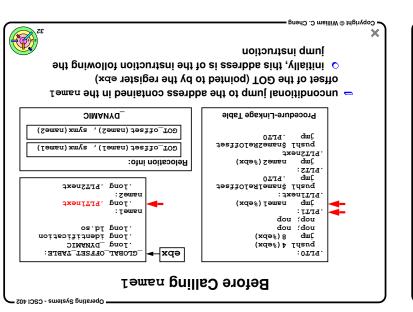
Many are never used

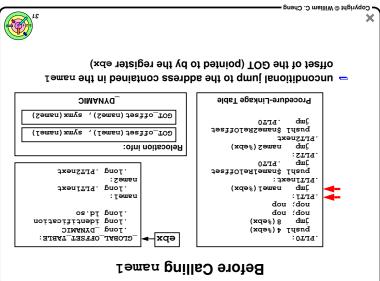
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