

preemption





this makes the kernel a lot easier to implement!

💙 We are focusing on dealing with synchronization/concurrency

advanced programmable interrupt controller

Some architectures impose a hierarchy of interrupt levels

the occurrence of a particular class of interrupts masks

Interrupt Masking

♦ this is like your kernel 1 with DRIVERS=1 in Config.mk

mutex is still needed to synchronize kernel threads) for every shared data structure (although sometimes, because don't have to implement locking inside the kernel

OIGA ezu zerutzetures use APIC

explicit programmatic action

What causes interrupts to be masked?

Unmasked interrupts interrupt current processing

further occurences

- nse interrupt masking

xinəəw ni ənob 🔾

only voluntarily

by another thread

# Interrupt Handling

in these systems, a kernel thread can never be preempted

threads running in privileged mode yield the processor

What to do if you have non-preemption kernels?

o done in early Unix systems

accesses the same data structure 1) an interrupt handler running on the same processor that Recall asynchronous activies that may require concurrency control

Thread Synchronization

2) another thread running on the same processor may preempt

3) an interrupt handler running on another processor might this thread and accesses the same data structure

access the same data structure

4) another thread running on another processor might

access the same data structure

- let's look at (1) and (3) now (4) bns (2) ot noitulos s si xetu 🕻 🖊 Memory TNI

Interrupt Handling

- threads running in privileged mode may be forced to yield What to do if you have preemption kernels?

e so you disable preemption the processor

then you can use interrupt masking

abju locks 🕳

```
Non-Preemptive Kernel Synchronization
```

```
= since we have a non-preemptive kernel, the only thing that
   Sharing a variable between a thread and an interrupt handler
                x = x + T
                                                 t + x = x
} () durierrupt() {
                                    } () bseatThread() {
                          i_0 = x ar
```

The above code does not work is an interrupt can prevent a kernel thread from executing till completion

- cannot use locks to fix it

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```
// wakeup waiting thread
                             enqueue (RunQueue, thread);
                                        if (thread != 0) {
                            thread = dequeue (disk_waitq);
                                  // handle disk interrupt
                                          tyresq_t + tyresd;
                                       void disk_intr(...) {
                       // wait for disk operation to d
   broblem / race condition
                                           thread_switch();
   - Inis is a synchronization
                       enqueue (disk_waitq, CurrentThread
       petore enqueue ()
  - qrak_tntr() gets called
                       startIO(); // start disk operatio
      disk may be too fast
                Problem
                                       int disk_write(...) {
                     Example: Disk I/O
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```

works well in a non-preemptive kernel

 $i_0 = x ar$ 

Non-Preemptive Kernel Synchronization

t + x = x

Solution is to mask the interrupt

ojdipi = setipi(iHLevel);

sefIbr(ojqIbr); t + x = x

} ()bseaXThread() {

int oldipl;

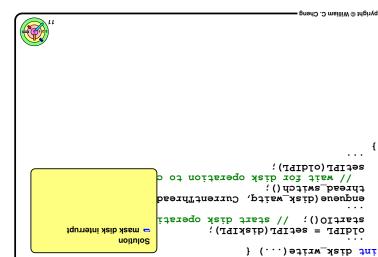
```
wakeup waiting thread
        disk_write()
                        enqueue (RunQueue, thread);
                                   if (thread != 0) {
System
                       thread = dequeue(disk_waitq);
   File
                             // handle disk interrupt
                                  void disk_intr(...) {
  thread_t *thread;
       write()-
        qqA
           // wait for disk operation to complete
                                      thread_switch();
                 enqueue(disk_waitq, CurrentThread);
                 startIO(); // start disk operation
                                  int disk_write(...) {
                Example: Disk I/O
```

Improved Disk I/O

```
may have race condition in accessing the RunQueue
   moving setIPL(oldIPL) to before thread_switch()
        does not function like a normal procedure call

    complication caused by the fact that thread_switch()

                  who will enable the disk interrupt?
      return back here any time soon to unmask interrupt
- thread_switch() will switch to another thread and won't
                                    Doesn't quite work!
                                     : defibr(ofdipl);
                 thread_switch();
                 enqueue (disk_waitq, CurrentThread
                 startIO(); // start disk operati
 mask disk interrupt
          Solution
                                int disk_write(...) {
              Improved Disk I/O
```



```
when all interrupts blocked

    RunQueue only accessed

              (disk interrupt enabled)
                                                   seribr (orgibr);
              thread and set IPL to 0
                                     CurrentThread-
           z then we switch to this other
                                    swapcontext (OldThread->con
           - onk oldipe set to diskipe
                                    CurrentThread = dequeue(Ru
          Now we call thread_switch()
                                    OldThread = CurrentThread;
                                // We found a runnable threau
                O of the Si Taipto sti =
                   O/I gniob fon e'fi ==
                                              sefibr(HIGH_IPL);
               calls thread_switch()
                                                      sefIbr(0);
                                    // O means n
            Let's say that another thread
                                                BunQueue
            // repeatedly allow interrupts, then check
                                    while (queue_empty (RunQueue)
                   different thread!
                                    masking all inter
            - OTGIBE IS ING OTGIBE OIS
                                    // brotect access to Run
           O/I gniob fon a'staff breatf
                                    orgibr = setibr(Hich_Ibr);

    и счи ре имокед р
        »

                                                         int oldIPL;
                more tricky that it looks
                                             void thread_switch() {
  thread_t *OldThread;

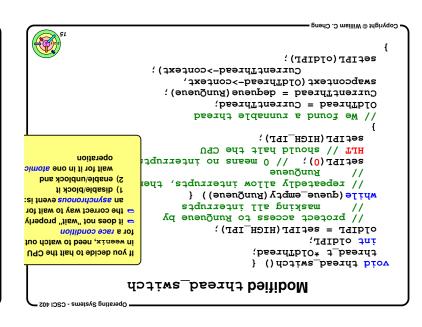
             This code is actually much
                  Modified thread_switch
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```

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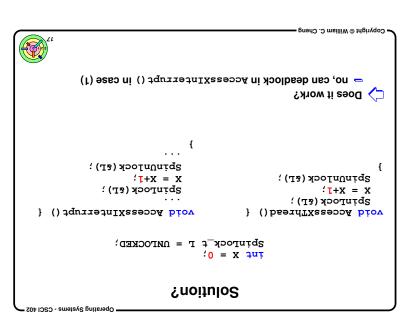
```
sefibr(ojdipl);
             CurrentThread->context);
                 swapcontext (OldThread->context,
              CurrentThread = dequeue (RunQueue);
                      OldThread = CurrentThread;
                   // We found a runnable thread
                             sefibr(High_Ibr);
setIPL(0); // 0 means no interrupts are masked
                              anənguny
     // repeatedly allow interrupts, then check
                  while (queue_empty (RunQueue)) {
                 masking all interrupts
              // brotect access to RunQueue by
                      ofdipL = setipL(HIGH_IPL);
                                     int oldipl;
                            Modified thread_switch
```

```
ŢИI∱
                                       (2)
        (3)
                                   (I)
                             access the same data structure
         4) another thread running on another processor might
                             access the same data structure
    3) an interrupt handler running on another processor might
           this thread and accesses the same data structure
 2) another thread running on the same processor may preempt
                           accesses the same data structure
     1) an interrupt handler running on the same processor that
Recall asynchronous activies that may require concurrency control
                                                Chat's different?
                     Preemptive Kernels
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```

data Memory



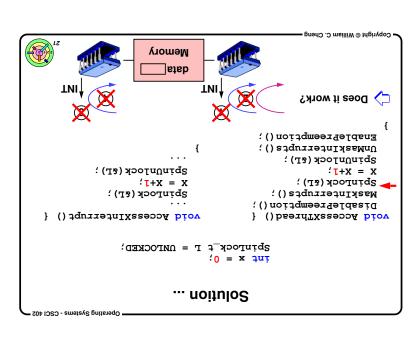
```
Memory
                    atab
                          ŢИI∱
                                (5)
                                          Does it work?
     (3)
                            (1)
                                   EnablePreemption();
                                   numaskInterrupts();
                                        SpinUnlock (&L);
        SpinUnlock (&L);
                                               t + x = x
                                          SpinLock (&L);
               t + x = x
          SpinLock (&L);
                                      WaskInterrupts();
                                  DisablePreemption();
                                  } () bseatThread() {
} () durierrupt() {
             2binlock_t r = UNLOCKED;
                           t_0 = x qut
                     Solution ...
```



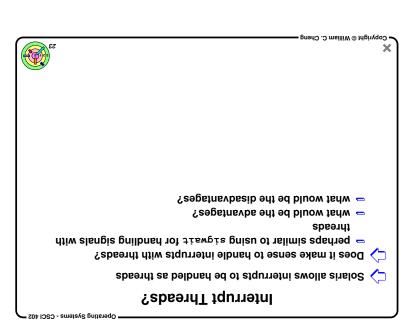
```
Memory
                   atab
                         ŢИI∱
                                          Does it work?
     (E)
                                   EnablePreemption();
                                   UnMaskInterrupts();
                                       SpinUnlock (&L);
        Spinunlock (&L);
                                              t + x = x
               t_{x} = x + t
                                         Spinlock (&L);
          Spinlock (&L);
                                     Waskinterrupts();
                                  DisablePreemption();
                                  void AccessXThread() {
} () durierrupt() {
            Sb_{T} v = NN CCKED
                           t_0 = x qut
                     ... noitulo2
```

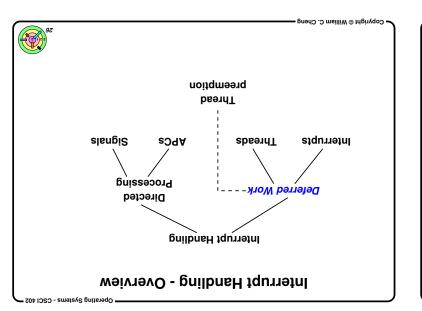
```
Memory
                  data
                        TNI↑
                                       Does it work?
    (E)
                          (L)
                                 EnablePreemption();
                                 UnMaskInterrupts();
                                     SpinUnlock (&L);
        SpinUnlock (&L);
                                           t + x = x
              t_{x} = x + t
                                       Spinlock (&L);
                                   Waskinterrupts();
         SpinLock (&L);
                                DisablePreemption();
                                void AccessXThread() {
Sb_{T} v = NN CCKED
                         t_0 = x qut
                    ... noitulo2
```

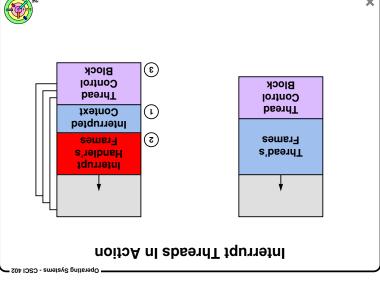
```
Memory
                       aatab
                                                      sək 💳
                              TNI∱
                                                Does it work?
                                        EnablePreemption();
                                        UnMaskInterrupts();
                                             SpinUnlock (&L);
           SpinUnlock (&L);
                                                    t + x = x
                   t_{x} = x + t
                                               Spinlock (&L);
             SpinLock (&L);
                                          WaskInterrupts();
                                       DisablePreemption();
 void AccessXInterrupt() {
                                       void AccessXThread() {
               2binlock_t r = UNLOCKED;
                               i_0 = x qui
                         ... noitulo2
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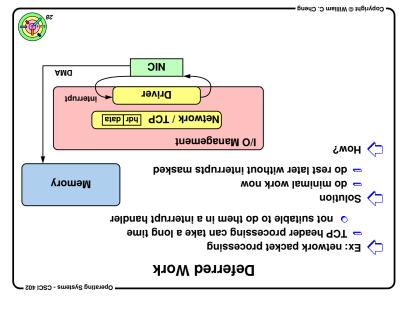


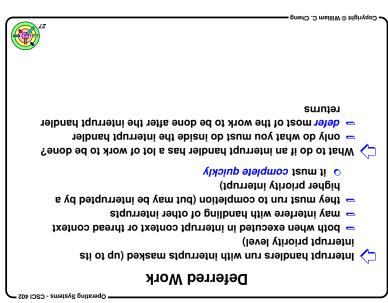
```
| Interrupt Threads
| Void Interrupt Handler() {
| Void Interrupt Handler() {
| Void Interrupt | Void Interrupt |
| Void Interrupt | Void | V
```

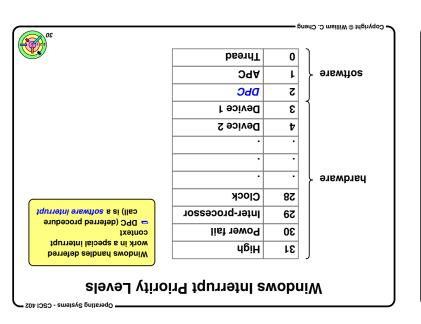


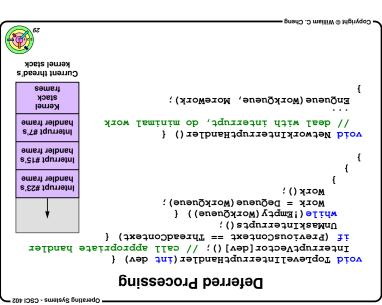












```
Software Interrupt Threads

Linux handles deferred work in a special kernel thread

Linux handles deferred work in a special kernel thread

void InterruptHandler() {

Void InterruptHandler() {

EnQueue (WorkQueue, MoreWork);

SetEvent (Work);

yoid SoftwareInterruptThread() {

while (TRUE) {

WaitEvent (Work)

WaitEvent (Work)

WaitEvent (Work)

Work = DeQueue (WorkQueue)) {

Work = DeQueue (WorkQueue);

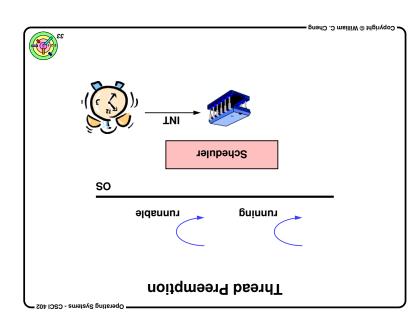
Work = DeQueue (WorkQueue);

Work = DeQueue (WorkQueue);

Work = DeQueue (WorkQueue);
```

```
Preemption: User-Level Only

| Mon-preemptive kernel | preempt only threads running in user mode | order only threads running in user mode | order took-interrupt happens, just set a global flag | void ClockHandler() | {
| void ClockHandler() | {
| void ClockHandler() | interrupt | viterrupt |
```



```
Preemptive Kernel

preemptive kernel

preemptive kernel

preemption can happen for a kernel thread

processor when the processor is about to return to the thread's

context

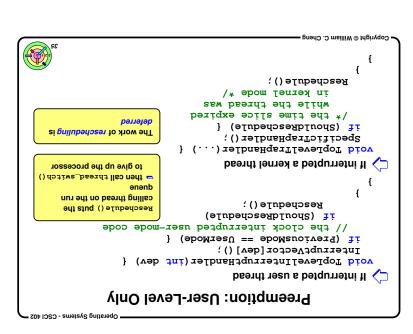
processor when the processor is about to return to the thread's

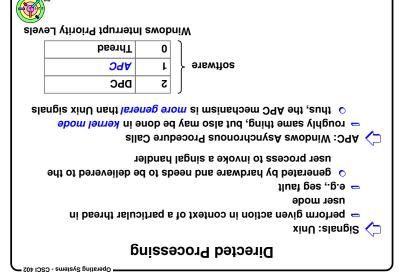
context

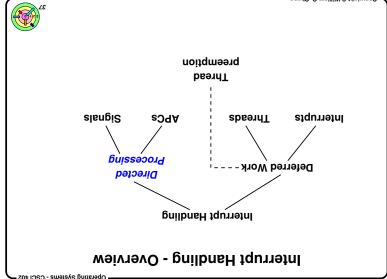
context

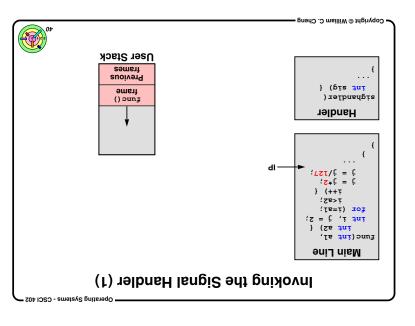
void ClockInterruptHandler() {

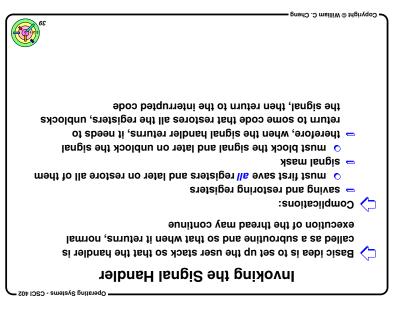
void ClockInterruptHandler()
```

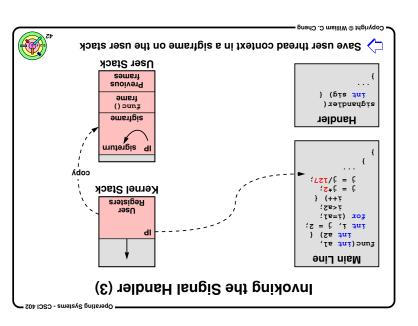


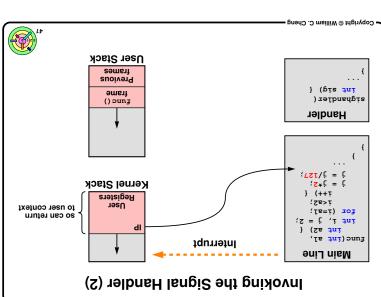


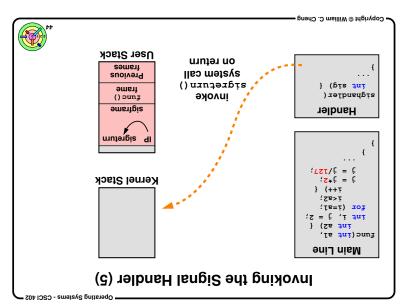


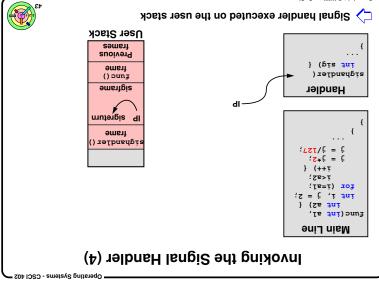


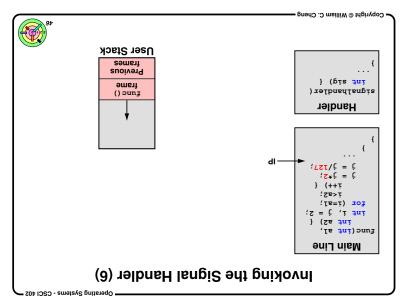


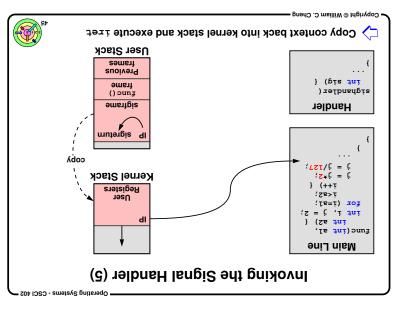


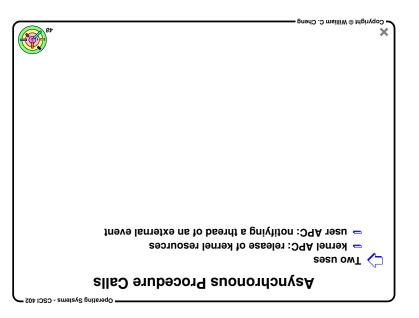


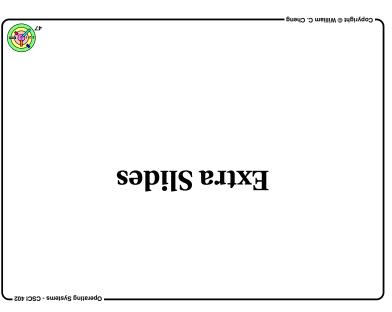












### **User APC**

- example: asynchronous I/O Motifying thread of external event

- thread supplies completion routine when starting
- = called in thread's context when I/O completes asynchronous I/O request
- o called only when thread is in alertable wait state o similar to a Unix signal
- an option in certain blocking system calls





interrupt handler cannot free storage for buffer and control Release of kernel resources

- can't be done unless in context of process blocks until info passed to process

otherwise address space not mapped in

interrupt handler requests kernel APC to have thread,

blocks and then free them running in kernel mode, absorb into in buffer and control

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## APC Implementation

- on notification, thread executes them Per-thread list of pending APCs

CA 198U C

APCs when it returns to user mode - thread in alertable state is woken up and executes pending

JAA lənıəl 🗘

vinoing thread interrupted by APA interrupt (lowest priority

execute pending kernel APCs "baiting thread is "unwaited" interrupt)