Parent material and climate interact to control soil carbon dynamics on timescales from years to centuries

J. Beem-Miller

October 13, 2021

Contents

ntroduction	1
Hypotheses	2
/Iethods	2
Results	3
Depth profiles	3
ANOVĀ	3
Bulk soil	
Respired CO_2	
Marginal mean trends: 2001-2019	
Bulk soil	
10-20cm	
	14
Respired CO_2	17
0-10cm	
10-20cm	
20-30cm	

Introduction

- Parent material key factor affecting radiocarbon content of bulk soil
- \bullet Development and persistence of poorly crystalline minerals associated with depleted $^{14}{\rm C}$ content of soil organic matter, i.e. soil C persistence
- Decomposition rates increase with temperature, suggesting 14 C of heterotrophically respired 14 C will be closer to atmospheric 14 C in warmer sites than in colder sites
- Climate and parent material interact on geologic timescales: weathering leads to formation of poorly crystalline minerals but eventually to degradation of these minerals over time, e.g. poorly crystalline mineral content is highest in intermediate stages of soil development
- How do these interactions affect the balance of C stocks stored in soils?

[NB: should show C stocks, i.e. context for 14C trends]

Hypotheses

- 1. Parent material will explain more of the variance in the change over time for bulk soil Δ^{14} C than climate, because parent material controls Δ^{14} C of the slow cycling soil C that dominates the bulk Δ^{14} C signal.
- 2. Climate will explain more of the variance in the change over time for respired soil $\Delta^{14}\text{C-CO}_2$ than parent material, as climate controls $\Delta^{14}\text{C}$ of the fast cycling soil C that dominates the respired $\Delta^{14}\text{C-CO}_2$ signal.
- 3. Change in bulk soil Δ^{14} C over time will be greatest in soils developed on granite soils and least in soils developed on andesite (GR > BS > AN)
- 4. Change in respired $\Delta^{14}\text{C-CO}_2$ over time will be greatest in the warm climate sites and least in the cold climate sites (warm > cool > cold)
- 5. Parent material will not affect the change in respired $\Delta^{14}\text{C-CO}_2$ over time (AN = BS = GR)

Methods

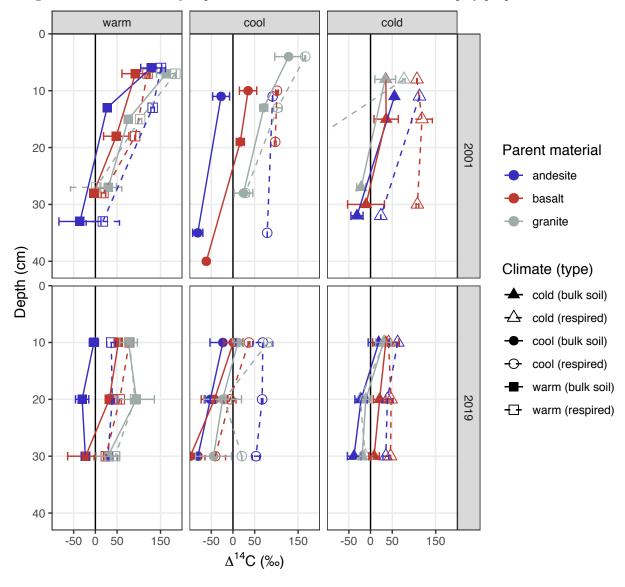
I constructed linear models for $\Delta^{14}\mathrm{C}$ of bulk soil C and heterotrophically respired CO_2 as function of parent material (PM), climate (CL), and year. I considered both the two-way and three-way interactions, using models of the form: $\mathrm{Im}(\mathrm{d}14\mathrm{c}\sim\mathrm{PM}\ast\mathrm{CL}\ast\mathrm{year})$. Prior to modeling I interpolated the 2001 and 2009 $\Delta^{14}\mathrm{C}$ data to the 2019 sampling depths using a mass-preserving spline weighted by carbon stocks. In order to simplify the analysis and focus on the change in $\Delta^{14}\mathrm{C}$ over time as a function of parent material and climate, I modeled each depth increment separately. I focused on the top 30cm only (i.e. 0-10cm, 10-20cm, and 20-30cm depth increments) owing to a lack of data from the 2001 sampling for depths below this depth.

Results

Depth profiles

Fig. 1. Depth profiles of $\Delta^{14}\mathrm{C}$ of bulk soil and respired $\mathrm{CO_2}$

Bulk soil points show the mean of three replicate profiles. We composited the profile replicates prior to incubation, and respired data points show the mean of laboratory duplicates. Error bars show ± 1 SD for bulk soils and the min. and max. for respired CO₂. Respired CO₂ from the cold granite soil was extremely depleted in Δ^{14} C and thus is excluded for display purposes.



ANOVA

Bulk soil

Both parent material and climate are significant factors for explaining the variance in bulk soil Δ^{14} C at all depths (Table 1, Table 2, Table 3). Climate explains more of the variance at the surface (0-10cm) than does

parent material (31.4% and 14.1%, for climate and parent material, respectively) (Table 1). Below 10cm in depth the relative importance of these two factors reverses, with parent material explaining more variance than climate (Table 2). At the deepest depth (20-30cm) parent material explains 25% of variance in bulk soil Δ^{14} C compared to 11.4% for climate (Table 3). The two-way interaction between parent material and climate is significant in the top 20cm (p < 0.05), but not at the deepest depth.

Year is highly significant at the surface (p < 0.0001, Table 1), but is only marginally significant in the deeper soil layers (p < 0.10) (Table 2, Table 3). Interestingly, the two-way interaction between climate and year is much more significant than the interaction between parent material and year at all depths. This appears to be driven by the strong decrease in cool site Δ^{14} C over time relative to the warm or cold sites (**Fig. 16b**).

Overall, the models explains less of the variance in the data deeper in the soil: 73%, 61%, and 56% for 0-10cm, 10-20cm, and 20-30cm, respectively (Table 1, Table 2, Table 3).

 $NB\ in\ subsequent\ tables\ "ECO" = climate$

0-10cm

Table 1. ANOVA: Bulk soil, 0-10cm

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: d14c
##
               Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                                  Pr(>F)
## PM
                2
                    15008 7503.8 13.0156 0.00003627015 ***
## ECO
                   33394 16696.8 28.9612 0.00000000942 ***
                    19132 19132.2 33.1856 0.00000075761 ***
## year
                1
## PM:ECO
                4
                    14680
                           3669.9
                                   6.3656
                                               0.0003934 ***
                2
## PM:year
                    2690
                           1344.9
                                   2.3328
                                               0.1089146
## ECO:year
                2
                    6715
                           3357.4
                                   5.8236
                                               0.0057044 **
## PM:ECO:year
                4
                    10691
                           2672.7
                                   4.6360
                                               0.0032831 **
## Residuals
               44
                    25367
                            576.5
## ---
                   0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
```

10-20cm

Table 2. ANOVA: Bulk soil, 10-20cm

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: d14c
##
               Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                                 Pr(>F)
## PM
                   33732 16865.9 21.6126 0.0000002896 ***
## ECO
                   23144 11572.1 14.8289 0.0000119436 ***
                2
##
  year
                1
                     3155
                           3155.0
                                   4.0430
                                                0.05051 .
## PM:ECO
                4
                    11619
                           2904.7
                                   3.7222
                                                0.01077 *
## PM:year
                2
                            377.5
                                   0.4838
                                                0.61969
                      755
## ECO:year
                2
                           2195.0
                                                0.07087 .
                     4390
                                   2.8128
                4
                     9617
                           2404.2
                                   3.0809
                                                0.02542 *
## PM:ECO:year
## Residuals
               44
                   34336
                            780.4
## ---
## Signif. codes:
                   0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

20-30cm

Table 3. ANOVA: Bulk soil, 20-30cm

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: d14c
##
               Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                                Pr(>F)
## PM
                   26591 13295.6 17.2538 0.000002937 ***
## ECO
                 2
                    12157
                           6078.6
                                   7.8882
                                             0.0011812 **
## year
                 1
                     2840
                           2839.8
                                   3.6852
                                             0.0613973
## PM:ECO
                 4
                     4880
                           1220.0
                                   1.5832
                                             0.1955863
                 2
## PM:year
                     4623
                           2311.4
                                   2.9996
                                             0.0600877 .
                 2
## ECO:year
                    13699
                           6849.5
                                   8.8886
                                             0.0005724 ***
## PM:ECO:year
                4
                     7525
                           1881.3
                                   2.4413
                                             0.0607447 .
## Residuals
                    33906
                            770.6
## ---
                   0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
```

Respired CO₂

The relative importance of parent material and climate for explaining the variance in $\Delta^{14}\text{C-CO}_2$ changes with depth in a similar manner as it does for bulk soil. Climate explains more of the variance in $\Delta^{14}\text{C-CO}_2$ at the surface (0-10cm) than does parent material (Table 4). Unlike bulk soil, however, parent material is not significant for $\Delta^{14}\text{C-CO}_2$ at the surface at all. Both parent material and climate are significant (p < 0.0005) for $\Delta^{14}\text{C-CO}_2$ at the 10-20cm depth, but parent material explains more variance than does climate (Table 5). At the deepest depth (20-30cm) climate is no longer a significant predictor of $\Delta^{14}\text{C-CO}_2$ at all, while parent material is strongly significant (p = 0.006) (Table 6).

Year is highly significant for 0-10cm and 10-20cm (p < 0.0001), but not significant at 20-30cm (p = 0.0950). The two-way interaction between climate and year is significant at all depths, while the two-way interaction between parent material and year is significant below 10cm.

Overall the models explained more variance in respired $\Delta^{14}\text{C-CO}_2$ than in bulk soil $\Delta^{14}\text{C}$. The $\Delta^{14}\text{C-CO}_2$ models explained a similar amount of the variance at the 0-10cm and 10-20cm depths (R² of 0.86 and 0.89, respectively), and slightly less at the deepest depth (R² = 0.70).

0-10cm

Table 4. ANOVA: Respired CO_2 , 0-10cm

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: d14c
##
               Df
                   Sum Sq Mean Sq
                                    F value
                                                      Pr(>F)
## PM
                 2
                     242.0
                             121.0
                                      0.4881
                                                    0.621700
## ECO
                   9092.1
                            4546.1
                                    18.3402 0.000045390627 ***
                 1 28816.0 28816.0 116.2528 0.000000002769 ***
## year
                                     12.3992 0.000051182369 ***
## PM:ECO
                  12293.8
                            3073.4
## PM:year
                 2
                             192.4
                     384.9
                                      0.7763
                                                    0.474891
## ECO:year
                 2
                    2558.1
                            1279.1
                                      5.1601
                                                    0.016927 *
## PM:ECO:year
                4
                    5930.1
                            1482.5
                                      5.9810
                                                    0.003042 **
## Residuals
                             247.9
               18
                    4461.7
## ---
                   0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
```

10-20cm

Table 5. ANOVA: Respired CO₂, 10-20cm

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: d14c
##
                   Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                                 Pr(>F)
## PM
                2
                   9874.1
                            4937.1 19.0794 0.000058023 ***
## ECO
                2
                   6767.7
                            3383.9 13.0770
                                              0.0004308 ***
## year
                1
                   9203.2
                            9203.2 35.5661 0.000019838 ***
## PM:ECO
                4 26135.3
                            6533.8 25.2502 0.000000967 ***
## PM:year
                2
                            2795.5 10.8032
                   5591.0
                                              0.0010736 **
## ECO:year
                2
                   6143.9
                            3072.0 11.8717
                                              0.0006900 ***
## PM:ECO:year
                            2093.8 8.0917
                4
                   8375.3
                                              0.0009112 ***
## Residuals
                   4140.2
                             258.8
               16
## ---
                   0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Signif. codes:
```

20-30cm

Table 6. ANOVA: Respired CO₂, 20-30cm

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Response: d14c
##
                   Sum Sq Mean Sq F value
                                              Pr(>F)
## PM
                2 13960.7
                           6980.3 7.0583 0.0063461 **
## ECO
                   4015.6
                           2007.8 2.0302 0.1637711
## year
                    174.8
                            174.8
                                   0.1767 0.6798018
                1
## PM:ECO
                4 28563.3
                           7140.8
                                   7.2206 0.0016036 **
## PM:year
                2 21957.6 10978.8 11.1015 0.0009466 ***
## ECO:year
                2 15561.6
                           7780.8
                                  7.8678 0.0041744 **
## PM:ECO:year
                4
                   9420.2
                           2355.1
                                   2.3814 0.0949814 .
## Residuals
               16 15823.2
                             988.9
## Signif. codes:
                   0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

Marginal mean trends: 2001-2019

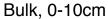
The next set of plots show least-square mean estimates of trends within parent material and climate groups for the time period 2001 to 2019. Plots are shown for each depth increment. The first two plots show the full model with interactions between parent material and climate. The same curves are shown twice, but grouped differently to emphasize differences across each level of the grouping factors. Finally, I show the estimated trend and associated confidence intervals for the change in Δ^{14} C over time averaged across either parent material or climate. Raw data are shown as points.

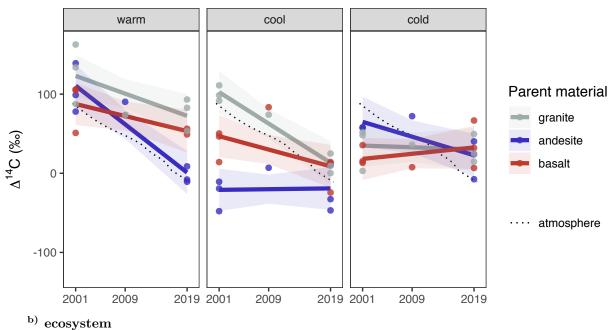
Following each plot I show the contrasts for the slope estimates within parent material and climate groups. The first set of numbers show marginal means estimated within groups; second set of numbers show the contrasts, i.e. are the trends over time significantly different between different parent materials or climate conditions?

Bulk soil

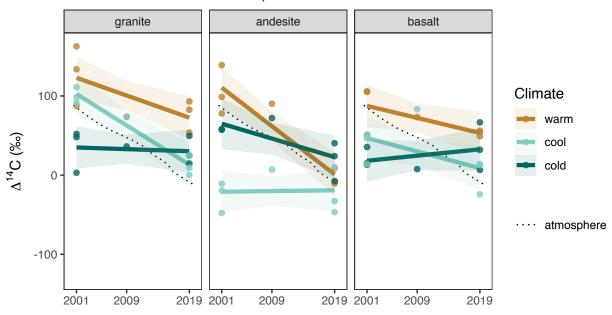
0-10cm

Fig. 2. a) parent material





Bulk, 0-10cm



We can see the strong effect of ecosystem on the temporal trend in bulk soil Δ^{14} C clearly in Fig. 2. ^{a)}. Curves are much steeper at the warm site for all three parent materials, while they are nearly flat at the coldest site. However, at the cool site we can also see the effect of parent material within the climate grouping. The steepest slope and the most enriched Δ^{14} C is seen in the granite soils, while the andesite soils show no change in Δ^{14} C over time and are also much less enriched. Overall, rates of change in granite and basalt soils were not significantly different in any of the ecosystems. However, the andsite soils are changing significantly

faster than the basalt soils at the warmest sites and significantly slower than the granite soils at the cool sites (Table 7).

For the andesite soils we see faster changes over time for the warm site relative to the cool and cold sites when considering the contrasts between climates within parent materials (p = 0.0006, and p = 0.0657 respectively) (Fig. 5b, Table 8). For the granite soils, however, we see significantly (p = 0.0105) faster rates of change at the cool sites than at either the warm or the cold sites.

Table 7. Bulk soil, 0-10cm: Parent material trends within ecosystem

```
## [1] "Interactions, PM | ECO"
## $emtrends
## ECO = warm:
      year.trend SE df lower.CL upper.CL
   granite
           -2.802 1.09 44
                            -5.00 -0.6088
## andesite
              -6.088 1.09 44
                              -8.28 -3.8951
## basalt
              -1.899 1.09 44
                              -4.09 0.2939
##
## ECO = cool:
## PM year.trend SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## granite
             -4.961 1.09 44
                              -7.15 - 2.7679
                              -2.09
              0.103 1.09 44
                                     2.2961
## andesite
## basalt
              -2.116 1.09 44
                              -4.31 0.0775
##
## ECO = cold:
## PM
                      SE df lower.CL upper.CL
           year.trend
## granite
            -0.264 1.09 44
                              -2.46
                                    1.9294
                              -4.78 0.0911
## andesite
              -2.343 1.21 44
              0.802 1.09 44
## basalt
                              -1.39 2.9953
##
## Confidence level used: 0.95
##
## $contrasts
## ECO = warm:
## contrast
                             SE df t.ratio p.value
                    estimate
## granite - andesite 3.286 1.54 44 2.135 0.0943
                    -0.903 1.54 44 -0.587 0.8280
## granite - basalt
## andesite - basalt -4.189 1.54 44 -2.722 0.0246
##
## ECO = cool:
## contrast
              estimate SE df t.ratio p.value
   granite - andesite -5.064 1.54 44 -3.291 0.0055
## andesite - basalt
                     2.219 1.54 44 1.442 0.3288
##
## ECO = cold:
## contrast
                  estimate
                             SE df t.ratio p.value
## granite - andesite 2.079 1.63 44 1.279 0.4144
   granite - basalt -1.066 1.54 44 -0.693 0.7690
## andesite - basalt -3.145 1.63 44 -1.935 0.1410
##
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 3 estimates
```

Table 8. Bulk soil, 0-10cm: Ecosystem trends within parent material

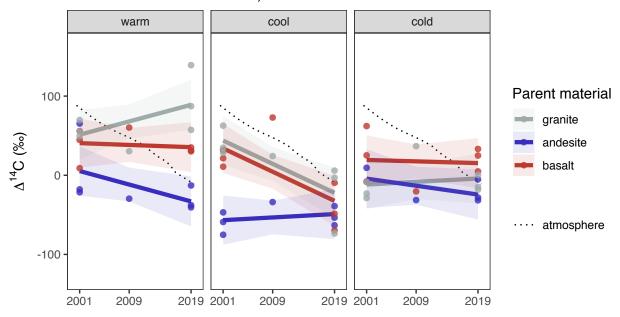
```
## [1] "Interactions, ECO | PM"
## $emtrends
## PM = granite:
  ECO year.trend SE df lower.CL upper.CL
          -2.802 1.09 44
                            -5.00 -0.6088
  warm
           -4.961 1.09 44
                            -7.15 -2.7679
## cool
## cold
           -0.264 1.09 44
                            -2.46 1.9294
##
## PM = andesite:
## ECO year.trend
                    SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## warm -6.088 1.09 44
                            -8.28 -3.8951
           0.103 1.09 44
## cool
                            -2.09 2.2961
## cold
           -2.343 1.21 44
                            -4.78 0.0911
##
## PM = basalt:
  ECO year.trend SE df lower.CL upper.CL
           -1.899 1.09 44
                            -4.09
                                   0.2939
## warm
            -2.116 1.09 44
                            -4.31 0.0775
##
   cool
## cold
            0.802 1.09 44
                            -1.39 2.9953
##
## Confidence level used: 0.95
##
## $contrasts
## PM = granite:
## contrast
            estimate SE df t.ratio p.value
## warm - cool 2.159 1.54 44 1.403 0.3482
## warm - cold -2.538 1.54 44 -1.649 0.2362
## cool - cold -4.697 1.54 44 -3.052 0.0105
##
## PM = andesite:
  contrast
            estimate
                         SE df t.ratio p.value
## warm - cool -6.191 1.54 44 -4.023 0.0006
   warm - cold -3.746 1.63 44 -2.304 0.0657
##
  cool - cold 2.446 1.63 44 1.504 0.2987
##
## PM = basalt:
## contrast estimate
                         SE df t.ratio p.value
## warm - cool 0.216 1.54 44 0.141 0.9892
## warm - cold -2.701 1.54 44 -1.755 0.1966
## cool - cold -2.918 1.54 44 -1.896 0.1518
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 3 estimates
```

10-20cm

Interaction plots

Fig. 3. a) parent material

Bulk, 10-20cm



$^{\rm b)}$ ecosystem

Bulk, 10-20cm

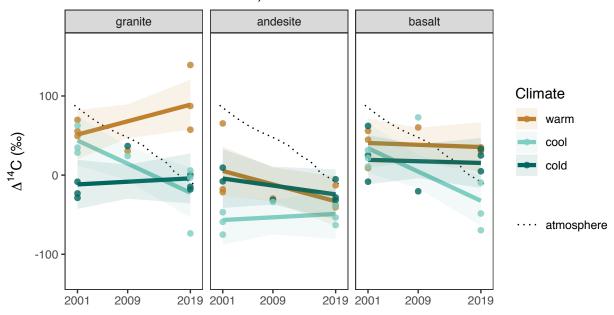


Table 9. Bulk soil, 10-20cm: Parent material trends within ecosystem

```
## [1] "Interactions, PM | ECO"
## $emtrends
## ECO = warm:
       year.trend SE df lower.CL upper.CL
   granite
           2.099 1.27 44
                             -0.452
                                        4.651
## andesite
               -2.133 1.27 44
                              -4.685
                                        0.418
## basalt
               -0.283 1.27 44
                             -2.835
                                        2.268
##
## ECO = cool:
## PM year.trend SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## granite
             -3.664 1.27 44
                              -6.215
               0.430 1.27 44
                               -2.122
                                        2.981
## andesite
## basalt
               -3.686 1.27 44
                             -6.238
                                      -1.135
##
## ECO = cold:
## PM
                       SE df lower.CL upper.CL
           year.trend
## granite
             0.424 1.27 44
                              -2.127
                                        2.976
## andesite
               -1.117 1.40 44
                             -3.948
                                        1.715
               -0.219 1.27 44 -2.770
## basalt
                                        2.333
##
## Confidence level used: 0.95
##
## $contrasts
## ECO = warm:
## contrast
                     estimate
                               SE df t.ratio p.value
## granite - andesite 4.2323 1.79 44 2.364 0.0575
                      2.3823 1.79 44 1.331 0.3861
## granite - basalt
## andesite - basalt -1.8500 1.79 44 -1.033 0.5601
##
## ECO = cool:
## contrast
                     estimate SE df t.ratio p.value
   granite - andesite -4.0935 1.79 44 -2.286 0.0683
## granite - basalt 0.0223 1.79 44 0.012 0.9999
## andesite - basalt 4.1158 1.79 44 2.299 0.0665
##
## ECO = cold:
## contrast
                   estimate
                               SE df t.ratio p.value
## granite - andesite 1.5408 1.89 44 0.815 0.6960
                     0.6429 1.79 44 0.359 0.9315
   granite - basalt
## andesite - basalt -0.8979 1.89 44 -0.475 0.8835
##
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 3 estimates
```

Table 10. Bulk soil, 10-20cm: Ecosystem trends within parent material

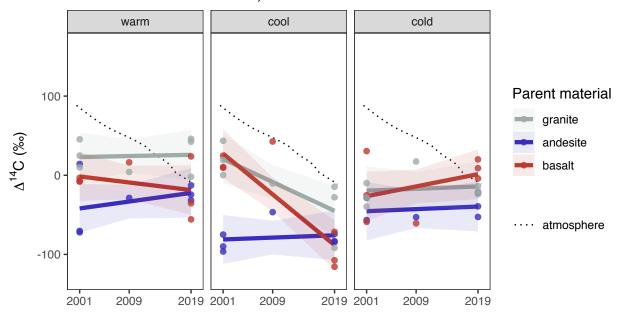
```
## [1] "Interactions, ECO | PM"
## $emtrends
## PM = granite:
  ECO year.trend SE df lower.CL upper.CL
          2.099 1.27 44
                           -0.452
  warm
                                    4.651
           -3.664 1.27 44
                            -6.215
                                    -1.112
## cool
## cold
            0.424 1.27 44
                          -2.127
                                     2.976
##
## PM = andesite:
## ECO year.trend
                   SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## warm -2.133 1.27 44
                          -4.685
                                    0.418
## cool
                          -2.122
                                     2.981
           0.430 1.27 44
## cold
           -1.117 1.40 44
                          -3.948
                                   1.715
##
## PM = basalt:
  ECO year.trend SE df lower.CL upper.CL
           -0.283 1.27 44
                           -2.835
## warm
                                     2.268
                            -6.238
##
   cool
            -3.686 1.27 44
                                    -1.135
## cold
           -0.219 1.27 44
                          -2.770
                                     2.333
##
## Confidence level used: 0.95
##
## $contrasts
## PM = granite:
              estimate SE df t.ratio p.value
## contrast
## warm - cool 5.7630 1.79 44 3.219 0.0067
## warm - cold 1.6749 1.79 44 0.935 0.6210
## cool - cold -4.0880 1.79 44 -2.283 0.0688
##
## PM = andesite:
  contrast
              estimate
                         SE df t.ratio p.value
## warm - cool -2.5628 1.79 44 -1.431 0.3339
   warm - cold -1.0166 1.89 44 -0.538 0.8533
##
  cool - cold 1.5462 1.89 44 0.818 0.6942
##
## PM = basalt:
   contrast estimate
                         SE df t.ratio p.value
##
## warm - cool 3.4030 1.79 44 1.901 0.1505
## warm - cold -0.0645 1.79 44 -0.036 0.9993
## cool - cold -3.4675 1.79 44 -1.937 0.1405
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 3 estimates
```

20-30cm

Interaction plots

Fig. 4. a) parent material

Bulk, 20-30cm



$^{\rm b)}$ ecosystem

Bulk, 20-30cm

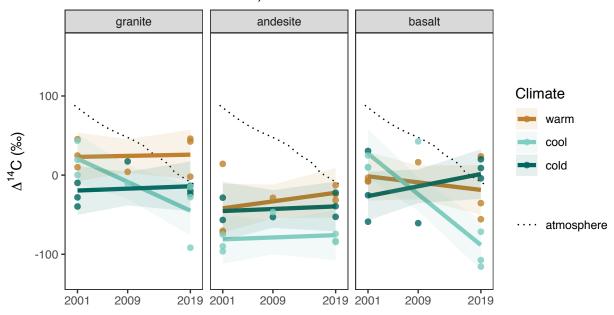


Table 11. Bulk soil, 20-30cm: Parent material trends within ecosystem

```
## [1] "Interactions, PM | ECO"
## $emtrends
## ECO = warm:
       year.trend SE df lower.CL upper.CL
   granite
            0.157 1.26 44
                               -2.378
                                          2.69
               1.089 1.26 44
                               -1.447
                                         3.62
## andesite
## basalt
               -0.954 1.26 44
                               -3.490
                                         1.58
##
## ECO = cool:
## PM
                        SE df lower.CL upper.CL
      year.trend
## granite
              -3.644 1.26 44
                               -6.180
               0.293 1.26 44
                               -2.242
                                         2.83
## andesite
## basalt
               -6.417 1.26 44
                              -8.952
                                         -3.88
##
## ECO = cold:
## PM
           year.trend
                        SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## granite
              0.298 1.26 44
                              -2.238
                                          2.83
                                          3.14
## andesite
               0.326 1.40 44
                              -2.488
               1.551 1.26 44
                              -0.985
## basalt
                                         4.09
##
## Confidence level used: 0.95
##
## $contrasts
## ECO = warm:
## contrast
                     estimate SE df t.ratio p.value
## granite - andesite -0.9313 1.78 44 -0.523 0.8603
                      1.1118 1.78 44 0.625 0.8073
## granite - basalt
## andesite - basalt
                      2.0431 1.78 44 1.148 0.4900
##
## ECO = cool:
## contrast
                     estimate SE df t.ratio p.value
   granite - andesite -3.9373 1.78 44 -2.213 0.0801
## granite - basalt 2.7726 1.78 44 1.558 0.2743
## andesite - basalt
                       6.7099 1.78 44 3.771 0.0014
##
## ECO = cold:
## contrast
                    estimate
                               SE df t.ratio p.value
## granite - andesite -0.0284 1.88 44 -0.015 0.9999
   granite - basalt
                      -1.2528 1.78 44 -0.704 0.7623
## andesite - basalt -1.2243 1.88 44 -0.651 0.7925
##
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 3 estimates
```

Table 12. Bulk soil, 20-30cm: Ecosystem trends within parent material

```
## [1] "Interactions, ECO | PM"
## $emtrends
## PM = granite:
  ECO year.trend SE df lower.CL upper.CL
          0.157 1.26 44
                            -2.378
  warm
                                      2.69
            -3.644 1.26 44
                                      -1.11
## cool
                            -6.180
## cold
            0.298 1.26 44
                            -2.238
                                      2.83
##
## PM = andesite:
## ECO year.trend
                   SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## warm 1.089 1.26 44
                            -1.447
                                      3.62
            0.293 1.26 44
## cool
                            -2.242
                                      2.83
## cold
            0.326 1.40 44
                            -2.488
                                      3.14
##
## PM = basalt:
  ECO year.trend SE df lower.CL upper.CL
            -0.954 1.26 44
                           -3.490
                                     1.58
## warm
            -6.417 1.26 44
                            -8.952
##
   cool
                                      -3.88
## cold
            1.551 1.26 44
                           -0.985
                                      4.09
##
## Confidence level used: 0.95
##
## $contrasts
## PM = granite:
## contrast
              estimate SE df t.ratio p.value
## warm - cool 3.8016 1.78 44 2.137 0.0941
## warm - cold -0.1405 1.78 44 -0.079 0.9966
## cool - cold -3.9420 1.78 44 -2.216 0.0796
##
## PM = andesite:
  contrast
              estimate
                         SE df t.ratio p.value
## warm - cool 0.7956 1.78 44 0.447 0.8959
   warm - cold 0.7625 1.88 44 0.406 0.9134
  cool - cold -0.0331 1.88 44 -0.018 0.9998
##
##
## PM = basalt:
## contrast
            estimate
                         SE df t.ratio p.value
## warm - cool 5.4623 1.78 44 3.070 0.0100
## warm - cold -2.5050 1.78 44 -1.408 0.3456
## cool - cold -7.9674 1.78 44 -4.478 0.0002
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 3 estimates
```

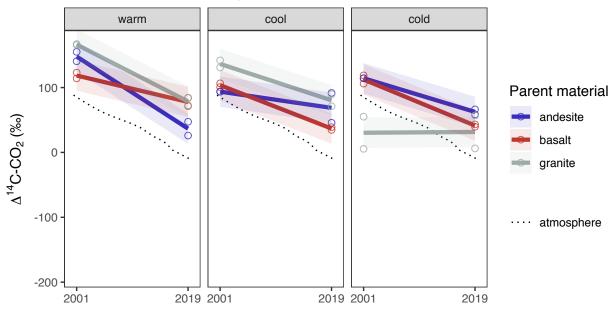
Respired CO_2

0-10cm

Interaction plots

Fig. 5. a) parent material

Respired, 0-10cm



$^{\rm b)}$ ecosystem

Respired, 0-10cm

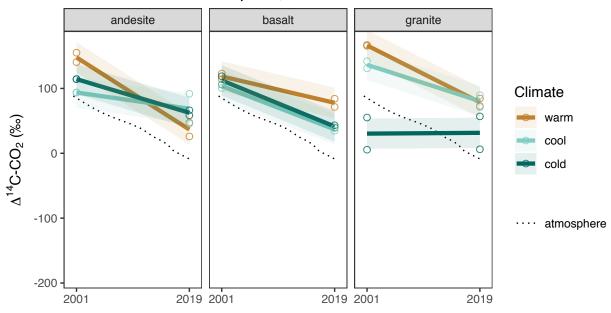


Table 13. Respired CO₂, 0-10cm: Parent material trends within ecosystem

```
## [1] "Interactions, PM | ECO"
## $emtrends
## ECO = warm:
## PM year.trend
                       SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## andesite -6.177 0.875 18 -8.01
                                      -4.340
             -2.265 0.875 18
                               -4.10
                                     -0.427
## basalt
## granite
              -4.873 0.875 18
                               -6.71 -3.036
##
## ECO = cool:
## PM year.trend
                       SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## andesite -1.390 0.875 18
                               -3.23
              -3.711 0.875 18
                               -5.55
                                     -1.873
## basalt
## granite
              -3.114 0.875 18
                               -4.95
                                     -1.276
##
## ECO = cold:
## PM
                       SE df lower.CL upper.CL
           year.trend
                               -4.72
## andesite -2.884 0.875 18
                                     -1.046
## basalt
              -3.946 0.875 18
                               -5.78
                                     -2.108
              0.067 0.875 18 -1.77 1.905
## granite
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: year
## Confidence level used: 0.95
##
## $contrasts
## ECO = warm:
## contrast
                estimate
                             SE df t.ratio p.value
## andesite - granite -1.304 1.24 18 -1.054 0.5535
## basalt - granite
                     2.608 1.24 18 2.109 0.1161
##
## ECO = cool:
## contrast
                             SE df t.ratio p.value
                   estimate
## andesite - basalt 2.321 1.24 18 1.877 0.1741
## andesite - granite 1.724 1.24 18 1.394 0.3648
## basalt - granite
                     -0.597 1.24 18 -0.483 0.8803
##
## ECO = cold:
## contrast
                   estimate
                             SE df t.ratio p.value
## andesite - basalt 1.062 1.24 18 0.859 0.6724
## andesite - granite -2.951 1.24 18 -2.385 0.0693
## basalt - granite
                     -4.013 1.24 18 -3.244 0.0119
## Results are averaged over the levels of: year
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 3 estimates
```

Table 14. Respired CO₂, 0-10cm: Ecosystem trends within parent material

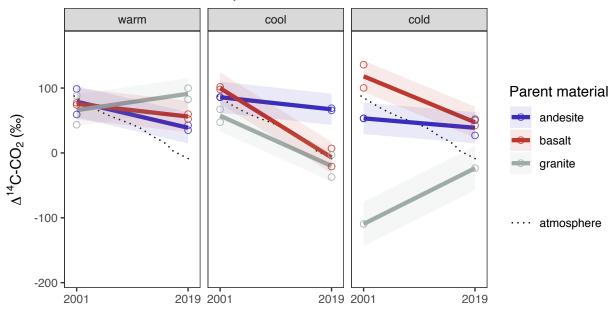
```
## [1] "Interactions, ECO | PM"
## $emtrends
## PM = andesite:
## ECO year.trend SE df lower.CL upper.CL
  warm -6.177 0.875 18
                           -8.01
                                    -4.340
          -1.390 0.875 18
                                     0.448
## cool
                             -3.23
## cold
           -2.884 0.875 18
                             -4.72
                                    -1.046
##
## PM = basalt:
## ECO year.trend
                     SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## warm -2.265 0.875 18
                             -4.10
## cool -3.711 0.875 18
                             -5.55
                                    -1.873
## cold -3.946 0.875 18
                             -5.78
                                    -2.108
##
## PM = granite:
  ECO year.trend SE df lower.CL upper.CL
           -4.873 0.875 18
                                    -3.036
## warm
                             -6.71
           -3.114 0.875 18
## cool
                             -4.95
                                    -1.276
## cold
            0.067 0.875 18
                             -1.77
                                     1.905
## Results are averaged over the levels of: year
## Confidence level used: 0.95
##
## $contrasts
## PM = andesite:
## contrast estimate
                         SE df t.ratio p.value
## warm - cool -4.788 1.24 18 -3.871 0.0031
## warm - cold -3.294 1.24 18 -2.663 0.0401
   cool - cold 1.494 1.24 18 1.208 0.4638
##
##
## PM = basalt:
## contrast estimate SE df t.ratio p.value
## warm - cool 1.446 1.24 18 1.169 0.4858
## warm - cold 1.681 1.24 18 1.359 0.3823
## cool - cold 0.235 1.24 18 0.190 0.9803
##
## PM = granite:
## contrast
            estimate
                         SE df t.ratio p.value
## warm - cool -1.759 1.24 18 -1.422 0.3509
## warm - cold -4.940 1.24 18 -3.994 0.0023
## cool - cold -3.181 1.24 18 -2.571 0.0481
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: year
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 3 estimates
```

10-20cm

Interaction plots

Fig. 6. a) parent material

Respired, 10-20cm



^{b)} ecosystem

Respired, 10-20cm

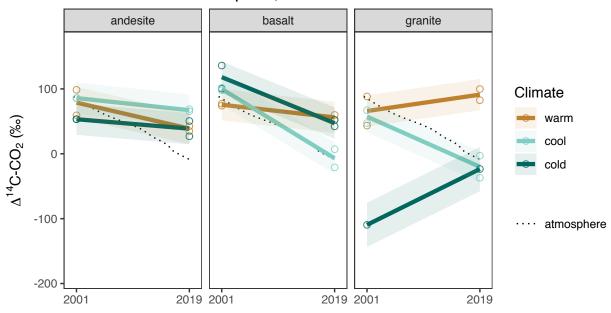


Table 15. Respired CO₂, 10-20cm: Parent material trends within ecosystem

```
## [1] "Interactions, PM | ECO"
## $emtrends
## ECO = warm:
## PM year.trend
                        SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## andesite -2.231 0.894 16
                              -4.126 -0.337
               -1.086 0.894 16
                              -2.981
                                         0.808
## basalt
## granite
               1.404 0.894 16
                               -0.491
                                         3.298
##
## ECO = cool:
## PM year.trend
                        SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## andesite -1.036 0.894 16
                               -2.930
               -5.933 0.894 16
                              -7.827
                                        -4.038
## basalt
               -4.299 0.894 16 -6.194
                                        -2.405
## granite
##
## ECO = cold:
## PM
                        SE df lower.CL upper.CL
           year.trend
                               -2.703
## andesite -0.808 0.894 16
                                        1.086
## basalt
               -3.939 0.894 16 -5.833
                                        -2.044
               4.780 1.264 16 2.101 7.459
## granite
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: year
## Confidence level used: 0.95
##
## $contrasts
## ECO = warm:
## contrast
                 estimate
                               SE df t.ratio p.value
## andesite - basalt -1.15 1.26 16 -0.906 0.6444
## andesite - granite
                       -3.63 1.26 16 -2.876 0.0280
## basalt - granite
                       -2.49 1.26 16 -1.970 0.1519
##
## ECO = cool:
## contrast
                               SE df t.ratio p.value
                    estimate
## andesite - basalt
                      4.90 1.26 16 3.875 0.0036
## andesite - granite
                        3.26 1.26 16 2.582 0.0498
## basalt - granite
                       -1.63 1.26 16 -1.293 0.4194
##
## ECO = cold:
## contrast
                     estimate
                               SE df t.ratio p.value
                     3.13 1.26 16 2.477 0.0609
## andesite - basalt
## andesite - granite
                       -5.59 1.55 16 -3.610 0.0063
## basalt - granite
                       -8.72 1.55 16 -5.633 0.0001
## Results are averaged over the levels of: year
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 3 estimates
```

Table 16. Respired CO₂, 10-20cm: Ecosystem trends within parent material

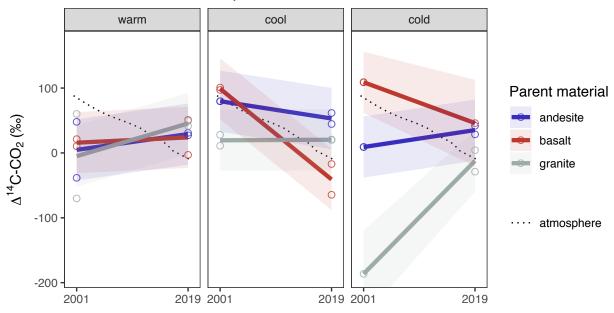
```
## [1] "Interactions, ECO | PM"
## $emtrends
## PM = andesite:
## ECO year.trend
                     SE df lower.CL upper.CL
  warm -2.231 0.894 16
                           -4.126
                                    -0.337
                            -2.930
          -1.036 0.894 16
## cool
                                     0.859
## cold
           -0.808 0.894 16 -2.703
                                      1.086
##
## PM = basalt:
## ECO year.trend
                     SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## warm -1.086 0.894 16
                            -2.981
                                    0.808
          -5.933 0.894 16
## cool
                           -7.827
                                     -4.038
## cold -3.939 0.894 16
                           -5.833
                                    -2.044
##
## PM = granite:
  ECO year.trend
                     SE df lower.CL upper.CL
           1.404 0.894 16
                            -0.491
## warm
                                     3.298
                            -6.194
## cool
           -4.299 0.894 16
                                     -2.405
## cold
            4.780 1.264 16
                             2.101
                                     7.459
## Results are averaged over the levels of: year
## Confidence level used: 0.95
##
## $contrasts
## PM = andesite:
## contrast estimate
                         SE df t.ratio p.value
## warm - cool -1.196 1.26 16 -0.946 0.6201
## warm - cold -1.423 1.26 16 -1.126 0.5126
   cool - cold -0.228 1.26 16 -0.180 0.9823
##
##
## PM = basalt:
## contrast estimate
                         SE df t.ratio p.value
## warm - cool 4.847 1.26 16 3.835 0.0039
## warm - cold 2.852 1.26 16 2.257 0.0917
## cool - cold -1.994 1.26 16 -1.578 0.2833
##
## PM = granite:
## contrast
            estimate
                         SE df t.ratio p.value
## warm - cool 5.703 1.26 16 4.512 0.0010
## warm - cold -3.376 1.55 16 -2.181 0.1051
## cool - cold -9.079 1.55 16 -5.866 0.0001
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: year
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 3 estimates
```

20-30cm

Interaction plots

Fig. 7. a) parent material

Respired, 20-30cm



$^{\mathrm{b})}$ ecosystem

Respired, 20-30cm

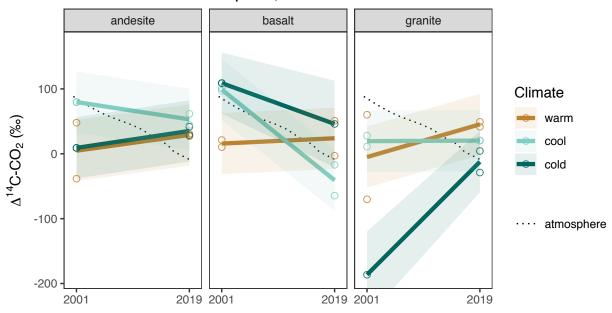


Table 17. Respired CO₂, 20-30cm: Parent material trends within ecosystem

```
## [1] "Interactions, PM | ECO"
## $emtrends
## ECO = warm:
## PM year.trend SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## andesite 1.3490 1.75 16
                              -2.355
                                         5.05
               0.4533 1.75 16
                              -3.250
                                         4.16
## basalt
                                         6.51
## granite
               2.8023 1.75 16
                              -0.901
##
## ECO = cool:
## PM year.trend
                       SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## andesite -1.4790 1.75 16
                               -5.183
              -7.7646 1.75 16 -11.468
                                         -4.06
## basalt
               0.0487 1.75 16
                              -3.655
                                         3.75
## granite
##
## ECO = cold:
## PM
                        SE df lower.CL upper.CL
           year.trend
## andesite 1.4481 1.75 16
                              -2.256
                                         5.15
## basalt
            -3.4986 2.14 16
                              -8.035
                                         1.04
              9.6728 2.14 16 5.137
## granite
                                        14.21
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: year
## Confidence level used: 0.95
##
## $contrasts
## ECO = warm:
## contrast
                   estimate
                               SE df t.ratio p.value
                      0.896 2.47 16 0.362 0.9304
## andesite - basalt
   andesite - granite -1.453 2.47 16 -0.588 0.8283
## basalt - granite
                      -2.349 2.47 16 -0.951 0.6173
##
## ECO = cool:
## contrast
                               SE df t.ratio p.value
                    estimate
## andesite - basalt 6.286 2.47 16 2.544 0.0536
## andesite - granite -1.528 2.47 16 -0.618 0.8123
## basalt - granite
                      -7.813 2.47 16 -3.162 0.0157
##
## ECO = cold:
## contrast
                    estimate
                               SE df t.ratio p.value
## andesite - basalt
                    4.947 2.76 16 1.791 0.2042
## andesite - granite -8.225 2.76 16 -2.977 0.0229
## basalt - granite
                     -13.171 3.03 16 -4.353 0.0014
## Results are averaged over the levels of: year
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 3 estimates
```

Table 18. Respired CO₂, 20-30cm: Ecosystem trends within parent material

```
## [1] "Interactions, ECO | PM"
## $emtrends
## PM = andesite:
  ECO year.trend SE df lower.CL upper.CL
          1.3490 1.75 16
                            -2.355
  warm
                                      5.05
          -1.4790 1.75 16
                                       2.22
##
   cool
                            -5.183
## cold
          1.4481 1.75 16
                           -2.256
                                      5.15
##
## PM = basalt:
## ECO year.trend
                   SE df lower.CL upper.CL
## warm
          0.4533 1.75 16
                           -3.250
                                      4.16
        -7.7646 1.75 16 -11.468
## cool
                                      -4.06
## cold
          -3.4986 2.14 16
                           -8.035
                                     1.04
##
## PM = granite:
  ECO year.trend
                   SE df lower.CL upper.CL
            2.8023 1.75 16
                            -0.901
                                       6.51
## warm
                                       3.75
## cool
            0.0487 1.75 16
                            -3.655
## cold
            9.6728 2.14 16
                             5.137
                                     14.21
## Results are averaged over the levels of: year
## Confidence level used: 0.95
##
## $contrasts
## PM = andesite:
## contrast estimate
                         SE df t.ratio p.value
## warm - cool 2.8280 2.47 16 1.145 0.5018
## warm - cold -0.0991 2.47 16 -0.040 0.9991
   cool - cold -2.9271 2.47 16 -1.185 0.4788
##
##
## PM = basalt:
## contrast
                         SE df t.ratio p.value
              estimate
   warm - cool 8.2179 2.47 16 3.326 0.0113
## warm - cold 3.9519 2.76 16 1.431 0.3494
  cool - cold -4.2660 2.76 16 -1.544 0.2976
##
## PM = granite:
##
  contrast
              estimate
                         SE df t.ratio p.value
## warm - cool 2.7536 2.47 16 1.114 0.5193
## warm - cold -6.8705 2.76 16 -2.487 0.0597
## cool - cold -9.6241 2.76 16 -3.484 0.0081
##
## Results are averaged over the levels of: year
## P value adjustment: tukey method for comparing a family of 3 estimates
```