Linux: The Command Line

Jacob Beal

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■ More Powerful

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- Faster

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- Street-Cred

Quick tip for people on Laptops

Windows

Download PuTTY http://www.chiark.greenend.org.uk/~sgtatham/putty/download.html

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OS X

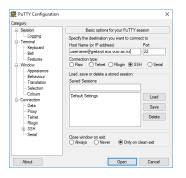
Open a terminal and use ssh.

SSH into Lab computers: OS X

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The following into a terminal session:
ssh <u>bealjaco</u> @greta-pt.ecs.vuw.ac.nz
Your ECS username
```

SSH into Lab computers: Windows

Open up the putty.exe that you downloaded earlier



Then type in your password etc...to get into the shell of the University computers

Quick Set-Up

Type the following in the command line just to set-up the example files, so we are all working with the same files:

git clone git@github.com:jb567/linux-guide.git

Navigation: Changing Directory

The command to change directory is cd.
The syntax of this command is 'cd folder'

Example

cd terminal-tut-files

folder you want to navigate to cd is a shortcut for cd ~

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Misnavigation with /

if you use a folder and put a / before the foldername it goes to the *root* of your file system.

Navigation: Where am I?

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What is the and root directory

The "directory is your 'home' directory.

This is typically your user folder.

The 'root' directory is the base folder in your file system.

Think of it like the C:\ directory on Windows.



File Manipulation: Move a File

So you can move around the file tree, now what about files?

my command

The mv command takes the arguments as follows:

Example

Example_i2-¿

