# Mastermind.

Project2

CSC- 17a - 48983 C++

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### 1. Introduction

#### **Rules and Gameplay**

This version of mastermind allows for two modes of gameplay easy or normal. In the easy mode the player has to guess a 3 digit pin, in normal a 4 digit pin. Regardless of which mode is selected the program will make each digit, of the pin, some number between 0-9. Each time after the player guesses, the program will tell the player how many digits are correct and are in the right place, and how many digits are the right digits, but not in the right place. The program will then display how many guess the player has left. If the player fails to guess the right pin in 9 tries, the program will display all the guesses that the player submitted, then sort and display them with and numerical sort and ask the player if they would like to try again.

#### **Thoughts after Program**

Next version of this game should start to rewrite the program in a modular fashion. Roping in related variables into constructs with constructors and de-structers. Then tying into that functions rather then in the program itself. I believe this will greatly "clean" up the code and make it easier for future editors to understand. Finally I could place a log in a construct which would contain the players name, age, amount of games played, and the average of how many number of guesses it took to guess the answer. The log would then be updated each and every time the player plays and the user can then check his ranking against other players before or after he/she plays.

### 2. Development

#### Approach Strategy

In updating Mastermind my main purpose was to implement concepts I had recently learned in class. The goal was to take a already working piece of code and implement more advance functions and tools to remove clutter and reduce the lines of code

Because most of the logic was already there from the previous version game I went through the code again looking for places to implement several changes. These items included more the use of dat files, advance read write functions, character array, structures, and pointers to structures. One of the main improvements was the use of classes. This brings the program into a more segmented approach. Doing this minimizes the programs variability and even makings it easier to read and understand. File that where once available to be change by the user are now hidden away in protected sectors. All functions and applications are tucked in header files and .cpp files. Final arrays have been switched to dynamic arrays and the answer array has been made into a template. This allows the answer array to be changed to the appropriate data type when needed.

### 3. Research

#### I. Classes

Created a game class in which none of the variables used by that class are accessible from main. This created a more secure streamline program

#### II. Template file

Instead of declaring the array type beforehand I used a template then declared the answers as a char later when that was needed.

#### III. Batch writing to Binary files

Wanted a way to shorten up the lines of code needed for writing data to a file. By changing the format of my files from .txt to .dat and writing in binary format I was able to write a whole array of answers from the user in one line. No for loop needed Nice!

# 4. Variables list

Type	Variable Name	Description	Line
int	Level	How many digits the pin is	33
	counter	How many times the player guessed	23
	*answer	Array for the answer	35
	Indx	Location for the table	20
char	** table	ble Dynamic array for the players guesses	
string	Temp	Temporary place holder for the file	36
	usrG	For the player to input guess	39
bool	*aMatch	check whether user digits matches answer	34
	*gMatch	Check if the guess has been matched	
	Swap	Check to see if swap was made	21
const int	SIZE	Size of arrays	27
ofstream	Output		37

# 5. Topic Covered (Checklist)

Chapter	Type	Code	File	Line
Constructor		Game (int level);	Game.h	
Destructor		~Game();	Game.h	
Memory Allocation	T	answer = new T [level];	Game.h	157
•	Char	sAnswer = new char [level];	Game.h	158
	Char	table = new char *[guess]; //Creating	Game.h	179-
		2 d dynamic array		183
		for (int $i = 0$ ; $i < guess; i++$ ) { //		
		table[i] = new char[level];		
	Bool	gMatch = new bool [level];	Game.h	160
Template		template <class t=""></class>	Game.h	17
•				33
Base class		Class IsValid{	IsValid.h	16
Derived class in		class Game :public IsValid{	Game.h	18
heritance				
Delete 2d Dynamic		for (int $i = 0$ ; $i < 9$ ; $i++$ ){	Game.h	205-
array		delete table[i];		209
•		}		
		delete[] table;		
Delete array		delete[] sAnswer;	Game.h	201
Class pointer		T *answer;	Game.h	20
Deletion of class		Delete[] answer;	Game.h	200
pointer				
array	int array	Int answer[SIZE]		34
	bool aray	Bool mathc[SIZE]		35
	char**	table = new char *[guess];		195
String Objects	string	string temp;		44
Conversion	toupper	toupper(usrG[0]) == 'Y')		157
Char array	Char array[]	char sAnswer[SIZE];		42
Dot operator	nmbr.xs	$cout \ll X(s)=" \ll nmbr.xs \ll endl;$		130
Structure initialization	Struct Numbers	struct Numbers {		21-24
		int xs; //How many x's		
		short os; //How many o'x		
		};		
Structures in	$nPtr->_{XS} ==$	if $(nPtr->xs == level)$ {		137
Arguments	level			
Binary files	"Answer.dat"	inOut.open("Answer.dat", ios::out		103
		ios::binary   ios::app);		
12 Writing to binary	inOut.write	inOut.write(sAnswer, sizeof		107
		(sAnswer));		
12 Batch Writing to	inOut.write	inOut.write(sAnswer, sizeof		107
binary with array		(sAnswer));		

12 Reading binary files	"instructions.dat	inOut.open("instructions.dat", ios::in);	61	I
	", ios::in			

# 6. Libraries included

- <cstdlib>
- <cstdlib>
- <iostream>
- <ctime>
- <fstream>
- <string>
- <cstring>
- "Game"
- "IsValid"

### 7. Pseudo code

Set time seed

Output instruction from file

Do

Ask user for easy or normal

Do

Call prepare function

Random answer and initialize other variables

Create table

Output the answer to file

Game start

do

Input guess number

Call isvalid to check validation

Call gssHst

Call compare function

Display Xs and Ox (result)

Guess -1

While guess>0 and guess answer is not correct

Sort answers

Delete table

If x==level output win

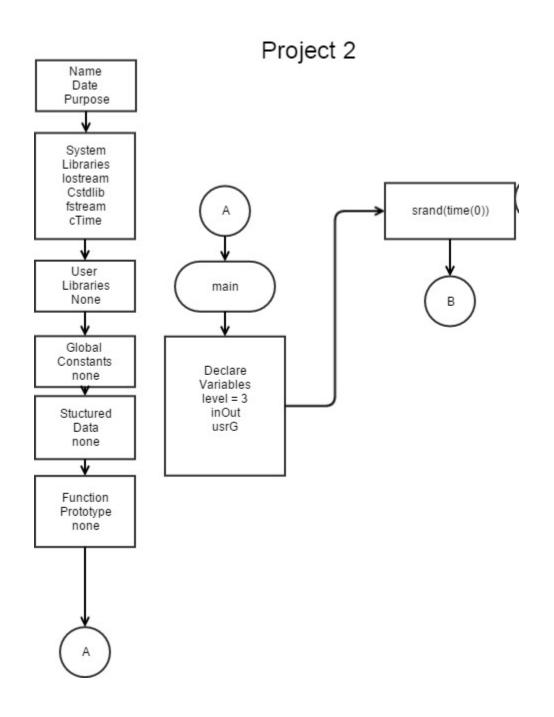
Else output lose

Ask for another new game

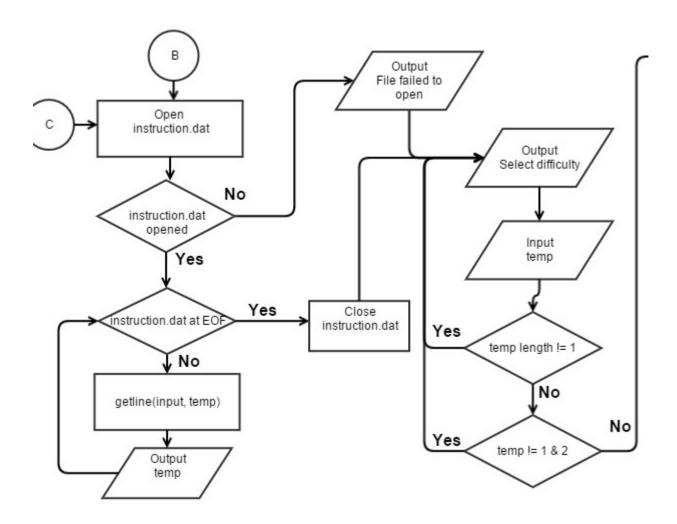
While(Yes)

### 7. Flowchart

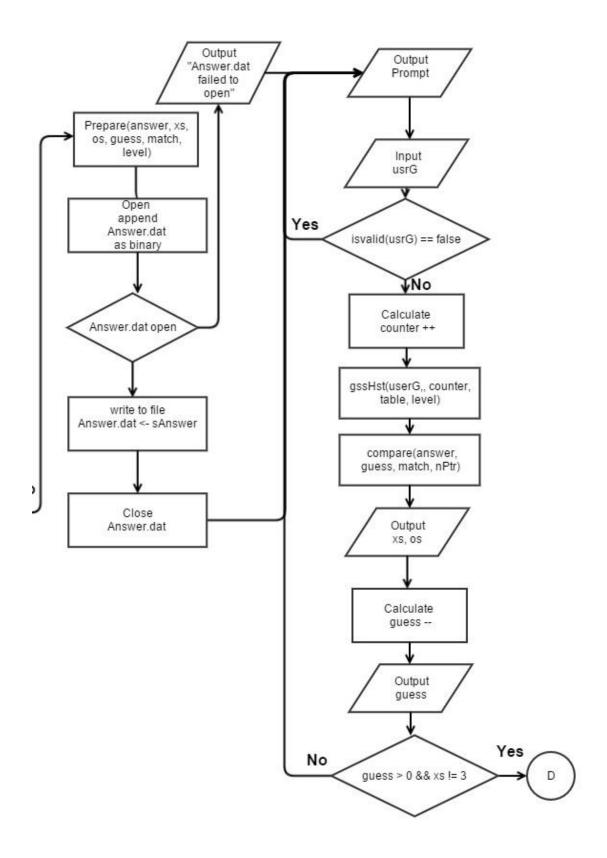
# Main



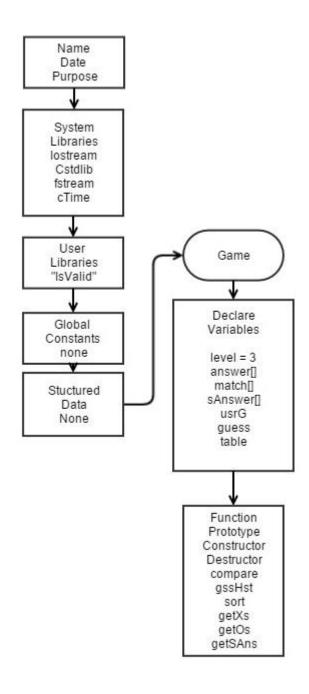
# Main



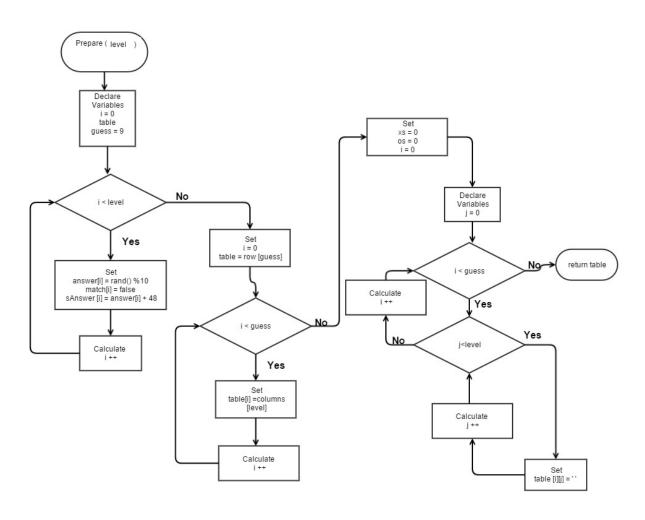
### Main Output Output 'Answer.dat Prompt failed to open" Prepare(answer, xs, os, guess, match, level) Input usrG Open append Yes Answer.dat isvalid(usrG) == false as binary √No Calculate Answer.dat open counter ++ gssHst(userG,, counter, table, level) write to file Answer.dat <- sAnswer compare(answer, guess, match, nPtr) Close Output Answer.dat XS, OS Calculate guess --Output guess Yes No guess > 0 && xs != 3 D



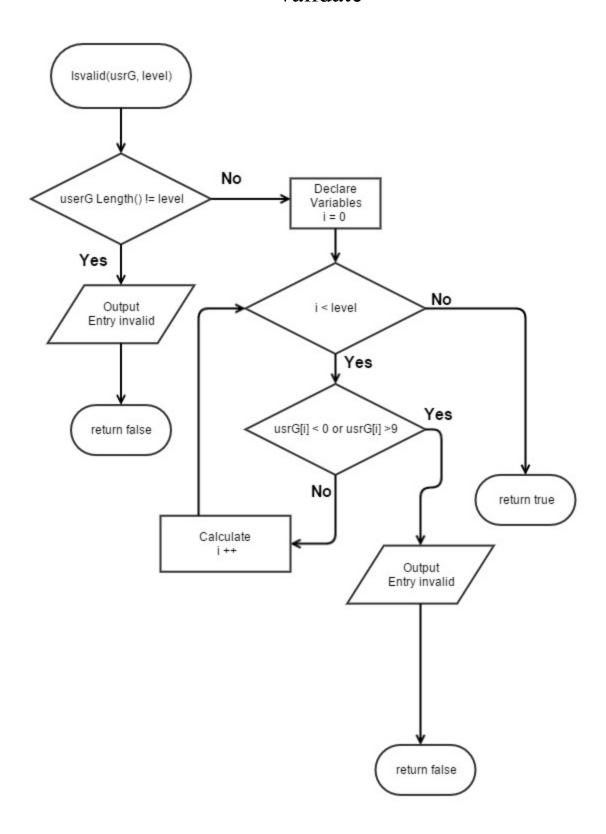
### Game.h



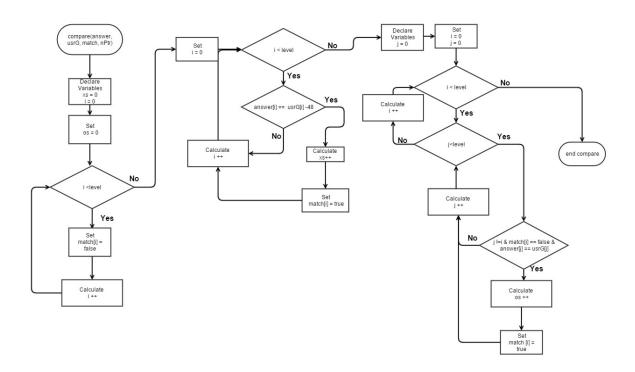
### Game Cons.



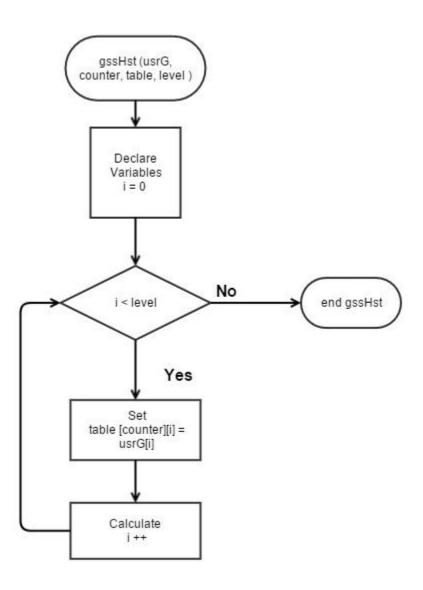
# Validate



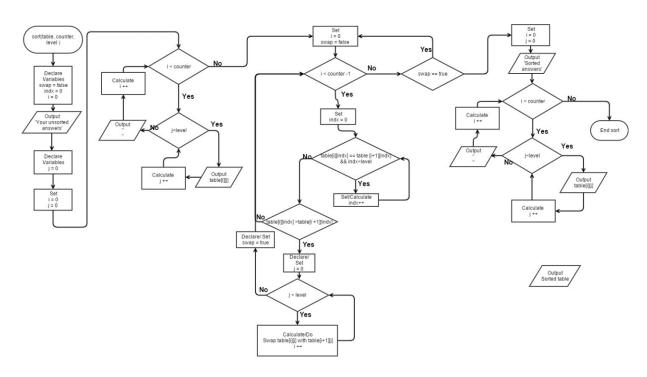
# Compare



gssHst



# Sort



### 8. Input output (raw)

```
******************************
**
                            **Mastermind ir.**
       You have to guess numbers that are between 0-9 within 9 guesses!
         First select either easy or normal. easy = 3 numbers normal = 4
**
                  First type in three or four numbers as your guess
**
      Then the game will show you the amount of Os and Xs you have for that guess.
   An O means that one of your numbers is correct but it is in the wrong position
**
     An X means that you have a number correct and in the right possition!
**
   So guess away! But remember you only have 9 guess. Run out of guesses and you lose. **
**
           Do you have what it takes? Can you decode the sequence?
                    We will soon find out...;)
                      **********************
Input your guess:
12314
Please enter 4 numbers.
Input your guess:
1231215
Please enter 4 numbers.
Input your guess:
dfe
Please enter 4 numbers.
Input your guess:
1234
x=0
0=3
Guesses left: 8
Input your guess:
9999
x=1
0=0
Guesses left: 7
Input your guess:
5689
x=0
o=1
Guesses left: 6
Input your guess:
342
Please enter 4 numbers.
Input your guess:
2315
x=2
0 = 1
```

```
Guesses left: 5
Input your guess:
2912
x=4
0 = 0
Guesses left: 4
Congrats you won!
Unsorted answers from you!!
1234
9999
5689
2315
2912
Sorted answers via bubble sorts!!
1234
2315
2912
5689
9999
Play again Y/N?
Play again Y/N?
Play again Y/N?
Play again Y/N?
******
                              **Mastermind ir.**
        You have to guess numbers that are between 0-9 within 9 guesses!
          First select either easy or normal. easy = 3 numbers normal = 4
**
                    First type in three or four numbers as your guess
**
      Then the game will show you the amount of Os and Xs you have for that guess.
   An O means that one of your numbers is correct but it is in the wrong position
**
      An X means that you have a number correct and in the right possition!
    So guess away! But remember you only have 9 guess. Run out of guesses and you lose. **
**
            Do you have what it takes? Can you decode the sequence?
                     We will soon find out...;)
Input your guess:
123
x=0
0 = 0
Guesses left: 8
```

Input your guess: 123 x=00=0Guesses left: 7 Input your guess: 123 x=0o=0Guesses left: 6 Input your guess: 1234 Please enter 3 numbers. Input your guess: 543 x=0o=0Guesses left: 5 Input your guess: 674 x=1o=1Guesses left: 4 Input your guess: 865 x=1o=0Guesses left: 3 Input your guess: 456 x=00=0Guesses left: 2 Input your guess: 345 x=00=0Guesses left: 1 Input your guess: 86 Please enter 3 numbers. Input your guess: 567 x=1o=1Guesses left: 0

```
Sorry but you ran out of guesses. :( Unsorted answers from you!!
123
123
123
543
674
865
456
345
567
Sorted answers via bubble sorts!!
123
123
123
345
456
543
567
674
865
Play again Y/N?
See you again next time!
```

RUN SUCCESSFUL (total time: 1m 21s)

### Code Main

```
/*
File: Game.cpp
Author: Jonathan Balisky
Created on July 25, 2015, 9:18 pM
Purpose: Mastermind.
*/
//Libraries
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <fstream>
#include <ctime>
//User libraries
#include"IsValid.h"
#include "Game.h"
using namespace std;
//structured data
//struct Numbers {
// int xs; //How many x's
// short os; //How many o'x
//};
//Functions Prototypes
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
  int level = 3; //Difficulty of gam2
  string temp; //For the file output
  fstream inOut; // for file stream
```

```
string usrG; //The users guess or input
srand(time(0)); //setting time seed
do {
 // counter = 0;
  cout << "Call prepare." << endl;//For diagonostics
  inOut.open("instructions.dat", ios::in);
  if (inOut.is open()) {
     while (getline(inOut, temp)) {
       cout << temp;</pre>
     }
    inOut.close();
  } else {
    cout << "Instructions failed to open" << endl;
  }
  do {
     do {
       cout << "What difficulty would you like to play? 1 for Easy or 2 for normal: ";
       getline(cin, temp);
     } while (temp.length() != 1); // User did not enter 1 digit
  \frac{1}{2} while (temp[0] != 49 \&\& temp[0] != 50); // User did not enter 1 or 2
  if (temp[0] == 49) { //Level is easy
     level = 3;
  } else { //User selected hard level
     level = 4;
```

//Game decleration

```
iV.setLevel(level);//setting the level (Maybe this should be put into a class function?)
    //Game
     Game<char> game(level); //Game varriable
    // game.setLevel(level);
    // table = prepare(answer, guess, match, level, sAnswer, nPtr); //Initialize (shouldnt need
this)
    // cout << "Call prepare." << endl;//For diagonostics
    // //Out Put answer to a file
          inOut.open("Answer.dat", ios::out);
    //
    //
    //
          if(inOut.is open()){
    //
    //
             for (int i = 0; i<level; i++){
    //
              inOut<<answer[i];
    //
    //
             inOut.close();
          }
    //
    //
          else{
    //
             cout << "Failed to write answer to file";
    //
           }
    //
    //Output answer as Binary
    inOut.open("Answer.dat", ios::out | ios::binary | ios::app);
    if (inOut.is open()) {
       inOut<<endl;
       inOut.write(game.getSAns(), sizeof (game.getSAns()));
       inOut.close();
     }
     else {
       cout << "Failed to write answer to file" << endl;
```

```
//
          for(int i=0; i<3; i++){
     //cout<<answer[i]; //For diagonostics
     // }
     do {
       do {
          cout << "Input your guess: " << endl; //User enter guess
          getline(cin, usrG); //This should be removed And simply call a class function to do this
         // iV.setUserG(usrG); //Setting user guess in the is valid...
          //cin.ignore();
       } while (game.validate(usrG) == false); //Loop until user enters valid answer
       cout<<usrG<<endl;
//
        game.setUserG(usrG);//Setting user guess in the Game class
       game.gssHst(usrG); //Storing the user's guess
       // counter++; //gssHst Ran
       game.compare(usrG);
      //compare(answer, usrG, match, level, nPtr);
       cout << "X(s)=" << game.getXs() << endl; //Right numbers in right space
       cout << "O(s)=" << game.getOs() << endl; //How many Correct number but in the
incorrect space
       //guess--;
       cout << "Guesses left: " << game.getGuess() << endl;</pre>
     } while (game.getGuess() > 0 && game.getXs() != level); // Continue if user
     // has more guesses or has not guess correctly yet
     if (game.getXs() == level) { //user won}
       cout << "Congrats you won!" << endl;</pre>
     } else { //user lost
```

```
cout << "Sorry but you ran out of guesses. :( " << endl;</pre>
     }
     game.sort();
    // sort(table, counter, level);
//
      for (int i = 0; i < 9; i++) {
         delete table[i];
//
//
      delete[] table;
     do { //Checking for an input of Y or N
        do { //Checking for input over 1 char
          cout << "Play again Y/N?" << endl;
          getline(cin, usrG);
        } while (usrG.length() != 1);
     } while (toupper(usrG[0]) != 89 && toupper(usrG[0]) != 78);
     //\}while(usrG[0] > 'Y' \parallel usrG < 'N' \parallel (usrG[0]>'N' && usrG[0]<'Y'));
     cout << "Check" << endl;
  } while (toupper(usrG[0]) == 'Y');
  cout << "See you again next time!" << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
```

#### Game.h

```
/*
* File: Game h
* Author: Jonathan
* Purpose: changing game to moduls
* Created on November 21, 2015, 2:47 PM
*/
#ifndef GAME H
#defineGAME H
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <cstring>
#include <ctime>
#include <cstdlib>
#include "IsValid.h"
using namespace std;
template <class T>
class Game :public IsValid{
private:
  T *answer; //randomly gen. answer
  int guess; // how many guesses the user has left
  int level; //what difficultly the player selected
  int counter; //Which guess number the user is on
// string usrG; //the user's guess
  short xs, os; //Correct prosition and correct number
  char *sAnswer;
  char **table; //Table for answers
  bool *aMatch; //Array for answer matches
  bool *gMatch; //Array for the guess matches
public:
  //only constructor, one para
  Game (int level);
  ~Game();
  short getXs() const;
```

```
short getOs() const;
  int getGuess() const;
  char * getSAns() const;
// void setLevel(int);
// void setUsrG(string);
   void compare(string usrG) {
//
      cout << "\n Compare ran \n";
      cout<<usrG<<endl;
    //Reseting vaules = 0
   xs = 0;
   os = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < level; i++) {
       aMatch[i] = false; //int all values to zero again
       gMatch[i] = false;
              // cout << "\n False int. ran \n";
     //Checking for correct numbers in the right position
     for (int i = 0; i < level; i++) {
       // cout<<"usrG["<<i<<"] =" <<usrG[i]<<endl;
       if (answer[i] == (usrG[i] - 48)) { //subtracting 48 makes it an integer
          xs++;
//
           cout << "aMatch[" << i << "] = true" << endl;
          aMatch[i] = true;
          gMatch[i] = true;
     cout<<"level = "<<level<<endl;</pre>
     //Checking for os
     for (int i = 0; i < level; i++) { //i is position of answer
         cout<<"answer["<<i<"] =" <<answer[i]<<endl<<"aMatch["<<i<<"] =
"<<aMatch[i]<<endl
```

```
<="userG["<<i<"] = "<<usrG[i]<<endl;
//
       for (int j = 0; j < level; j++) { //j is position of usrG(user guess)
          if (j != i \&\& aMatch[i] == false \&\& gMatch[j] == false \&\& answer[i] == usrG[j] - 48)
{
//
               cout<<" usrG["<<j<<"] = "<<usrG[j]<<endl
                          <="gMatch["<<i<"] = "<<gMatch[j]<<endl;
//
            os++;
//
              cout << "os = " << os << endl;
            aMatch[i] = true;
            gMatch[j] = true;
   //user has used a guess
   guess--;
  void gssHst(string usrG){
      for (int i = 0; i < level; i++) {
       table[counter][i] = usrG[i];
      counter++;
  }
  void sort(){
  bool swap = false; //For the bubble swap function
  int indx = 0; //Second index location for table
  cout << "Unsorted answers from you!!" << endl;</pre>
  for (int i = 0; i < counter; i++) {
```

```
for (int j = 0; j < level; j++) {
        cout << table[i][j];
     cout << endl;
  }
  do {
     swap = false;
     for (int i = 0; i < counter - 1; i++) { //counter -1 because can swap the last one with the one
after
        indx = 0;
        while (table[i][indx] == table[i + 1][indx] && indx < level)indx++; //Checking to see if
current
        //index is equal then going to next location if they
        //are equal.
        if (table[i][indx] > table[i + 1][indx])  { //If that row and col. not equal
          //then check if first is larger if it is then swap all numbers
          //cout << endl << "i = " << i << endl;
          for (int j = 0; j < level; j++) { //Swapping each 2 rows and their respective columns
until all the rows are swapped
             // \text{ cout } << \text{"Table[i]} = \text{"} << \text{table[i][j]} << \text{"table[i+1]} = \text{"} << \text{table[i+1][j]} << \text{endl};
//For diagnostics
             table [i][j] = table [i][j]^table[i + 1][j]; //in place swap. to hopefully make Dr lehr
happy so he give me extra credit
             table [i + 1][j] = table [i][j]^table[i + 1][j];
             table [i][j] = table [i][j]^table[i + 1][j];
           }
           swap = true;
  \} while (swap == true);
  cout << "Sorted answers via bubble sorts!!" << endl;
  for (int i = 0; i < \text{counter}; i++) {
     for (int j = 0; j < level; j++) {
```

```
cout << table[i][j];
     cout << endl;
  }
 // bool validate ();
};
template <class T>
Game<T>::Game(int level) :IsValid(level){
// setLevel(level);
  //you can ask here and delete the level parameter which is level here
  //Game(int level) this level is a para!!!!!
// level = 1;
  //Dynamicly allocating memory
  answer = new T [level]; //
 sAnswer = new char [level];
  aMatch = new bool [level]; //which collums are answers arematched
 gMatch = new bool [level]; //which guesses are right but wrong possition
//Setting default vaules
  xs = 0;
  os = 0;
  guess = 9;
  counter = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < level; i++) {
     answer[i] = rand() % 10; //creating answer from 0-9
     sAnswer [i] = answer[i] + 48; //ascii equivalent to numbers
     aMatch[i] = false; //Set all to false
     gMatch[i] = false; //set all to false
```

```
//cout<<"answer = "<<answer[i]; //For diagonostics
  }
  //
  table = new char *[guess]; //Creating 2 d dynamic array
  for (int i = 0; i < guess; i++) { //
    table[i] = new char[level];
  }
  // cout<<endl;
  for (int i = 0; i < guess; i++) {//Filling the array with empty spaces
     for (int j = 0; j < level; j++) {
       table[i][j] = ' ';
  }
//Destructor
template <class T>
Game<T>::~Game(){
  //if Game was activated and answer was actually created then delete.
 // if(answer[0] != NULL){
     delete[] answer; //
     delete[] sAnswer;
     delete[] aMatch;
     delete[] gMatch;
    //Deleting 2d array
   for (int i = 0; i < 9; i++){
      delete table[i];
     delete[] table;
  //}
```

```
//setting level into the private variables
//void Game<T>::setLevel(int l){
// level = 1;
//}
//setting usrG into the private variables
//void Game<T>::setUsrG(string uG){
// usrG = uG;
//}
//Getting xs
//need to put the return type at the beginning
//only return var, should be const right?
//just showing him you know the concept
template <class T>
short Game<T>::getXs() const{
  return xs;
}
//Getting os
template <class T>
short Game<T>::getOs() const {
  return os;
}
//Getting the amount of guesses left
//if you only have one line command inside the function, you can put it into head file
//called inline functino cannot remember how to spell, sth inside the book
template <class T>
int Game<T>::getGuess() const{
  return guess;
//getting saved answer
template <class T>
char *Game<T>::getSAns()const{
  return sAnswer;
}#endif
              /* GAME H */
```

### IsValid.h

```
/*
* File: IsValid.h
* Author: Jonathan
* Created on November 19, 2015, 9:57 AM
*/
#ifndef ISVALID H
#defineISVALID_H
#include <iostream>
#include <string>
#include <cstring>
using namespace std;
class IsValid{
protected:
  string usrG; //users guess
  int level; //Difficulty of the game chosen by user
public:
  IsValid(int level){this->level=level;}
  void setUserG(string usrG);
  void setLevel(int l);
  bool validate (string);
};
#endif /* ISVALID_H */
```

### IsValid.cpp

```
/*
* File: IsValid.cpp
* Author: Juanathan Balisky
* Created on 11,19,2015
* Purpose: Implementation is Valid
*/
//User Library for the Specification
#include "IsValid.h"
void IsValid::setUserG(string usrG){
  cout << this->usrG << endl;
 // cout<<"IsValid was called and string was set"<<endl;
void IsValid::setLevel(int l){
  level = 1;
 // cout<<"IsValid was Called and Level was set"<<endl;
}
******
* Purpose: To check whether or not the user entered correct amount of numbers
* Input: usrG, level
* Output: True or false
**********************************
************
bool IsValid::validate(string a){
  // cout<<"Call isvalid."<<endl; //For diagonostics
// for(int i = 0; i < level; i++){
     cout<<"usrG["<<i<\"] = "<< usrG[i]<<endl;
// }
```

```
if (a.length() != level) {
   cout << "Please enter " << level << " numbers." << endl;
   return false;
} else {
   for (int i = 0; i < level; i++) {
      if (a[i] < 48 || a[i] > 57) {
        cout << "Please enter numbers and numbers only." << endl;
      return false;
      }
   }
   // cout << "number valid" << endl;//For diagonostics
   return true;
}</pre>
```

}