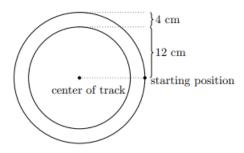
Write legibly, show work and indicate your final answers. No books, notes, etc. are permitted. This is double sided. Good luck!

1. (8 points) Gretchken has made a circular running track to test the metabolism of ants and termites receiving doses of Chemical Y. The track has an inner radius of 12 cm and a thickness of 4 cm as depicted below. Please leave your answers in exact form for all parts of this problem.



(a) $(4 \ points)$ First, an ant runs counterclockwise following the *outer* edge of the track. If the ant runs at a constant speed of 4.8 cm/second, what is the total angular distance (in radians) that it covers in 5 minutes.

The ant covers radians in 5 minutes.

(b) Next, a termite runs counterclockwise following the *inner* edge of the track for a total angular distance of $\frac{27\pi}{5}$ radians. How many times does it pass its start position? What is the total angular distance that it covers on its last, incomplete lap.

The termite passes the starting point _____ times.

It covers radians after passing the starting point for the last time.

- 2. (10 points) For each of the questions below, circle all correct answers. You do not need to show your work for this problem. Make sure your answers are clear.
 - (a) The function $f(x) = \sin(x \frac{\pi}{2})$ is

equal to cos(x) an even function an odd function

neither even nor odd none of the above

(b) Suppose θ is an angle between 0 and 90 degrees. If $v = \sin(\theta)$, then $\cos(180^{\circ} + \theta)$ is equal to

$$v - v \sqrt{1 - v^2} - \sqrt{1 - v^2}$$
 none of the above

(c) Suppose a function A(x) has a vertical asymptote of x = 5. The function B(x) = 3A(3x - 6) + 1 has a vertical asymptote of

$$x = -1/3$$
 $x = 13/3$ $x = 15$ $x = 23/3$ none of the above

(d) When an ant is given Chemical Y, it grows to any given mass in half the time it takes for a regular ant to reach that mass. If A(t) is the mass of a regular ant t weeks after it's born, and B(t) is the mass of an ant given Chemical Y, t weeks after it's born, which of the following equalities are true?

$$A(t) = 2B(t)$$
 $2A(t) = B(t)$ $A(t) = B(2t)$

$$A(2t) = B(t)$$
 none of the above

(e) Let A > 1 be a positive number. For which of the following intervals is the function $C(t) = A\cos(t+1)$ concave down for the entire interval?

$$[-1,0]$$
 $[0,1]$ $[\frac{3\pi}{2}-1,\frac{5\pi}{2}-1]$ $[\frac{3\pi}{2}+1,\frac{5\pi}{2}+1]$ none of the above