IATEX

Hajun Park

 $\mathrm{June}\ 25,\ 2024$

Contents

1	Coc	
	1.1	verbatim
		1.1.1 Inline code
		1.1.2 Code block
	1.2	listings
		1.2.1 Inline code
		1.2.2 Code block
		1.2.3 Input file
	1.3	minted
		1.3.1 Inline code
		1.3.2 Code block
		1.3.3 Input file
		1.3.4 Options

Chapter 1

Code

1.1 verbatim

1.1.1 Inline code

\verb|<text>| ("|" can be replaced by any character except "*")

```
\verb|Hello, world!| Hello, world!
```

1.1.2 Code block

\begin{verbatim} ... \end{verbatim}

```
begin{verbatim}

def hello():
    print("Hello, world!")

def hello():
    print("Hello, world!")
```

1.2 listings

\usepackage{listings}

1.2.1 Inline code

\lstinline!<text>! ("|" can be replaced by any character)

```
\lstinline|Hello, world!| Hello, world!
```

1.2.2 Code block

\begin{lstlisting} ... \end{lstlisting}

```
begin{lstlisting}
def hello():
    print("Hello, world!")
    \end{lstlisting}
    def hello():
    print("Hello, world!")
```

1.2.3 Input file

\lstinputlisting{<file-path>}

```
def hello():
print("Hello, world!")
```

1.3 minted

\usepackage{listings}

Minted uses Pygments for syntax highlighting.

Install Python and then Pygments.

```
$ pip install Pygments
```

To use Pygments on LATEX, you need to pass -shell-escape flag to LATEX.

```
1 $ lualatex -shell-escape <file>
```

If you want to compile LaTeX document containing minted with Visual Studio Code and LaTeX Workshop Plugin, add the following to settings.json.

```
"%DOC%"
11
          ],
12
          "env": {}
13
        },
14
15
          "name": "bibtex",
16
          "command": "bibtex",
17
          "args": [
18
            "%DOCFILE%"
19
          ],
          "env": {}
21
        }
22
     ],
23
     "latex-workshop.latex.recipes": [
24
25
          "name": "lualatex",
26
          "tools": [
27
            "lualatex"
28
29
        },
30
          "name": "lualatex -> bibtex -> lualatex * 2",
32
          "tools": [
33
            "lualatex",
34
            "bibtex",
35
            "lualatex",
36
            "lualatex"
37
          ]
38
        }
39
     ]
40
   }
41
```

1.3.1 Inline code

\mintinline{<language>}{<text>}

1.3.2 Code block

For single line: \mint{<language>}{<text>}

```
1 \mint{python}{
2 print("Hello, world!")
3 }
1 print("Hello, world!")
```

For multiple lines: \begin{minted} ... \end{minted}

```
    \begin{minted}{python}
    def hello():
        print("Hello, world!")
    \end{minted}

    \begin{minted} def hello():
        print("Hello, world!")
    \end{minted}
```

1.3.3 Input file

\inputminted{<language>}{<file-path>}

1.3.4 Options

Setting global minted options

inline & code blocks

```
1 \setminted{<options>}
2 \setminted[<language>]{<options>}
```

inline

```
1 \setmintedinline{<options>}
2 \setmintedinline[<language]{<options>}
```

Defining shortcuts

minted environment

```
\newminted{<language>}{<options>} % default environment-name:

\( \to <\language>\code \\
\text{newminted[<environment-name>]}{<language>}{<options>}
\)
\text{begin{<environment-name>}}
\\
\text{end{<environment-name>}}
\]
```

mint command

mintinline command

```
\newmintinline{<language>}{<options>} % default macro-name:

\( \times < language>inline \)
\newmintinline[<macro-name>]{<language>}{<options>}
\]
\( \macro-name> / \text> / % \cdot \) / ' ' can be replaces by any character
```

inputminted command

```
\newmintedfile{<language>}{<options>} % default macro-name:
\( \to <\language>file
\]
newmintedfile[<macro-name>]{<language>}{<options>}
\( \alpha \alp
```

Available options

- autogobble (boolean): Remove gobble (leading whitespace)
- breaklines (boolean): Automatically break long lines
- frame (none | left line | topline | bottomline | lines | single): Put lines around the code
- linenos (boolean): Linen numbers
- numbersep (dimension): Gap between numbers and start of line

```
\setminted{
autogobble,
breaklines,
frame=single,
linenos,
numbersep=2mm,
}
```