0.1 minted

\usepackage{listings}

Minted uses Pygments for syntax highlighting.

Install Python and then Pygments.

```
1 $ pip install Pygments
```

To use Pygments on LATEX, you need to pass -shell-escape flag to LATEX.

```
$ lualatex -shell-escape <file>
```

If you want to compile LATeX document containing minted with Visual Studio Code and LaTeX Workshop Plugin, add the following to settings.json.

```
{
     "latex-workshop.latex.tools": [
2
        {
3
          "name": "lualatex",
4
          "command": "lualatex",
          "args": [
6
            "-shell-escape",
7
            "-synctex=1",
            "-interaction=nonstopmode",
            "-file-line-error",
10
            "%DOC%"
11
         ],
12
          "env": {}
13
       },
14
        {
15
          "name": "bibtex",
16
          "command": "bibtex",
          "args": [
18
            "%DOCFILE%"
19
          ],
20
          "env": {}
21
        }
22
     ],
23
     "latex-workshop.latex.recipes": [
24
       {
25
          "name": "lualatex",
26
          "tools": [
27
            "lualatex"
          ]
29
       },
30
        {
31
          "name": "lualatex -> bibtex -> lualatex * 2",
32
          "tools": [
33
            "lualatex",
34
            "bibtex",
35
            "lualatex"
36
            "lualatex"
37
38
        }
39
     ]
40
   }
41
```

0.1.1 Inline code

\mintinline{<language>}{<text>}

0.1.2 Code block

For single line: \mint{<language>}{<text>}

```
mint{python}{
print("Hello, world!")
}
```

```
print("Hello, world!")
```

For multiple lines: \begin{minted} ... \end{minted}

```
begin{minted}{python}
def hello():
    print("Hello, world!")
    hend{minted}
```

```
def hello():
    print("Hello, world!")
```

0.1.3 Input file

\inputminted{<language>}{<file-path>}

```
\inputminted{python}{hello.py}
```

```
def hello():
   print("Hello, world!")
```

0.1.4 Captions and labels

Minted provides floating listing environment to use with caption and label.

```
begin{listing}[H]

mint{python}|print("Hello, world!")|

caption{Code example}

label{lst:example}

end{listing}
```

```
print("Hello, world!")
```

Listing 1: Code example

0.1.5 Options

Setting global minted options

inline & code blocks

```
1 \setminted{<options>}
2 \setminted[<language>] {<options>}
```

inline

```
\setmintedinline{<options>}
\setmintedinline[<language] {<options>}
```

Defining shortcuts

minted environment

```
\newminted{<language>}{<options>} % default environment-name: <language>code
\newminted[<environment-name>] {<language>}{<options>}

\begin{<environment-name>}
\end{<environment-name>}
\end{<environment-name>}
```

mint command

```
\newmint{<language>}{<options>} % default macro-name: <language>
\newmint[<macro-name>]{<language>}{<options>}

\language>/<text>/ % ``/'' can be replaces by any character
```

mintinline command

```
\newmintinline{<language>}{<options>} % default macro-name: <language>inline
\newmintinline[<macro-name>] {<language>}{<options>}

\cap \macro-name>/<text>/ % ``/'' can be replaces by any character
```

inputminted command

```
1  \newmintedfile{<language>}{<options>} % default macro-name: <language>file
2  \newmintedfile[<macro-name>]{<language>}{<options>}
3
4  \macro-name>{<file-path>}
```

Available options

- autogobble (boolean): Remove gobble (leading whitespace)
- breaklines (boolean): Automatically break long lines
- frame (none | leftline | topline | bottomline | lines | single): Put lines around the code
- linenos (boolean): Linen numbers
- numbersep (dimension): Gap between numbers and start of line

```
1  \setminted{
2   autogobble,
3   breakanywhere,
4   breaklines,
5   frame=single,
6   linenos,
7   numbersep=2mm,
8  }
```