US150: compare the needs of running node.js locally for the React app to the current plan of hosting on AWS and the coding differences between the two.

## Points to consider:

- Accessing a hosted site is not possible without an internet connection. However, building a React
  app sometimes requires an internet connection for Node/npm. Therefore, the difference between
  the two in accessibility is not significantly different in this area.
- 2. AWS hosting is not free in the long-term and can ramp up significantly based on the needs of the app's backend (processing, file storage, etc.).
  - a. While a hosted instance is not expected to have significant costs, a compromised AWS machine can cause significant losses; for the end-user to turn an AWS instance on/off based upon access to avoid security risks adds undesired complexity to using the app.
  - b. Our sponsor has repeatedly stressed that we should avoid spending money on the project; if we do not need this functionality for the final version, we should not deliver it in this format to remain in line with the budget both for ourselves and for her.
- 3. Running a React application locally is completely possible so long as the relevant libraries are installed.
  - a. It is possible that the sponsor does not want the final version to be extremely large size-wise on her machine, meaning we will have to determine the best deployment possible.
  - The sponsor will have to use our React code to build the application locally to host it for herself; we will have to provide effective instructions for this scenario
- 4. Using node locally means that providing local scripts for modification/configuration is far easier than having the user run such modifications on a build hosted within an AWS machine. If the sponsor ever needs to adjust things herself, a local build is easier to access and modify.